ДИЗАЙН И ЭВОЛЮЦИЯ OPEN SOURCE СИСТЕМ БЕСПРОВОДНОЙ ПЕРЕДАЧИ ВИДЕО

Ильин Дмитрий

By standing upon the shoulders of giants*

*Isaac Newton



Снова в школу

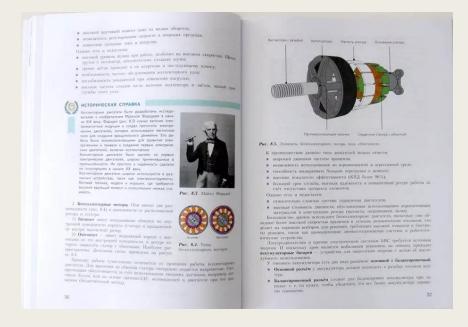




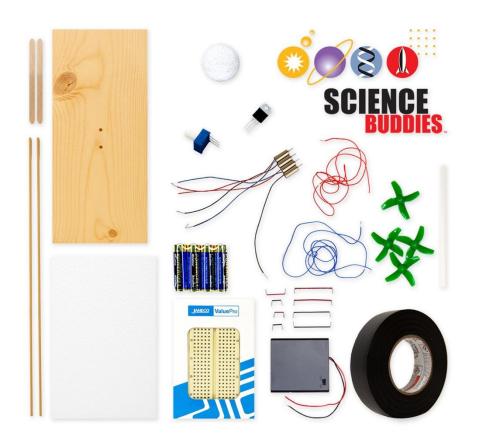
Наши дни







DIY





Попробуем передать видео по Wi-Fi



Что внутри Wi-Fi адаптера

3.1. 11ac Dual-Band 2x2 RF Application

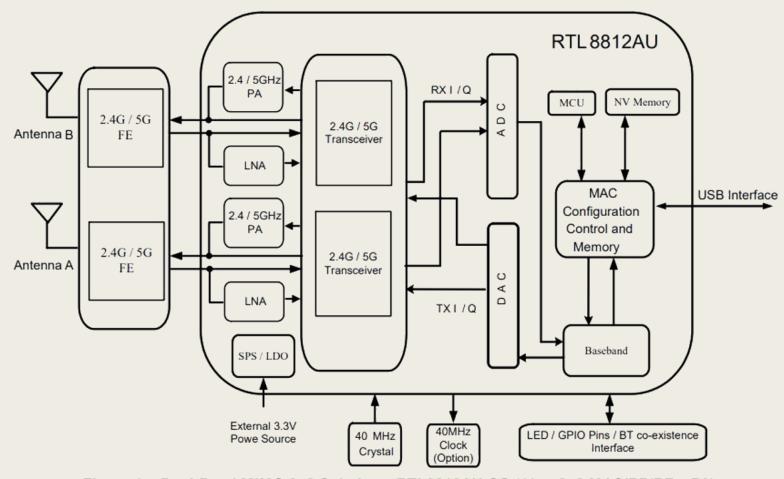
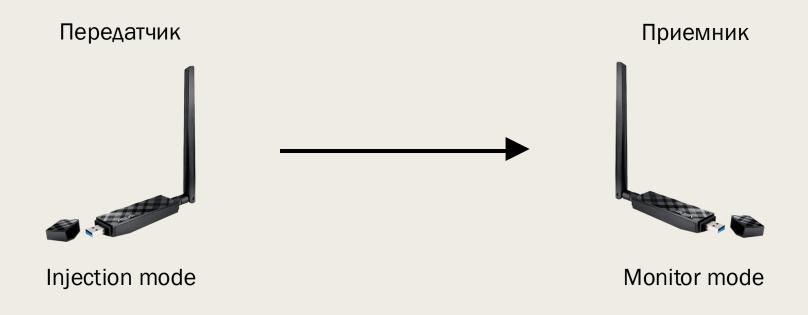
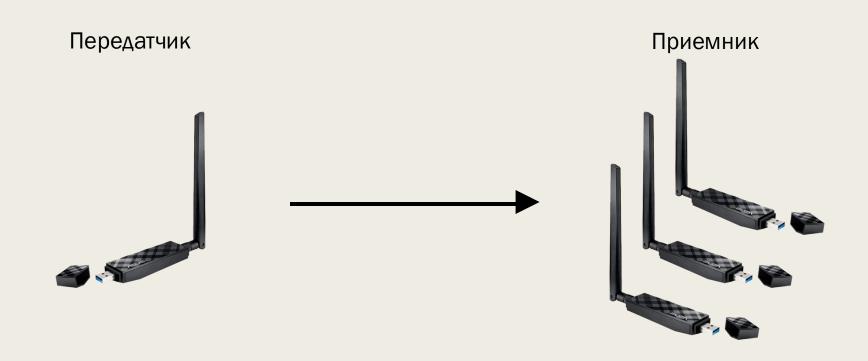


