



# Swift для Android и кроссплатформы. Разбираем на практике

Анна Жаркова  
Lead Mobile developer

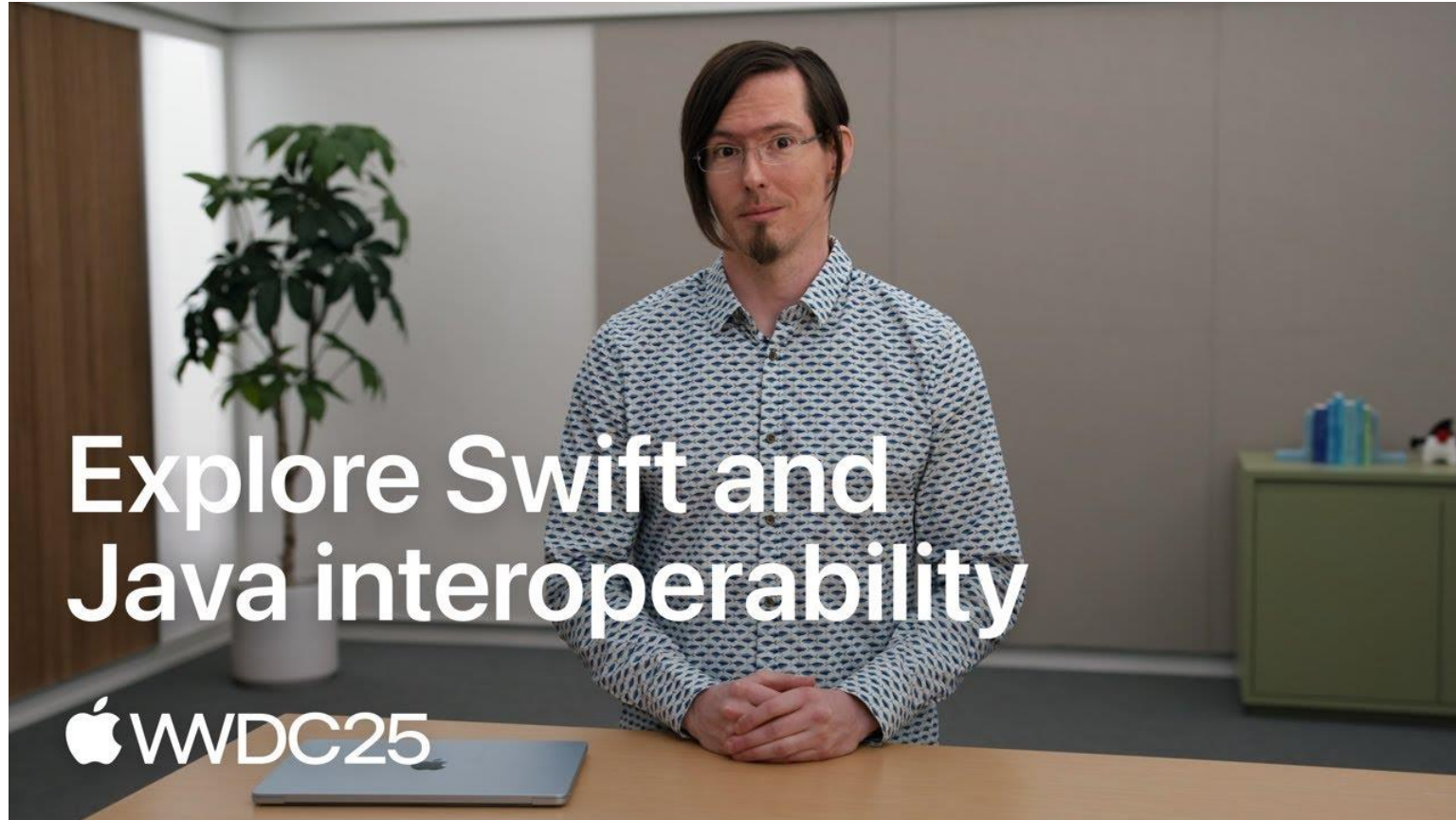
# Обо мне



- В мобильной разработке с 2013
- Ведущий мобильный разработчик в Usetech
- Нативная разработка под iOS и Android (Swift/Objective-C, Kotlin/Java) кросс-платформа (Xamarin, Kotlin multiplatform)
- Ментор, управляю командой направления
- Спикер на конференциях AppsConf, Mobius, TechTrain, DroidCon (2022)
- Преподаватель в Otus (iOS Pro и базовый)
- Автор статей по мобильной разработке (SwiftUI, iOS, KMM)
- Автор книги «Kotlin Multiplatform на практике»

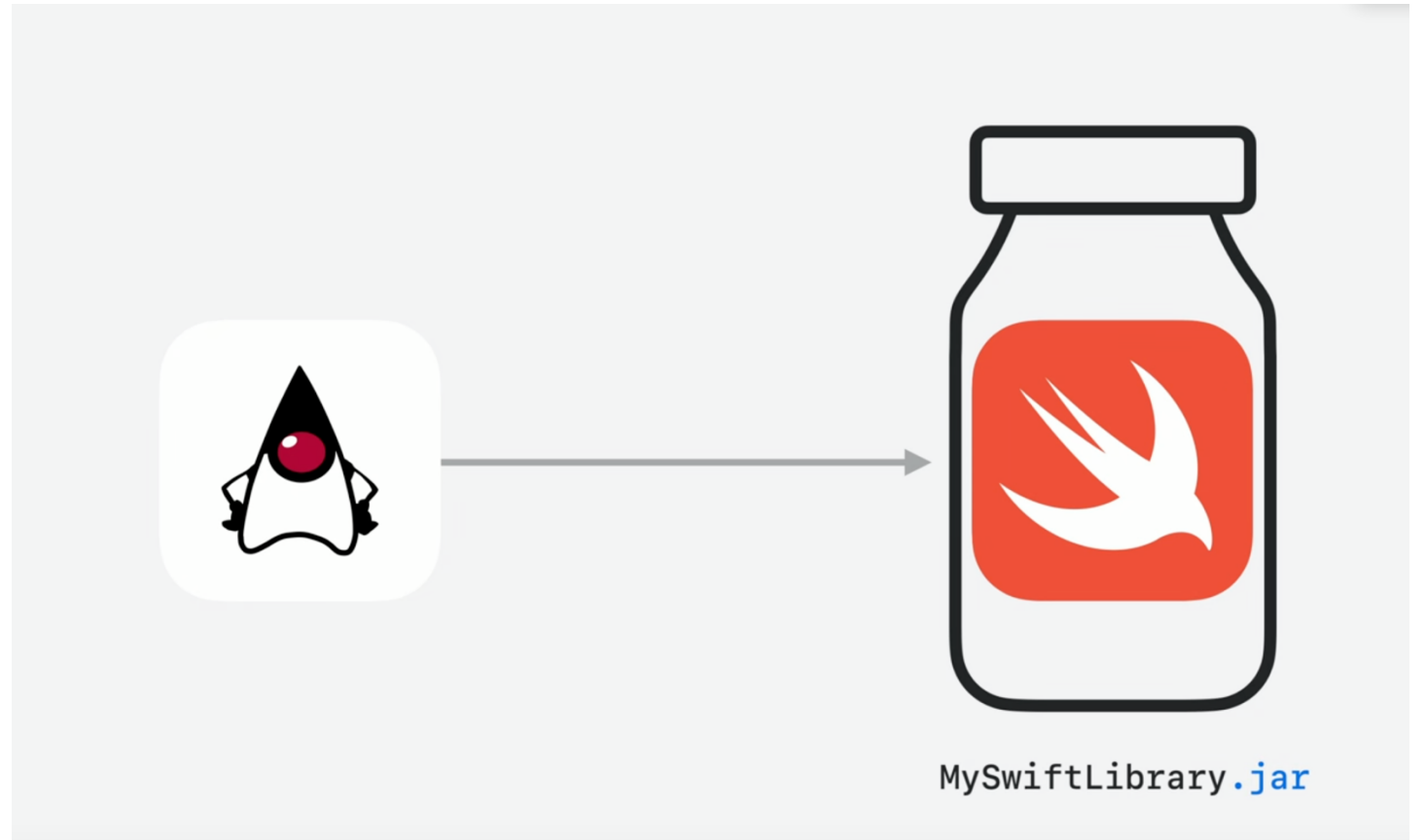
# Swift-Java Interoperability. WWDC 2025

<https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java>



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# Swift-Java Interoperability. WWDC 2025

## Swift Package

- **JavaKit** – Swift libraries and macros

## Java Library

- **SwiftKit** – Java library for efficient Swift interoperability

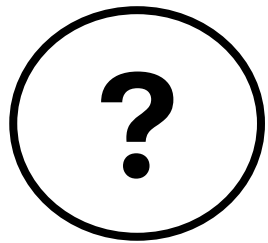
# Кросс-платформа для натива



Kotlin Multiplatform



Kotlin





# Java-Swift interop vs Kotlin-Swift export. Путь к сингулярности

## Спикеры

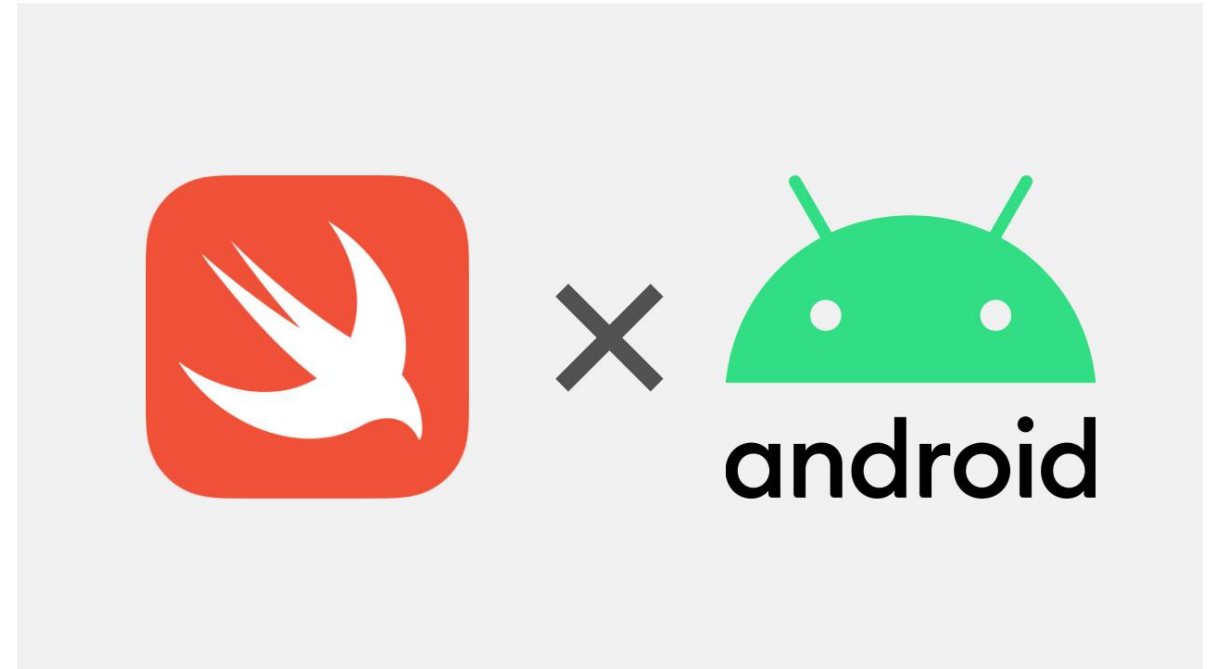


**Анна Жаркова**

ГК Юзтех

# Swift 6.3 Официальный релиз SDK для Android

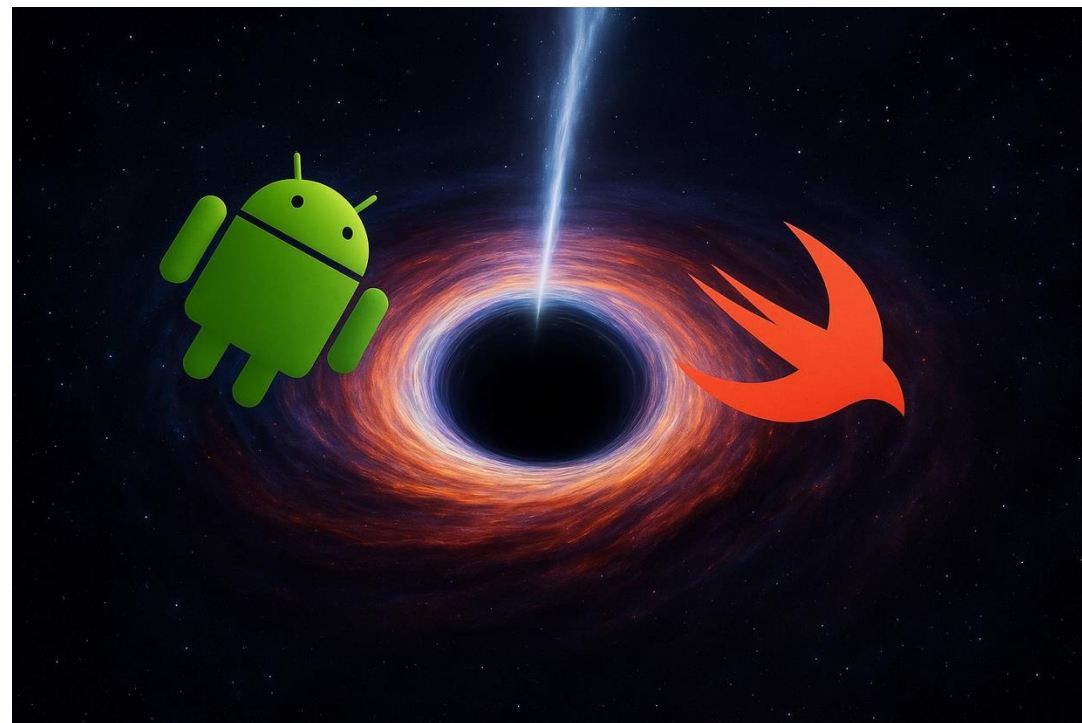
<https://www.swift.org/documentation/articles/swift-sdk-for-android-getting-started.html>



