

Рендеринг текста в Android



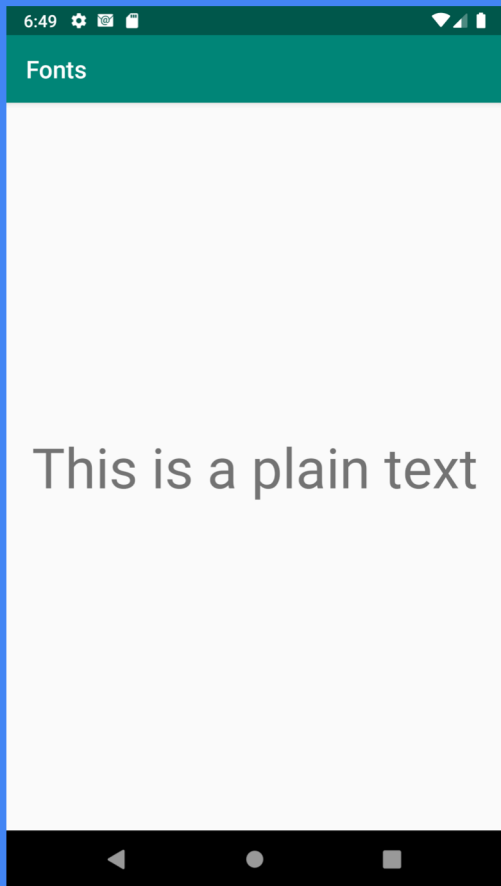
Контекст

- Кто такой?
- Чем занимаюсь?
- Зачем это все?

Как отображается текст?

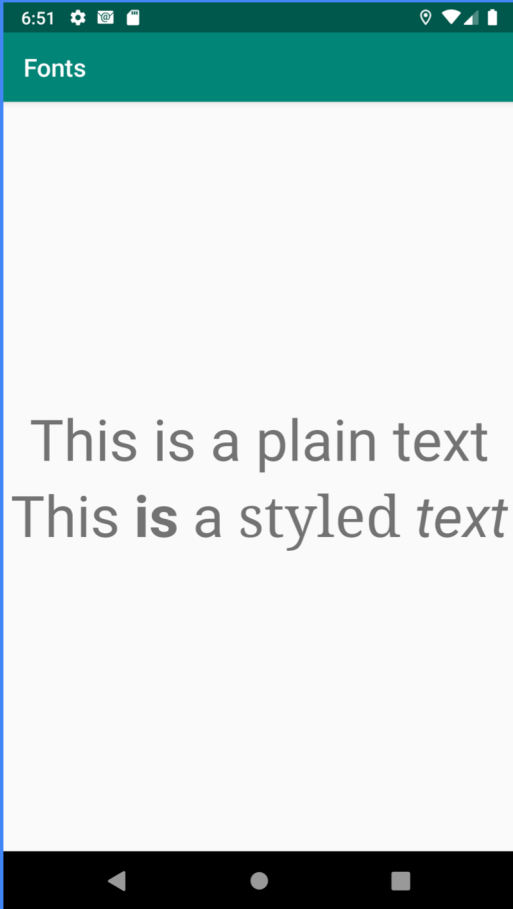
Как отображается текст?

TextView



Plain text

```
<TextView  
    android:id="@+id/textView"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:textSize="46sp"  
    android:text="This is a plain text"  
>
```



Styled text

```
String string = getString(R.string.html_text);  
  
((TextView) findViewById(R.id.textViewHtml))  
    .setText(Html.fromHtml(string));
```

Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```

Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```


Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```

Html.fromHtml(string)

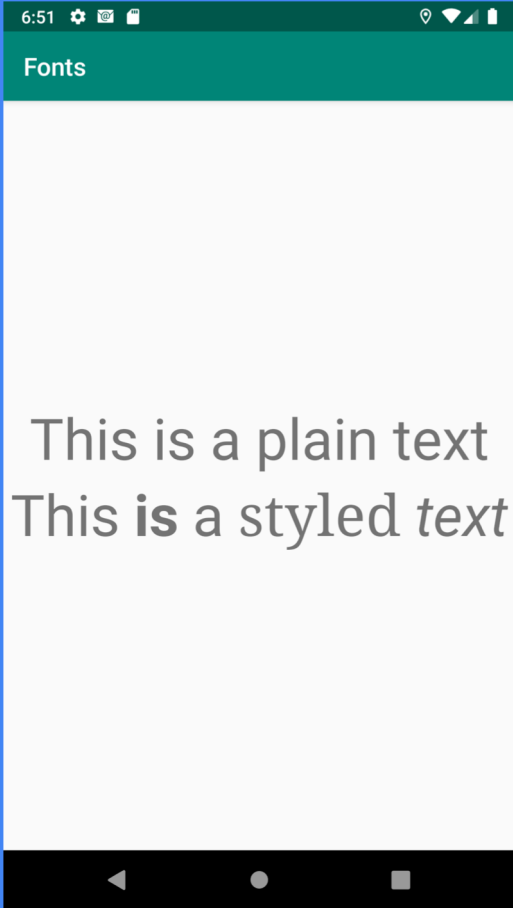
```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This is a text]]>  
</string>
```

Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```

Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```



Styled text

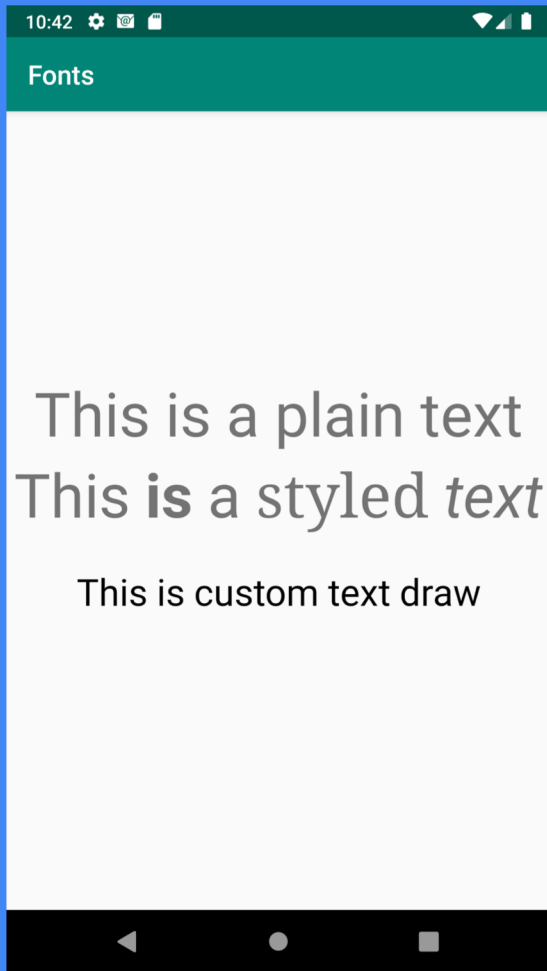
```
String string = getString(R.string.html_text);  
  
((TextView) findViewById(R.id.textViewHtml))  
    .setText(Html.fromHtml(string));
```

Как отображается текст?

TextView

Как отображается текст?

Custom View

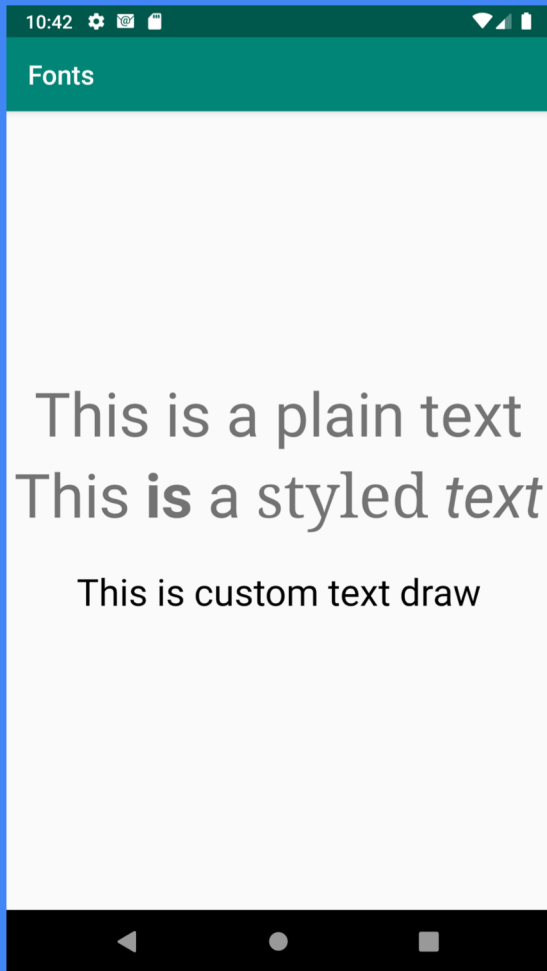


Custom view

```
private static final String TEXT_TO_DRAW
    = "This is custom text draw";
private TextPaint textPaint = new TextPaint();
private Rect textBounds = new Rect();
```

```
textPaint.setTextSize(textSize());
textPaint.getTextBounds(TEXT_TO_DRAW,
    0, TEXT_TO_DRAW.length(),
    textBounds);
textPaint.setAntiAlias(true);
```

```
canvas.drawText(TEXT_TO_DRAW,
    getWidth() / 2 - textBounds.width() / 2,
    getHeight() / 2 + textBounds.height() / 2,
    textPaint);
```

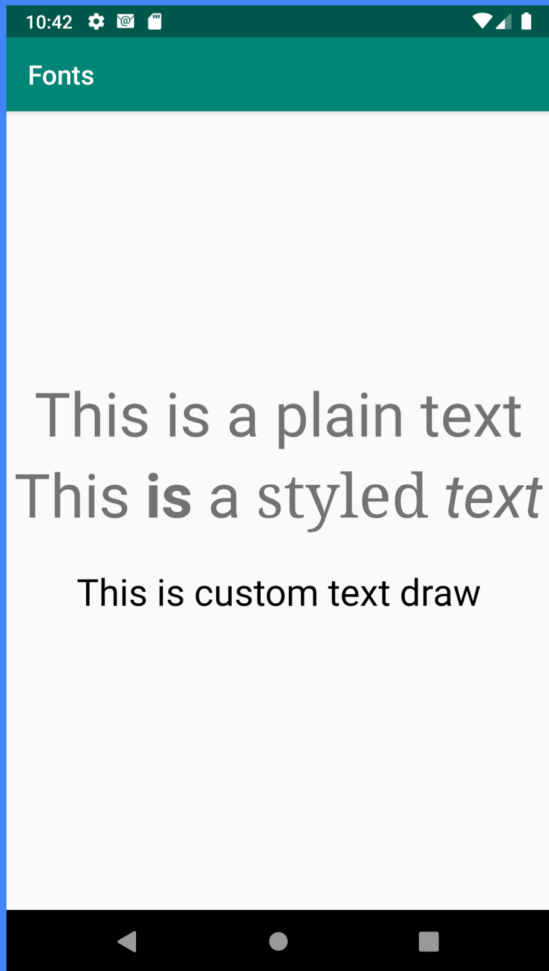



Custom view

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private TextPaint textPaint = new TextPaint();
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```

```
textPaint.setTextSize(textSize());
textPaint.getTextBounds(TEXT_TO_DRAW,
    0, TEXT_TO_DRAW.length(),
    textBounds);
textPaint.setAntiAlias(true);
```

```
canvas.drawText(TEXT_TO_DRAW,
    getWidth() / 2 - textBounds.width() / 2,
    getHeight() / 2 + textBounds.height() / 2,
    textPaint);
```

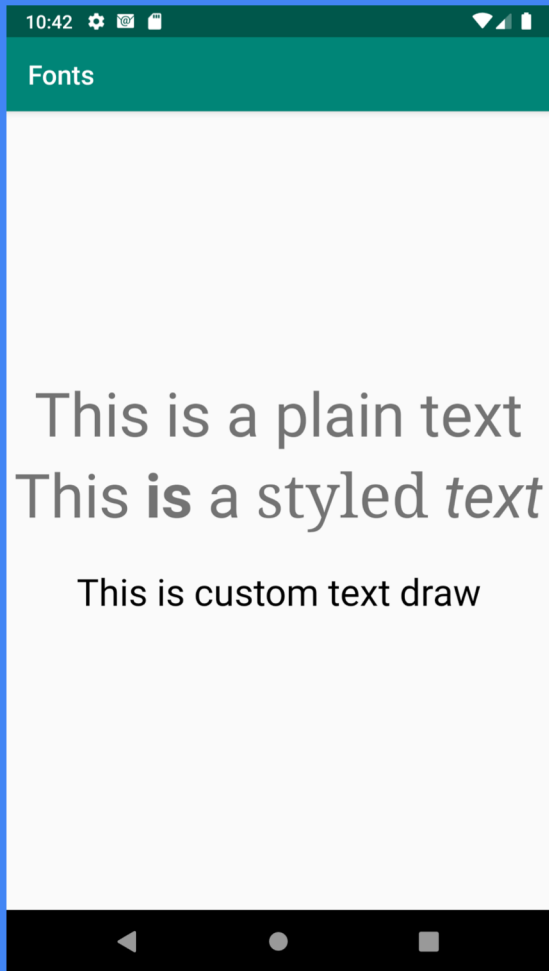


Custom view

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    0, TEXT_TO_DRAW.length(),
    textBounds);
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```

```
canvas.drawText(TEXT_TO_DRAW,
    getWidth() / 2 - textBounds.width() / 2,
    getHeight() / 2 + textBounds.height() / 2,
    textPaint);
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Custom view

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private static final String TEXT_TO_DRAW
    = "This is custom text draw";
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private Rect textBounds = new Rect();
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textPaint.setTextSize(textSize());
textPaint.getTextBounds(TEXT_TO_DRAW,
    0, TEXT_TO_DRAW.length(),
    textBounds);
textPaint.setAntiAlias(true);
```

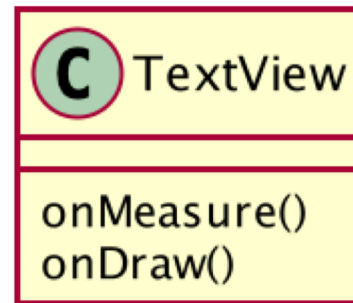
```
canvas.drawText(TEXT_TO_DRAW,
    getWidth() / 2 - textBounds.width() / 2,
    getHeight() / 2 + textBounds.height() / 2,
    textPaint);
```

Что внутри TextView?

Что делает TextView?

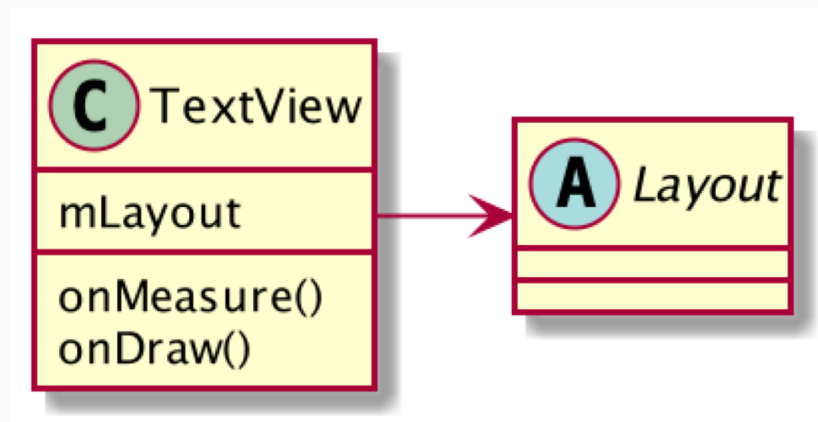
Что делает TextView для того, чтобы отобразить текст?

1. Размечает текст
2. Рисует текст



Что делает TextView?