Figure 1. Dual-Band MIMO 2x2 Solution - RTL 8812AU-CG (11ac 2x2 MAC/BB/RF + PA)

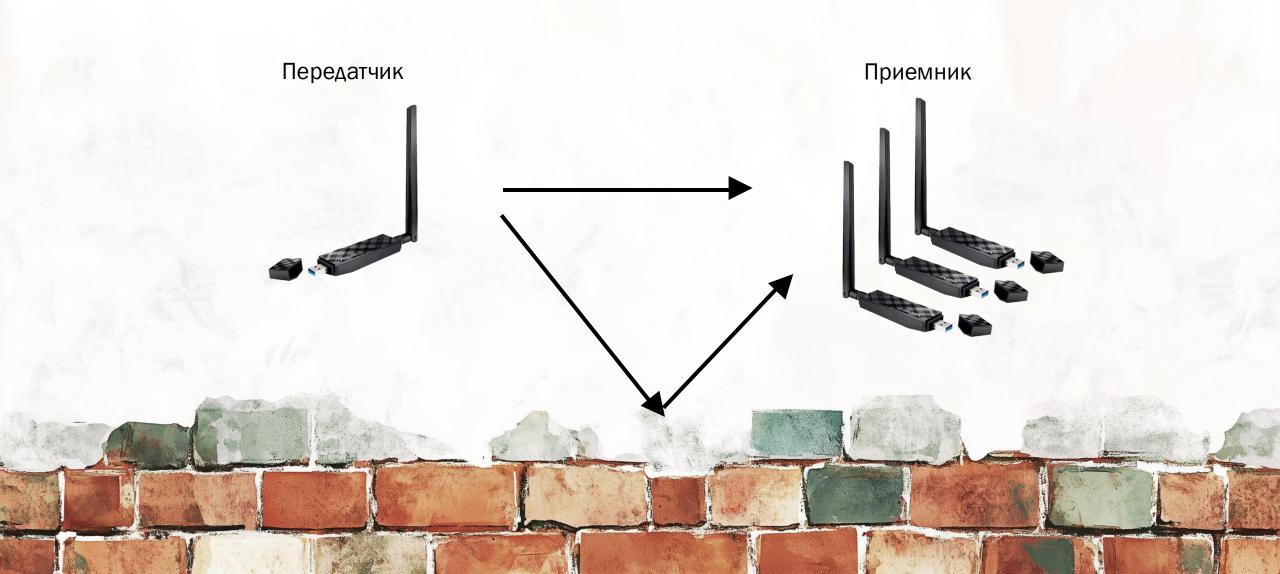
Простейший беспроводной линк



Множественный прием

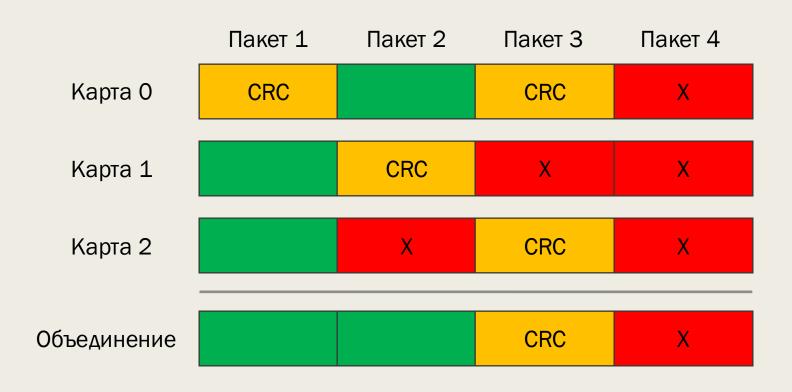


Интерференция

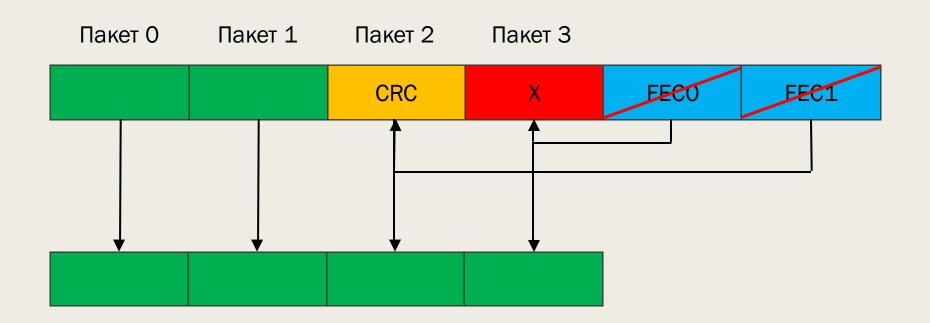




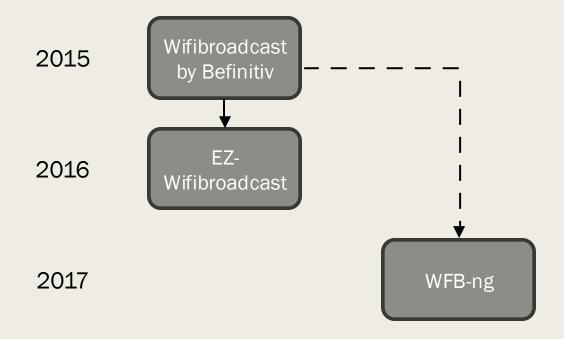
Множественный прием



Предварительная работа над ошибками (FEC)