# Обсудим:

- Swift-Java 2026, что изменилось
- Базовая архитектура решения в Android приложении
- Особенности интеропа
- Работаем с памятью и многопоточностью
- Работаем с UI ???

# Swift-> Java для Android, как работает



# JavaKit RIP. Swift->Java

Основное направление развития

- <https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java/>

## swiftlang/swift-java

Java interoperability support for Swift



27

Contributors

88

Issues

1k

Stars

67

Forks




**Generates hard-to-get-right code.**

Генерирует код, который сложно написать правильно.

# SwiftJava. Что улучшилось

- Интеграция с Java и Kotlin, Interop типов
- Кросс-компиляция
- Компиляция в нативные бинарные файлы для Android
- Интеграция с Gradle
- Поддержка отладки

# Проблемы SwiftJava

❏ JNIExtract produces code incompatible with .enableUpcomingFeature("InternalImportsByDefault") <b>feature:jextract</b>	🔗 1	💬 2
❏ IfConfigDecl support broke Android builds <b>android</b>		💬 6
❏ error: the target 'SwiftJava' in product 'JExtractSwiftPlugin' contains unsafe build flags		💬 6
❏ jextract: Evaluate IfConfigDecl for simple patterns <b>feature:jextract</b>		💬 5
❏ Adding JExtractSwiftPlugin links Full Foundation <b>build</b>	🔗 1	
❏ jextract/jni: Support native Swift Set use from Java <b>feature:jextract</b> <b>mode:jni</b>	🔗 1	
❏ jextract/jni: Support native Swift Dictionary use from Java <b>feature:jextract</b> <b>mode:jni</b>	🔗 1	
❏ Runtime crash on Android after toString refactorings <b>android</b> <b>bug</b>	🔗 1	💬 3
❏ jextract/ffm: tuples support <b>feature:jextract</b> <b>mode:ffm</b>	🔗 1	
❏ Discrepancy between files in generated/ directories and wrap-java output <b>build</b>		💬 2
❏ jextract/jni: tuple support <b>feature:jextract</b> <b>mode:jni</b>	🔗 1	
❏ Add support for objects in @JavaImplementation <b>feature:javakit-macos</b>		💬 2
❏ Use Android's api-versions.xml to inform availability of Android APIs <b>android</b> <b>feature:wrap-java</b>	🔗 1	

110 пофикшенных  
тикетов

# Проблемы SwiftJava

is:issue state:open



Labels

Milestones

New issue

Open 117 Closed 110

Author

Labels

Projects

Milestones

Assignees

Types

Newest

## Multiple Swift targets, single dynamic library

#715 · mortenbekditlevsen opened 2 weeks ago

## jextract: Support Foundation.Decimal

#711 · tkrajacic opened 2 weeks ago

2

## JNIExtract can't handle type-name/module-name conflicts feature:jextract

#706 · tkrajacic opened 2 weeks ago

2

## Building a package for Apple platform shouldn't use JExtractSwiftPlugin plugin and swift-java dependency at all

#694 · tkrajacic opened 3 weeks ago

## Docs/guide about debugging crashes for java developers documentation

#683 · ktoso opened last month

## Reenable nightly builds in CI

#681 · ktoso opened last month

## Attempt to remove non-JNI local reference errors on Android android

#663 · lhoward opened on Apr 1

2

## Generate version script file for FFM mode in jextract

#653 · madsodgaard opened on Mar 28

## Move Foundation support into a common package

#638 · sidepelican opened on Mar 23

## Switch wrap java to JEP467 markdown docs style

#637 · ktoso opened on Mar 21

## Add CI job that checks/regenerates JavaStdlib etc with wrap-java

#628 · ktoso opened on Mar 18

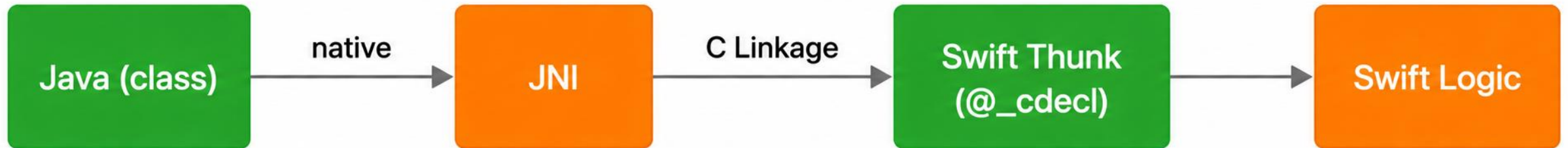
3

## jextract/ffm: Support native Swift Set use from Java feature:jextract mode:ffm

#611 · ktoso opened on Mar 12

117 ОТКРЫТЫХ ТИКЕТОВ

# SwiftJava под капотом



# SwiftJava под капотом

- Java-привязки (Java Bindings): классы Java, которые отражают типы Swift и предоставляют объявления нативных методов.
- Swift-переходники (Swift Thunks): функции Swift с аннотацией `@_cdecl`, точки входа для вызовов JNI.
- Списки экспорта компоновщика (Linker Export Lists): скрипты, обеспечивающие экспорт только необходимых символов JNI в итоговой разделяемой библиотеке.

# Swift -> Java

Jextract – Java код из Swift

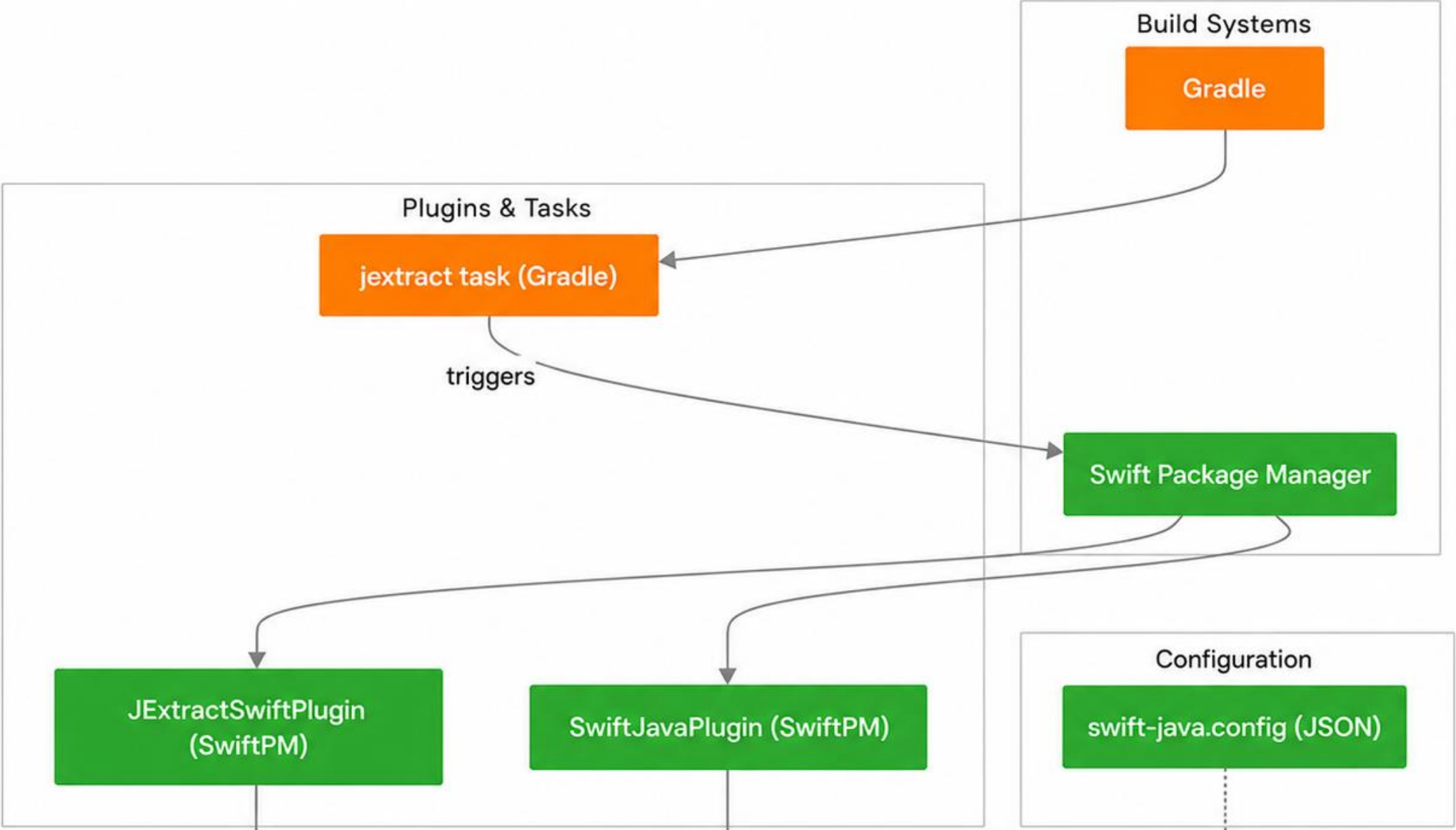
- ffm (Swift 6.2+, JDK 25)
- jni (Swift 6.2+, JDK 7+)



