

# Моментальная аналитика с помощью Spring + Redis. Это возможно?

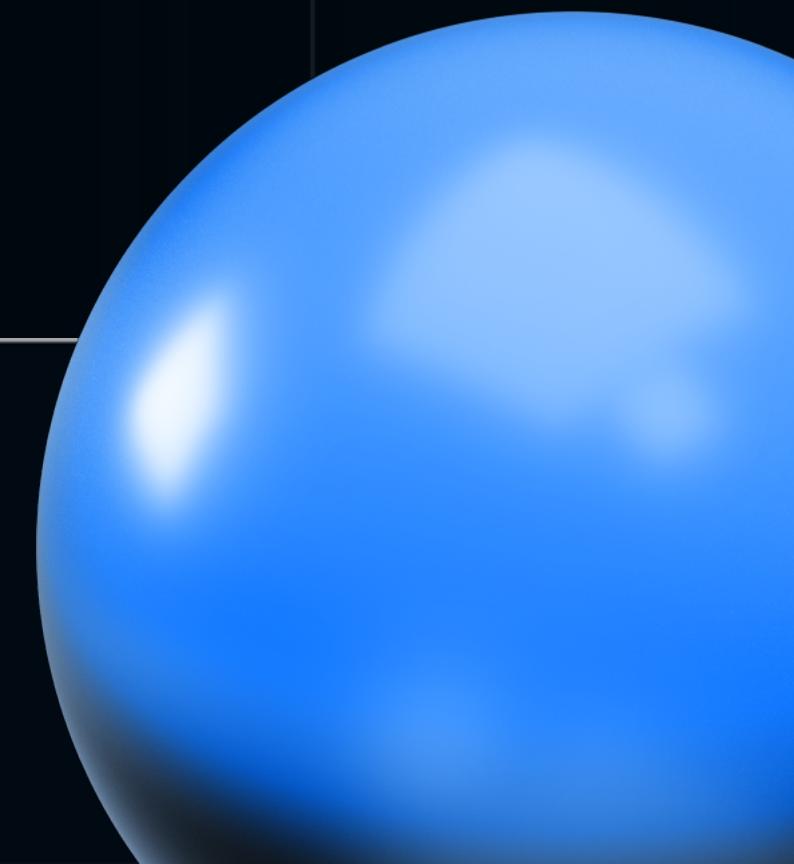
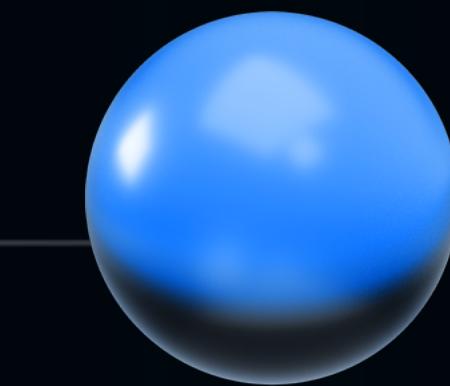