Эволюция идеи





























```
–[TX: drone video]
     pkt/s pkt
                   Flow: 953 kbit/s -> 1.7 mbit/s
      193 90525
sent
                    [ANT] pkt/s
udp
       128 60061
                                   Injection [us]
                                   4 < 20 < 89
        O
fec t
                    00XX
                           193
        0 0
drop
        0 0
trunc
```

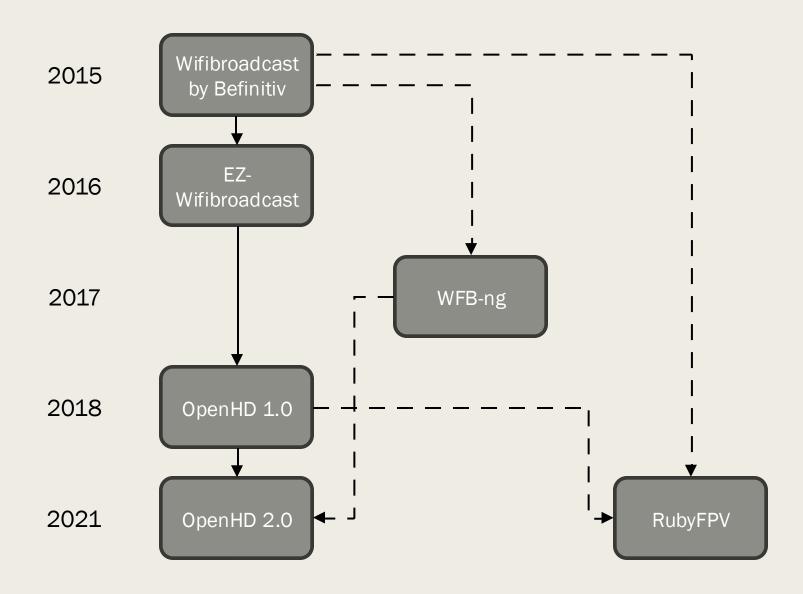
```
-[RX: drone mavlink]
    pkt/s pkt
                   Flow: 1.5 kbit/s -> 0.2 kbit/s FEC: 1/4
        4 173
recv
        1 35
                   Freq MCS BW [ANT] pkt/s
                                               RSSI [dBm]
                                                                SNR [dB]
udp
        0 3
                         1 20
                                         4 -22 < -21 < -18
                                                             22 < 23 < 25
                   5805
fec_r
                               0000
                          1 20
lost
        0 3
                   5805
                               0001
                                         4 -30 < -29 < -28
                                                             22 < 23 < 25
d err
        0 26
bad
        0 0
```

```
-[TX: drone mavlink]
                    Flow: 144 kbit/s -> 295 kbit/s
     pkt/s pkt
       27 11519
sent
       13 5546
                    [ANT] pkt/s
                                    Injection [us]
udp
fec t
                    00XX
                             27
                                    7 < 37 < 119
        0 0
drop
        0 0
        0 0
trunc
```

```
-[RX: drone tunnel]-
    pkt/s pkt
                   Flow: 1.1 kbit/s -> 0.0 kbit/s FEC: 1/2
        3 861
recv
                                                                SNR [dB]
        1 357
                   Freq MCS BW [ANT] pkt/s
                                              RSSI [dBm]
fec_r
        0 12
                   5805
                         1 20
                                0000
                                        3 -22 < -19 < -18
                                                             19 < 20 < 22
                         1 20
                               0001
lost
        0 31
                   5805
                                         3 -30 < -29 < -28
                                                             19 < 20 < 22
d err
        0 0
bad
        O
```

```
-[TX: drone tunnel]-
                    Flow: 0.0 kbit/s -> 0.4 kbit/s
     pkt/s pkt
         2 1300
sent
        1 523
                    [ANT] pkt/s
                                   Injection [us]
fec_t
         O
                    00XX
                             2
                                  16 < 60 < 105
         0 0
drop
trunc
         0 0
```

Эволюция идеи





Radio Links and Video Links management in Ruby

Best Radio Link Conditions

Ruby continuously tracks the radio link quality by measuring dbm signal, radio ping quality, retransmissions, lost packets, interferences in order to compute a global more accurate Radio Link Quality indicator