Измерение текста: Layout



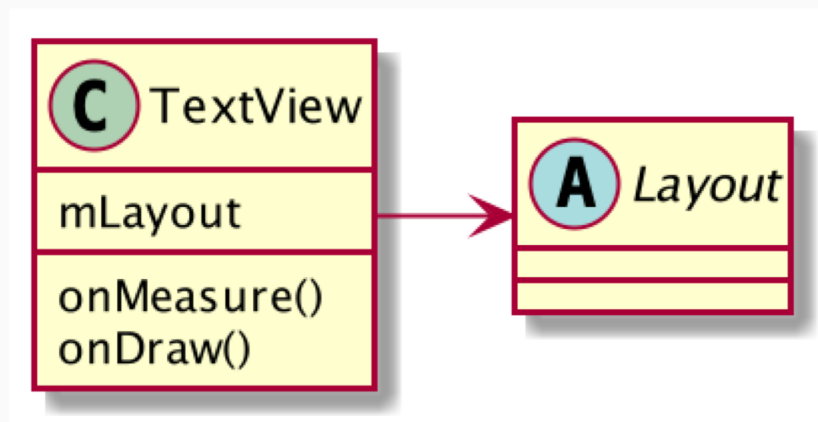
Измерение текста

`makeLayout()`

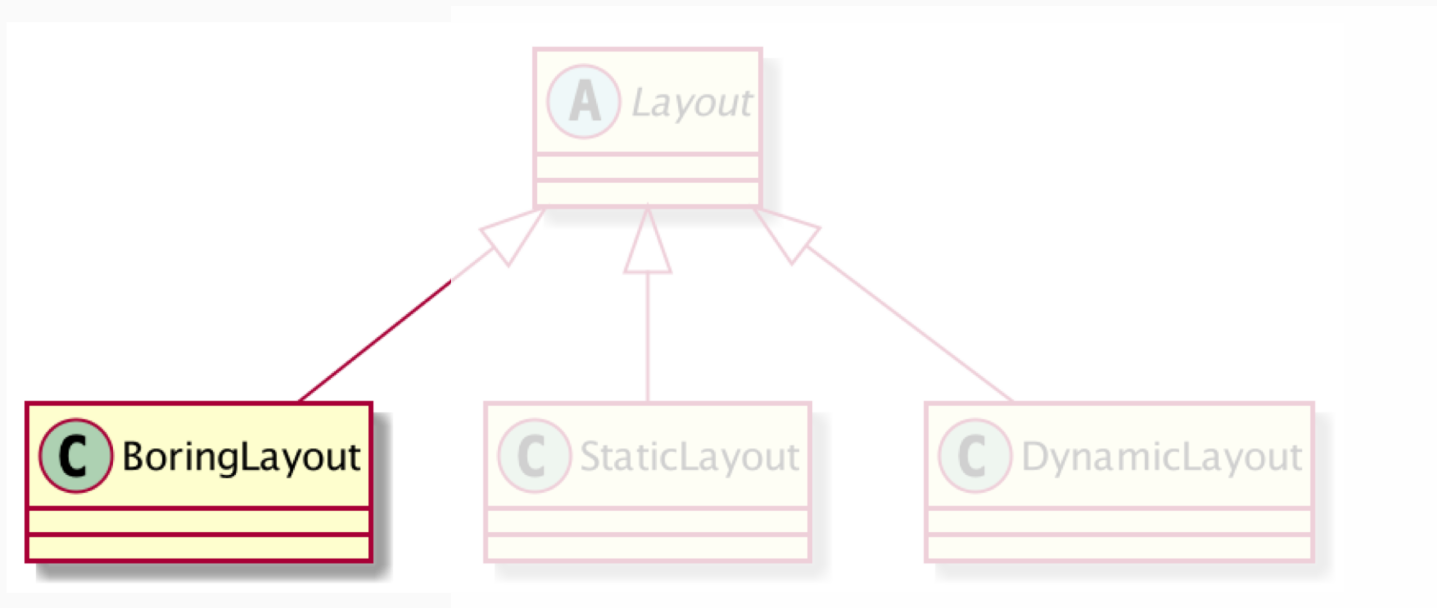
- Вызывается при изменении текста, размеров или настроек разметки

Что делает TextView?

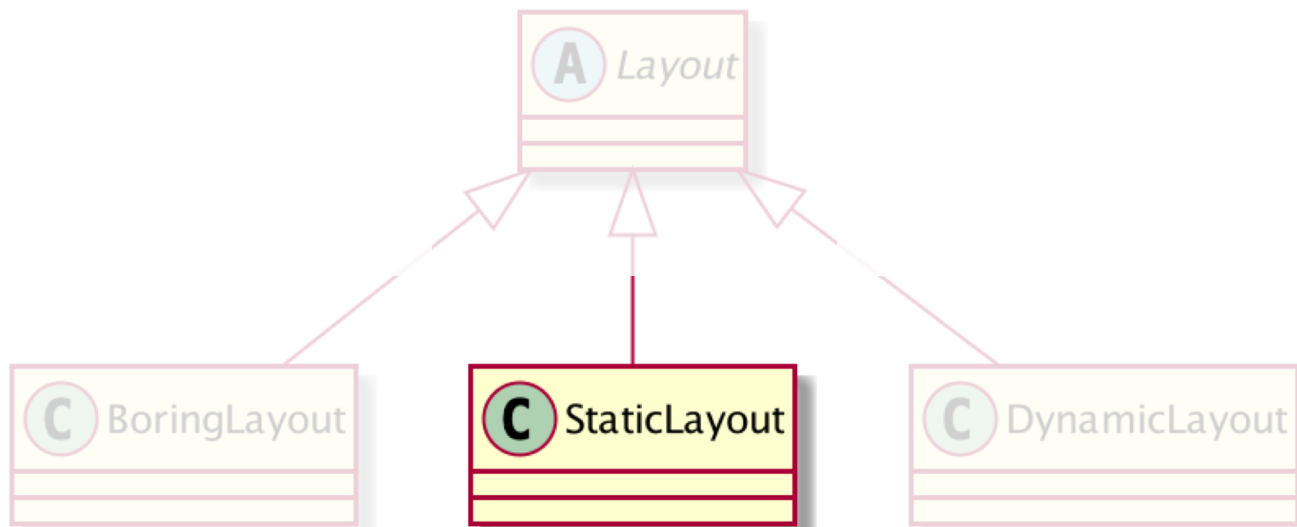
Измерение текста



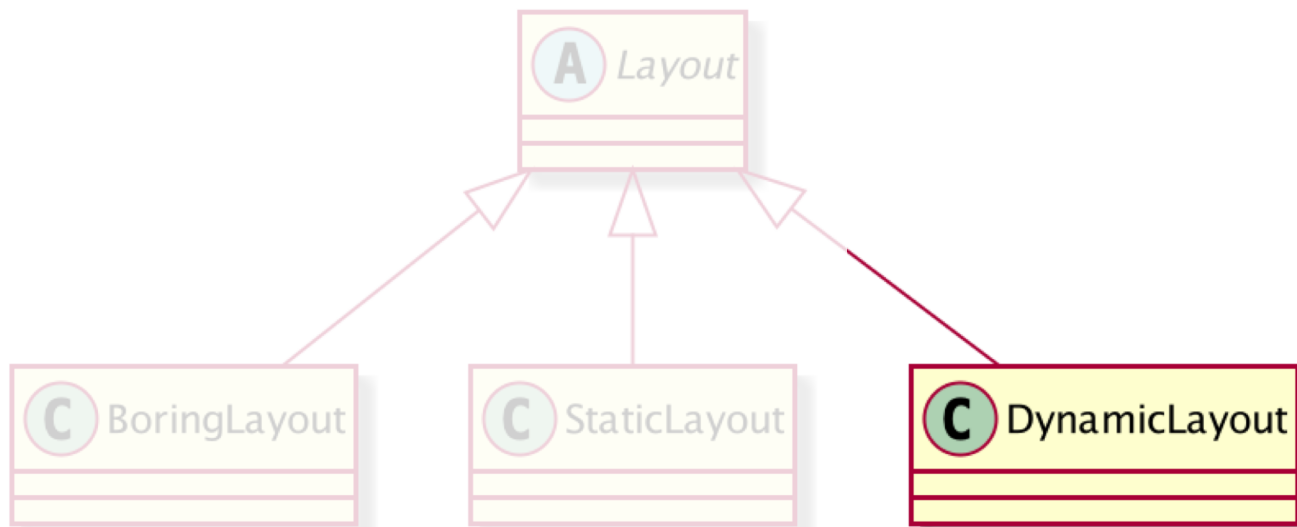
Измерение текста



Измерение текста

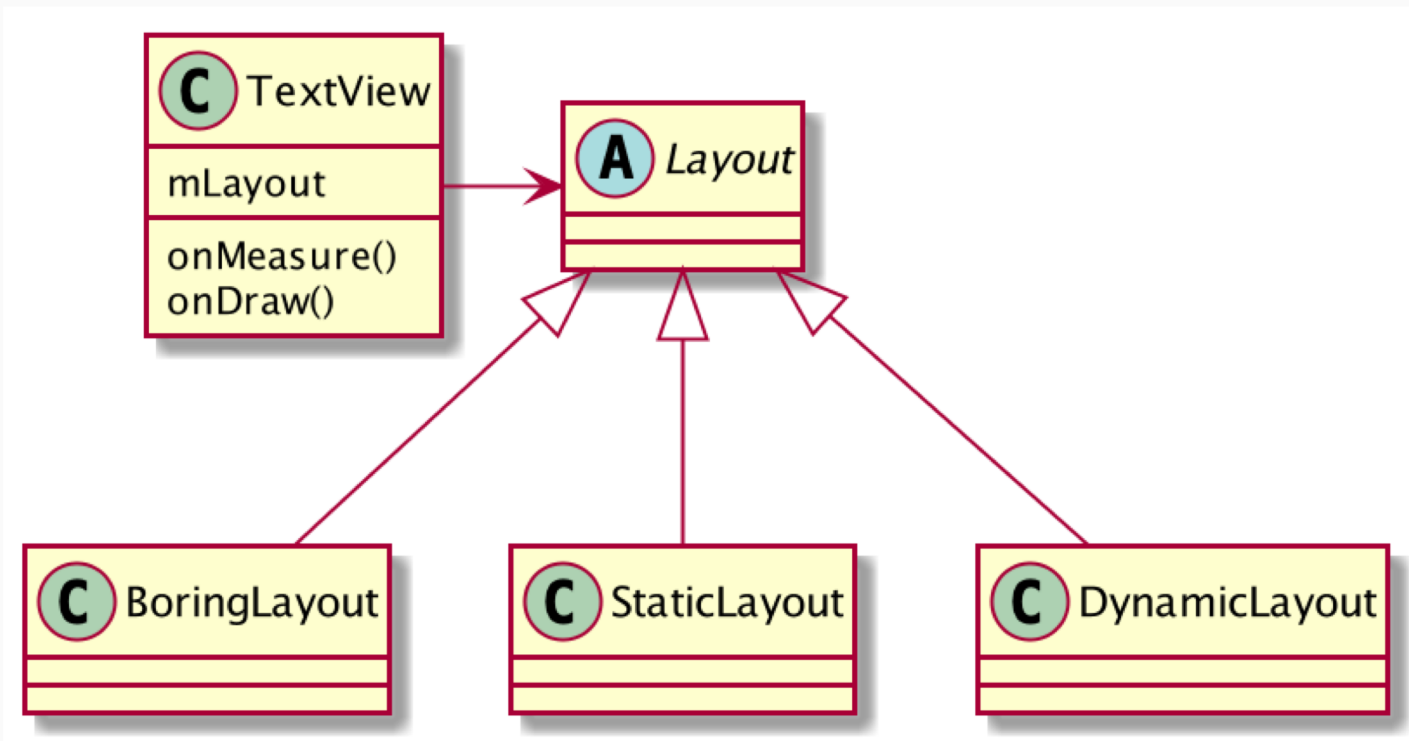


Измерение текста



Что делает TextView?

Измерение текста

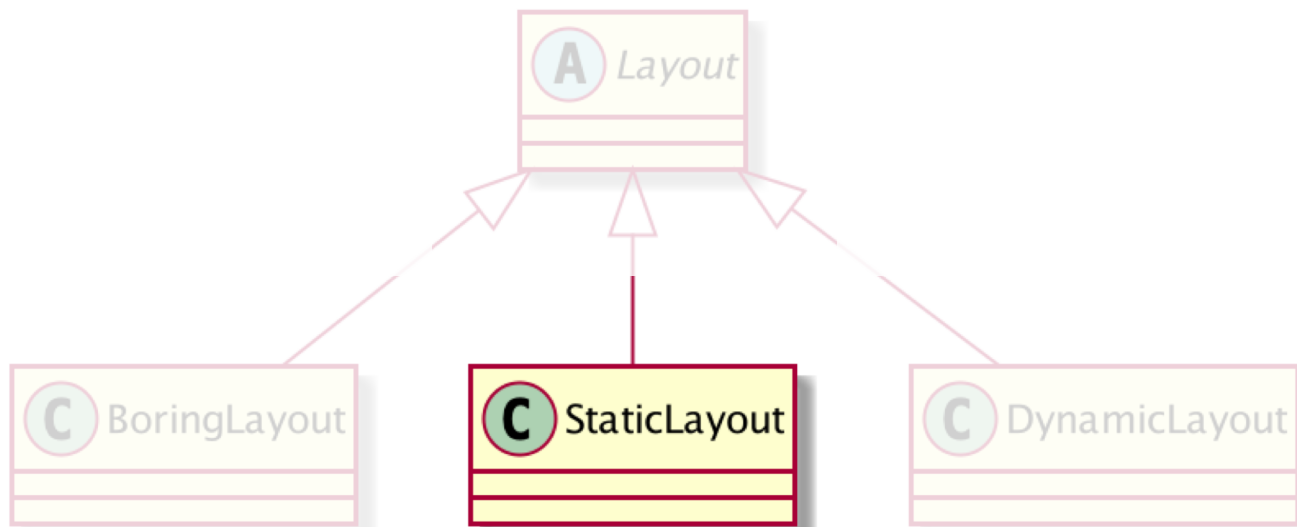


Измерение текста

`makeLayout()`

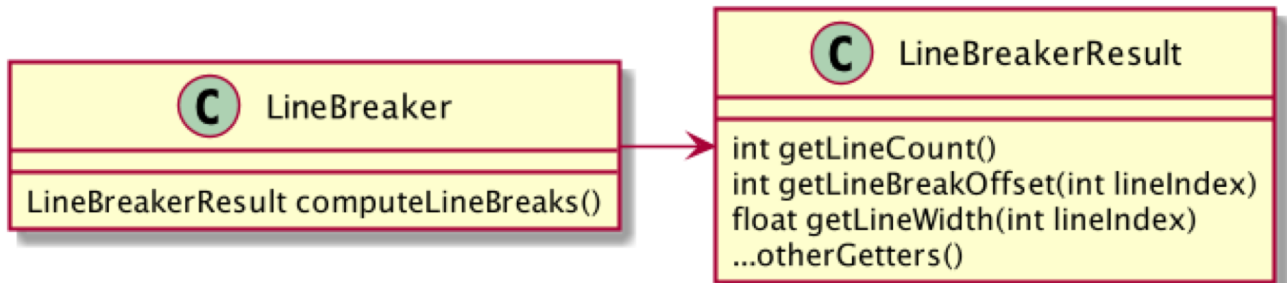
- Вызывается при изменении текста, размеров или настроек разметки
- Создает конкретный Layout в зависимости от условий

Измерение текста



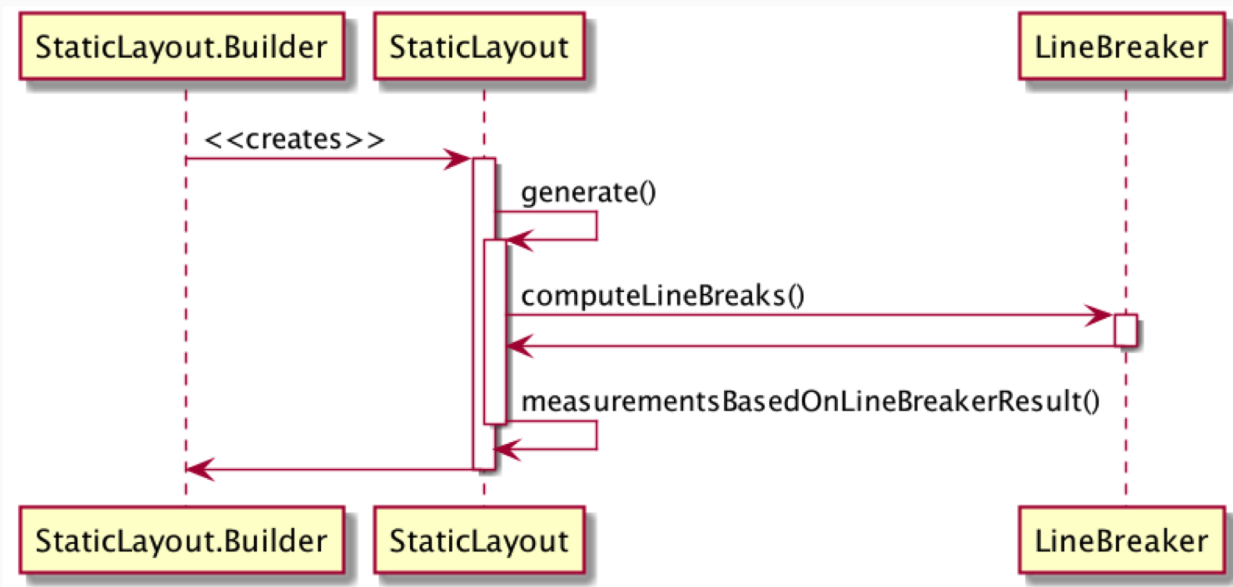
Что делает TextView?