Артем  
Артемьев

ИТ-НЛМК



just\_TimTim



# О чём речь?

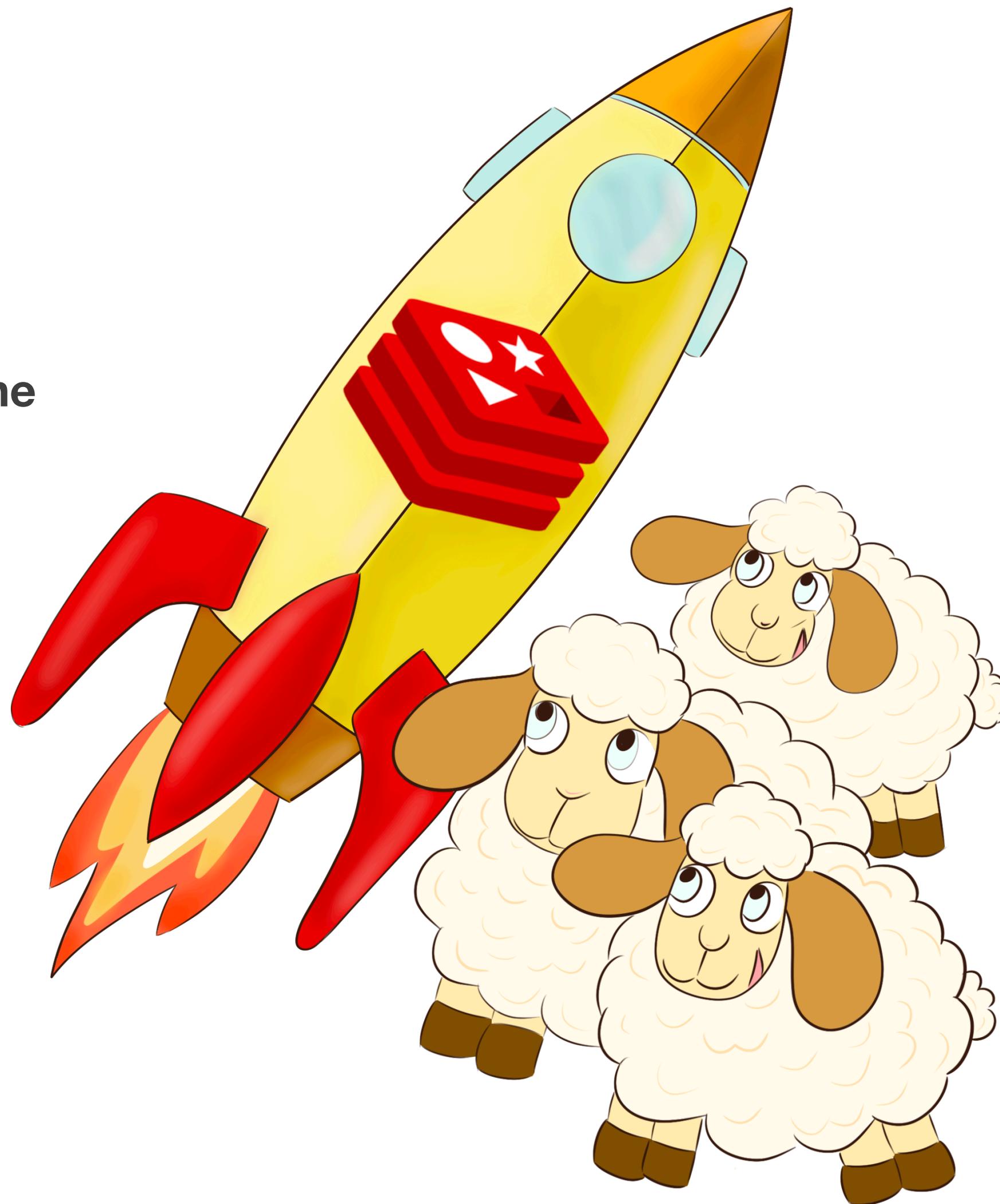
Несколько слов о нашем сервисе

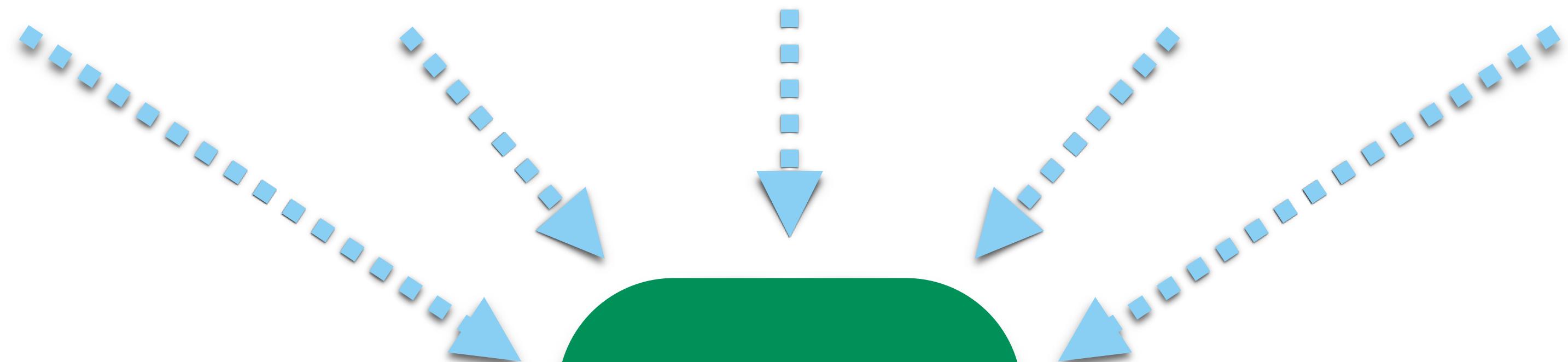
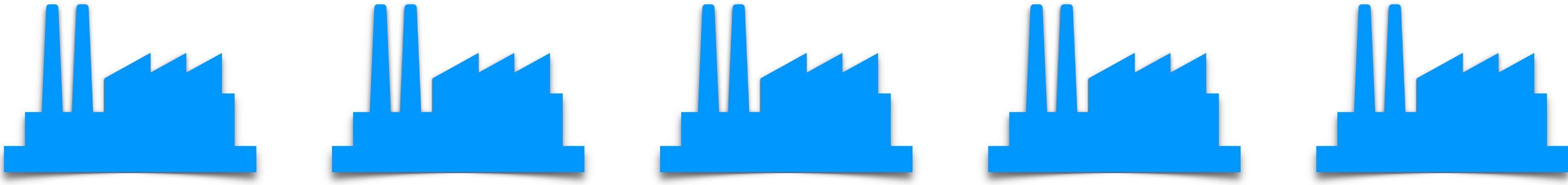
Наш кейс, который будем решать

Некоторые детали нашего решения

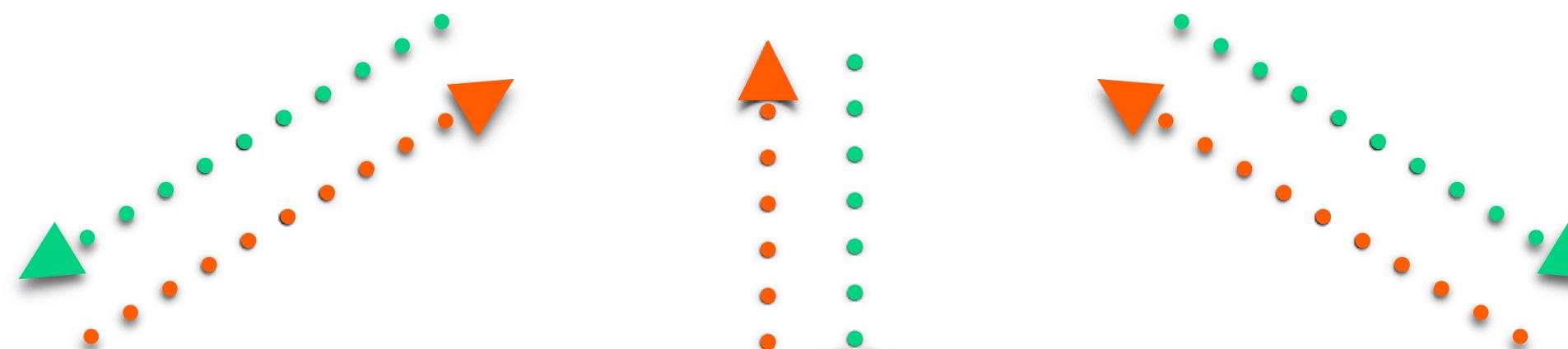
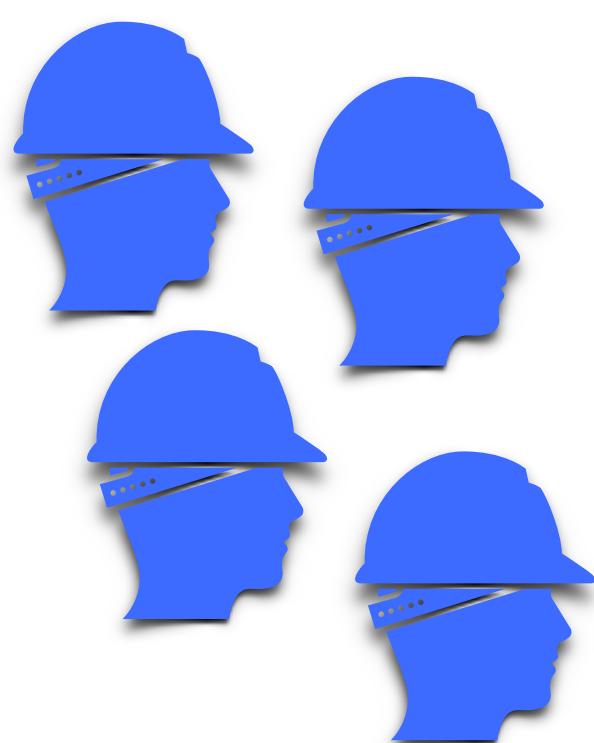
Рассмотрим возможности Redis. Нет, не cache

Посмотрим демо-проект



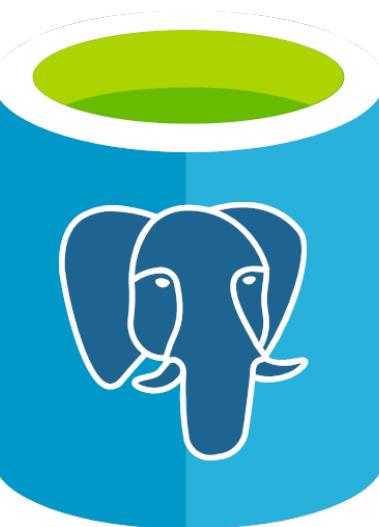
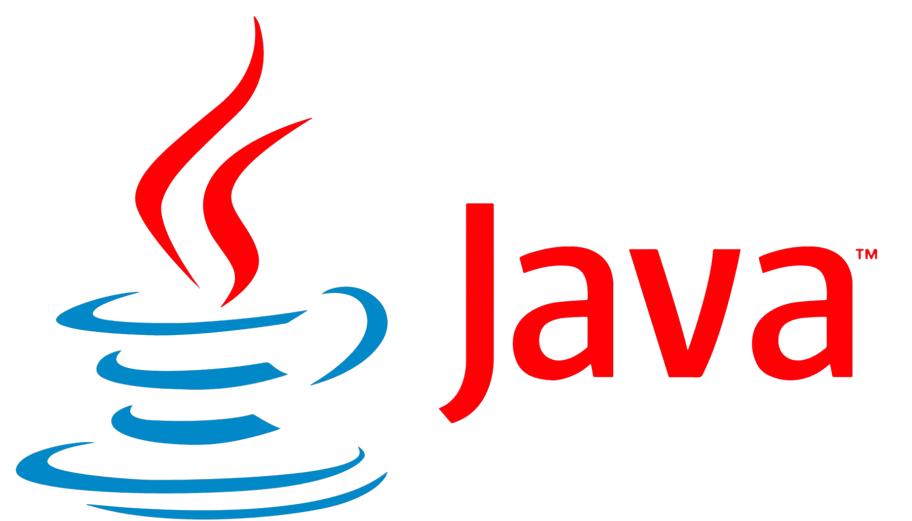