Worst Radio Link Conditions

Radio Link Quality

Based on radio link conditions, the following parameters are continually adjusted with the single purpose to maintain a consistent video link (albeit with a lower quality or increased latency) even in the worst radio conditions:

Highest Radio Modulation Scheme

Radio Modulation Scheme

QAM-16

QAM-4

QPSK

BPSK

802.11ac - VHT MCS, SNR and RSSI

VHT MCS	Modulation	Coding	20MHz				40MHz				80MHz				160MHz			
			Data	Rate	Min.	RSSI	Data Rate		Min.	RSSI	Data Rate		Min.	RSSI	Data Rate		Min.	RSSI
			800ns	400ns	SNR		800ns	400ns	SNR	Kooi	800ns	400ns	SNR	16331	800ns	400ns	SNR	NOOI
1 Spatial Stream																		
0	BPSK	1/2	6.5	7.2	2	-82	13.5	15	5	-79	29.3	32.5	8	-76	58.5	65	11	-73
1	QPSK	1/2	13	14.4	5	-79	27	30	8	-76	58.5	65	11	-73	117	130	14	-70
2	QPSK	3/4	19.5	21.7	9	-77	40.5	45	12	-74	87.8	97.5	15	-71	175.5	195	18	-68
3	16-QAM	1/2	26	28.9	11	-74	54	60	14	-71	117	130	17	-68	234	260	20	-65
4	16-QAM	3/4	39	43.3	15	-70	81	90	18	-67	175.5	195	21	-64	351	390	24	-61
5	64-QAM	2/3	52	57.8	18	-66	108	120	21	-63	234	260	24	-60	468	520	27	-57
6	64-QAM	3/4	58.5	65	20	-65	121.5	135	23	-62	263.3	292.5	26	-59	526.5	585	29	-56
7	64-QAM	5/6	65	72.2	25	-64	135	150	28	-61	292.5	325	31	-58	585	650	34	-55
8	256-QAM	3/4	78	86.7	29	-59	162	180	32	-56	351	390	35	-53	702	780	38	-50
9	256-QAM	5/6			31	-57	180	200	34	-54	390	433.3	37	-51	780	866.7	40	-48



Best Radio Link Conditions Worst Radio Link Conditions

Radio Link Quality

Lowest Error Correction Data			Highest Error Correction Data
	Error Co	rrection Data	
0-20%	20-40%	40-60%	75%
Fewest KeyFrames			Most KeyFrames
	Key	/Frames	
5 sec	3 sec	1 sec	0.3 sec
Highest Video Bitrate			Lowest Video Bitrate
	Video Bitrate & H264	parameters (quantization)	
User Selected Video Profile	70%	40%	1.0 Mbps
No Retransmissions			Many Retransmissions
	Retrai	nsmissions	

All the adjustments result in an overall lower video quality but a consistent video link (no breakups)