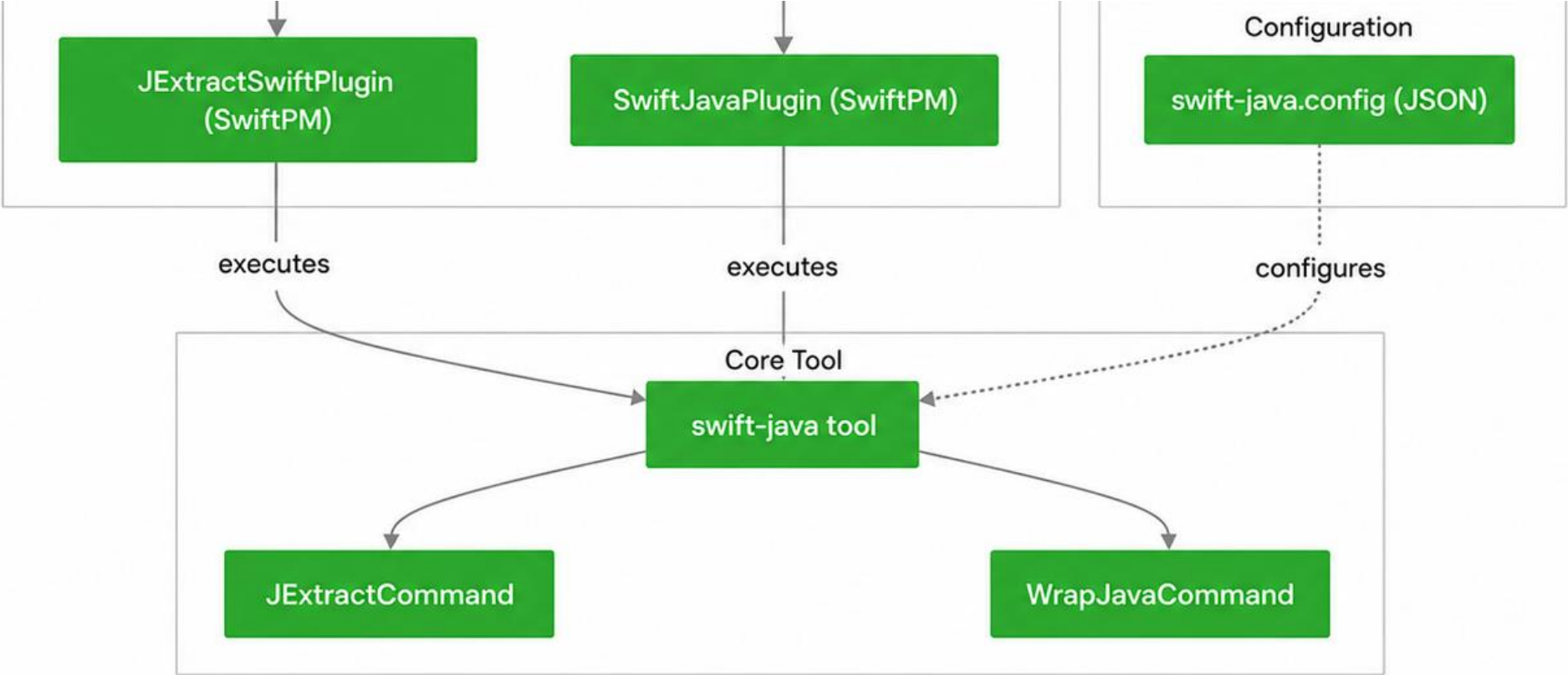
```
swift-java jextract --mode=ffm (default)
```

```
swift-java jextract --mode=jni
```

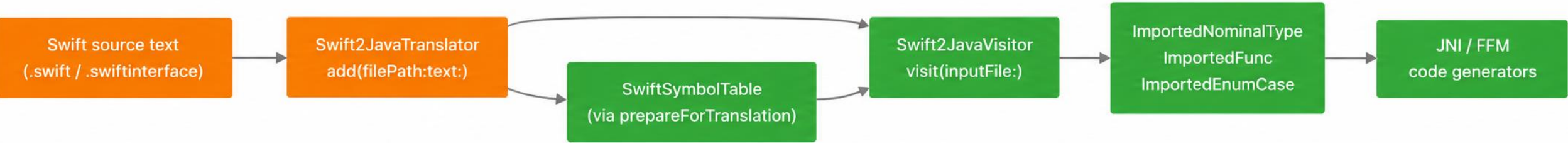
# SwiftJava под капотом



# SwiftJava под капотом



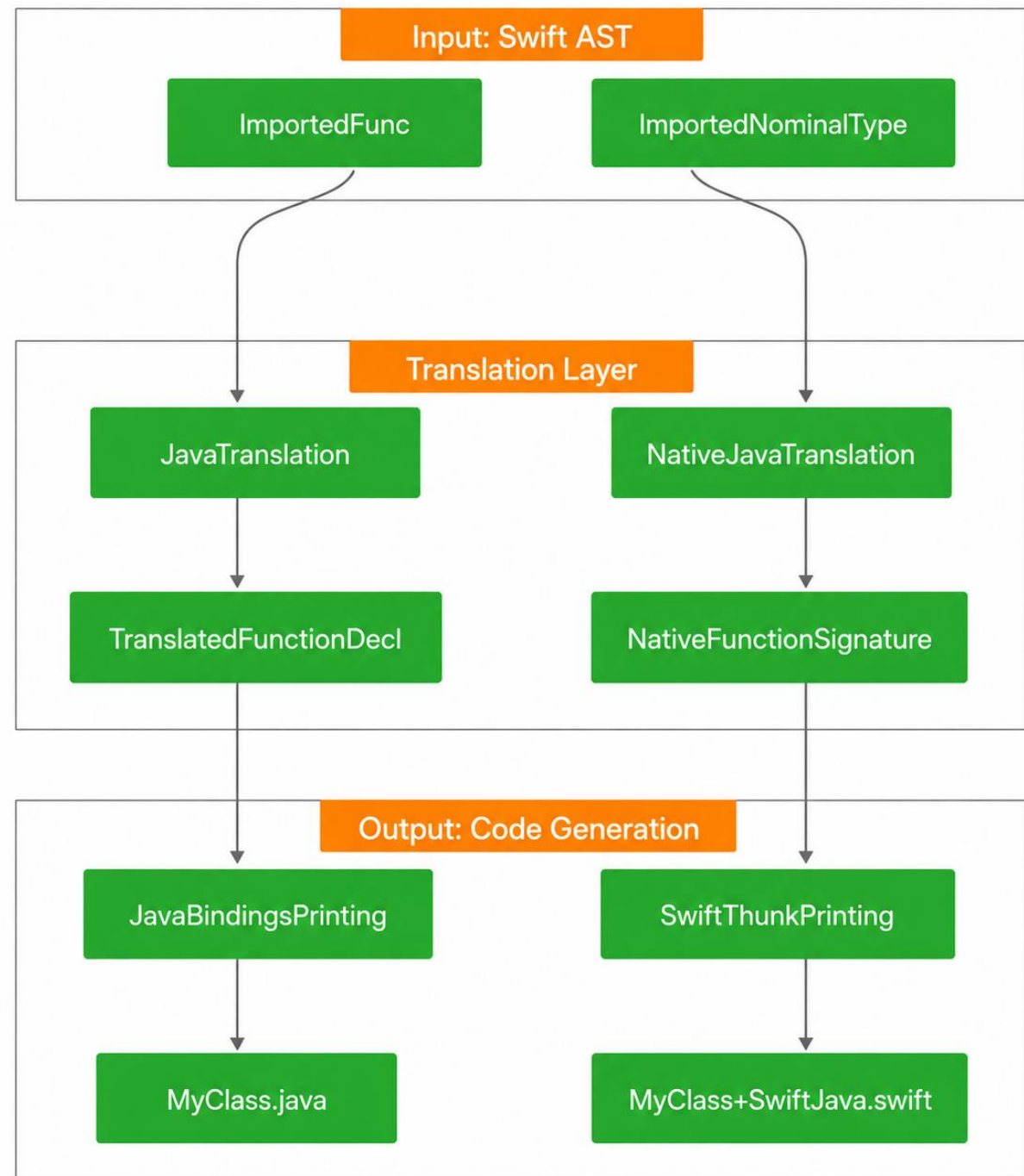
# SwiftJava под капотом



# SwiftJava под капотом

JNI поддерживает комплексные Swift-feature:

- async/await (CompletableFuture)
- перехват исключений
- Arc (через SwiftArena)



# JNI vs FFM

JNI	FFM
Java 11+	Java 22+
Android Compability	For modern platforms
More copies	Better native memory support
Wider set of language features available	“Basic” features supported

# JNI vs FFM

## JEP 454: Foreign Function & Memory API

*Owner* Maurizio Cimadamore

*Type* Feature

*Scope* SE

*Status* Closed/Denied

*Release* 22

*Component* core-libs/java.lang.foreign

*Discussion* panama dash dev at openjdk dot org

*Relates to* JEP 472: Prepare to Restrict the Use of JNI  
JEP 442: Foreign Function & Memory API (Third Preview)

*Reviewed by* Alex Buckley, Jorn Vernee

*Endorsed by* Alan Bateman

*Created* 2023/06/22 09:36

*Updated* 2024/10/07 14:18

*Issue* 8310626

### Summary

Introduce an API by which Java programs can interoperate with code and data outside of the Java runtime. By efficiently invoking foreign functions (i.e., code outside the JVM), and by safely accessing foreign memory (i.e., memory not managed by the JVM), the API enables Java programs to call native libraries and process native data without the brittleness and danger of JNI.

FFM с Android не работает

Работаем с JNI



# Что поддерживаем

Jextract

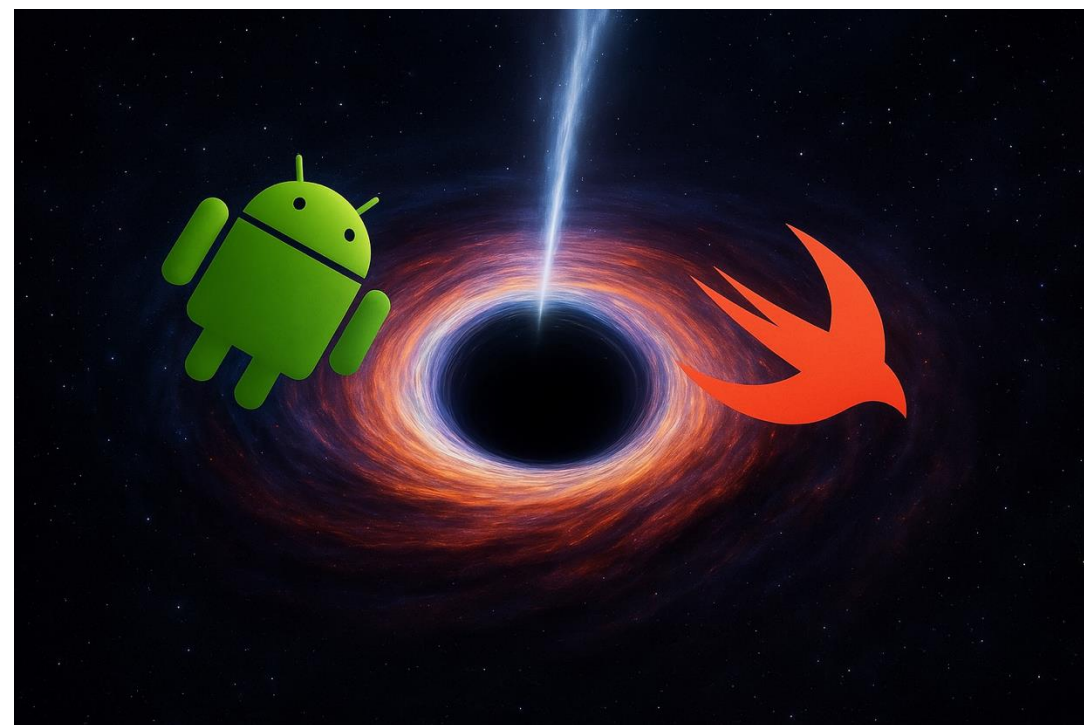
<https://swiftpackageindex.com/swiftlang/swift-java/main/documentation/swiftjavadocumentation/supportedfeatures>

Swift Feature	FFM	JNI
Initializers: class, struct	✓	✓
Optional Initializers / Throwing Initializers	✗	✓
Deinitializers: class, struct	✓	✓
enum	✗	✓
actor	✗	✗
Global Swift func	✓	✓
Class/struct member func	✓	✓
Throwing functions: func x() throws	✗	✓
Typed throws: func x() throws(E)	✗	✗
Stored properties: var, let (with willSet, didSet)	✓	✓
Computed properties: var (incl. throws)	✓ / TODO	✓
Async functions func async and properties: var { get async {} }	✗	✓
Arrays: [UInt8]	✓	✓
Arrays: [MyType], Array<Int64> etc	✗	✓
Dictionaries: [String: Int], [K:V]	✗	✓
Generic type: struct S<T>	✗	✓
Functions or properties using generic type param: struct S<T> { func f(_: T) {} }	✗	✗

# JExtract. Что улучшилось

- Поддержка исключений (JNI)
- Многопоточность (CompletableFuture, через JNI)
- Работа с generics
- Управление памятью (через SwiftArena)

# Swift-> Java для Android на бою



# Swift Android SDK. Было

Написать все приложение Android на Swift пока не получится

## **Does this mean I can write Android applications in Swift?**

No. Although the Swift compiler is capable of compiling Swift code that runs on an Android device, it takes a lot more than just the Swift stdlib to write an app. You'd need some sort of framework to build a user interface for your application, which the Swift stdlib does not provide.