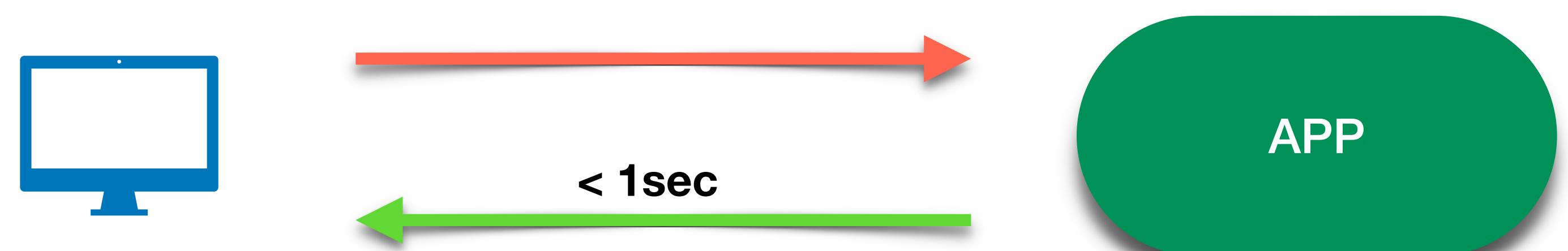
APP

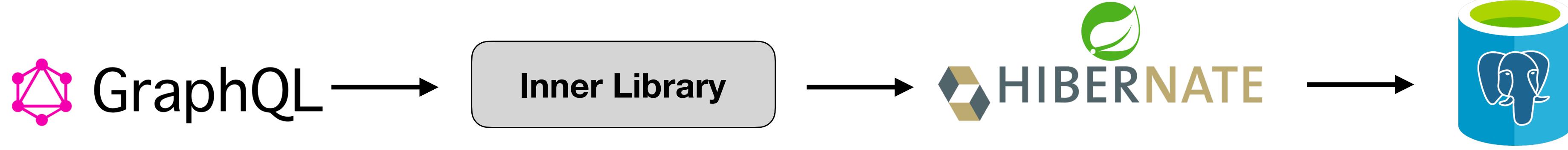




APP







**findAll(Specification<T> spec, Pageable pageable)**

**HHH000104: firstResult/maxResults specified with collection fetch; applying in memory!**

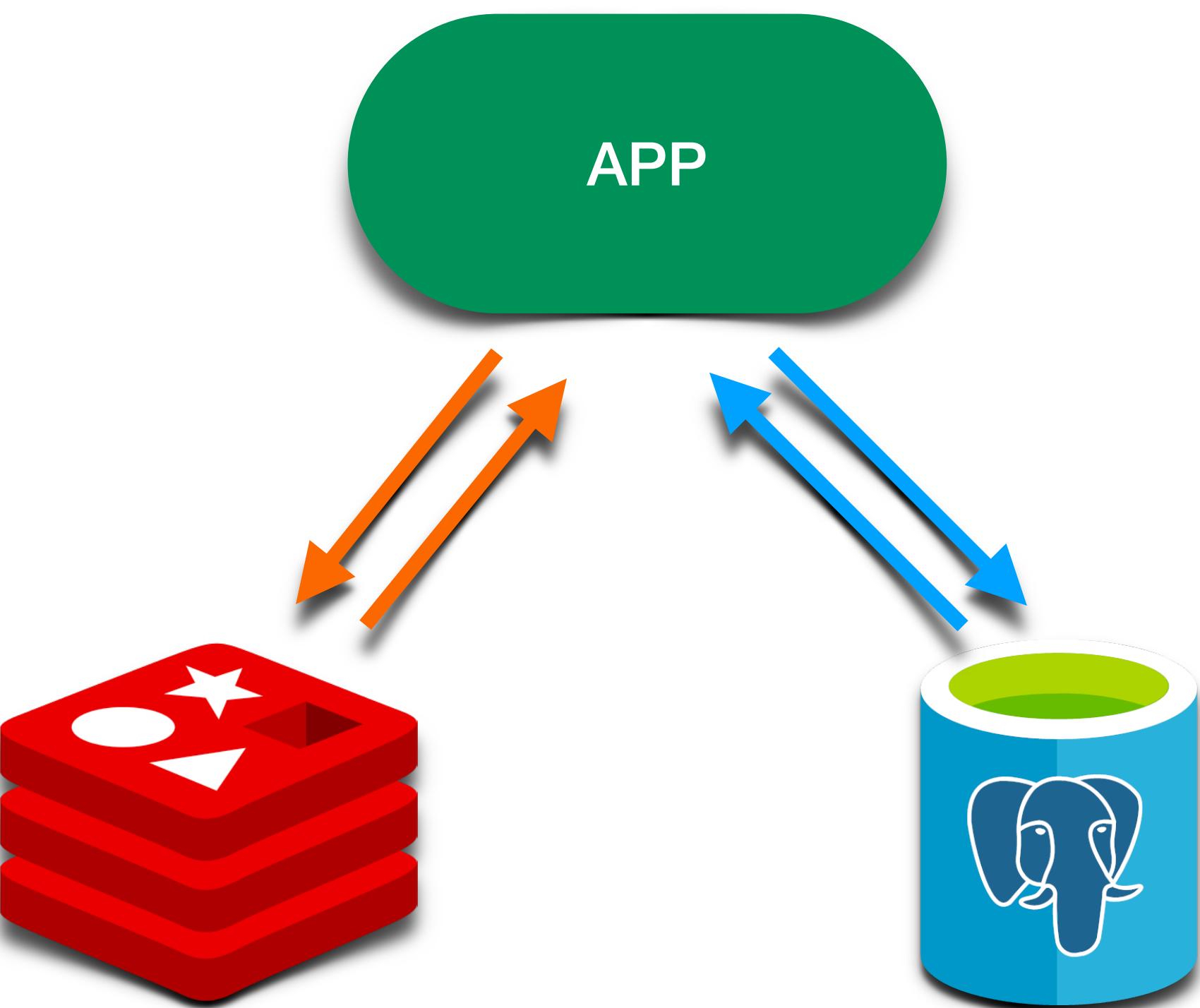
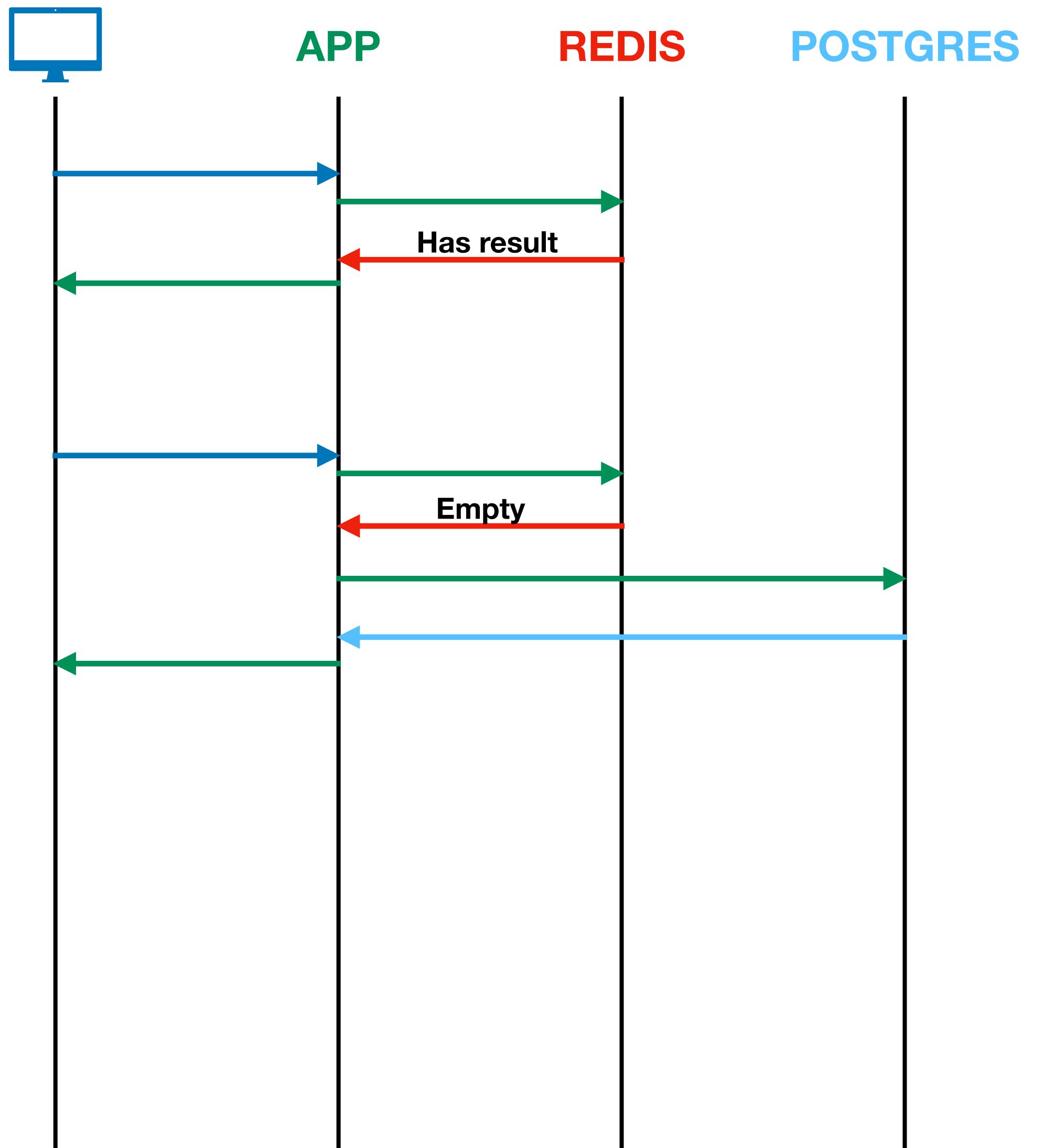
# Разделяем на 2 запроса