Разбиение текста по строкам



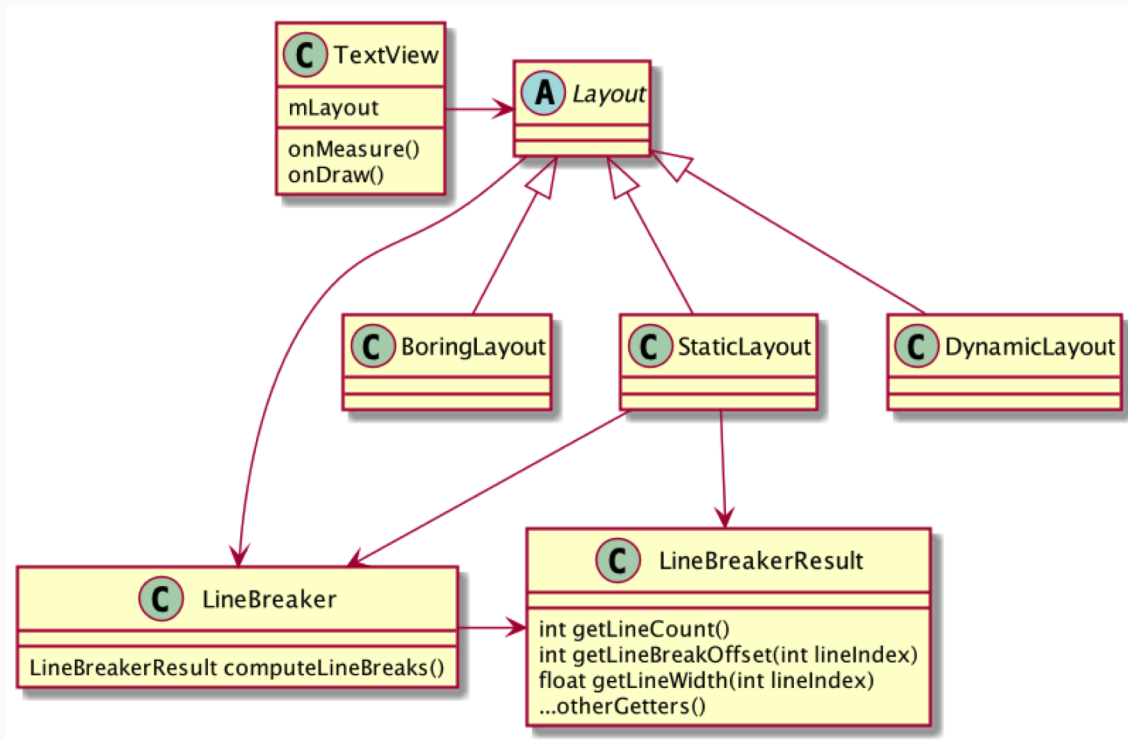
Что делает TextView?

Разбиение текста по строкам происходит синхронно

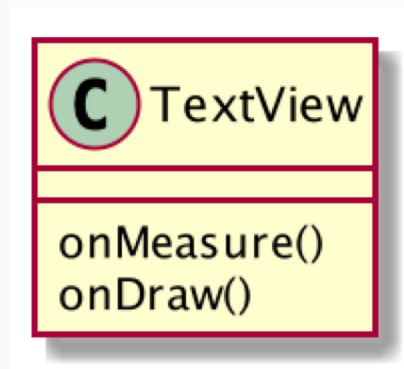


Что делает TextView?

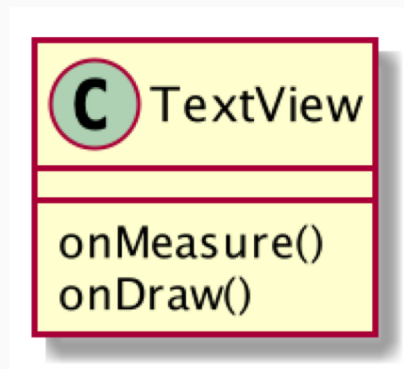
Измерение текста



- **Измеряет текст**
- **Рисует текст**



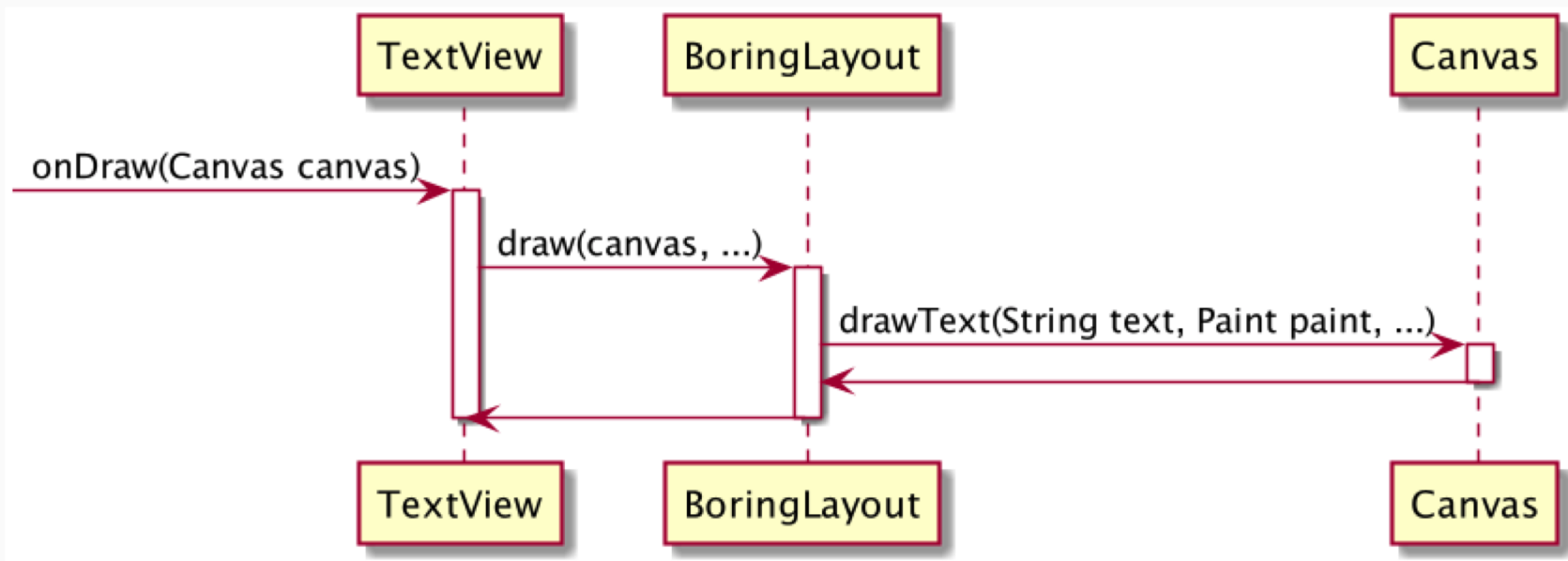
- Измеряет текст
- Рисует текст



Что делает TextView?

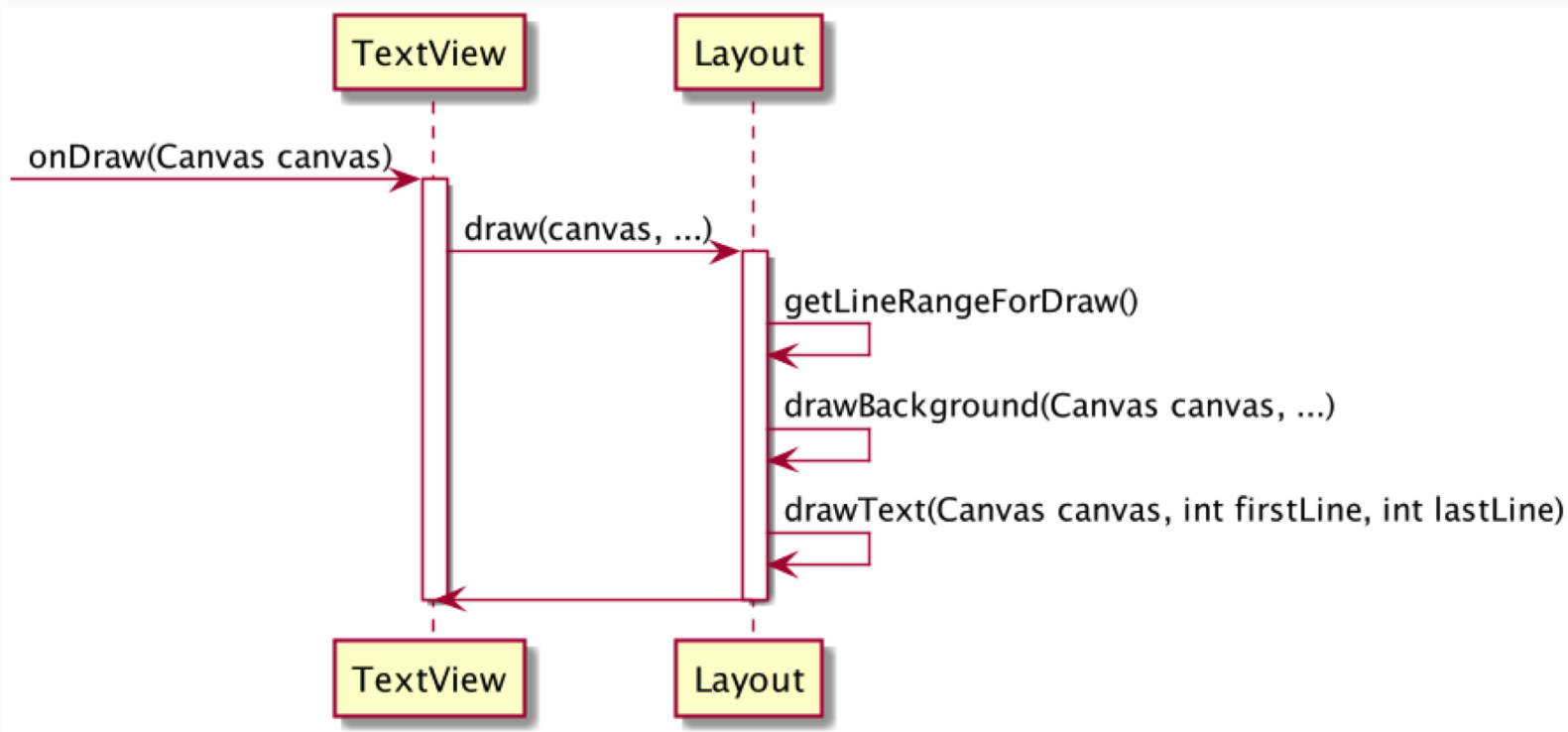
Рисование “простого” текста

Текст без переносов и форматирования



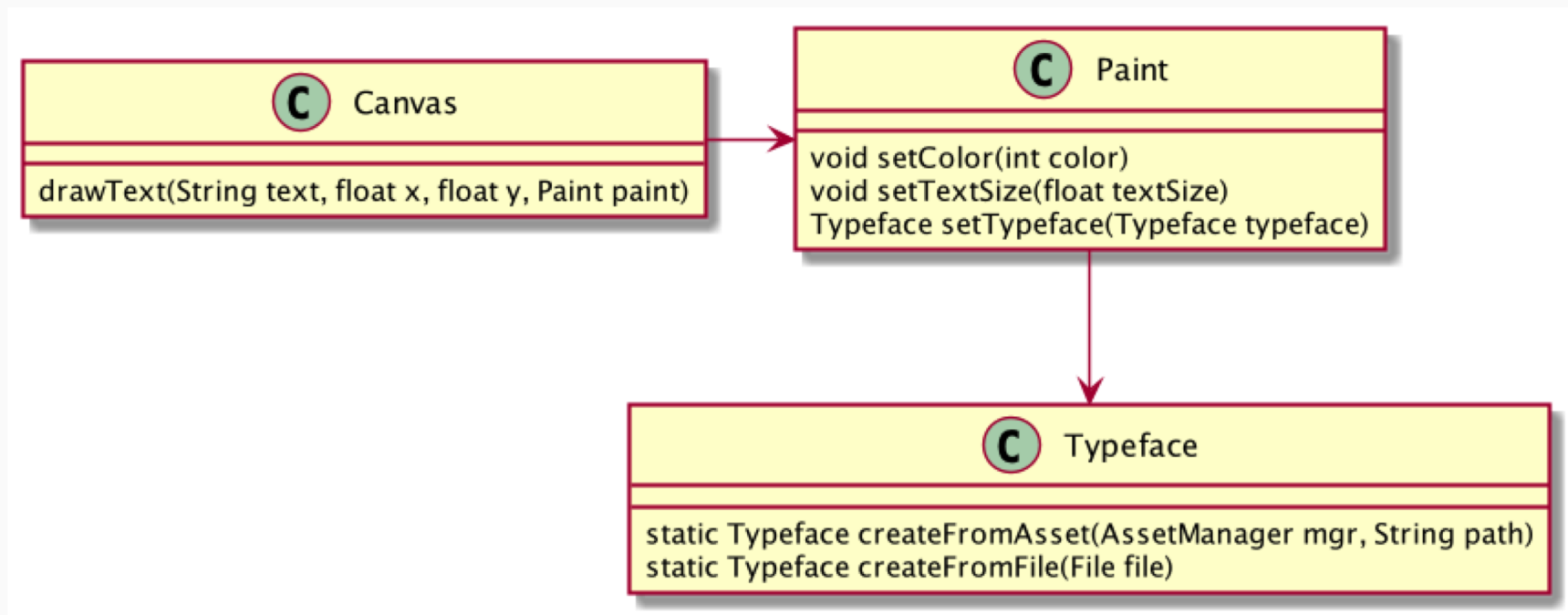
Что делает TextView?

Рисование “обычного” текста



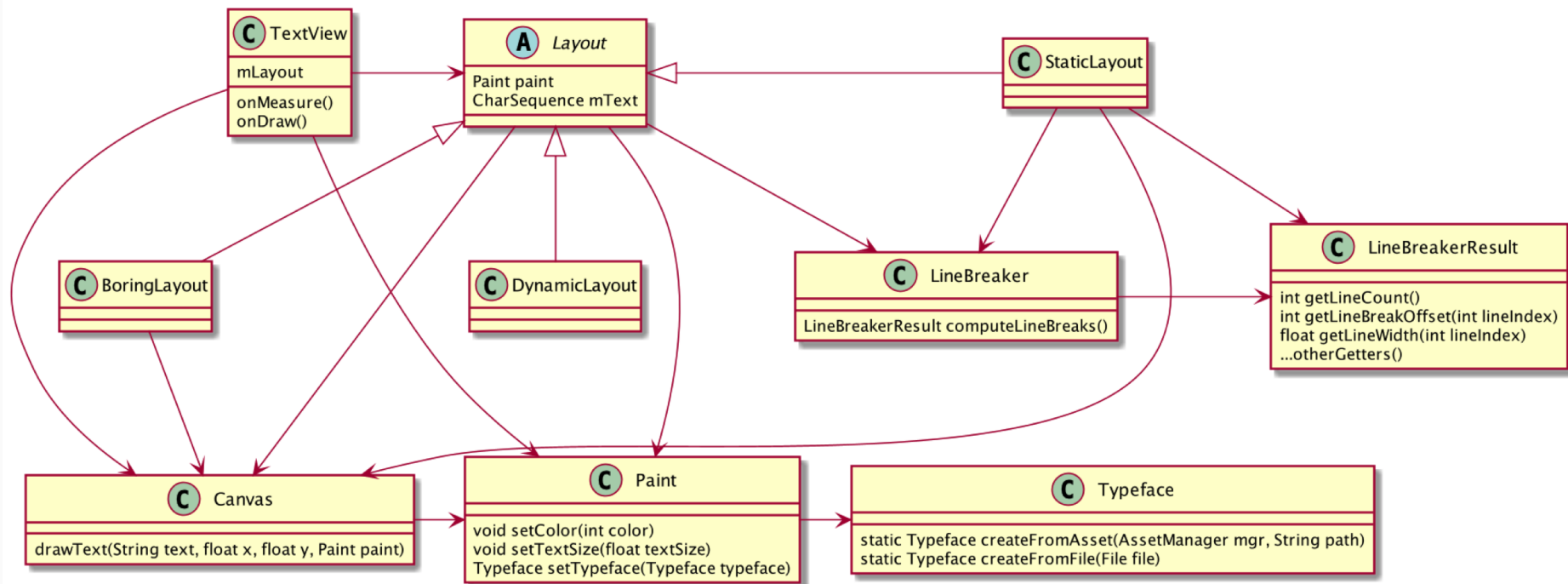
Что делает TextView?

Рисование текста



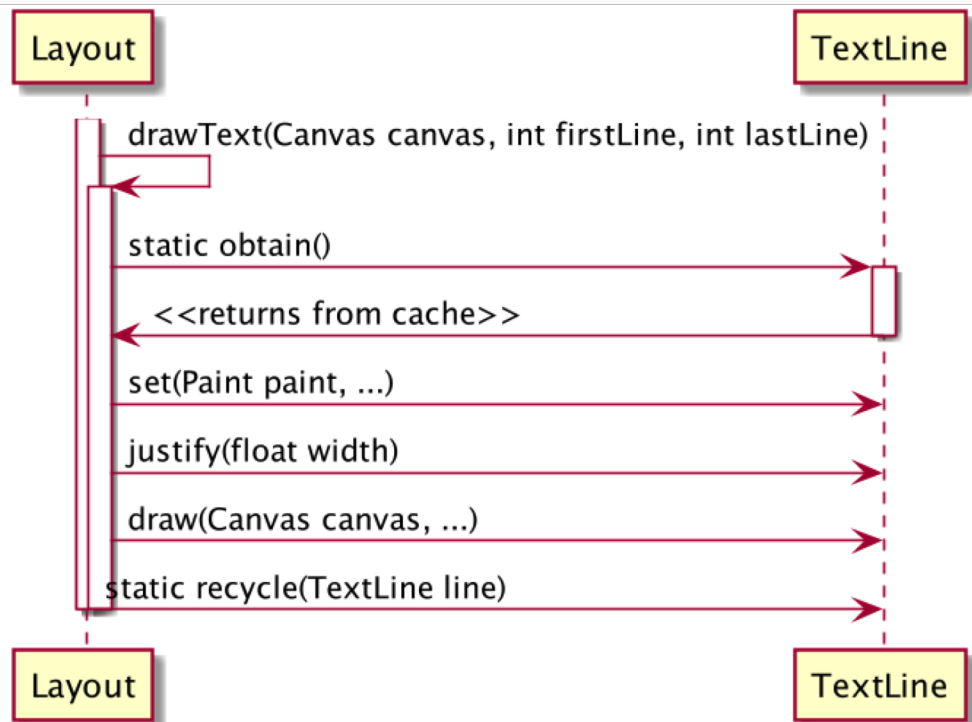
Что делает TextView?