# Swift Android SDK. Стало

Сложно, но возможно и не особо рекомендуется

## **Can I build a complete Android app entirely in Swift now?**

Technically yes, but practically not recommended. You can write logic, networking, and data layers in Swift, but UI still requires Jetpack Compose or Android Views.

There's no SwiftUI equivalent for Android in the official SDK.

# Swift Android SDK. Что можно

- Бизнес-логика
- Модели данных
- Сеть, хранилище
- Архитектура
- Фоновые процессы

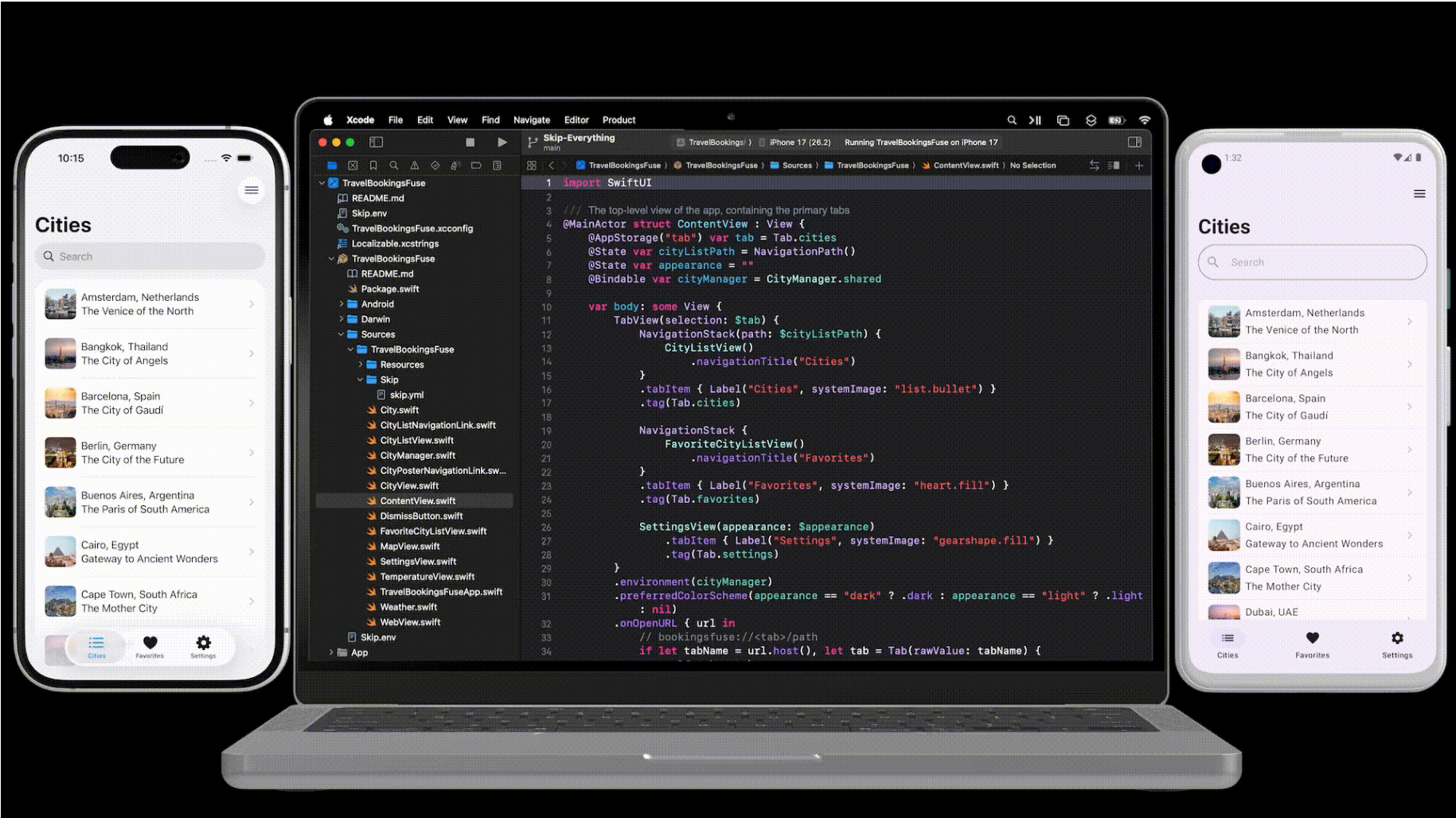
# Swift Android SDK. Что нельзя

- Общий UI (UI должен быть нативным - Jetpack Compose, Xml)
- SwiftUI (только на iOS и только со стороны нативного приложения)
- «Пиши один раз – запускай везде»

# Swift Android SDK. Если нужен SwiftUI

Skip.Tools

<https://skip.tools/>



# Swift Android SDK. Для чего

- Just for fun, пет-проекты, эксперименты, улучшение технологии...
- Расширение существующего iOS приложения на Android

# Swift Android SDK. Когда не стоит

- Новый проект кросс-платформенного приложения – KMP, Flutter
- Серьезный большой проект (с CI/CD, Unit-тестами, UI-тестами...)

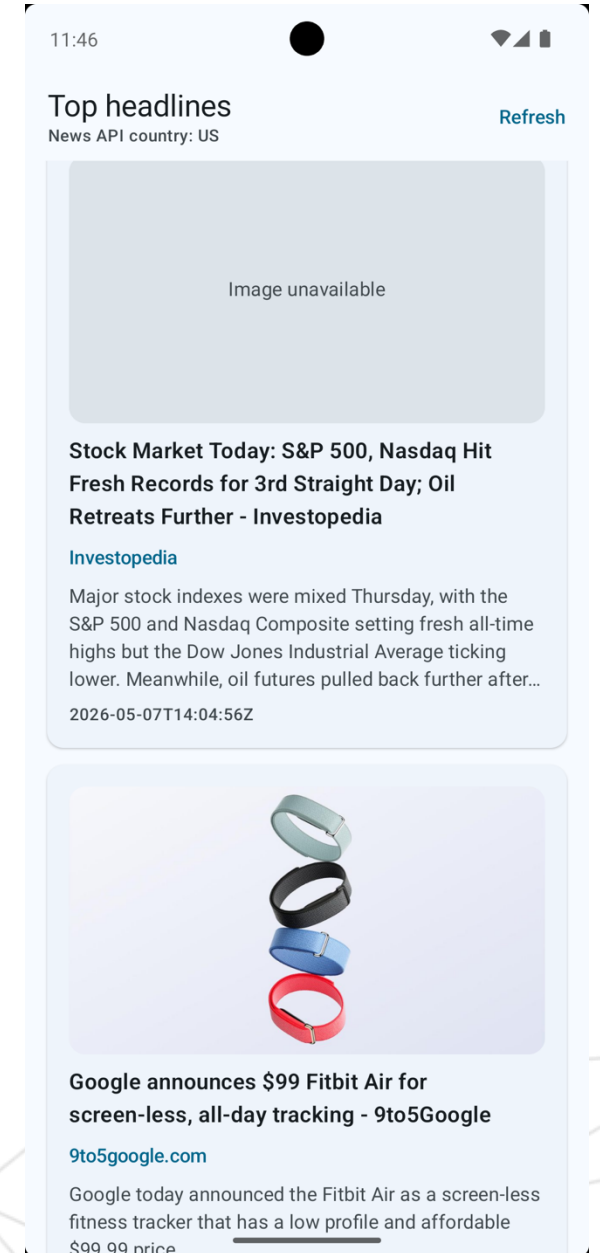
# Реальный пет-пример. NewsApi.org

AndroidApp:

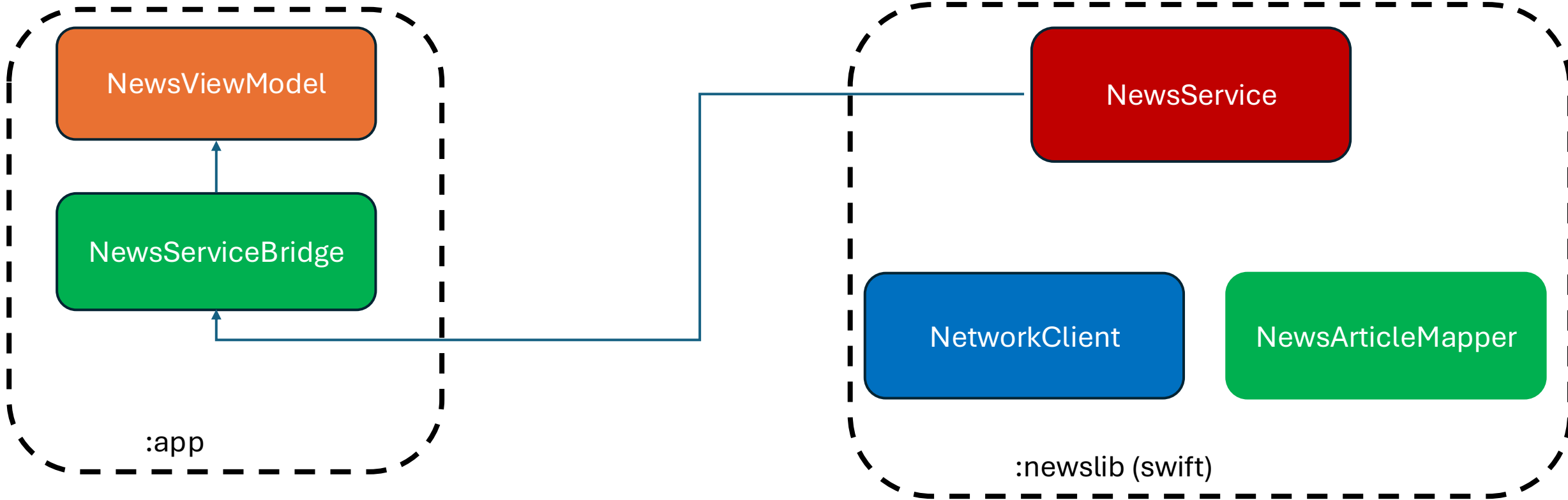
- NewsViewModel + UI

NewsLib:

- Network
- Data models
- Business logic



# Структура проекта



# План-капкан

- 1 Установим и настроим Swift Android SDK
- 2 Подготовим структуру проекта и `swift-android.build.gradle.kts`
- 3 SPM модуля логики
- 4 Сетевой слой и бизнес-логика
- 5 Bridge
- 6 Решаем проблемы: память и многопоточность

# Что понадобится

- swiftly
- Swift Toolchain
- Android Swift SDK
- Android NDK



```
% swiftly install latest
Fetching the latest stable Swift release...
Installing Swift 6.3.1

Installing package in user home directory...
Swift 6.3.1 is installed successfully!
% swiftly use latest
The global default toolchain has been set to `Swift 6.3.1`

% swift --version
Apple Swift version 6.3.1 (swift-6.3.1-RELEASE)
Target: arm64-apple-macosx26.0
```

# Что понадобится

- Swift Toolchain
- Android Swift SDK
- Android NDK

```
% swift sdk install https://download.swift.org/swift-6.3.1-release/android-sdk/swift-6.3.1-  
RELEASE/swift-6.3.1-RELEASE_android.artifactbundle.tar.gz --checksum  
8193a4e96538635131a154736c8896fba0e5a1c30e065524f00ed78719bac35a
```

# Что понадобится

- Swift Toolchain
- Android Swift SDK
- Android NDK

Если NDK у вас уже есть, просто установите **ANDROID\_NDK\_HOME**

```
% mkdir ~/android-ndk
% cd ~/android-ndk
% curl -fSL0 https://dl.google.com/android/repository/android-ndk-r27d-$(uname -s).zip
% unzip -q android-ndk-r27d-*.zip
% export ANDROID_NDK_HOME=$PWD/android-ndk-r27d
```

# Важно! Линкуем NDK с SwiftPM



```
% cd ~/Library/org.swift.swiftpm/swift-sdks/swift-6.3.1-RELEASE_android.artifactbundle/swift-  
android/  
% ./scripts/setup-android-sdk.sh
```