## 1 - IDs

## 2 - данные по IDs







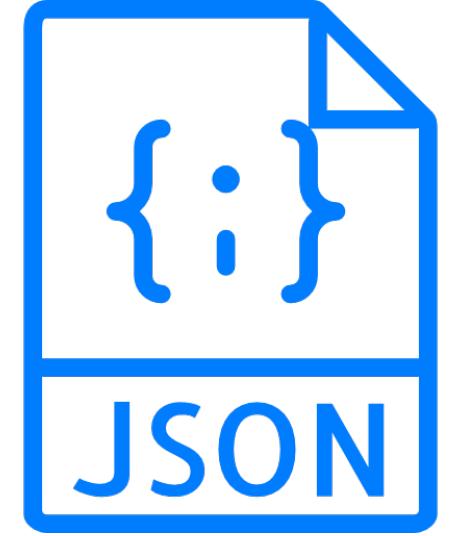
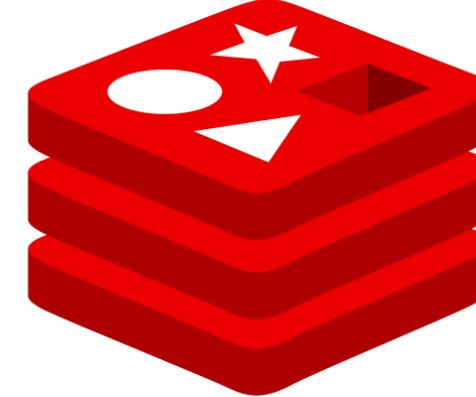
**STRING**  
**LIST**  
**SET**  
**ZSET**  
**HASH**



<b>RedisSearch</b> A query and indexing engine for Redis, providing secondary indexing, full-text search, and aggregations.	GitHub  4074 License: Other
<b>RedisJSON</b> RedisJSON - a JSON data type for Redis	GitHub  3427 License: Other
<b>RedisGraph</b> A graph database as a Redis module	GitHub  1813 License: Other
<b>RedisBloom</b> Probabilistic Datatypes Module for Redis	GitHub  1315 License: Other
<b>RedisTimeSeries</b> Time Series data structure for Redis	GitHub  813 License: Other
<b>RedisAI</b> A Redis module for serving tensors and executing deep learning graphs	GitHub  739 License: Other
<b>RedisGears</b> Dynamic execution framework for your Redis data	GitHub  284 License: Other

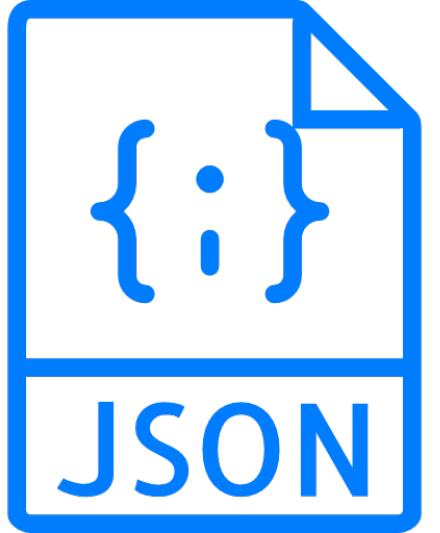
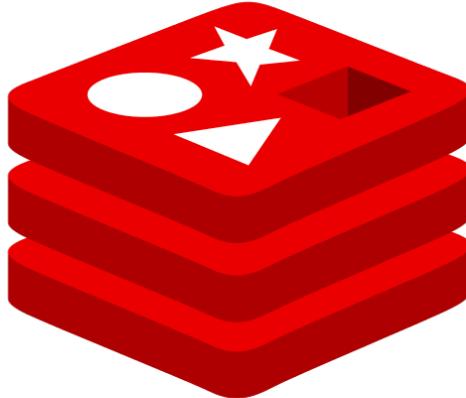
## RedisJSON

```
{  
    "id": 1,  
    "firstname": "Alex",  
    "lastname": "Kin",  
    "age": 30,  
    "address": {  
        "id": 1,  
        "city": "Moscow"  
    }  
}
```



```
JSON.SET user:1 $ '{"id": 1, "firstname": "Alex", "lastname": "Kin", "age": 30, "address": { "id": 1,  
"city": "Moscow" }}'
```

## RedisJSON



```
{  
    "id": 1,  
    "firstname": "Alex",  
    "lastname": "Kin",  
    "age": 30,  
    "address": {  
        "id": 1,  
        "city": "Moscow"  
    }  
}
```