Рисование текста



Что делает TextView?

Рисование текста построчно



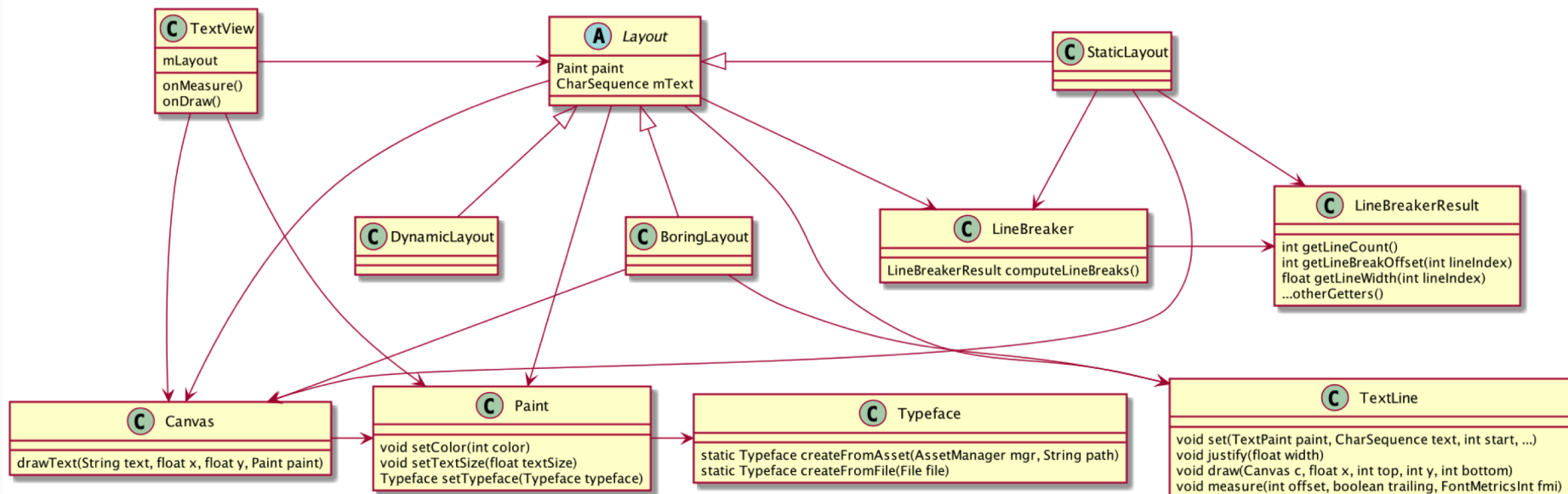
Рисование текста

TextLine

```
void set(TextPaint paint, CharSequence text, int start, ...)  
void justify(float width)  
void draw(Canvas c, float x, int top, int y, int bottom)  
void measure(int offset, boolean trailing, FontMetricsInt fmi)
```

Что делает TextView?

Рисование текста



Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```

Html.fromHtml(string)

C Html

static Spanned fromHtml(String)

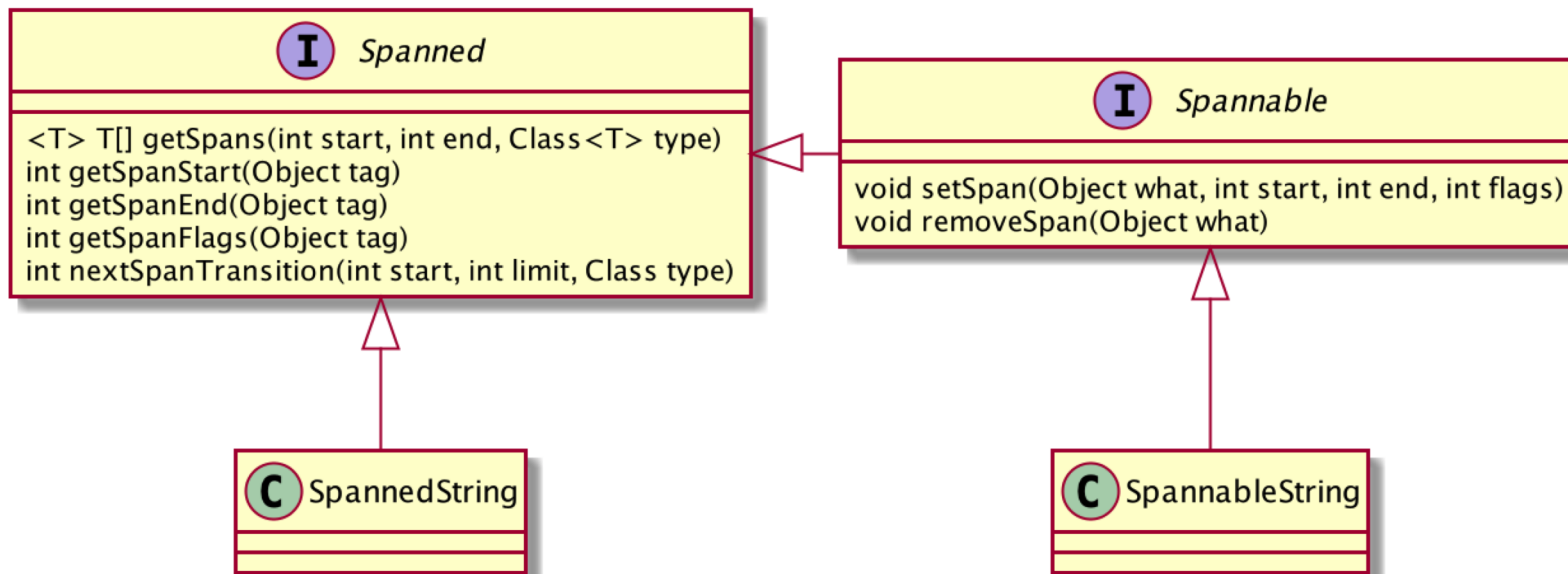
Spans

I *Spanned*

```
<T> T[] getSpans(int start, int end, Class<T> type)
int getSpanStart(Object tag)
int getSpanEnd(Object tag)
int getSpanFlags(Object tag)
int nextSpanTransition(int start, int limit, Class type)
```

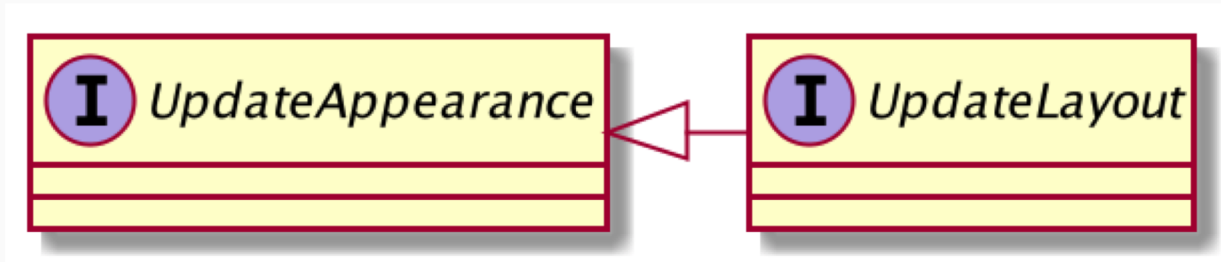
Что делает TextView?

Spans



Что делает TextView?

Spans



Что делает TextView?

Spans

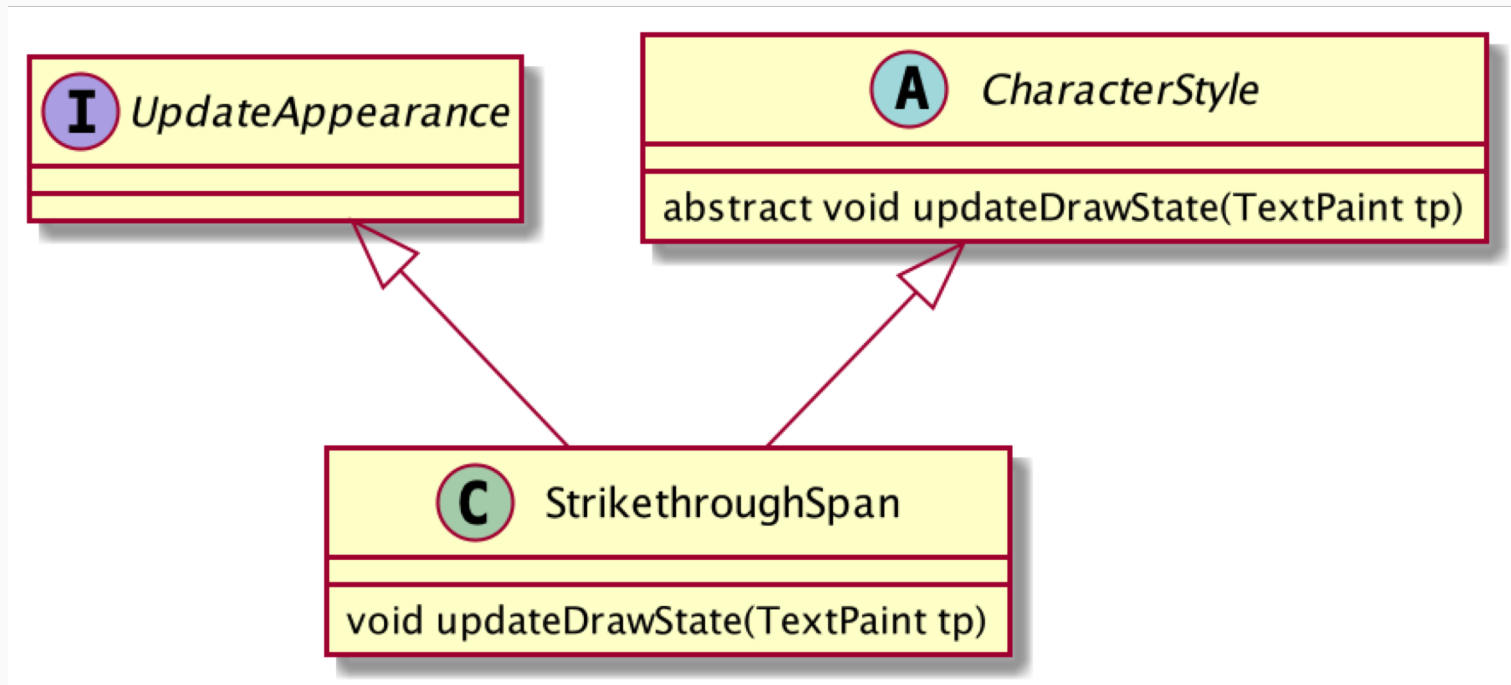


CharacterStyle

```
abstract void updateDrawState(TextPaint tp)
```

Что делает TextView?

Spans

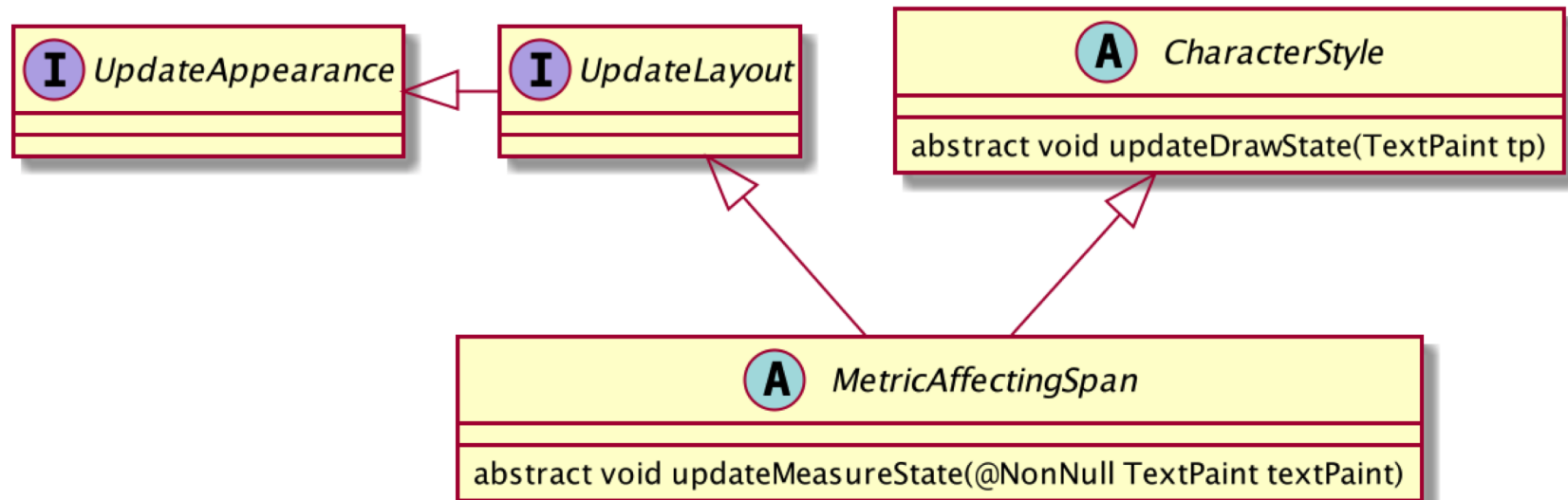


Spans

```
@Override  
public void updateDrawState(@NonNull TextPaint ds) {  
    ds.setStrikeThruText(true);  
}
```

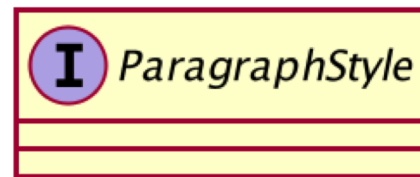
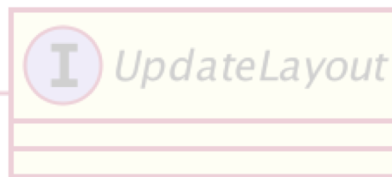
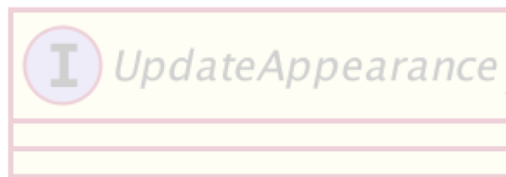
Что делает TextView?

Spans



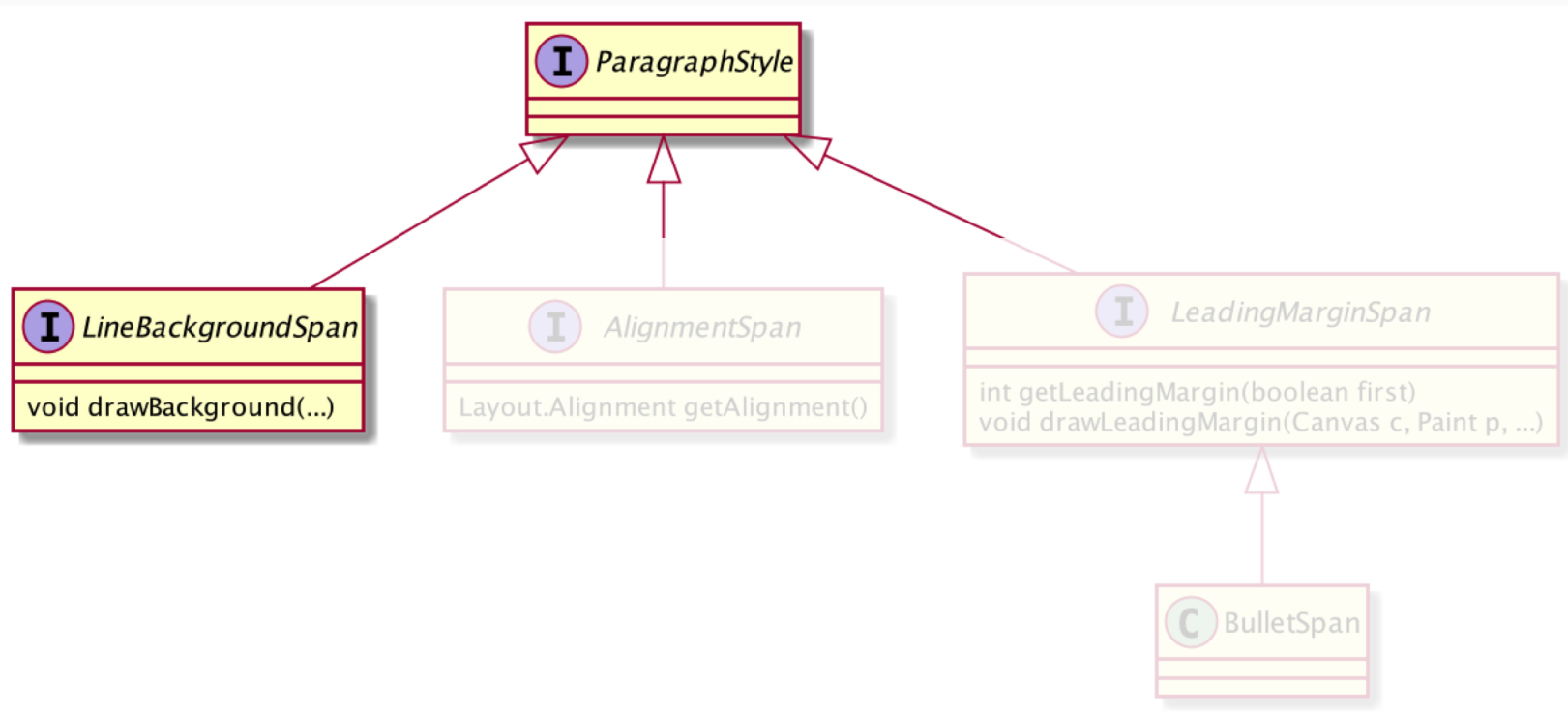
Что делает TextView?