# План-капкан

1 Установим и настроим Swift Android SDK

2 Подготовим структуру проекта и `swift-android.build.gradle.kts`

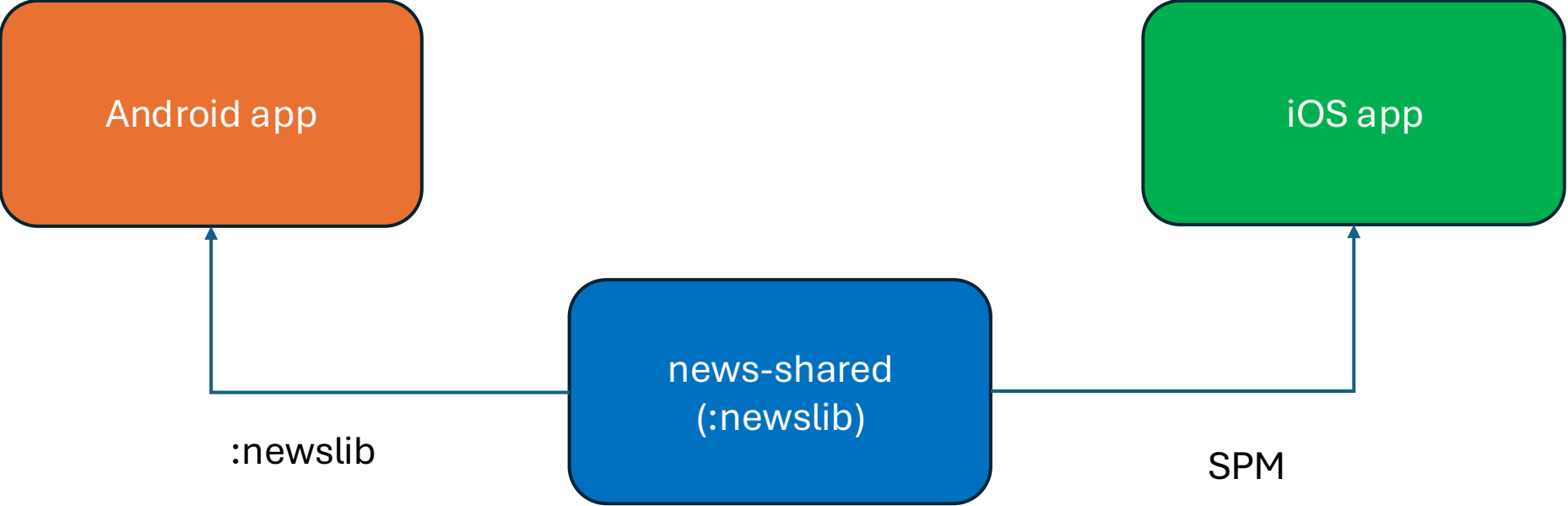
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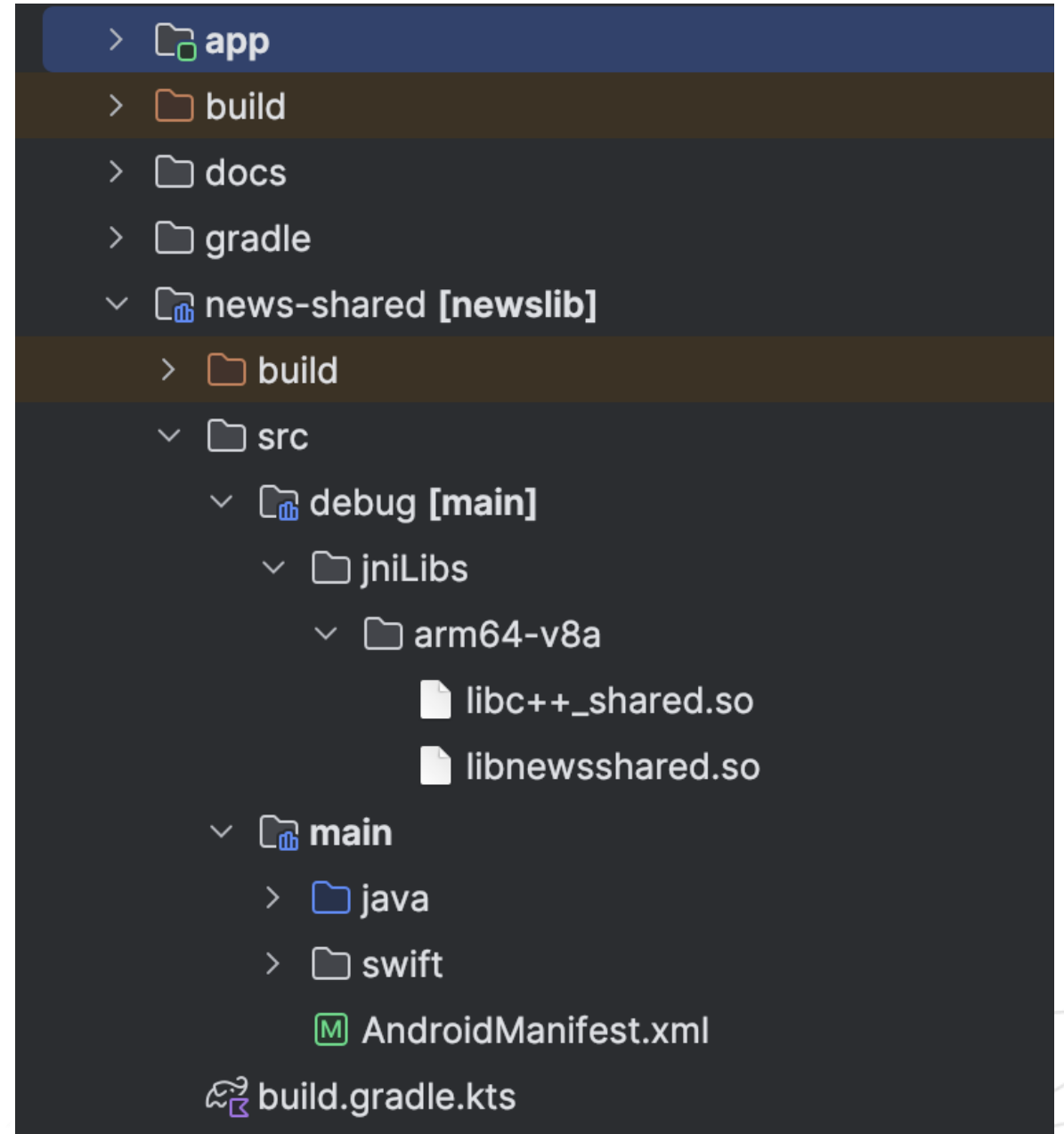
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# Структура проекта



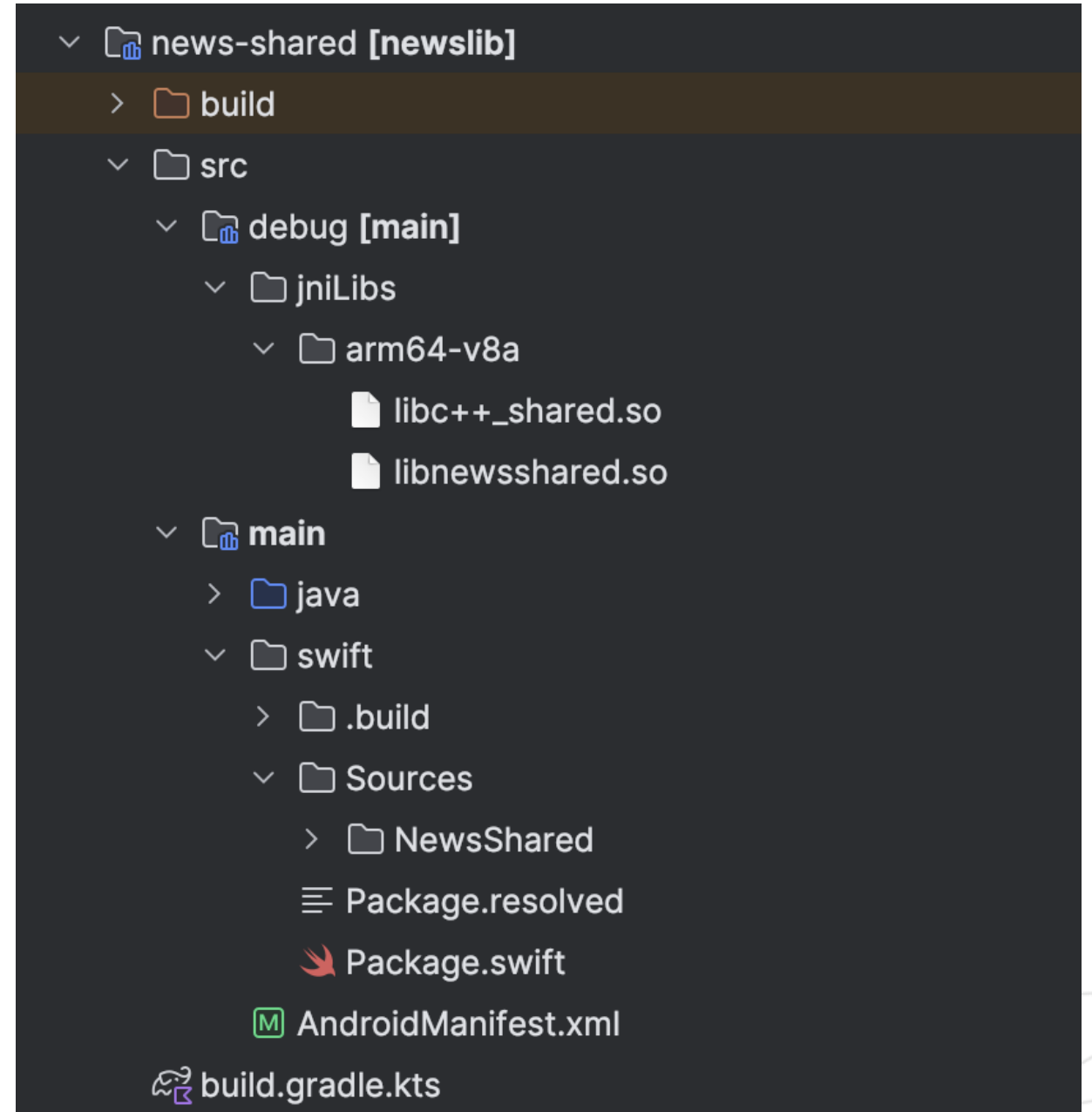
# Структура проекта

- App
- News-shared:
- debug -jniLibs (генерируется)



# Структура проекта

- News-shared:
- debug –jniLibs (генерируется)
- java (бриджи)
- swift (исходники)
- Package



# SPM настройки

- Dynamic library
- SwiftJava

```
import CompilerPluginSupport
import PackageDescription

let package = Package(
    name: "newslib",
    products: [
        .library(name: "newslib", type: .dynamic, targets: ["NewsShared"])
    ],
    dependencies: [
        .package(url: "https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java", from: "0.2.0")
    ],
    targets: [
        .target(
            name: "NewsShared",
            dependencies: [ .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java") ],
            exclude: ["swift-java.config"],
            swiftSettings: [
                .swiftLanguageMode(.v6),
                .unsafeFlags([
                    "-Xfrontend", "-strict-concurrency=minimal"
                ])
            ],
            plugins: [
                .plugin(name: "JExtractSwiftPlugin", package: "swift-java")
            ]
        )
    ]
)
```

# SPM настройки

- Dynamic library
- SwiftJava

```
import CompilerPluginSupport
import PackageDescription

let package = Package(
    name: "newslib",
    products: [
        .library(name: "newslib", type: .dynamic, targets: ["NewsShared"])
    ],
    dependencies: [
        .package(url: "https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java", from: "0.2.0")
    ],
    targets: [
        .target(
            name: "NewsShared",
            dependencies: [ .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java") ],
            exclude: ["swift-java.config"],
            swiftSettings: [
                .swiftLanguageMode(.v6),
                .unsafeFlags([
                    "-Xfrontend", "-strict-concurrency=minimal"
                ])
            ],
            plugins: [
                .plugin(name: "JExtractSwiftPlugin", package: "swift-java")
            ]
        )
    ]
)
```

# SPM настройки

Dependencies:

- AsyncHttpClient

```
let package = Package(
    ...
    dependencies: [
        .package(url: "https://github.com/swift-server/async-http-client.git", from: "1.33.1"),
        .package(url: "https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java", from: "0.2.0")
    ],
    targets: [
        .target(
            name: "NewsShared",
            dependencies: [
                .product(
                    name: "AsyncHTTPClient",
                    package: "async-http-client",
                    condition: .when(platforms: [.android])
                ),
                .product(
                    name: "SwiftJava",
                    package: "swift-java"
                )
            ],
            exclude: ["swift-java.config"],
            swiftSettings: [...],
            plugins: [
                .plugin(name: "JExtractSwiftPlugin", package: "swift-java")
            ]
        )
    ]
)
```