Overall Final Video Link Quality

Highest Video Quality



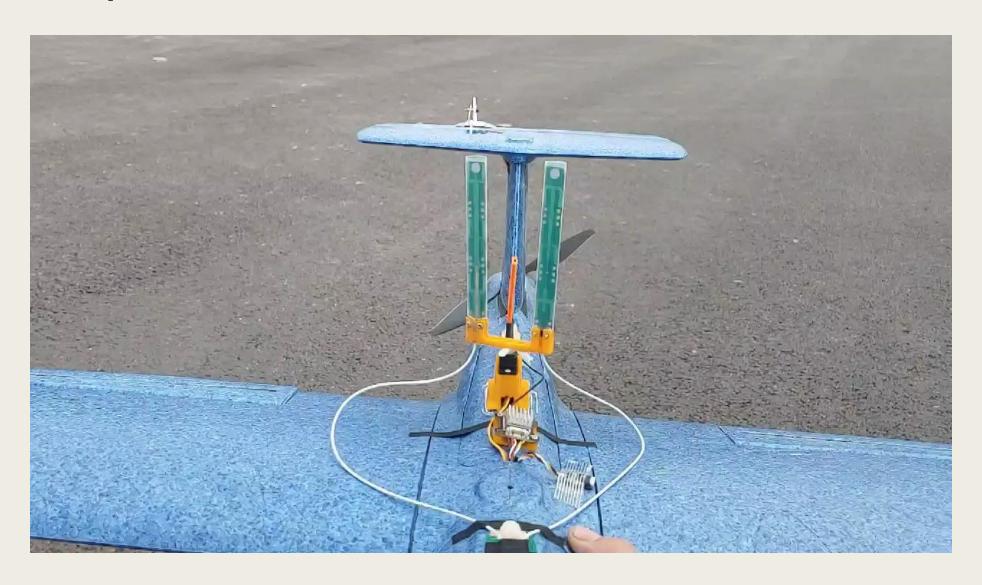


Lowest Video Quality

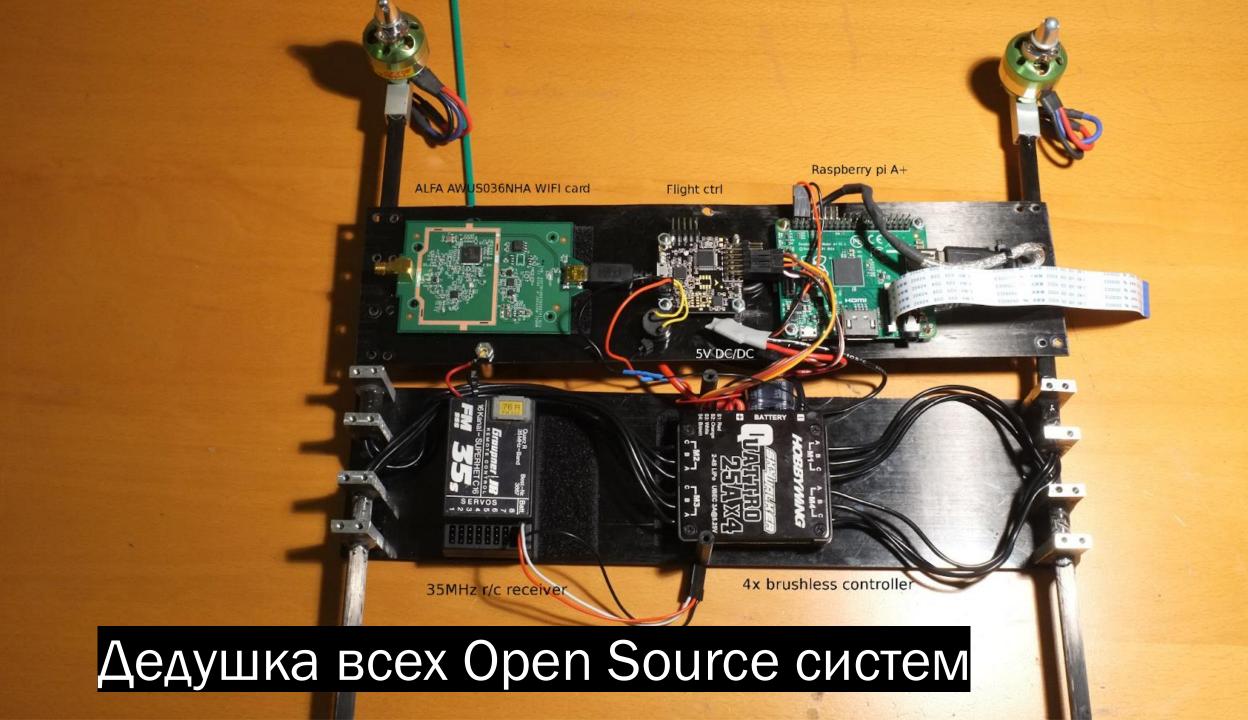




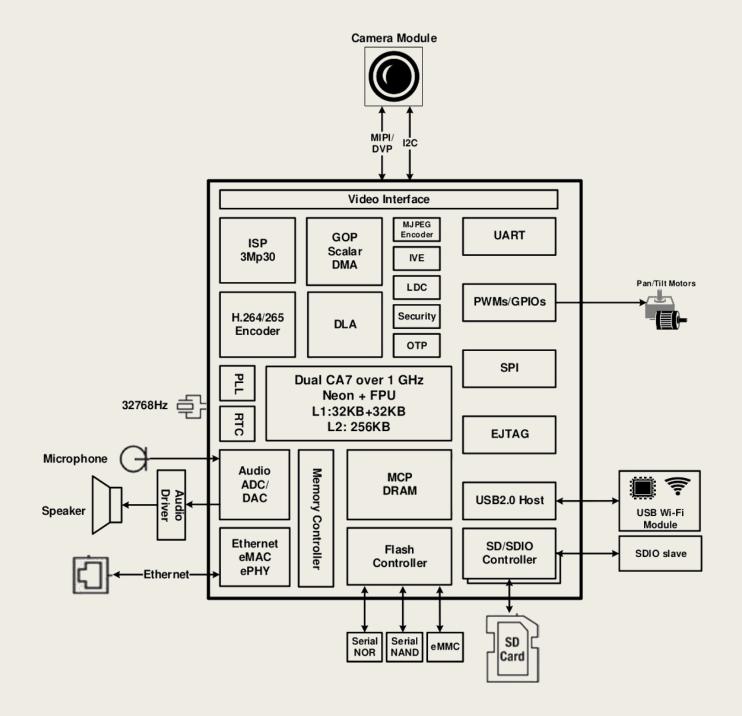