Spans



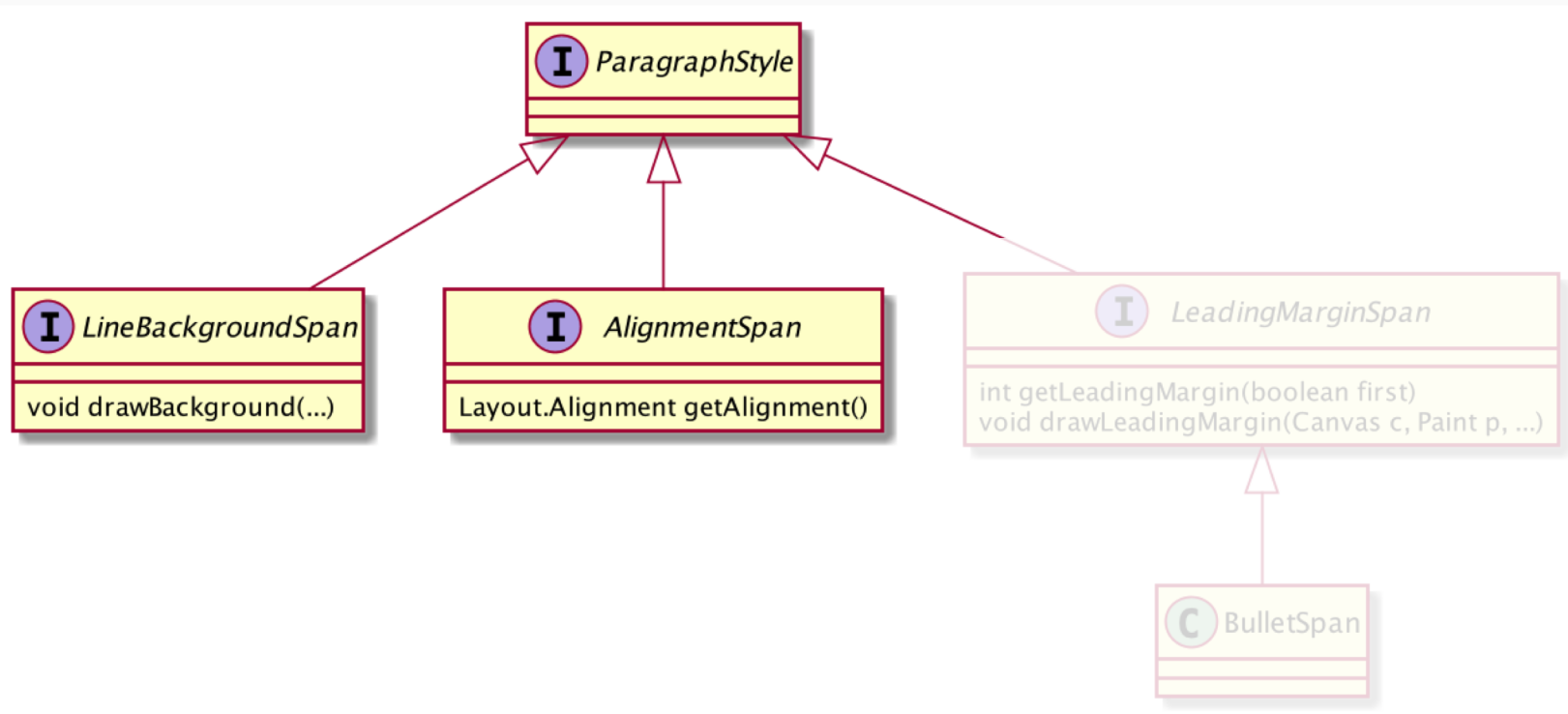
Что делает TextView?

Spans



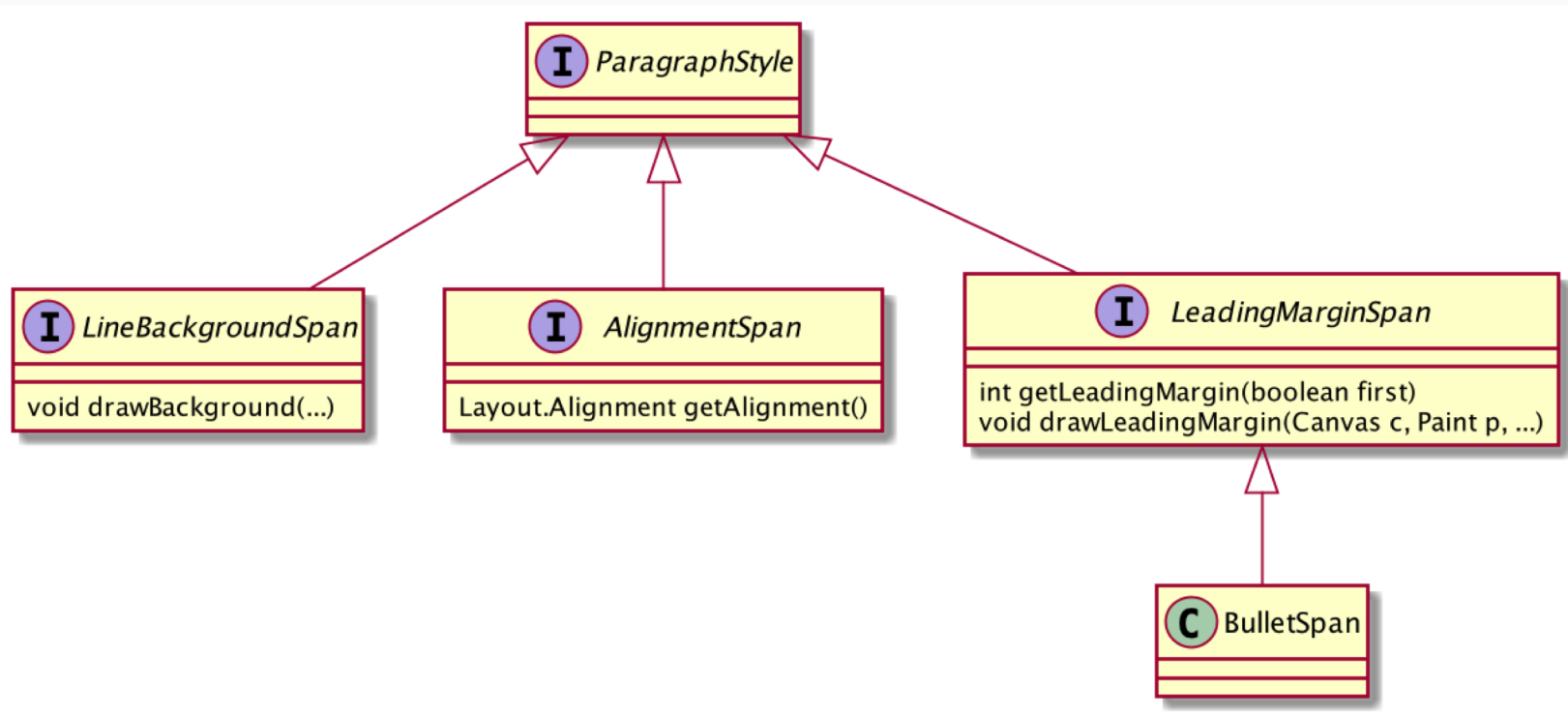
Что делает TextView?

Spans



Что делает TextView?

Spans



Spans

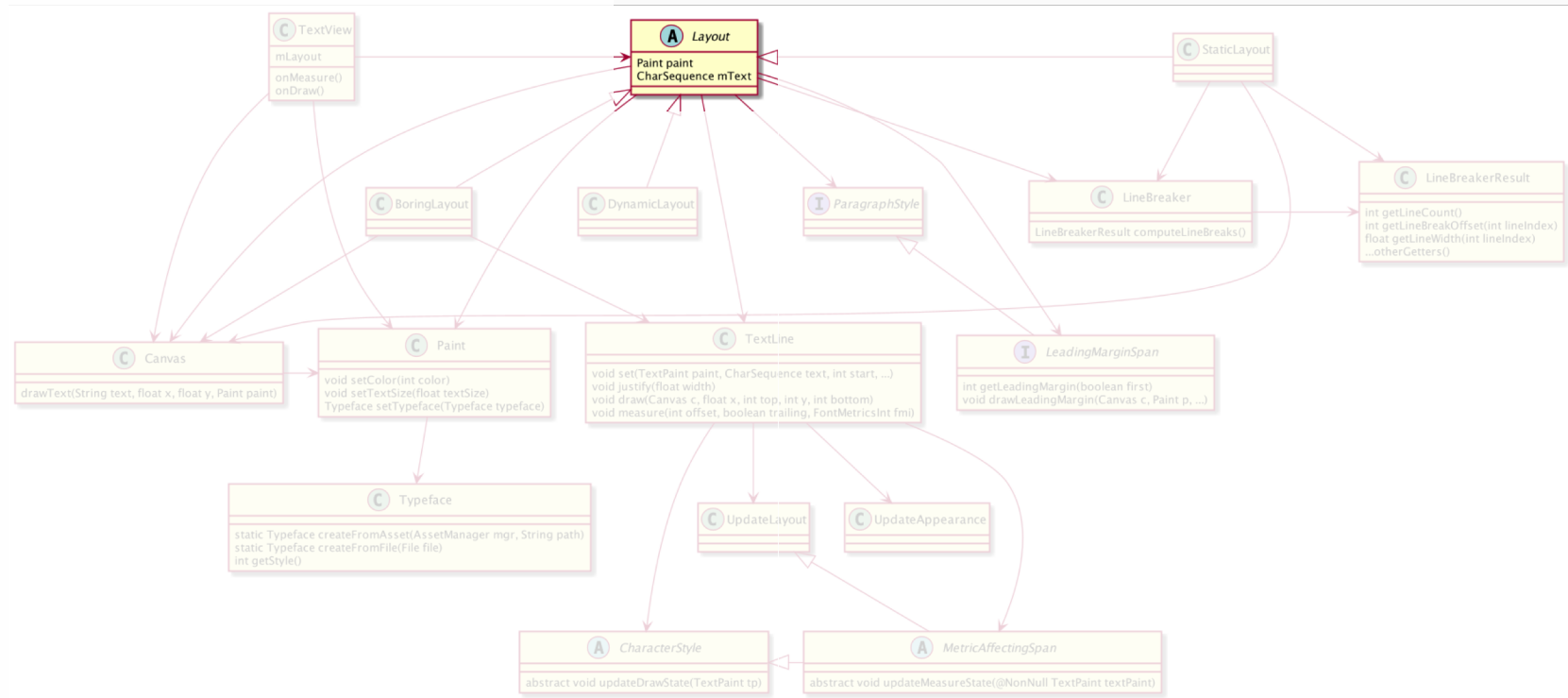
Span - это стратегия обновления TextPaint'а

Spans

Как spans участвуют в отображении текста?

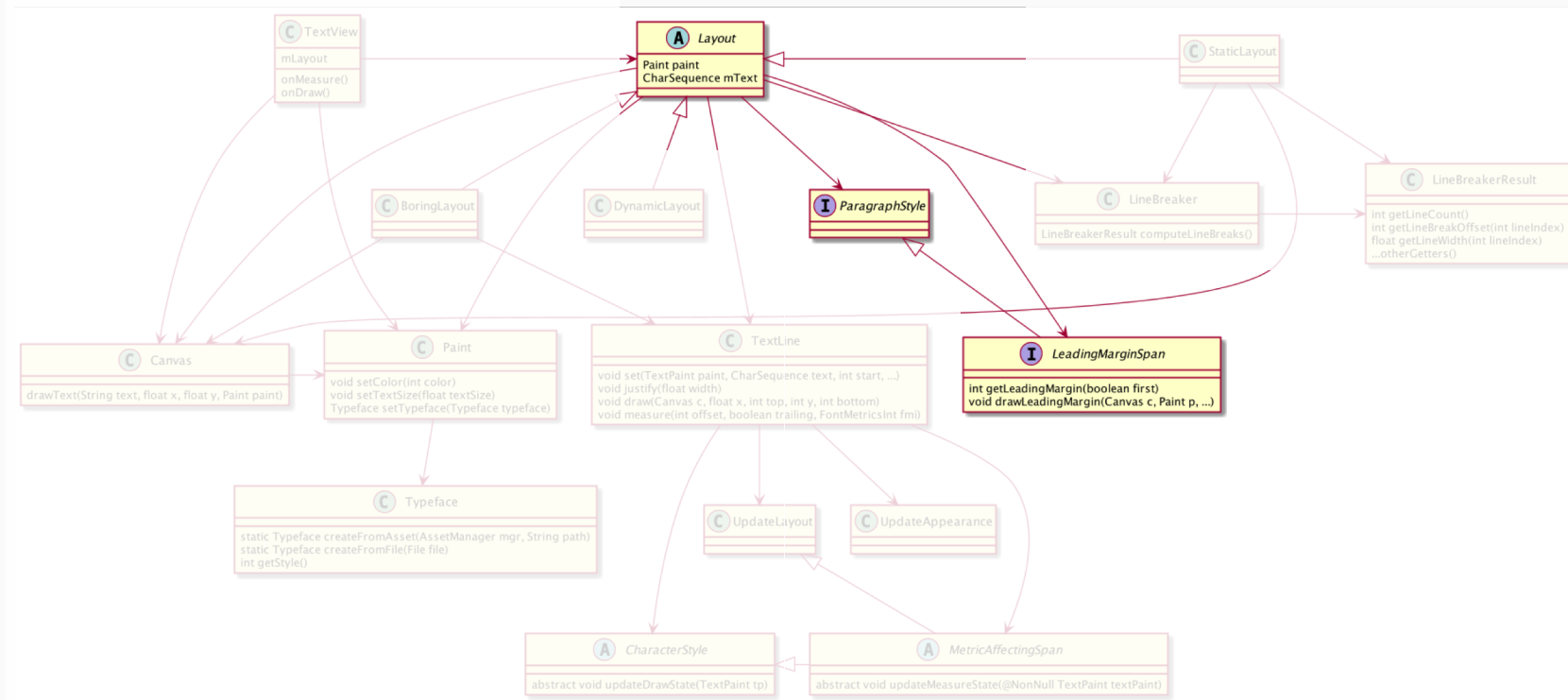
Что делает TextView?