# Настройки swift-android.build.gradle.kts

Задача для сборки Swift-исходников

```
fun createSwiftBuildTask(buildTypeName: String, arch: Arch, isDebug: Boolean) =
    tasks.register(
        "swiftBuild${arch.variantName}${buildTypeName.replaceFirstChar { it.uppercaseChar() }}",
        Exec::class.java
    ) {
        workingDir("src/main/swift")
        executable(getSwiftlyPath())

        val sdkName = "${arch.targetTriple}${swiftConfig.apiLevel}"
        args(...)

        inputs.file(layout.projectDirectory.file("src/main/swift/Package.swift"))
        inputs.dir(layout.projectDirectory.dir("src/main/swift/Sources"))
        outputs.dir(layout.projectDirectory.dir(buildDirectoryFor(arch, isDebug)))
    }
```

# Настройки swift-android.build.gradle.kts

Копирование generated -> libs

```
fun createCopySwiftLibrariesTask(buildTypeName: String, arch: Arch, isDebug: Boolean,
swiftBuildTask: TaskProvider<Exec>) =
    tasks.register(
        "copySwift${arch.variantName}${buildTypeName.replaceFirstChar { it.uppercaseChar() }}",
        Copy::class.java
    ) {
        dependsOn(swiftBuildTask)

        val generatedJniLibsDir = layout.buildDirectory.dir("generated/jniLibs")
        val swiftSdkBundlePath = getSwiftSdkBundlePath()

        //... само копирование
        duplicatesStrategy = DuplicatesStrategy.INCLUDE
    }
```

# Настройки swift-android.build.gradle.kts

Копирование generated -> libs

```
from(layout.projectDirectory.dir(buildDirectoryFor(arch, isDebug))) {
    include("*.so")
    into(arch.androidAbi)
}

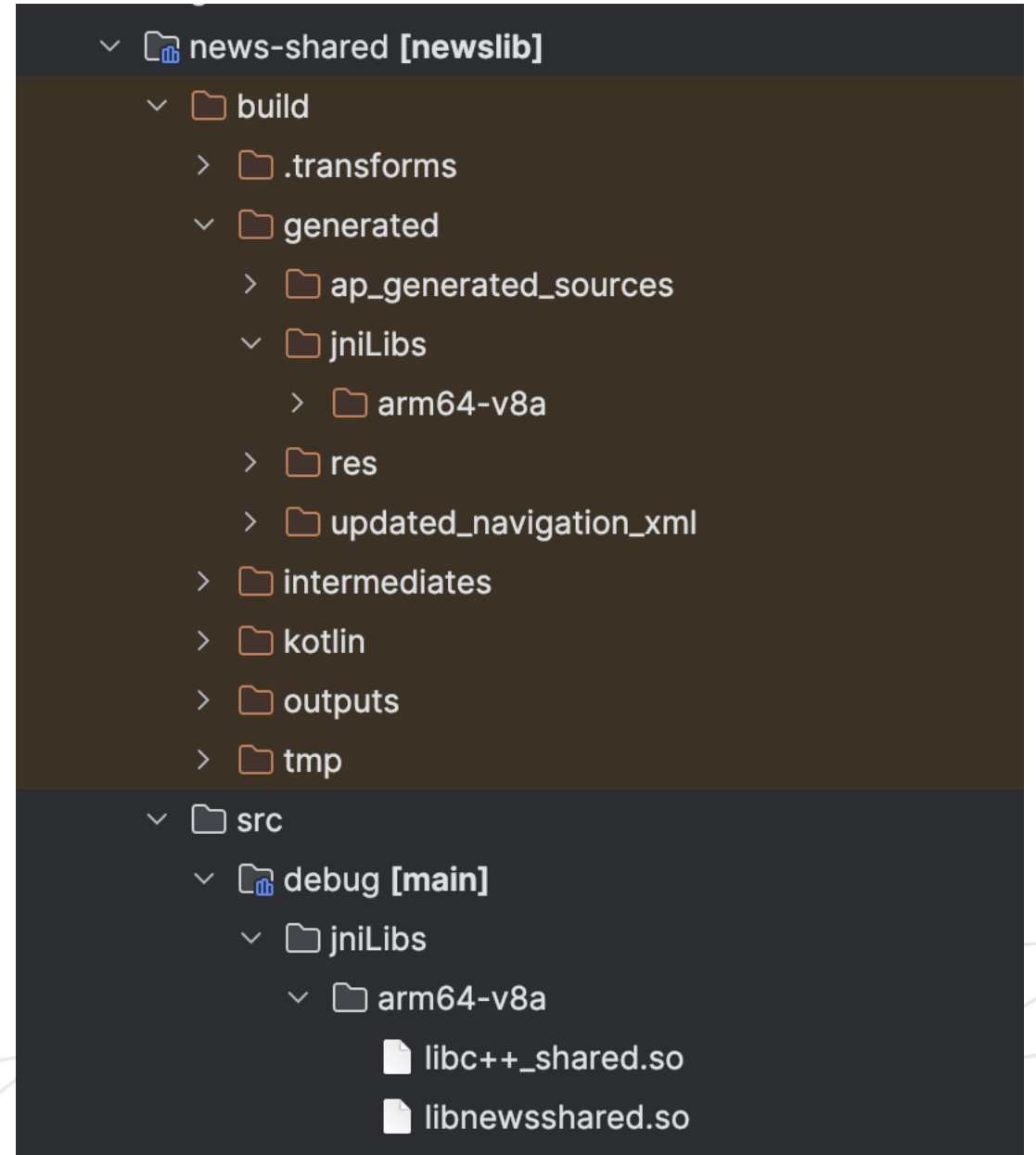
from(file("$swiftSdkBundlePath/ndk-sysroot/usr/lib/${arch.ndkTriple}/libc++_shared.so")) {
    into(arch.androidAbi)
}

from(
    swiftRuntimeLibs.map { libName ->
        "$swiftSdkBundlePath/swift-
resources/usr/lib/${arch.swiftRuntimeDir}/android/lib$libName.so"
    }
) {
    into(arch.androidAbi)
}

into(generatedJniLibsDir)
```

# Настройки swift-android.build.gradle.kts

Копирование generated -> libs



# Настройки build.gradle.kts

Настраиваем пути для исходников

```
sourceSets {  
    getByName("main") {  
        java.srcDir("src/main/swift/.build/plugins/outputs/swift/" +  
            "NewsShared/destination/JExtractSwiftPlugin/src/generated/java")  
        jniLibs.srcDir(layout.buildDirectory.dir("generated/jniLibs"))  
    }  
    getByName("debug") {  
        jniLibs.setSrcDirs(emptyList<String>())  
    }  
    getByName("release") {  
        jniLibs.setSrcDirs(emptyList<String>())  
    }  
}
```

# Настройки build.gradle.kts

Путь к swift-droid.gradle.kts  
org.swift.swiftkit:swiftkit-core

```
apply(from = "../swift-android.gradle.kts")

dependencies {
    implementation(libs.androidx.core.ktx)
    api(libs.swiftkit.core)
}
```

# Настройки swift-java.config

Наименование библиотек  
Режим JNI

```
// swift-java.config
{
  "javaPackage": "ru.azharkova.sampleapp.newslib.swift",
  "nativeLibraryName": "newslib",
  "mode": "jni",
  "asyncFuncMode": "legacyFuture"
}
```

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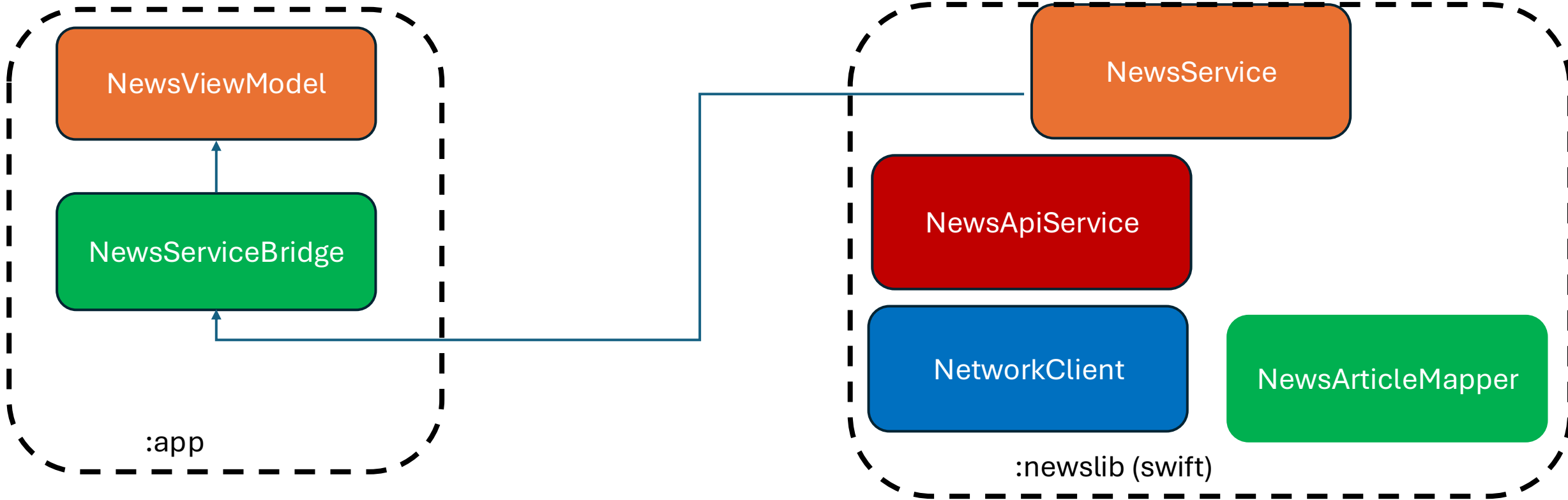
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5 Bridge

6 Решаем проблемы: память и многопоточность

# Структура проекта



# Сетевой клиент для SwiftJava. Транспорт

<https://github.com/swift-server/async-http-client>

SwiftNIO поддерживает Android NDK

## swift-server/**async-http-client**

HTTP client library built on SwiftNIO



65

Contributors

106

Issues

1k

Stars

142

Forks



# Сетевой клиент для SwiftJava. Транспорт

#if os(Android) – для Android-таргета  
#if canImport(Foundation) для  
ios/macOS

```
private static func makeTransport() -> some ClientTransport {  
#if os(Android)  
    return AsyncHttpClientTransport(configuration: .init())  
#else  
    return URLSessionTransport()  
#endif  
}
```

# Сетевой клиент для SwiftJava

Обычный сетевой клиент. Создаем запрос через фабрику транспорта

```
final class NetworkClient {
    private let transport: any NetworkTransport

    init(
        transport: any NetworkTransport = makeTransport()
    ) {
        self.transport = transport
    }

    /// Выполняет запрос и возвращает сырой HTTP-ответ.
    func execute<Request: NetworkRequest>(_ request: Request) async throws -> NetworkResponse {
        let rawRequest = try makeRawRequest(from: request)
        let response = try await transport.execute(rawRequest)
        //

        return response
    }
}
```

# NewsApiService

Вызывает клиент и  
мапперы

```
final class NewsApiService: NewsServicing {
    private let apiKey: String
    private let client: NetworkClient
    private let responseDecoder: NetworkResponseDecoder
    private let articleMapper: NewsArticleMapper
    private let errorMapper: NewsServiceErrorMapper

    func fetchTopHeadlines(country: String) async throws -> [NewsArticle] {
        //...
        do {
            let response = try await client.execute(TopHeadlinesRequest(...))
            let payload = try await responseDecoder.decode(
                NewsAPIResponse.self, from: response.data)

            return payload.articles.map(articleMapper.map)
        } catch {
            throw await errorMapper.map(error)
        }
    }
}
```

# SwiftDroidNewsSample

Полный код смотрите  
здесь



# NewsService

Прокси и основная  
входная точка



```
public final class NewsService {  
    private let service: NewsApiService  
  
    public init(apiKey: String) throws {  
        self.service = try NewsApiService(apiKey: apiKey)  
    }  
  
    public func fetchTopHeadlines(country: String) async throws -> [NewsArticle] {  
        try await service.fetchTopHeadlines(country: country)  
    }  
}
```