Направленные антенны



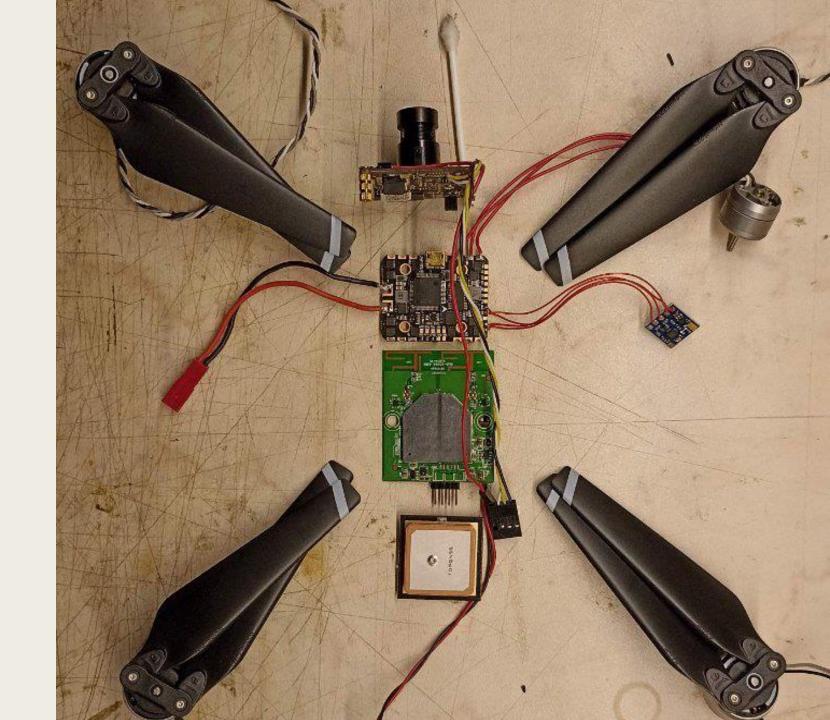




Что такое ССТV IP камера?



Современный вариант



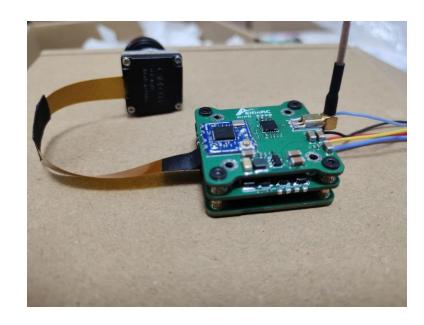
OpenIPC AIO (all-in-one)