Spans



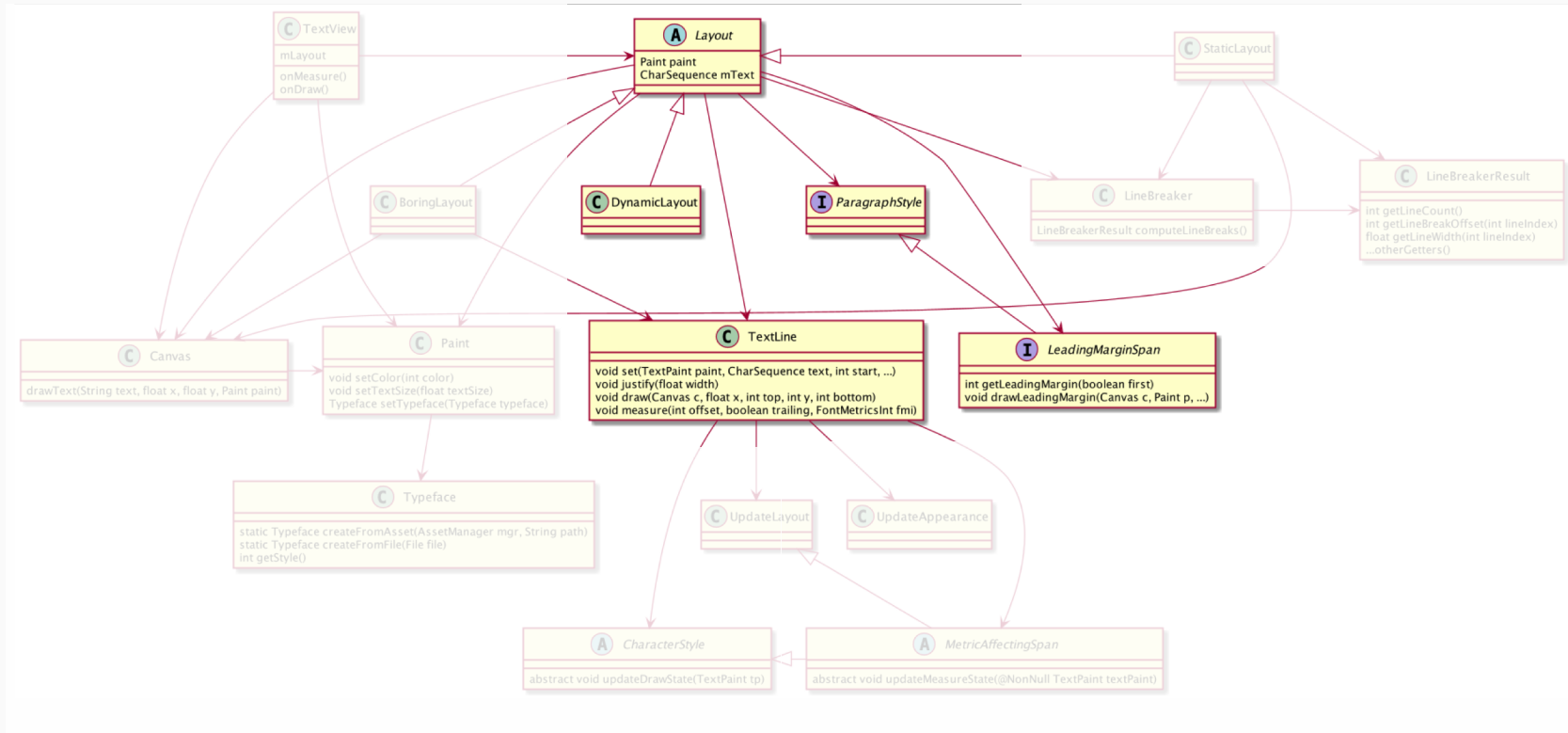
Что делает TextView?

Spans



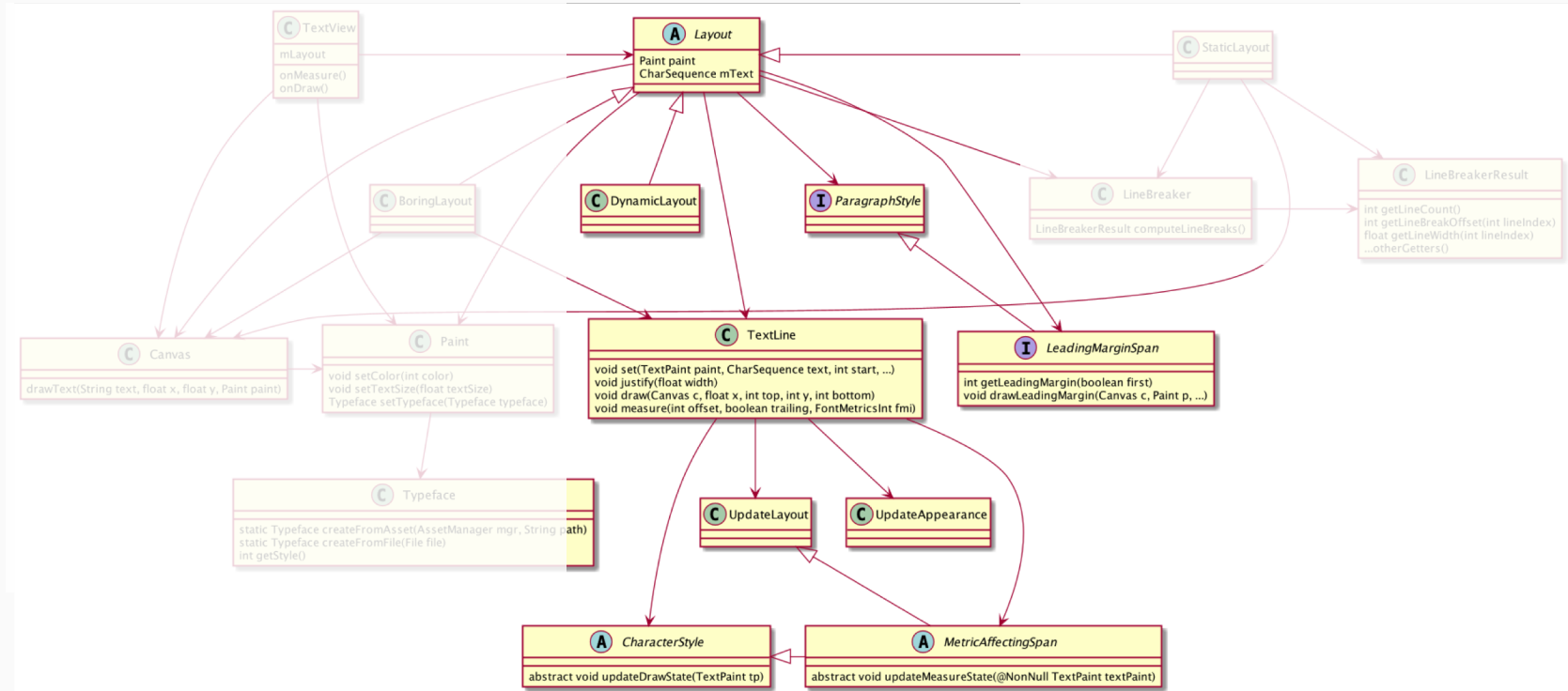
Что делает TextView?

Spans



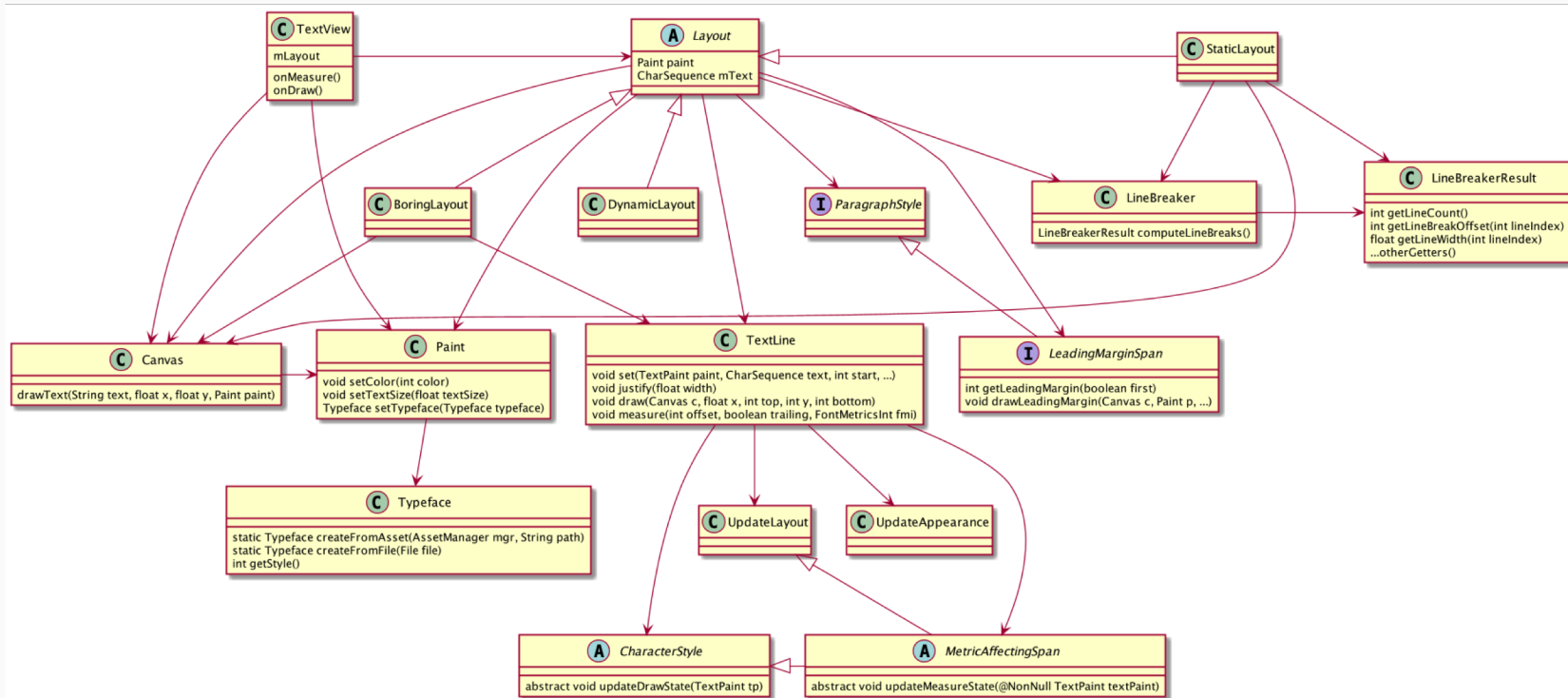
Что делает TextView?

Spans



Что делает TextView?

Spans



Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```

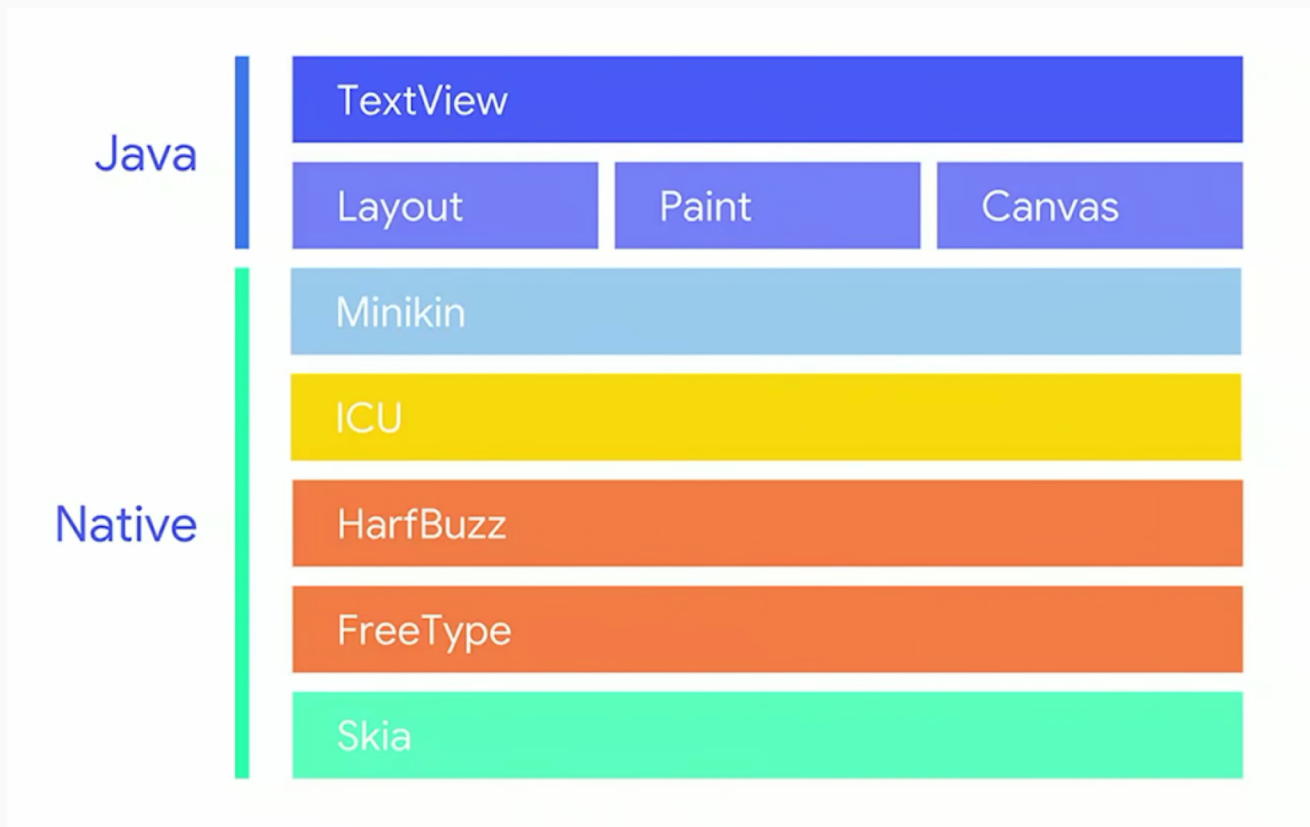
1. String -> Spannable
2. TextView -> setText() -> createLayout()
3. TextView.onMeasure()
 - a. Layout.measure() -> TextLine.measure()
 - b. MetricAffectingSpan.updateMeasureState()**
 - c. Complete measuring based on span info
4. TextView.onDraw()
 - a. Layout.draw() -> TextLine.draw()
 - b. CharacterStyle.updateDrawState()**
 - c. Complete drawing with updated text paint instance

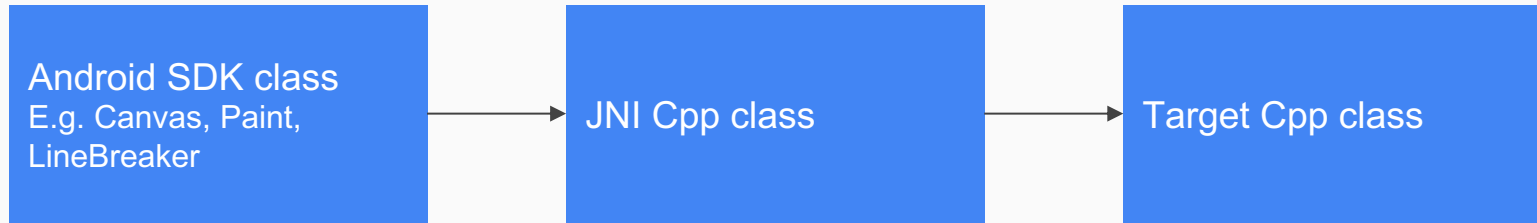
Html.fromHtml(string)

```
<string name="html_text">  
  <![CDATA[This <b>is</b> a <font face="serif">styled</font> <i>text</i>]]>  
</string>
```

This **is** a styled *text*







```
long mNativePointer = nativeInit()    reinterpret_cast<T*>(ptr)
```

Text breaking & measurement

Text breaking & **measurement**

Шрифт / Font

A *font* is a collection of various character images that can be used to display or print text.