# План-капкан

1 Установим и настроим Swift Android SDK

2 Подготовим структуру проекта и `swift-android.build.gradle.kts`

3 SPM модуля логики

4 Сетевой слой и бизнес-логика

5 Bridge

6 Решаем проблемы: память и многопоточность

# NewsServiceBridge. Бридж между app и swift lib

Вызывает Swift-instance  
NewsService

```
class NewsServiceBridge(  
    apiKey: String  
) {  
    // Здесь хранится именно generated Swift instance, а не Kotlin service  
    private val swiftNewsService: NewsService = NewsService.init(apiKey)  
  
    suspend fun fetchTopHeadlines(country: String): List<NewsArticleUi> {  
        val articles = swiftNewsService.fetchTopHeadlines(country).awaitSwift()  
        return articles.map(::toUiArticle)  
    }  
}
```

# NewsViewModel

Обычная Android ViewModel

```
class NewsViewModel(  
    private val apiKey: String = BuildConfig.NEWS_API_KEY,  
    private val country: String = BuildConfig.NEWS_COUNTRY  
) : ViewModel() {  
    private val newsServiceBridge: NewsServiceBridge?  
        //...  
  
    fun refresh() {  
  
        viewModelScope.launch {  
            _uiState.value = _uiState.value.copy(isLoading = true, errorMessage = null)  
  
            val session = newsServiceBridge  
  
            try {  
                val articles = session.fetchTopHeadlines(country = country)  
                _uiState.value = NewsUiState(articles = articles)  
            } catch (throwable: Throwable) {...}  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# NewsViewModel

Обычная Android ViewModel

НЕ СОБЕРЕТСЯ

```
class NewsViewModel(  
    private val apiKey: String = BuildConfig.NEWS_API_KEY,  
    private val country: String = BuildConfig.NEWS_COUNTRY  
) : ViewModel() {  
    private val newsServiceBridge: NewsServiceBridge?  
        //...  
  
    fun refresh() {  
  
        viewModelScope.launch {  
            _uiState.value = _uiState.value.copy(isLoading = true, errorMessage = null)  
  
            val session = newsServiceBridge  
  
            try {  
                val articles = session.fetchTopHeadlines(country = country)  
                _uiState.value = NewsUiState(articles = articles)  
            } catch (throwable: Throwable) {...}  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# План-капкан

1 Установим и настроим Swift Android SDK

2 Подготовим структуру проекта и `swift-android.build.gradle.kts`

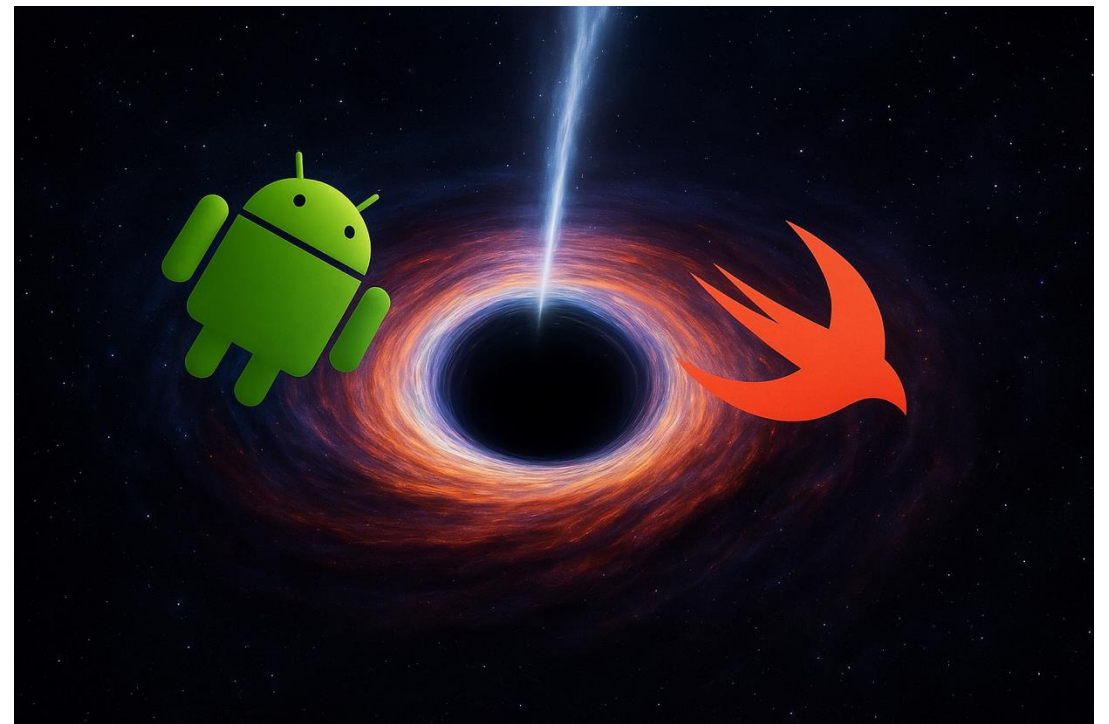
3 SPM модуля логики

4 Сетевой слой и бизнес-логика

5 Bridge

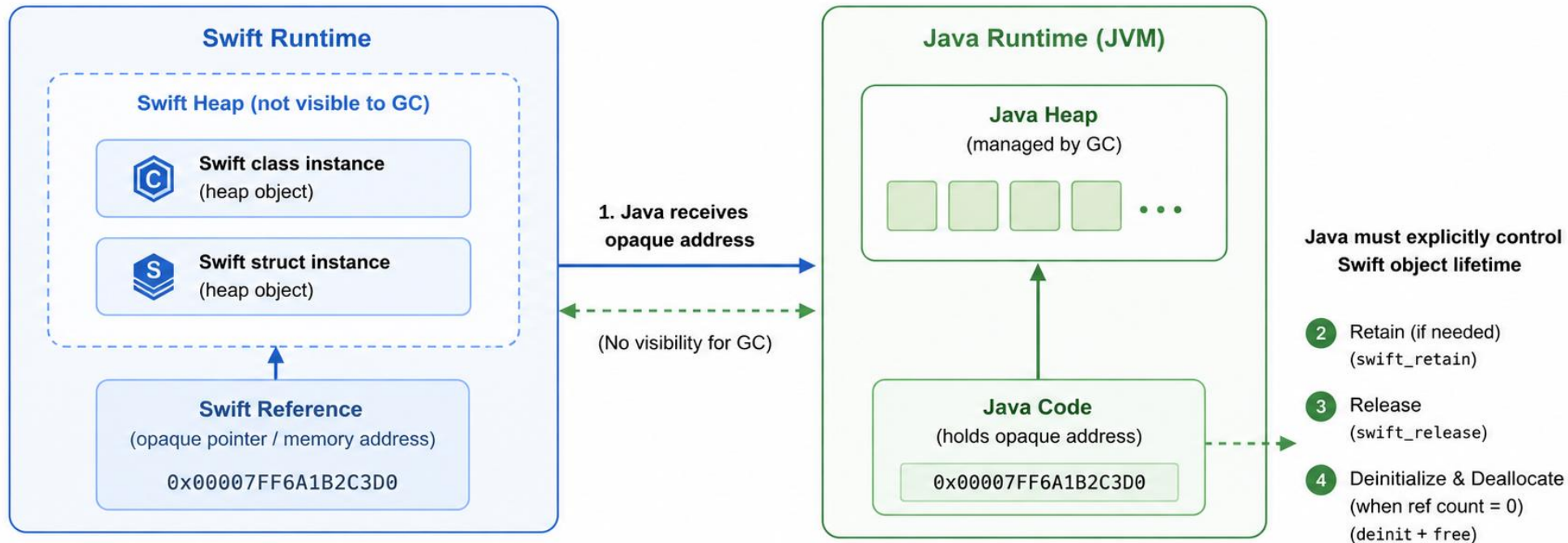
6 Решаем проблемы: память и многопоточность

# Проработаем проблемы



# Проблема. Управление памятью

- Java GC не видит Swift классы и структуры в Swift-куче

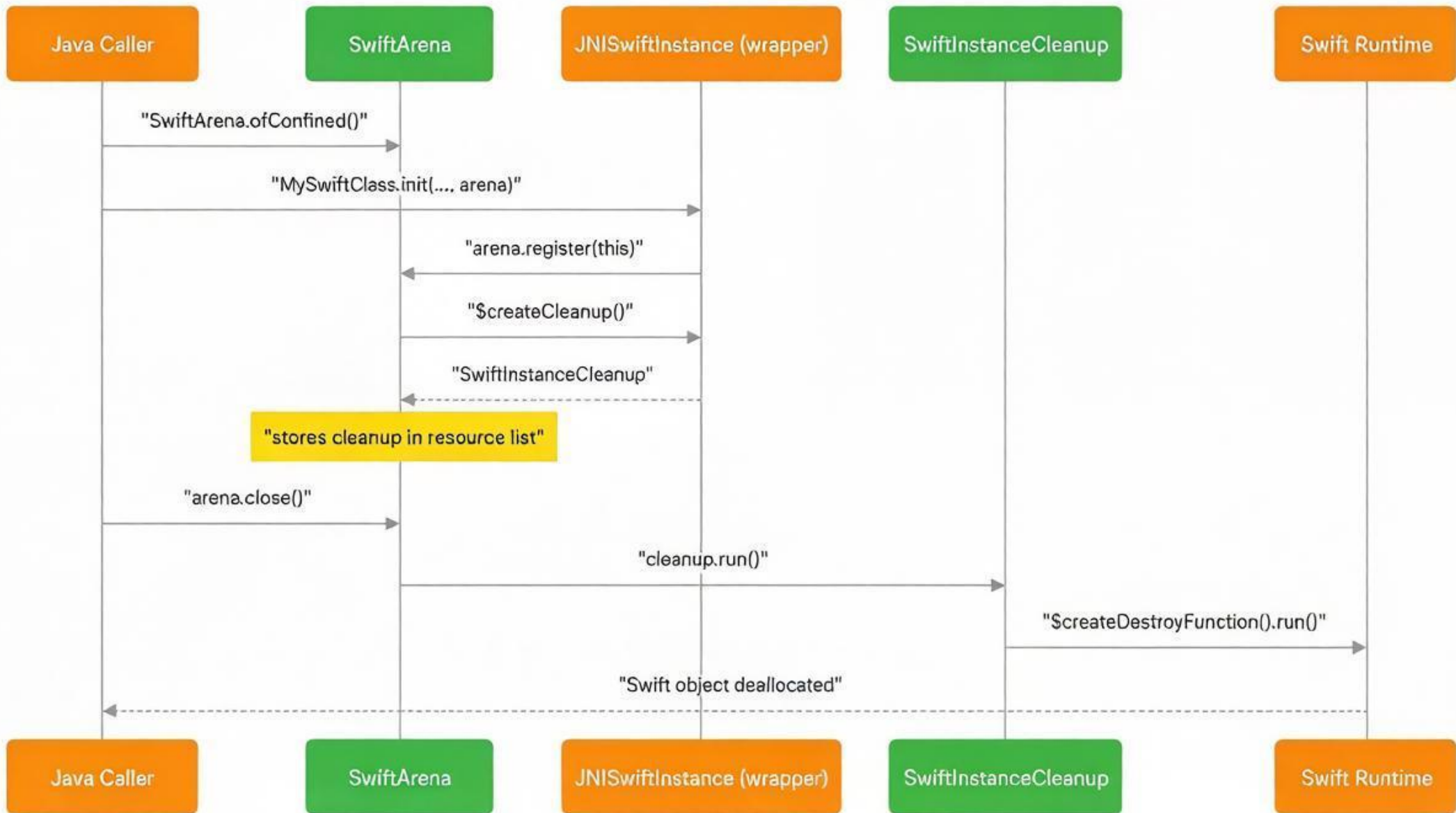


- 1 Swift object is allocated on the Swift heap.
- 2 Java code receives an opaque memory address (pointer) to the Swift object.
- 3 The object is not visible to the Java GC.
- 4 Java must explicitly manage the lifetime: retain if needed, release when done.