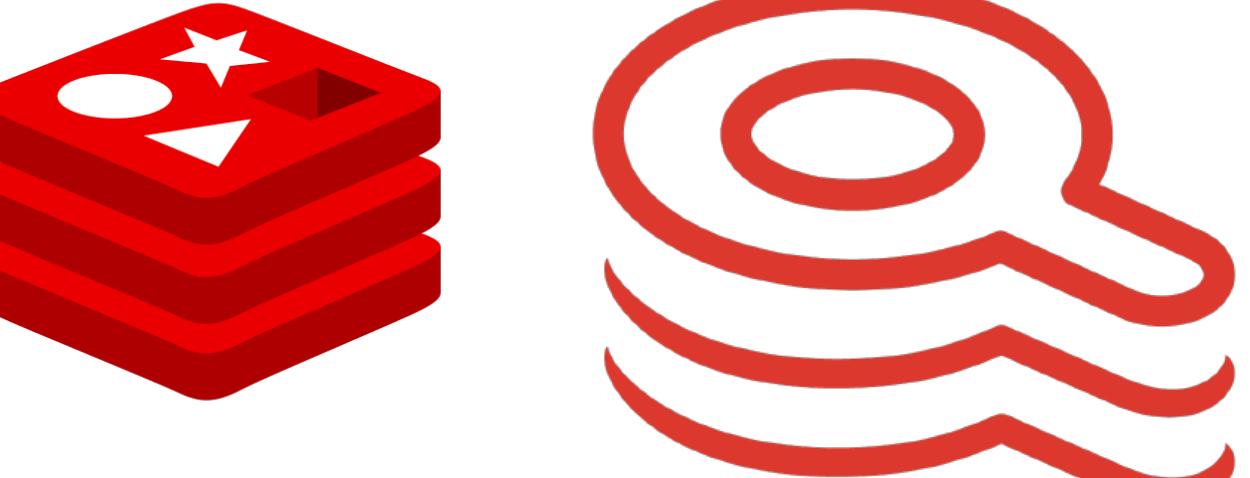
```
JSON.SET user:1 $ '{"id": 1, "firstname": "Alex", "lastname": "Kin", "age": 30, "address": { "id": 1, "city": "Moscow" }}'
```

```
127.0.0.1:6379> JSON.GET user:1  
"{"id":1,"firstname":"Alex","lastname":"Kin","age":30,"address":{"id":1,"city":"Moscow"} }"
```

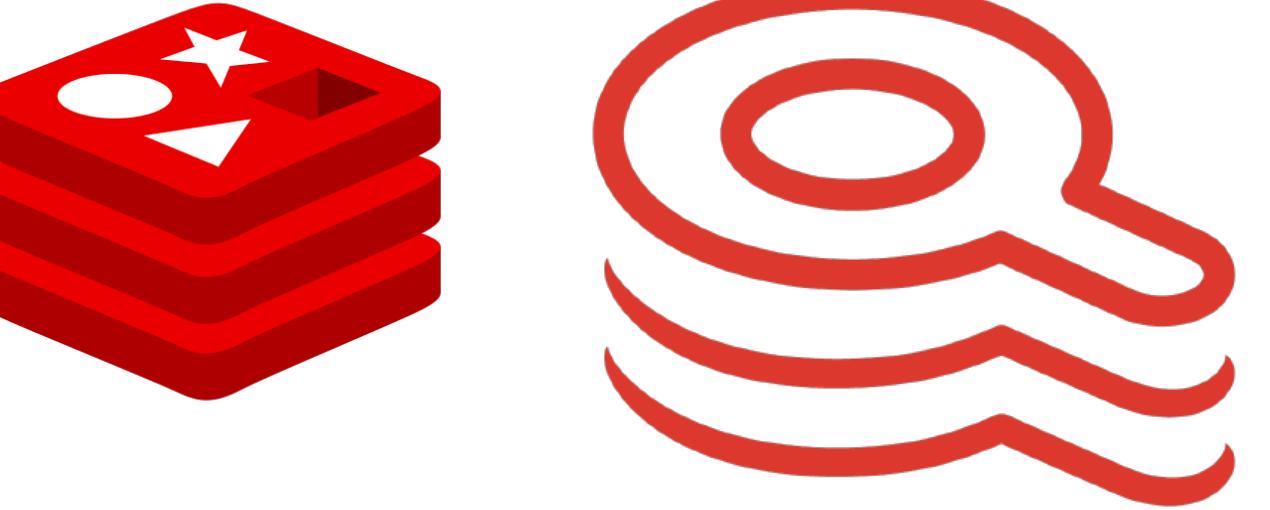
```
127.0.0.1:6379> JSON.GET user:1 address  
"{"id":1,"city":"Moscow"}"
```

```
127.0.0.1:6379> JSON.GET user:1 address.city  
"\\"Moscow\\\""
```

```
127.0.0.1:6379> JSON.SET user:1 age 34  
OK  
127.0.0.1:6379> JSON.SET user:1 address.city "\\"Spb\\\""  
OK  
127.0.0.1:6379> JSON.GET user:1  
"{"id":1,"firstname":"Alex","lastname":"Kin","age":34,"address":{"id":1,"city":"Spb"} }"
```



- Вторичное индексирование
- Запросы с логическими операторами
- Поиск по префиксу
- Полнотекстовый поиск
- Агрегации
- Группировки
- Операции редукции



```
FT.CREATE userIdx ON JSON PREFIX 1 user: SCHEMA $.id AS id NUMERIC $.firstname AS firstname TEXT $.age AS age  
NUMERIC $.address.city AS address_city TEXT
```