Семейство шрифтов/ Гарнитура /
Font Family / Type Face

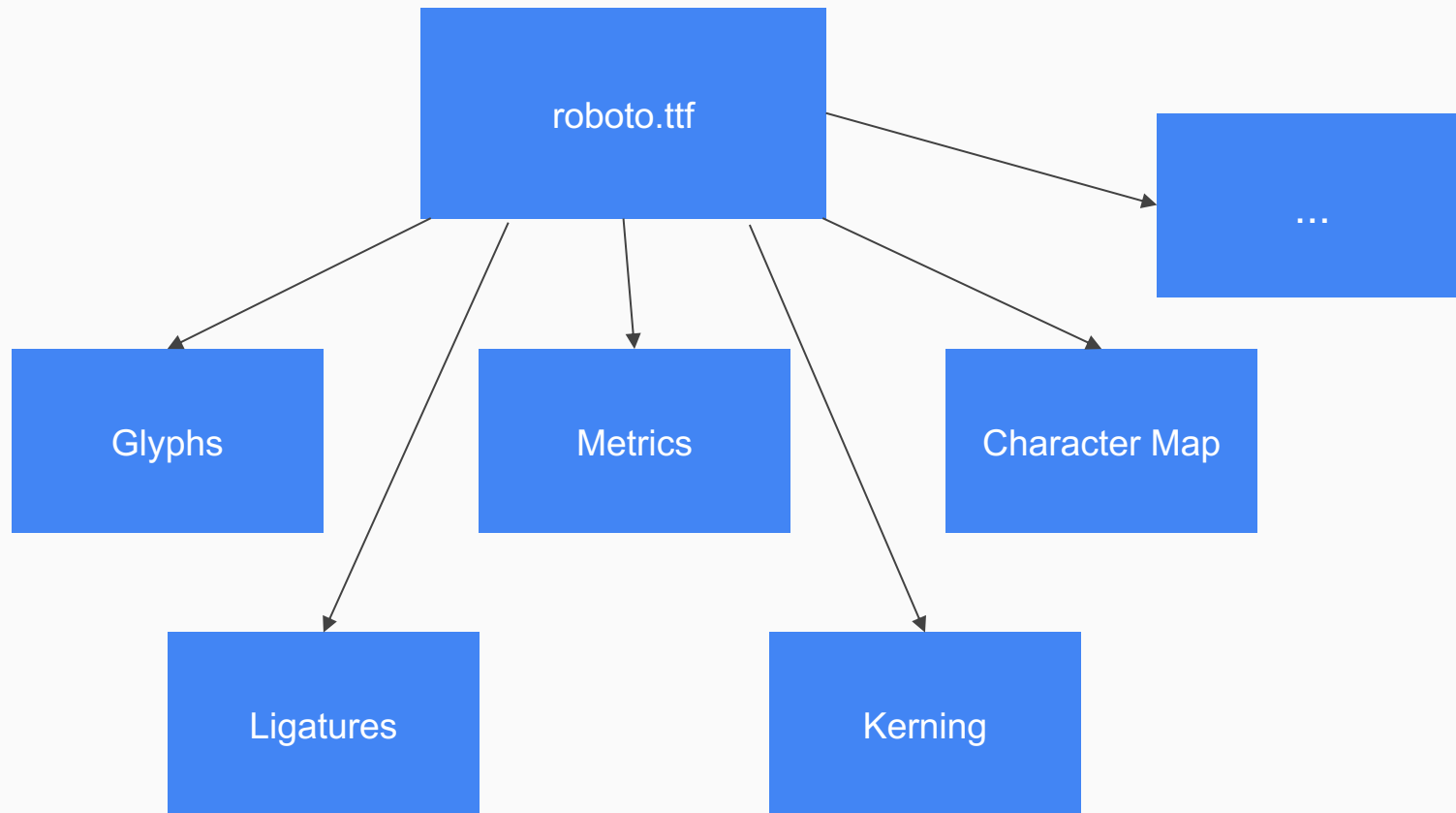
Roboto

Шрифт / Font-face

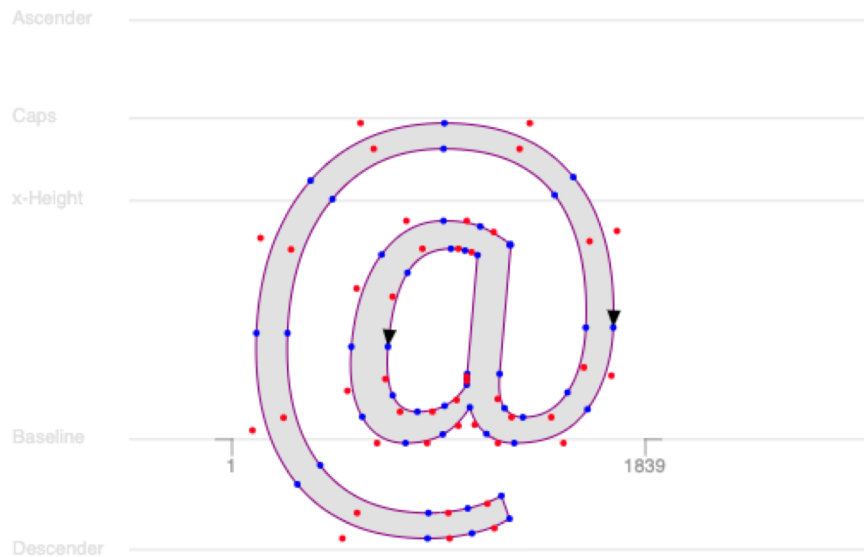
1. Roboto Thin
2. Roboto Light
3. Roboto Regular
4. Roboto Medium
- 5. Roboto Bold**
- 6. Roboto Black**

Файл шрифта / Font file

roboto-regular.ttf



Glyph



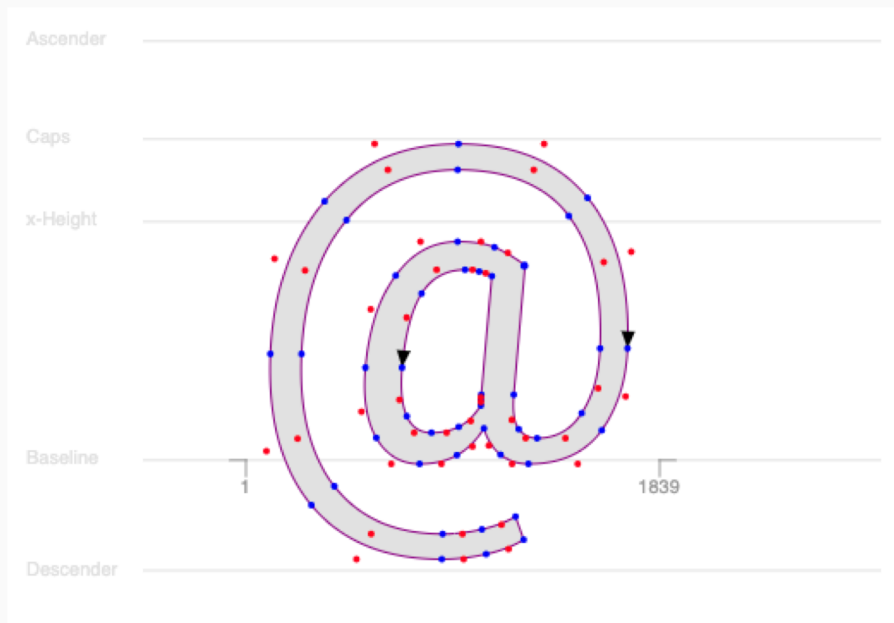
name	at
unicode	0040
index	34
xMin	97
xMax	1752
yMin	-453
yMax	1430
advanceWidth	1839
leftSideBearing	97

Карта символов / Character map

Character code \longrightarrow Glyph index in font

Метрики / Metrics

glyph placement, cursor advances, maximum glyph bounding box



Kerning: off

Traditionally,

Kerning: on

Traditionally,

Ligatures

prose fiction, non-fiction,

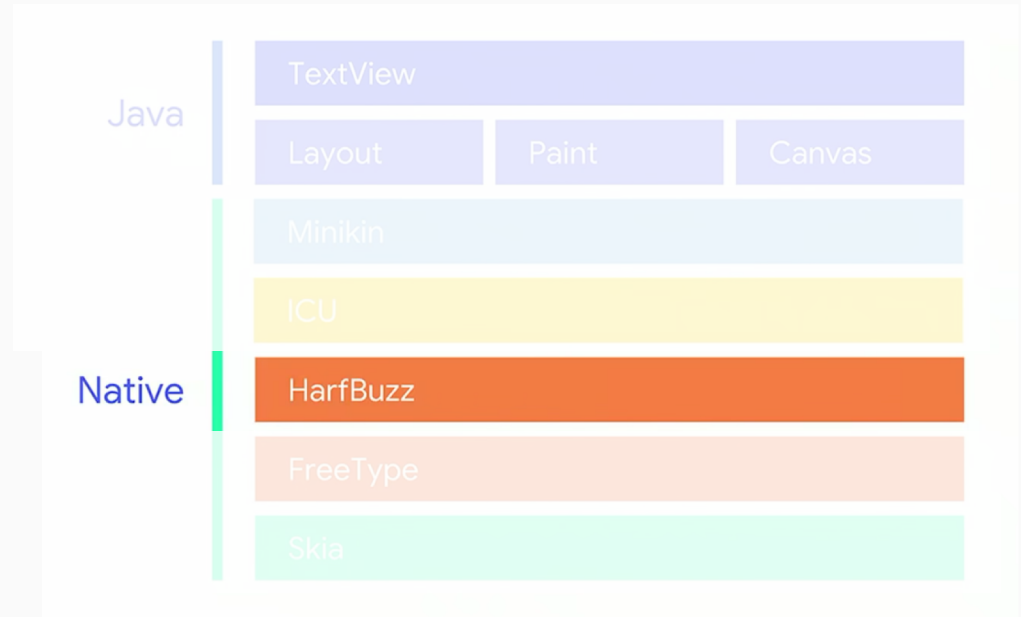
Ligatures

prose fiction, non-fiction,

Текст — это не отдельные символы

Shaping – Conversion of text strings into positioned glyphs

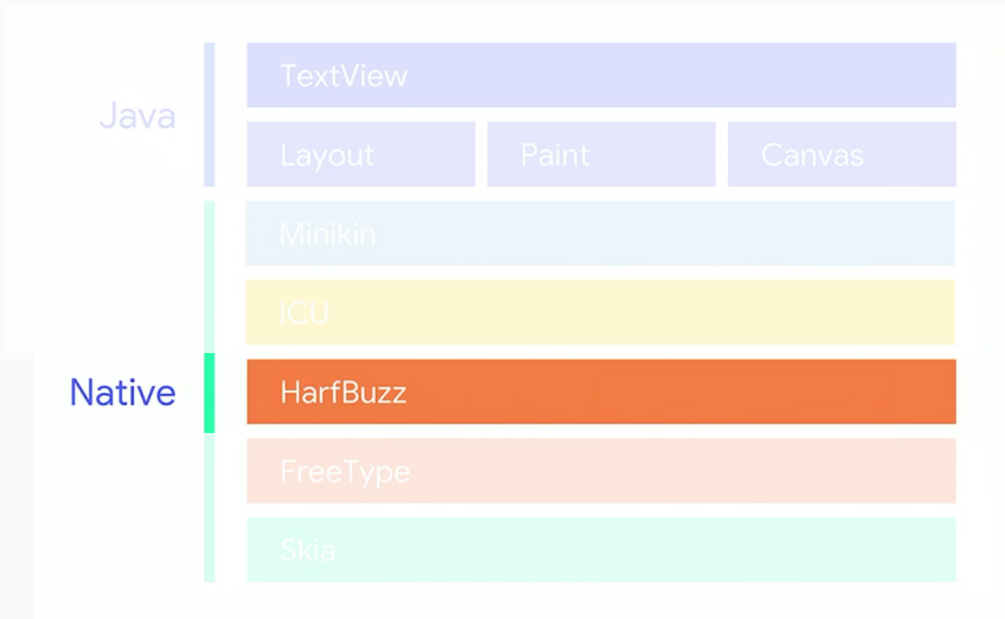
HarfBuzz is used in Android, Chrome, ChromeOS, Firefox, GNOME, GTK+, KDE, LibreOffice, OpenJDK, PlayStation, Qt, XeTeX, and other places



Shaping – Conversion of text strings into positioned glyphs

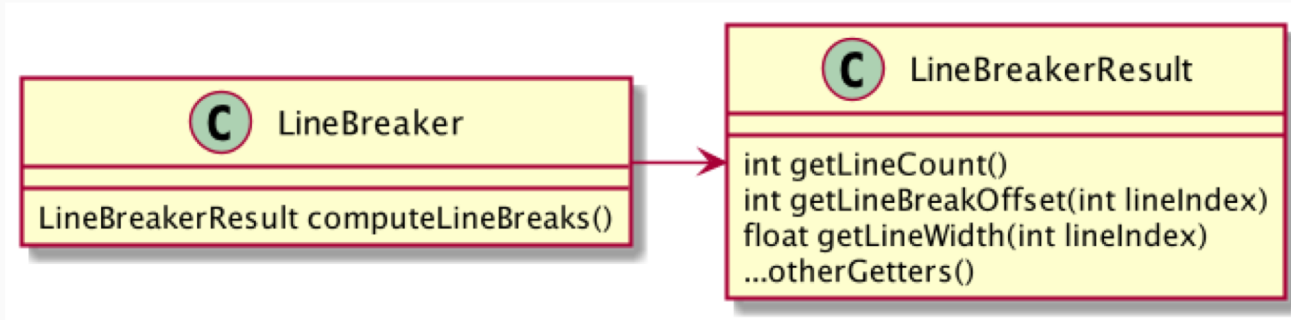
```
#include <hb.h>
```

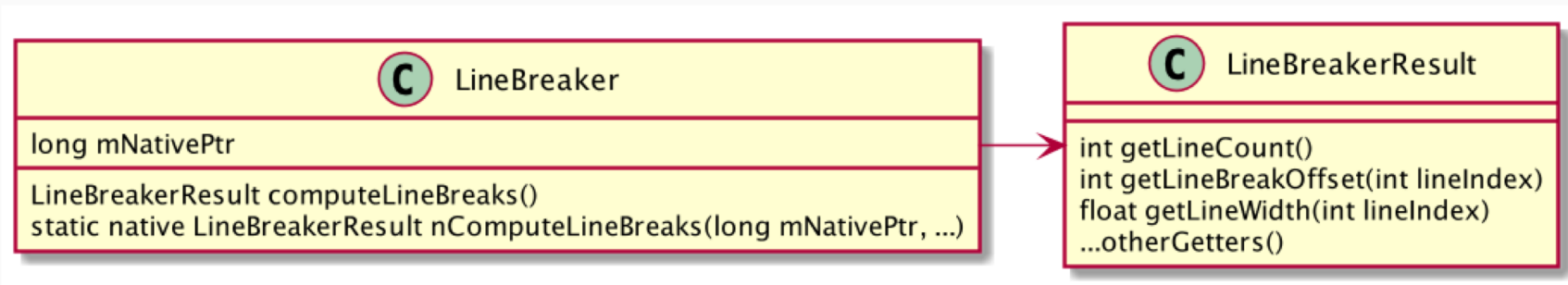
```
void  
hb_shape (hb_font_t *font,  
          hb_buffer_t *buffer,  
          const hb_feature_t *features,  
          unsigned int num_features);
```



Text breaking & **measurement**

Text **breaking** & measurement





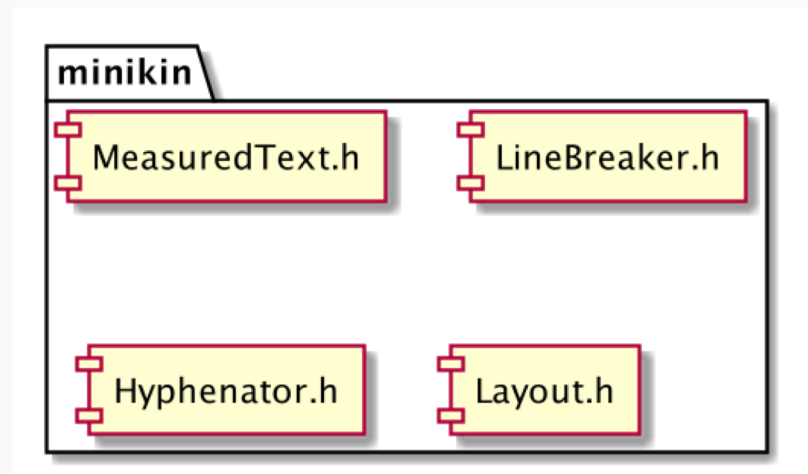
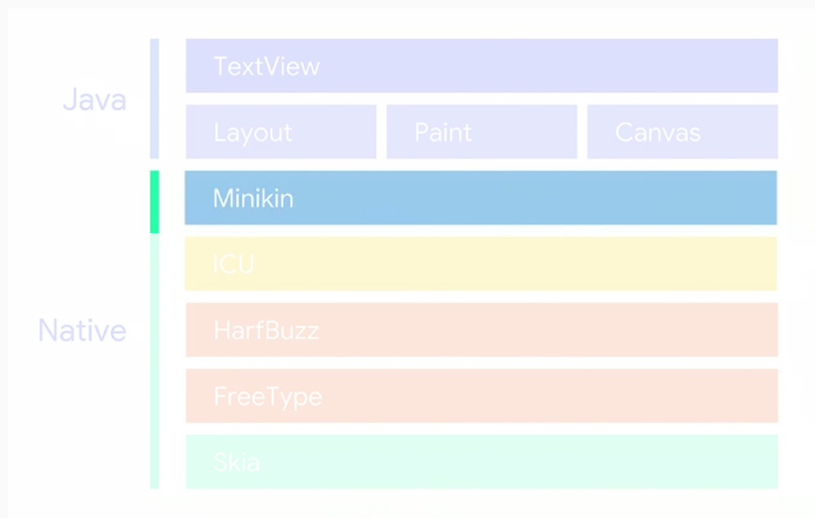
[core](#) / [jni](#) / [android](#) / [graphics](#) / [text](#) / **LineBreaker.cpp**

```
int register_android_graphics_text_LineBreaker(JNIEnv* env) {  
    return RegisterMethodsOrDie(env, "android/graphics/text/LineBreaker", gMethods, NELEM(gMethods));  
}
```

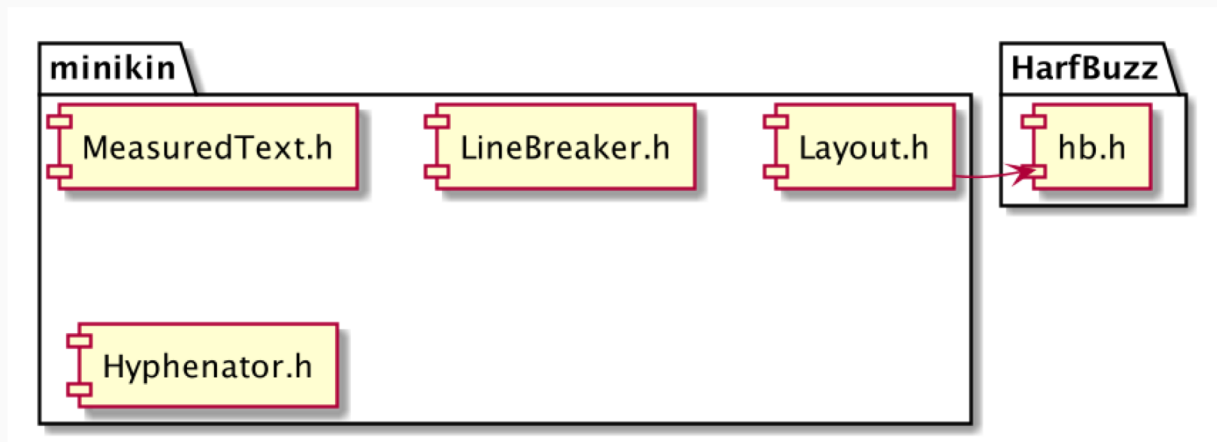
```
{"nComputeLineBreaks", "(...)J", (void*) nComputeLineBreaks}
```