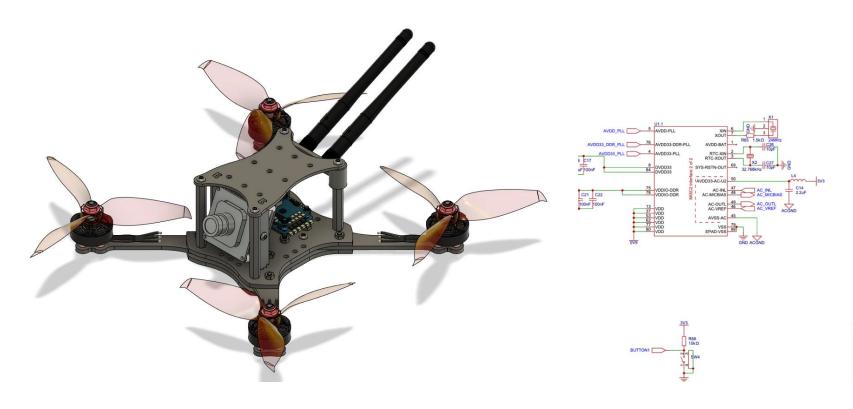
OpenWRTIPC

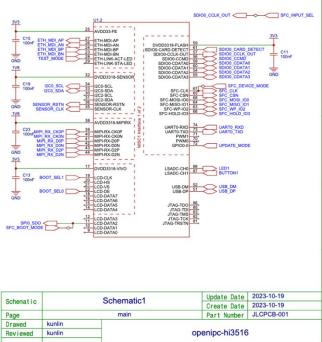




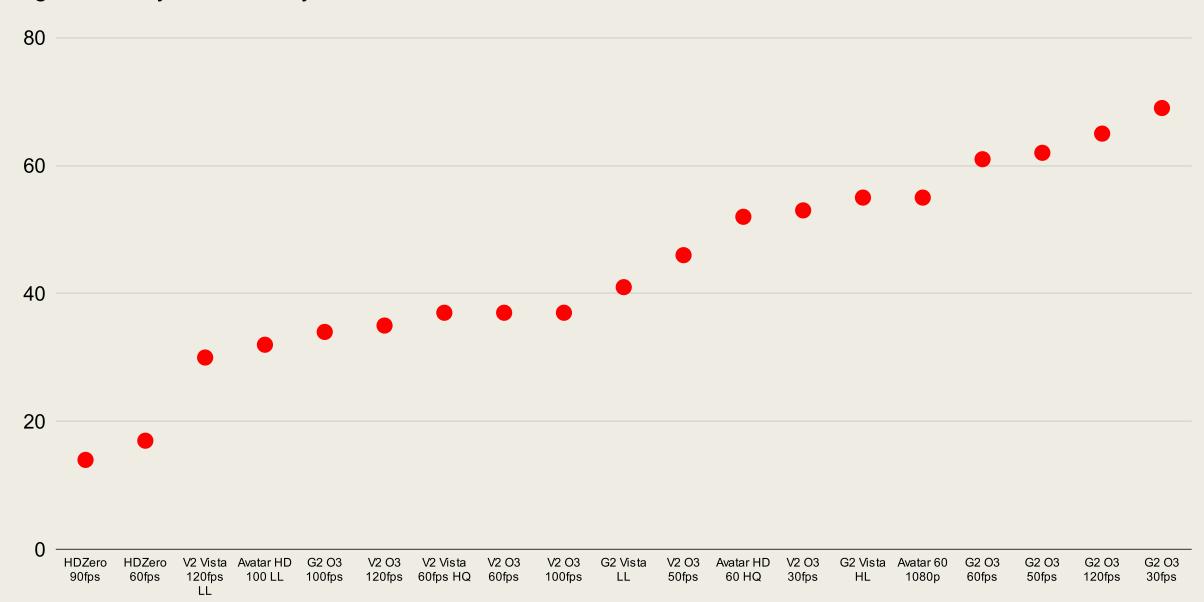


Open hardware

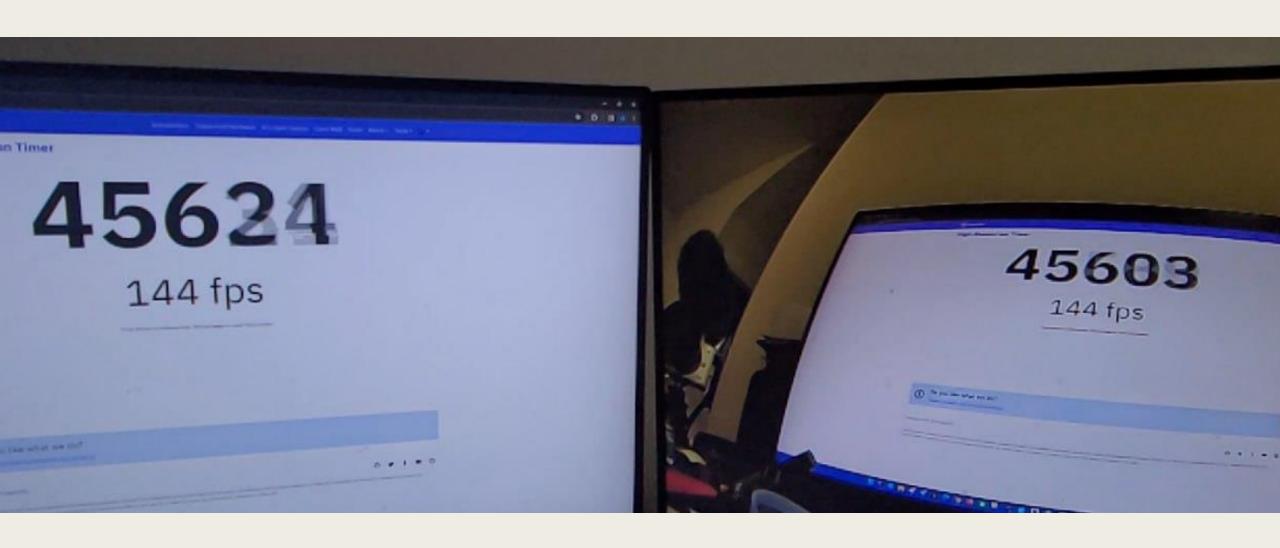




Digital FPV System Latency - Mads Tech*



G2G latency тесты



Тюнинг кодека

- Н.265 со слайсами
 - Мы хотим отправлять в сеть данные пока идет readout сенсора
- 60/90/120 fps (240 fps для гонок)
 - Обязательный тюнинг драйверов сенсоров и ISP
- FEC
 - Например, восстанавливает 4 пакета из блока 12
- Битрейт кодека зависит от кейса
 - Минимум для гонок