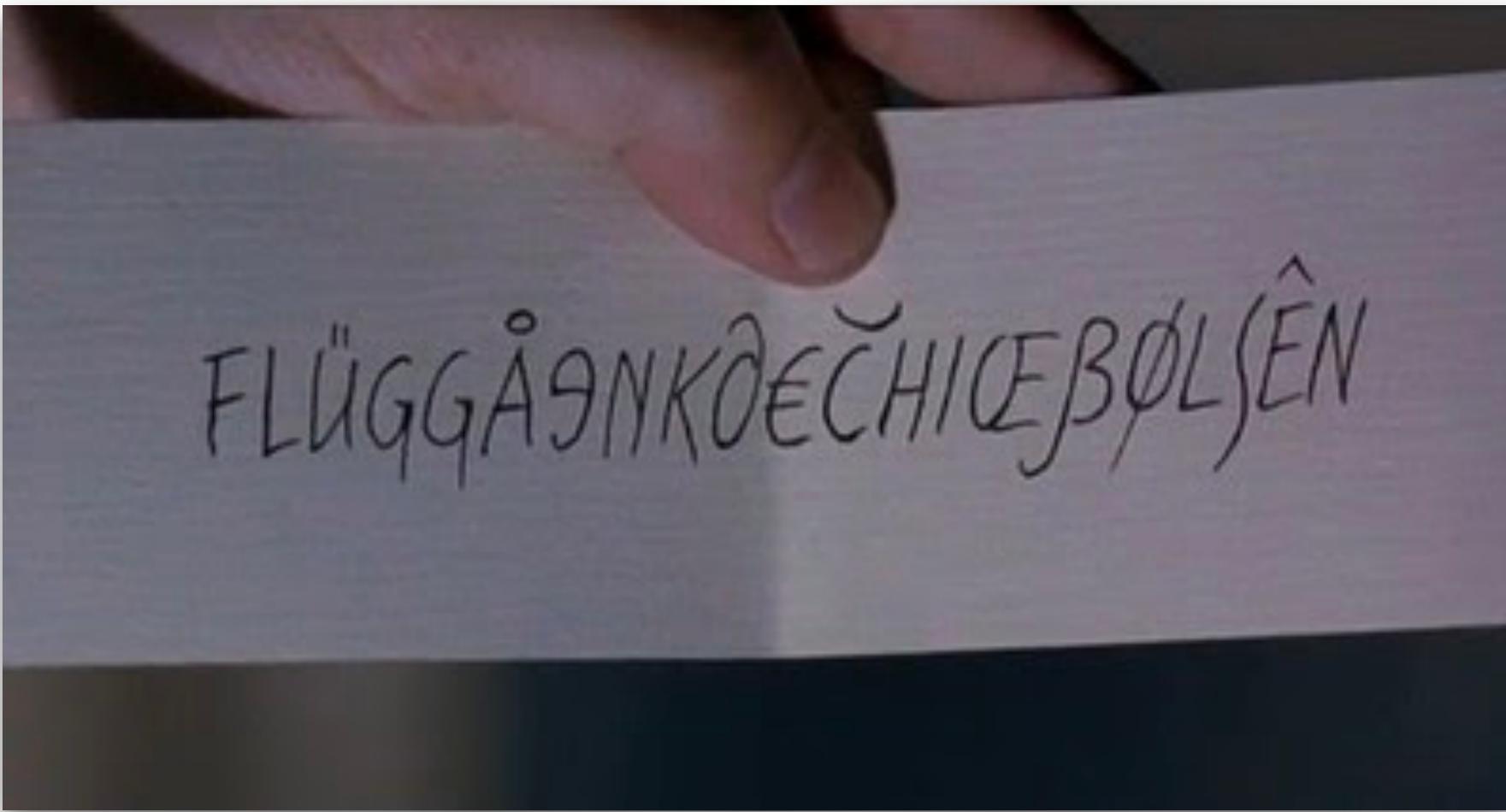
## RediSearch



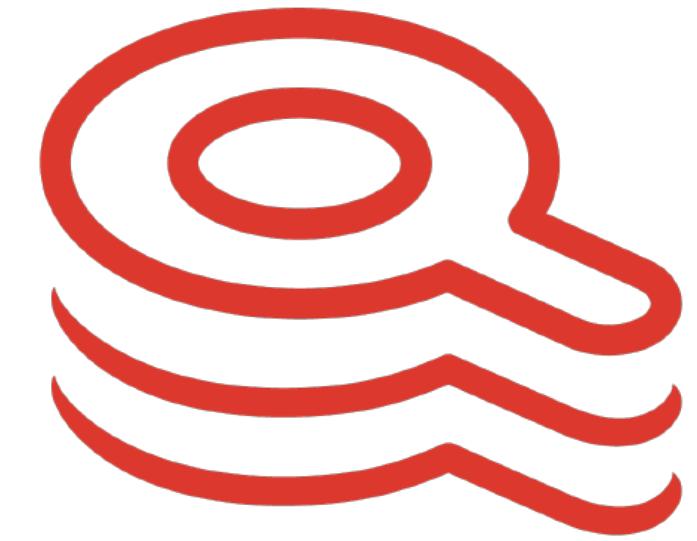
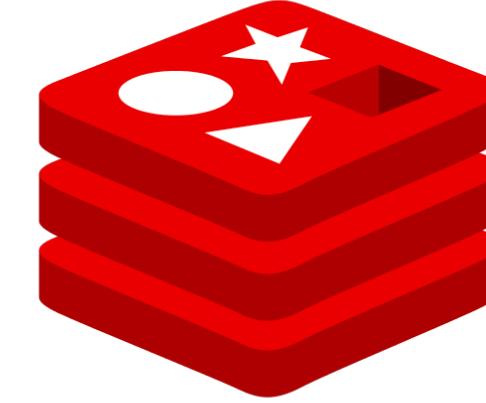
```
127.0.0.1:6379> FT.SEARCH userIdx '@firstname:Alex'
1) (integer) 1
2) "user:1"
3) 1) "$"
   2) "{\"id\":1,\"firstname\":\"Alex\",\"lastname\":\"Kin\",\"age\":35,\"address\":{\"id\":1,\"city\":\"Spb\"}}"
127.0.0.1:6379> FT.SEARCH userIdx '-@firstname:Alex'
1) (integer) 1
2) "user:2"
3) 1) "$"
   2) "{\"id\":2,\"firstname\":\"John\",\"lastname\":\"Smith\",\"age\":50,\"address\":{\"id\":1,\"city\":
\"Moscow\"}}"
127.0.0.1:6379> FT.SEARCH userIdx '@age:[50 50]'
1) (integer) 1
2) "user:2"
3) 1) "$"
   2) "{\"id\":2,\"firstname\":\"John\",\"lastname\":\"Smith\",\"age\":50,\"address\":{\"id\":1,\"city\":
\"Moscow\"}}"
```

```
127.0.0.1:6379> FT.SEARCH userIdx '@address_city:Mos*'
1) (integer) 1
2) "user:2"
3) 1) "$"
   2) "{\"id\":2,\"firstname\":\"John\",\"lastname\":\"Smith\",\"age\":50,\"address\":{\"id\":1,\"city\":
\"Moscow\"}}"
```

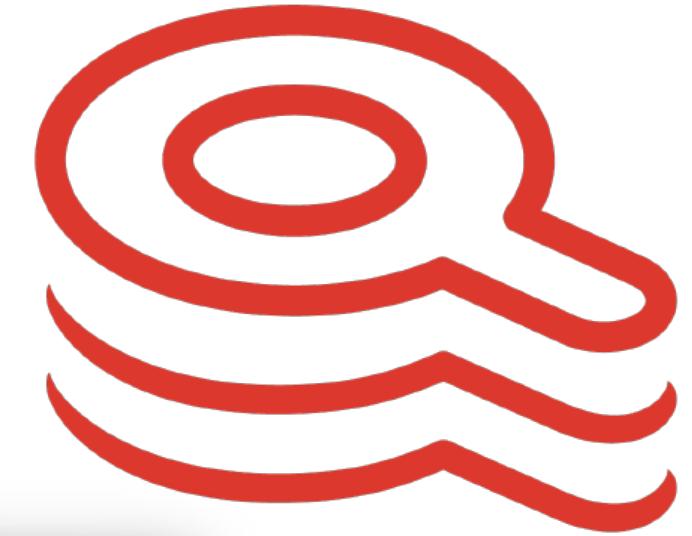
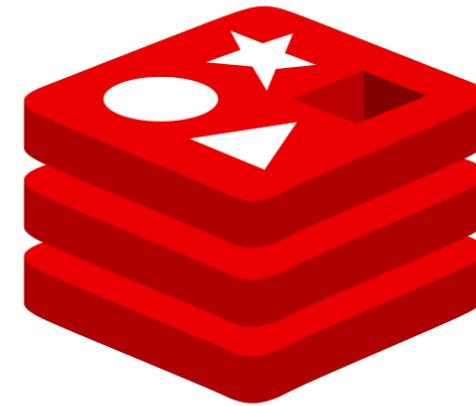
## СТОП-СЛОВА



a, is, the, an, and, are, as, at, be, but, by, for,  
if, in, into, it, no, not, of, on, or, such, that, their,  
then, there, these, they, this, to, was, will, with

**Агрегации**

```
FT.AGGREGATE index query
[VERBATIM]
[ LOAD count field [field ...]]
[TIMEOUT timeout]
[LOAD *]
[ GROUPBY nargs property [property ...] [ REDUCE function nargs arg [arg ...] [AS name] [ REDUCE function nargs arg [arg ...] [AS name] ...]]
[ GROUPBY nargs property [property ...] [ REDUCE function nargs arg [arg ...] [AS name] [ REDUCE function nargs arg [arg ...] [AS name] ...]] ...]
[ SORTBY nargs [ property ASC | DESC [ property ASC | DESC ...]] [MAX num]]
[ APPLY expression AS name [ APPLY expression AS name ...]]
[ LIMIT offset num]
[ FILTER filter]
[ WITHCURSOR [COUNT read_size] [MAXIDLE idle_time]]
[ PARAMS nargs name value [ name value ...]]
[ DIALECT dialect]
```