[core](#) / [jni](#) / [android](#) / [graphics](#) / [text](#) / **LineBreaker.cpp**

```
static jlong nComputeLineBreaks(...){  
    minikin::android::StaticLayoutNative* builder = toNative(nativePtr);  
    ...  
    ...  
    builder->computeBreaks(...)  
    ...  
}
```



Text **breaking** & measurement



Text drawing

Text drawing

How to draw a rect



```
Paint paint = new Paint();  
paint.setStyle(Paint.Style.FILL);  
paint.setColor(Color.CYAN);  
Rect rect = new Rect(0, 0, 10, 10);  
canvas.drawRect(rect, paint);
```



Canvas

long nativeCanvas

void drawText(String text, float x, float y, Paint paint)
void drawColor(int color)
void drawLine(float startX, float startY, float stopX, float stopY, Paint paint)
void drawBitmap(Bitmap bitmap, float left, float top, Paint paint)
void drawCircle(float cx, float cy, float radius, Paint paint)
void drawRect(Rect r, Paint paint)

Paint

void setColor(int color)
void setTextSize(float textSize)
Typeface setTypeface(Typeface typeface)
void setAntiAlias(boolean aa)
void setFlags(int flags)

```
public void drawRect(float left, float top, float right, float bottom, @NonNull Paint paint) {  
    ...  
    nDrawRect(mNativeCanvasWrapper, left, top, right, bottom, paint.getNativeInstance());  
}
```

```
private static native void nDrawRect(long nativeCanvas, float left, float top, float right,  
    float bottom, long nativePaint);
```

```
int register_android_graphics_Canvas(JNIEnv* env) {  
    int ret = 0;  
    ret |= RegisterMethodsOrDie(env, "android/graphics/Canvas", gMethods, NELEM(gMethods));  
    ...  
    return ret;  
}
```

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```
static void drawRect(JNIEnv* env, jobject, jlong canvasHandle, jfloat left, jfloat top,  
                    jfloat right, jfloat bottom, jlong paintHandle) {  
    const Paint* paint = reinterpret_cast<Paint*>(paintHandle);  
    get_canvas(canvasHandle)->drawRect(left, top, right, bottom, *paint);  
}
```

```
static Canvas* get_canvas(jlong canvasHandle) {  
    return reinterpret_cast<Canvas*>(canvasHandle);  
}
```

HWUI - внутренний нативный графический
фреймворк Android'a

```
virtual void drawRect(float left, float top, float right, float bottom, const SkPaint& paint) = 0;
```



```
SkCanvas* mCanvas;
```

```
void SkiaCanvas::drawRect(float left, float top, float right, float bottom, const SkPaint& paint) {  
    if (CC_UNLIKELY(paint.nothingToDraw())) return;  
    mCanvas->drawRect({left, top, right, bottom}, *filterPaint(paint));  
}
```





OSS, maintained by Google, BSD

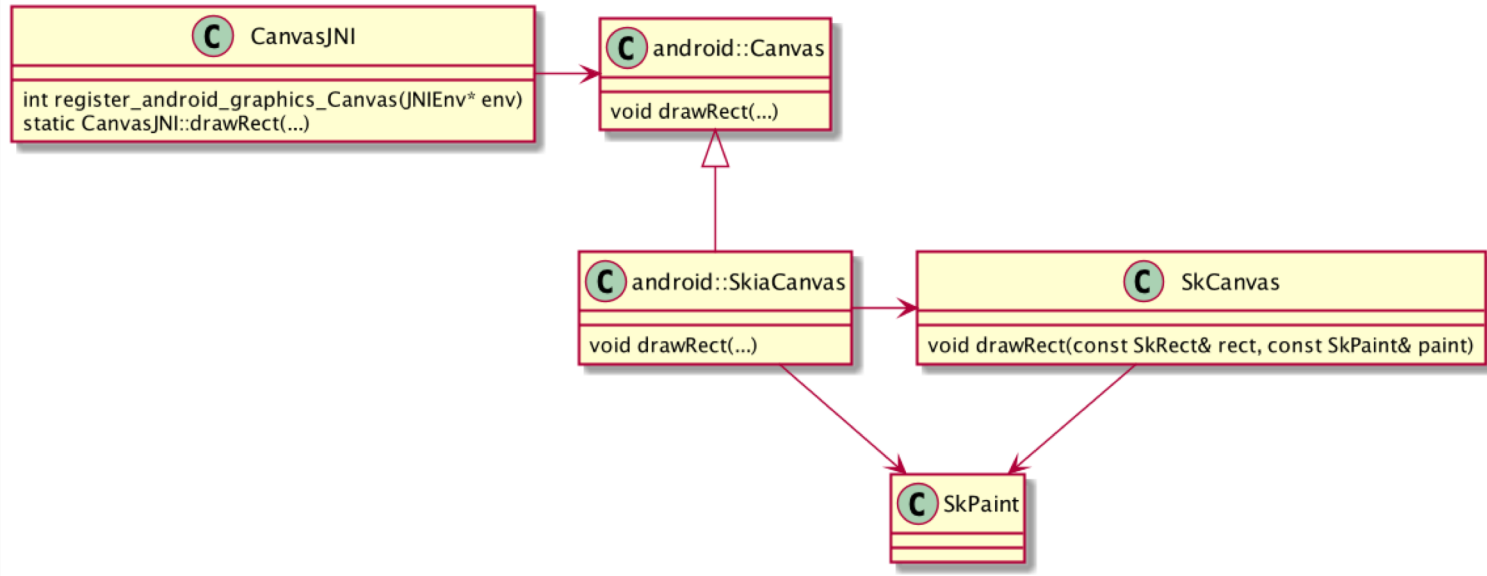
SKIA

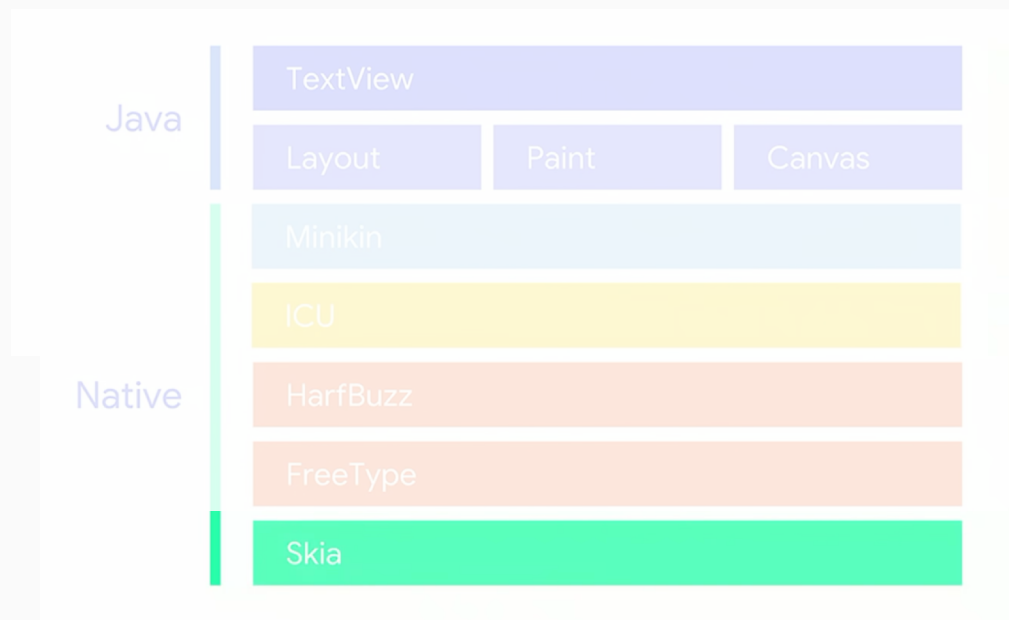


- [SkAutoCanvasRestore](#) - Canvas save stack manager
- [SkBitmap](#) - two-dimensional raster pixel array
- [SkBlendMode](#) - pixel color arithmetic
- [SkCanvas](#) - drawing context
- [SkColor](#) - color encoding using integer numbers
- [SkColor4f](#) - color encoding using floating point numbers
- [SkFont](#) - text style and typeface
- [SkImage](#) - two dimensional array of pixels to draw
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- [SkIPoint](#) - two integer coordinates
- [SkIRect](#) - integer rectangle
- [SkMatrix](#) - 3x3 transformation matrix
- [SkPaint](#) - color, stroke, font, effects
- [SkPath](#) - sequence of connected lines and curves
- [SkPicture](#) - sequence of drawing commands
- [SkPixmap](#) - pixel map: image info and pixel address
- [SkPoint](#) - two floating point coordinates
- [SkRRect](#) - floating point rounded rectangle
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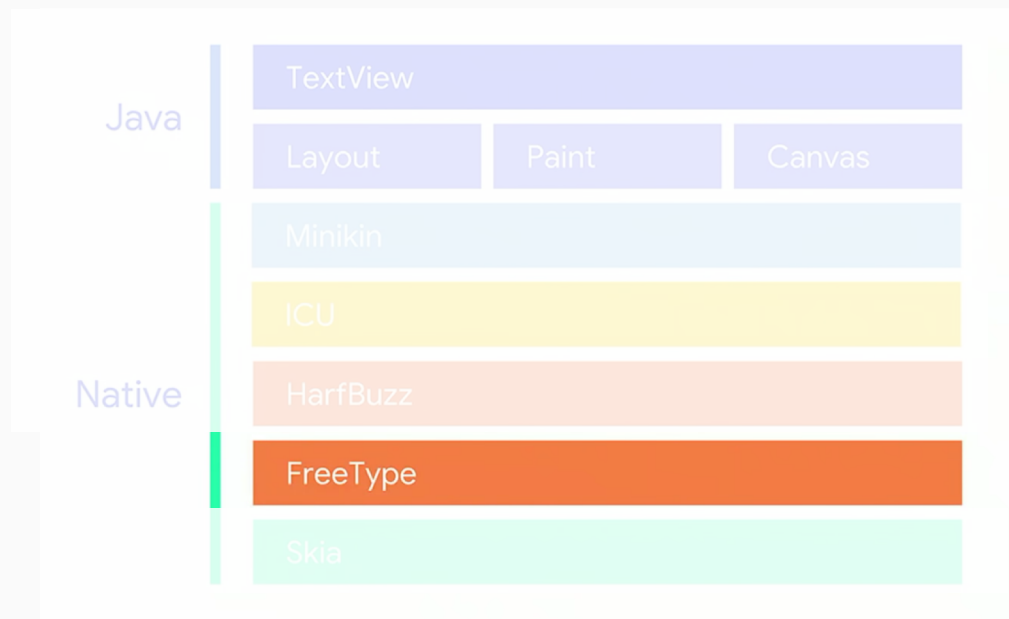


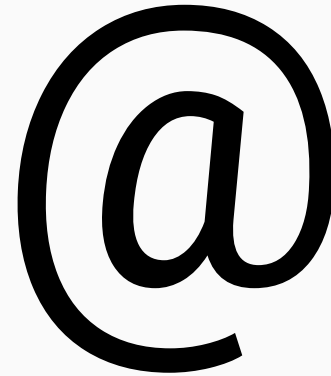
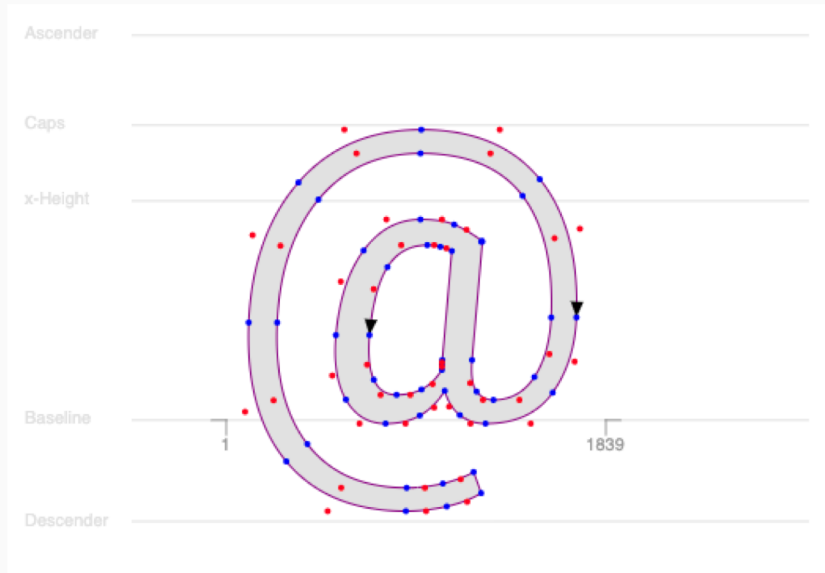


Text drawing

Text drawing

FreeType is a freely available software library to render fonts





```
#include <ft2build.h>
#include FT_FREETYPE_H

FT_Error error;

error = FT_Load_Glyph( face, glyph_index, FT_LOAD_DEFAULT );
if ( error )
    return;

error = FT_Render_Glyph( face->glyph, FT_RENDER_MODE_NORMAL );
if ( error )
    return;

my_draw_bitmap( &slot->bitmap, slot->bitmap_left, slot->bitmap_top );
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This **is** a styled *text*



Все немного сложнее...



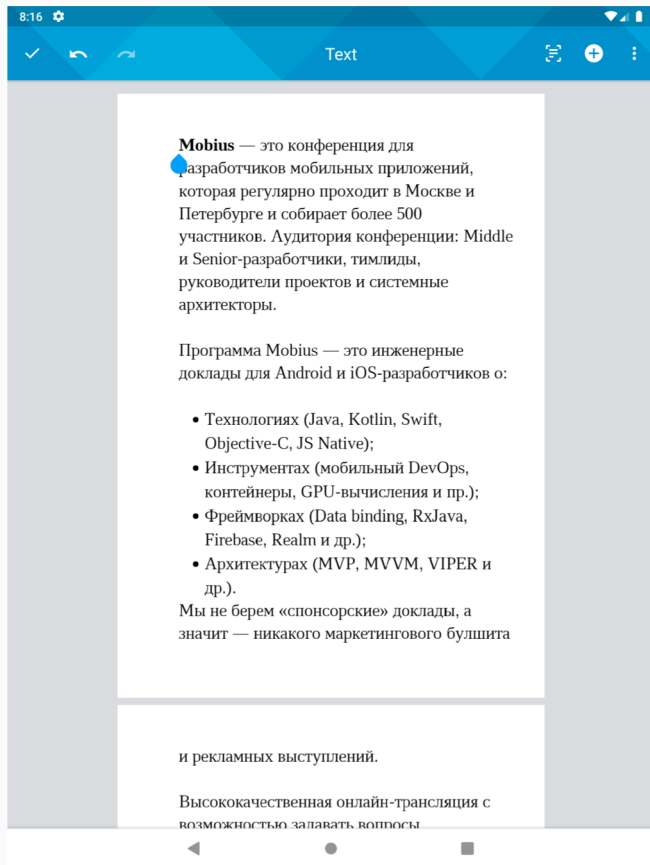
- Аппаратное ускорение
- Растеризация глифов на GPU
- Кэширование глифов
- Кэширование измерений текста,
- ...

Все немного сложнее...

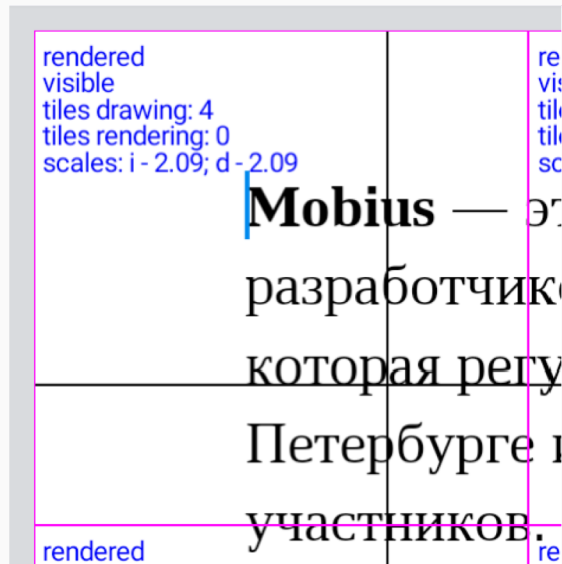
Как это может пригодиться?

Кроме того, что это просто интересно

Рендеринг текста в приложении МойОфис



- Кросс-платформенное ядро на C++
- “Родной” UI на каждой платформе
- Бизнес-логика рендеринга документа расположена на стороне JVM
- Ресурсоемкая логика расположена на стороне C++



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- SKIA + NDK + JVM

Спасибо

twitter.com/E13Mort