Видеоочки

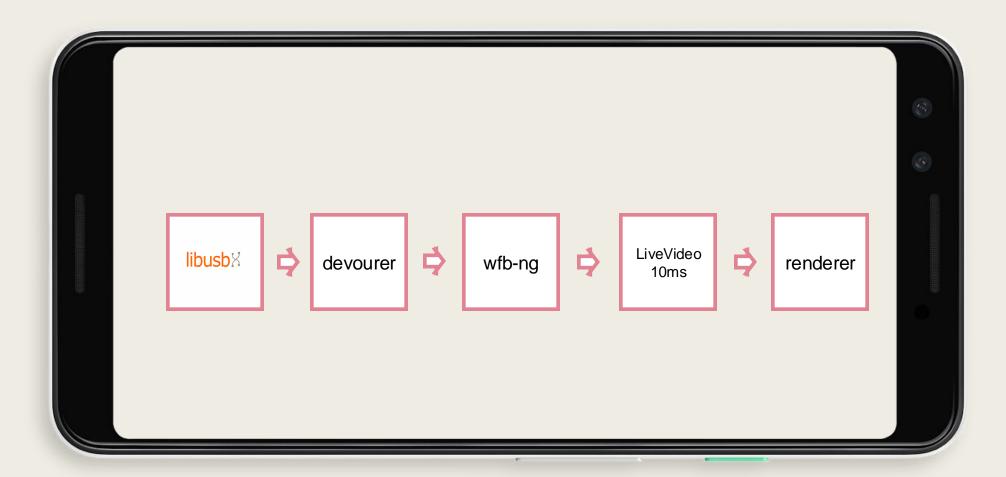




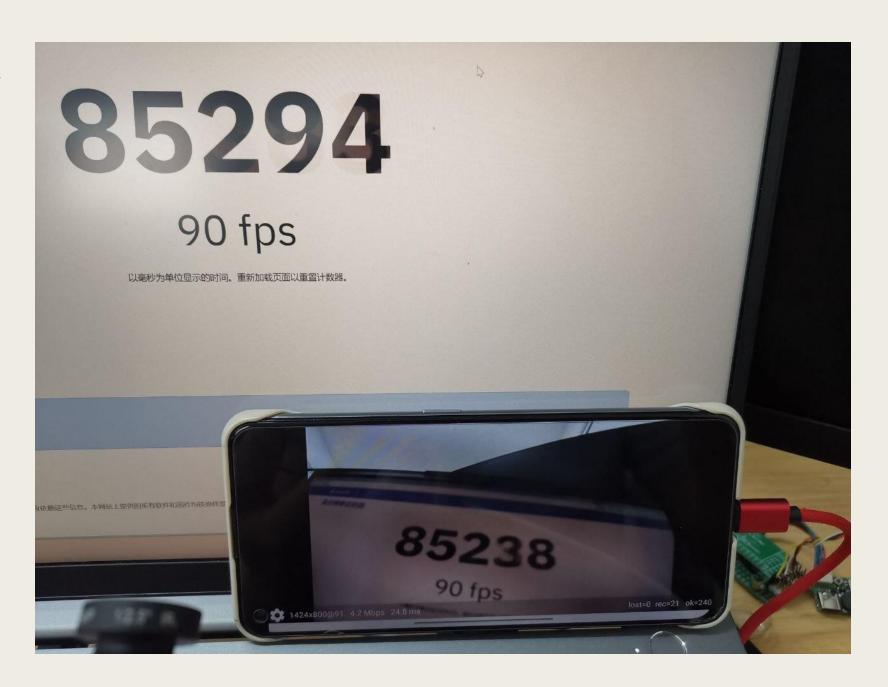
USB + Android

```
C MainActivity.java
                                 AndroidManifest.xml
                                                      device_filter.xml ×
                                                                        C UsbManager.java
activity_main.xml
         @Override
         protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
             super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
             UsbManager manager = (UsbManager) getSystemService(Context.USB_SERVICE);
             for (UsbDevice usbDevice: manager.getDeviceList().values()) {
                 String deviceName = usbDevice.getDeviceName();
                 Log.e(TAG, msg: "DeviceName " + usbDevice.getDeviceName());
                 Log.e(TAG, msg: "ManufacturerName " + usbDevice.getManufacturerName());
                 Log.e(TAG, | msg: "ProductName " + usbDevice.getProductName());
                 UsbInterface usbInterface = findInterface(usbDevice);
                 UsbEndpoint mOutEndpoint = null, mInEndpoint = null;
                 for (int nEp = 0; nEp < usbInterface.getEndpointCount(); nEp++) {</pre>
                     UsbEndpoint tmpEndpoint = usbInterface.getEndpoint(nEp);
                     Log.e(TAG, msg: "endpoint = " + tmpEndpoint);
                     if (tmpEndpoint.getType() != UsbConstants.USB_ENDPOINT_XFER_BULK) continue;
                     if ((mOutEndpoint == null)
```

FPVue



G2G latency c userspace драйвером























Open Source community

- github.com/orgs/OpenIPC/repositories
- github.com/svpcom/wfb-ng
- github.com/PetruSoroaga/RubyFPV
- github.com/gehee

С чего начать?

- Aliexpress.com
- Ozon.ru
- **....**

Что дальше?

- Стереоскопическое видео
- Замена Wi-Fi на 5G
- Тюнинг современных кодеков AV1 и H.266
- Железо: адаптивный подход к потреблению мощности
- MIMO everywhere
- Софт: использование дополнительной hw акселерации

Q&A session

Если ли жизнь после Wi-Fi?