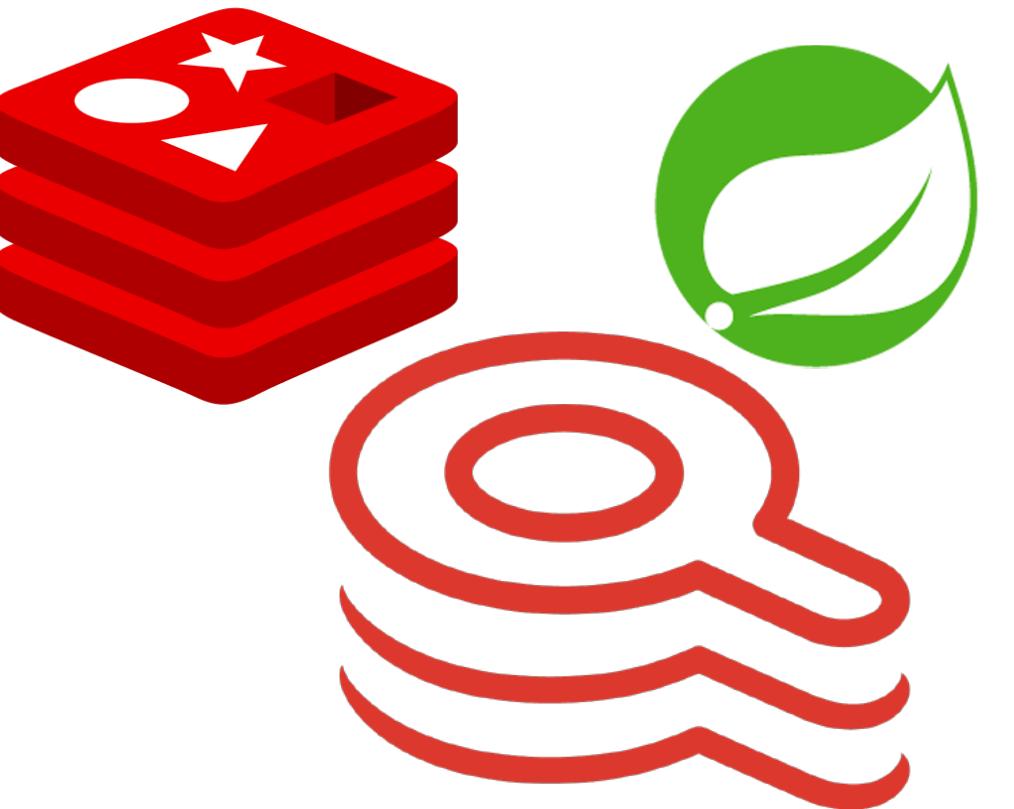


```
FT.AGGREGATE userIdx '*' GROUPBY 1 @age REDUCE count 0 AS nums SORTBY 1 @age
1) (integer) 2
2) 1) "age"
2) "30"
3) "nums"
4) "1"
3) 1) "age"
2) "40"
3) "nums"
4) "1"
```

```
JSON.SET user:2 age 30
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> FT.AGGREGATE userIdx '*' GROUPBY 1 @age REDUCE count 0 AS nums SORTBY 1 @age
1) (integer) 1
2) 1) "age"
2) "30"
3) "nums"
4) <<2"
```

```
FT.AGGREGATE userIdx '*' GROUPBY 1 @age REDUCE TOLIST 1 @id AS ids
1) (integer) 1
2) 1) "age"
2) "30"
3) "ids"
4) 1) "2"
2) "1"
```

## Redis OM Spring



```
@Document
public class DowntimeDoc {

    @Id
    @Indexed
    private String id;

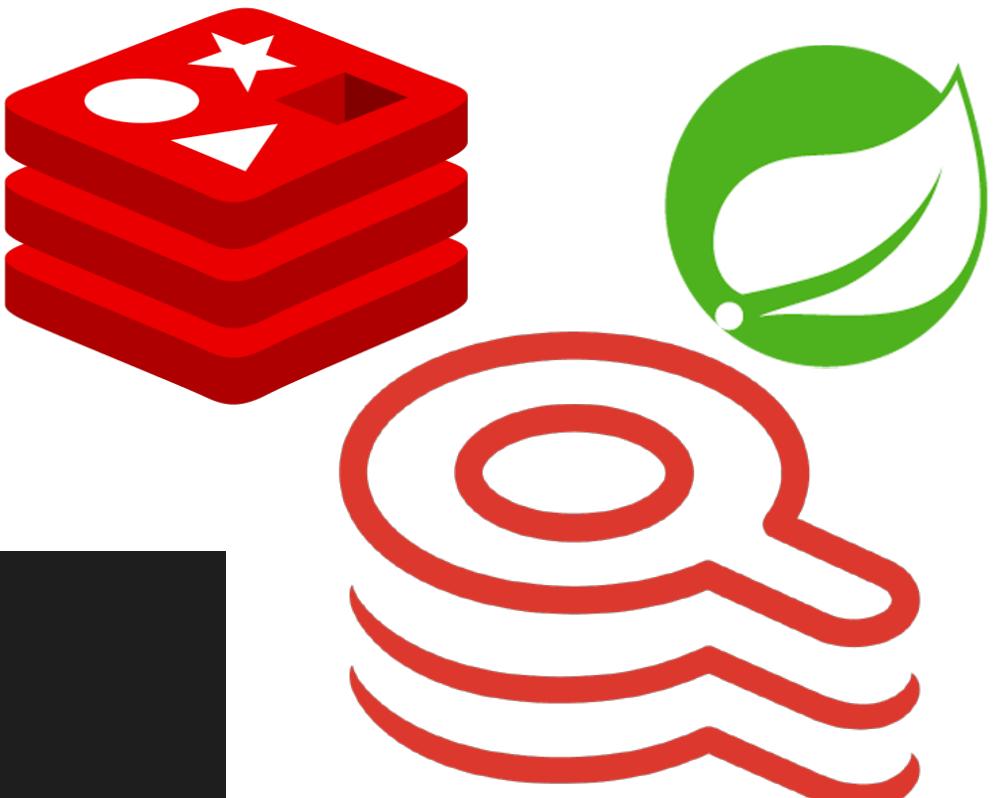
    @Indexed(sortable = true)
    private LocalDateTime beginDate;

    @Indexed
    private LocalDateTime endDate;

    @Indexed
    private PlaceDoc area;

    @Indexed
    private CauseDoc cause;

    @Searchable
    private String description;
```



```
public interface DwtRedisRepository extends RedisDocumentRepository<DowntimeDoc, String> {  
  
    Iterable<DowntimeDoc> findByBeginDateBetween(LocalDateTime start, LocalDateTime end);  
  
    Optional<DowntimeDoc> findFirstByBeginDateAfter(LocalDateTime dateTime);  
  
    Iterable<DowntimeDoc> findByBrigadeStartingWith(String prefix);  
  
    Iterable<DowntimeDoc> findByArea_Name(String name);  
  
    @Query("@area_id:${areas} & @cause_id:${causes}")  
    Page<DowntimeDoc> findByParams(@Param("areas") List<String> areas,  
                                    @Param("causes") List<String> causes,  
                                    Pageable pageable);
```

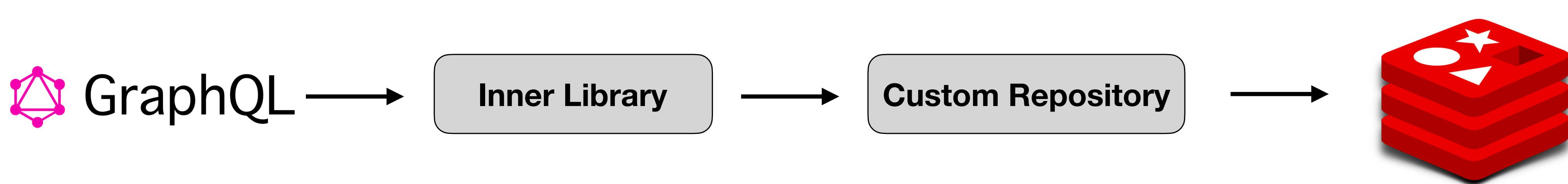
## Redis OM Spring

```
List<DowntimeDoc> example = entityStream
    .of(DowntimeDoc.class)
    .filter(DowntimeDoc$.AREA_NAME.startsWith("example"))
    .sorted(DowntimeDoc$.KEY)
    .collect(Collectors.toList());
```

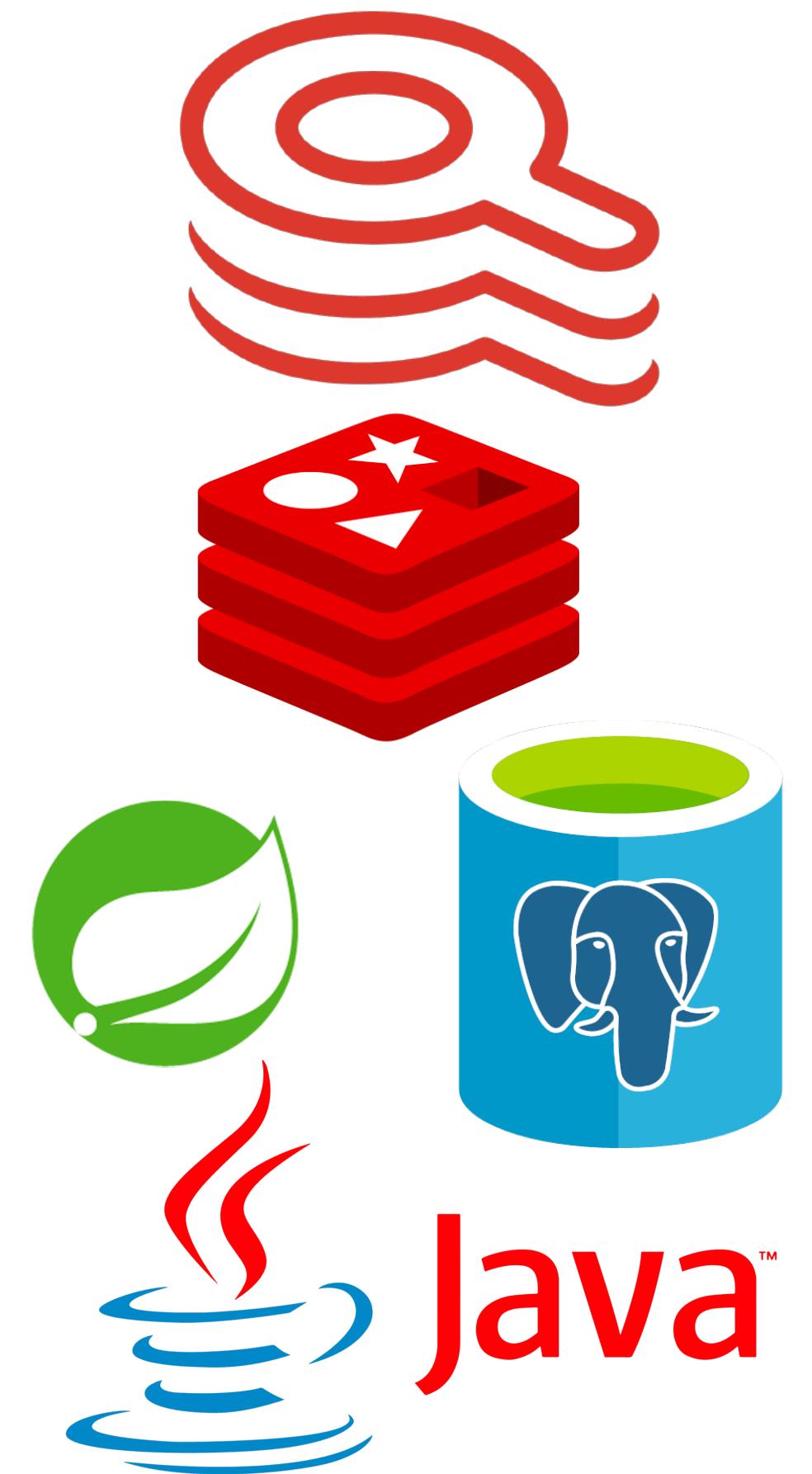
```
List<Single<Integer>> example2 = entityStream
    .of(DowntimeDoc.class)
    .filter(DowntimeDoc$.AREA_NAME.startsWith("example"))
    .load(DowntimeDoc$.KEY)
    .sorted(DowntimeDoc$.KEY.asc())
    .toList(Integer.class);
```

```
List<Pair<String, Integer>> count =
    entityStream.of(DowntimeDoc.class)
        .filter(DowntimeDoc$.BEGIN_DATE
            .after(LocalDateTime.now().minusDays(1)))
        .groupBy(DowntimeDoc$.CAUSE_NAME)
        .reduce(ReducerFunction.COUNT).as("count")
        .sorted(Sort.Order.desc("@count"))
        .limit(0, 5)
        .toList(String.class, Integer.class);
```





## DEMO PROJECT



## Сопоставление общих предикатов SQL с RediSearch

SQL Condition	RediSearch Equivalent	Comments
WHERE x='foo' AND y='bar'	@x:foo @y:bar	for less ambiguity use (@x:foo) (@y:bar)
WHERE x='foo' AND y!='bar'	@x:foo -@y:bar	
WHERE x='foo' OR y='bar'	(@x:foo) (@y:bar)	
WHERE x IN ('foo', 'bar','hello world')	@x:(foo bar "hello world")	quotes mean exact phrase
WHERE y='foo' AND x NOT IN ('foo','bar')	@y:foo (-@x:foo) (-@x:bar)	
WHERE x NOT IN ('foo','bar')	-@x:(foo bar)	
WHERE num BETWEEN 10 AND 20	@num:[10 20]	
WHERE num >= 10	@num:[10 +inf]	
WHERE num > 10	@num:[(10 +inf]	
WHERE num < 10	@num:[-inf (10]	
WHERE num <= 10	@num:[-inf 10]	
WHERE num < 10 OR num > 20	@num:[-inf (10]   @num:[(20 +inf]	
WHERE name LIKE 'john%'	@name:john*	

## Подводные камни Redis-OM-Spring

- Сложности с использованием UUID.  
@id:{2e5af72b\l-02af\l-443b\l-8961\l-248878aa381b}

```
String regex = "(\$\" + key + «)(\W+|\\"*|\\"+)(.*»);
```

<https://redis.io/docs/stack/search/reference/escaping/>

- Нужно передавать Pageable если ожидаете коллекцию

- В версиях 0.6.x и 0.8.x изменились конверторы, это влияет на результаты поиска

## Подводные камни RediSearch

- При использовании пространства имен в БД вы должны использовать 0

Иначе вот такое сообщение «Cannot create index on db != 0»

- FT.SEARCH принимает только 1 параметр сортировки

## **Выводы**

**Помог ли нам Redis? - Да**

**Redis только кеш? - Нет**

**Redis подходит для легкой аналитики? - Да**

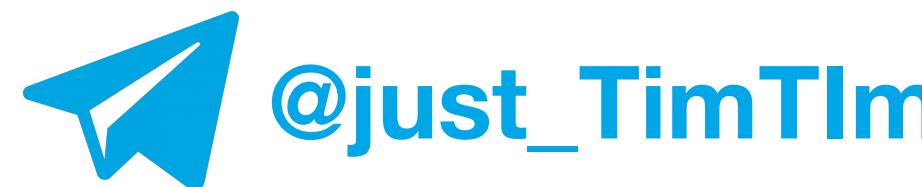
### **Плюсы**

- Легко внедряется в проект**
- Делает много шаблонной работы**
- Быстро отрабатывает запросы**
- Стабилен под нагрузкой**

### **Минусы**

- Не так много фич как в sql**
- Мало документации**

Артем Артемьев



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## Resources

<https://redis.io/docs/stack/json/>

<https://redis.io/docs/stack/search/>

<https://redis.com/blog/introducing-redis-om-client-libraries>

<https://github.com/redis/redis-om-spring>



Demo project <https://github.com/justTimTim/demo-redisearch-and-sql>