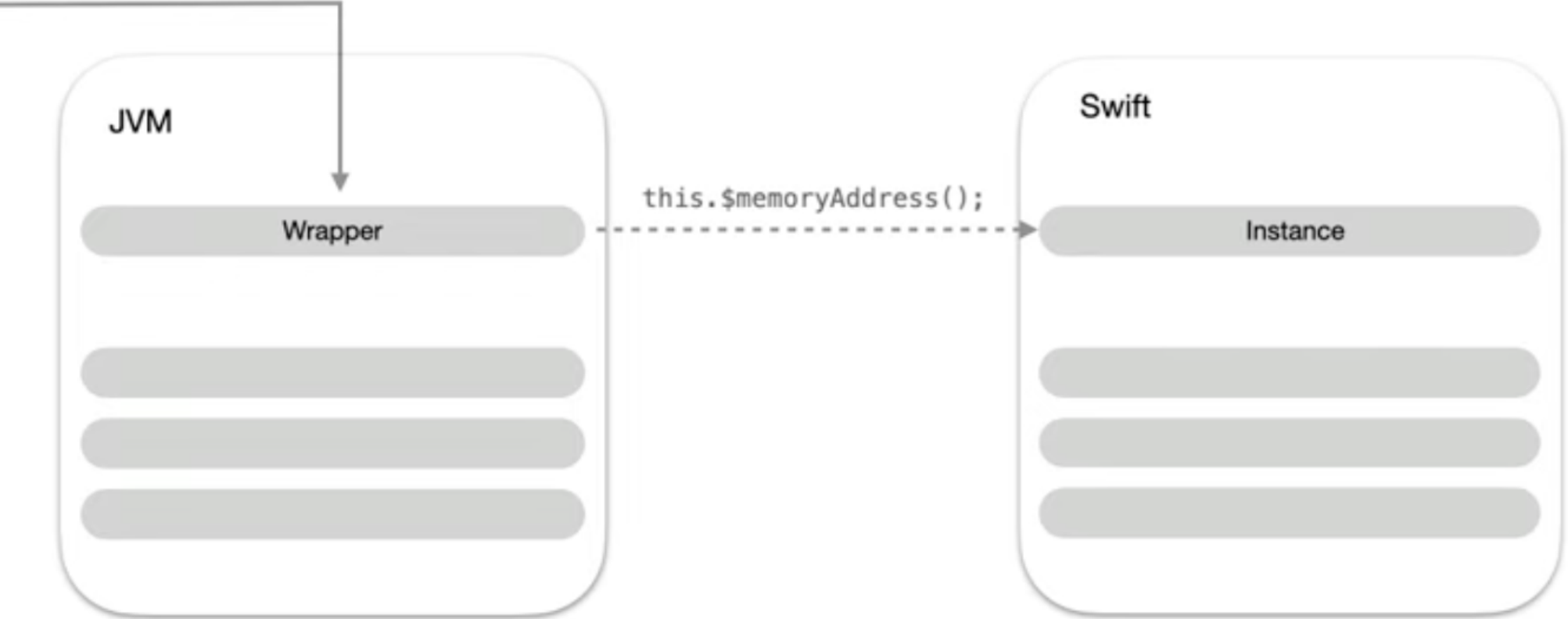
## Legend

- ▶ Pass opaque address
- - -▶ No visibility for GC
- ..... Explicit lifetime management
- Swift memory (not in GC)
- Java memory (GC managed)

# Quake 3: SwiftArena



# Quake 3: SwiftArena



# Quake 3. SwiftArena

Интерфейс / Класс	Ответственность	Жизненный цикл
ClosableSwiftArena	Расширяет SwiftArena и AutoCloseable для использования try-with-resources.	Явный (close())
ConfinedSwiftMemorySession	ClosableSwiftArena отслеживает ресурсы в списке.	Явный (close())
AutoSwiftMemorySession	SwiftCleaner запускает очистку через GC.	Неявный (GC-driven)
AllocatingSwiftArena	FFM-реализация, объединяющая жизненный цикл Swift с выделением MemorySegment FFM.	Явный или GC

# Quake 3. SwiftArena

```
public interface SwiftArena {
    /**
     * Register a Swift object.
     * Its memory should be considered managed by this arena, and be destroyed when the arena is
     closed.
     */
    void register(SwiftInstance instance);

    static ClosableSwiftArena ofConfined() {
        return new ConfinedSwiftMemorySession();
    }

    static SwiftArena ofAuto() {
        ThreadFactory cleanerThreadFactory = r -> new Thread(r, "AutoSwiftArenaCleanerThread");
        return new AutoSwiftMemorySession(cleanerThreadFactory);
    }
}
```

# Quake 3. SwiftArena

```
final class AutoSwiftMemorySession implements SwiftArena {
    private final SwiftCleaner swiftCleaner;

    public AutoSwiftMemorySession(ThreadFactory cleanerThreadFactory) {
        this.swiftCleaner = SwiftCleaner.create(cleanerThreadFactory);
    }

    @Override
    public void register(SwiftInstance instance) {
        Objects.requireNonNull(instance, "value");

        // Гарантируем, что instance не захватится во время очистки,
        // поэтому можем игнорировать предупреждение ниже.
        var cleanupAction = instance.$createCleanup();
        swiftCleaner.register(instance, cleanupAction);
    }
}
```

# Поддержим в коде. JNISwiftInstance

Инициализатор со стороны Java/Kotlin требует передачи SwiftArena

```

// Инстанс Swift
public final class NewsService {

    public init(apiKey: String) {}
}

// JNISwiftInstance
public static NewsService init(java.lang.String apiKey, SwiftArena swiftArena) throws Exception {
    return NewsService.wrapMemoryAddressUnsafe(NewsService.$init(apiKey), swiftArena);
}

```

# Поддержим в коде. JNI SwiftInstance

Если нет привязки к реальной SwiftArena, то запрос объекта по указателю может привести к крашу

```
private NewsService(long selfPointer, SwiftArena swiftArena) {
    SwiftObjects.requireNonZero(selfPointer, "selfPointer");
    this.selfPointer = selfPointer;

    // Only register once we have fully initialized the object since this will need the object
    pointer.
    swiftArena.register(this);
}

public static NewsService wrapMemoryAddressUnsafe(long selfPointer, SwiftArena swiftArena) {
    return new NewsService(selfPointer, swiftArena);
}

public static NewsService wrapMemoryAddressUnsafe(long selfPointer) {
    return new NewsService(selfPointer, SwiftMemoryManagement.DEFAULT_SWIFT_JAVA_AUTO_ARENA);
}
```

# Поддержим в коде

ClosableSwiftArena управляем через  
ViewModel

```
class NewsViewModel(  
    private val swiftArena: ClosableSwiftArena = SwiftArena.ofConfined()  
): ViewModel() {  
  
    private val newsServiceBridge: NewsServiceBridge?  
  
    init {  
        var createdSession: NewsServiceBridge? = null  
        try {  
            createdSession = NewsServiceBridge(  
                swiftArena = swiftArena  
            )  
        } catch (throwable: Throwable) {  
            initializationError = throwable  
        }  
  
        newsServiceBridge = createdSession  
    }  
  
    override fun onCleared() {  
        newsServiceBridge?.close()  
        super.onCleared()  
    }  
}
```

# Поддержим в коде

ClosableSwiftArena управляем через  
ViewModel

```
class NewsViewModel(  
    private val swiftArena: ClosableSwiftArena = SwiftArena.ofConfined()  
) : ViewModel() {  
  
    private val newsServiceBridge: NewsServiceBridge?  
  
    init {  
        var createdSession: NewsServiceBridge? = null  
        try {  
            createdSession = NewsServiceBridge(  
                swiftArena = swiftArena  
            )  
        } catch (throwable: Throwable) {  
            initializationError = throwable  
        }  
  
        newsServiceBridge = createdSession  
    }  
  
    override fun onCleared() {  
        newsServiceBridge?.close()  
        super.onCleared()  
    }  
}
```

# Поддержим в коде. Bridge Autoclosable

Bridge -> Service

Autoclosable

```
class NewsServiceBridge(
    private val swiftArena: ClosableSwiftArena
) : AutoCloseable {
    // Здесь хранится именно generated Swift instance, а не Kotlin service.
    private val swiftNewsService: NewsService = NewsService.init(swiftArena)

    suspend fun fetchTopHeadlines(country: String): List<NewsArticleUi> {
        val articles = swiftNewsService.fetchTopHeadlines(swiftArena).awaitSwift()
        return articles.map(::toUiArticle)
    }

    override fun close() {
        swiftArena.close()
    }
}
```

# Поддержим в коде. Bridge Autoclosable

Bridge -> Service



```
class NewsServiceBridge(
    private val swiftArena: ClosableSwiftArena
) : AutoCloseable {
    // Здесь хранится именно generated Swift instance, а не Kotlin service.
    private val swiftNewsService: NewsService = NewsService.init(swiftArena)

    suspend fun fetchTopHeadlines(country: String): List<NewsArticleUi> {
        val articles = swiftNewsService.fetchTopHeadlines(swiftArena) awaitSwift()
        return articles.map(::toUiArticle)
    }

    override fun close() {
        swiftArena.close()
    }
}
```

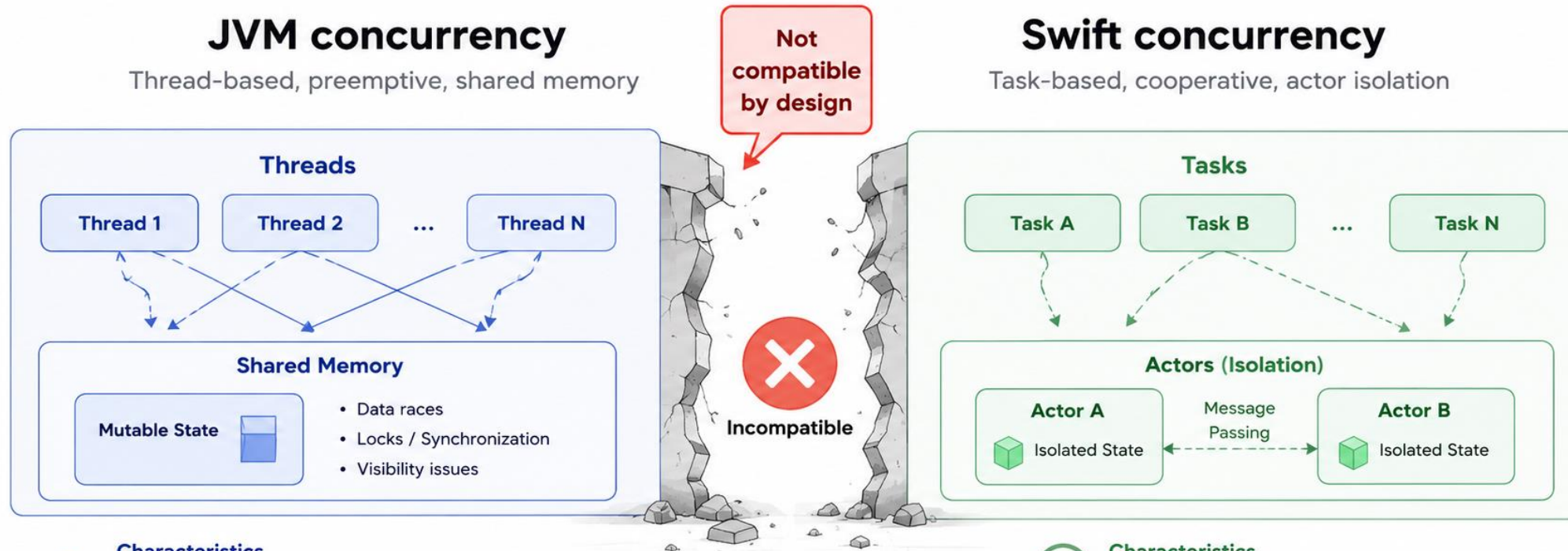
# Поддержим в коде. Очистка

Очистка объекта в памяти (видимый для GC)

```
@Override
public Runnable $createDestroyFunction() {
    long self$ = this.$memoryAddress();
    long selfType$ = this.$typeMetadataAddress();
    if (CallTraces.TRACE_DOWNCALLS) {
        CallTraces.traceDowncall("NewsService.$createDestroyFunction",
            "this", this,
            "self", self$);
    }
    return new Runnable() {
        @Override
        public void run() {
            if (CallTraces.TRACE_DOWNCALLS) {
                CallTraces.traceDowncall("NewsService.$destroy", "self", self$);
            }
            SwiftObjects.destroy(self$, selfType$);
        }
    };
}
```

# Проблема. Поддержка многопоточности

- JVM concurrency изначально не совместима со Swift-concurrency



## Characteristics



- Preemptive multitasking (OS threads)
- Shared mutable state
- Locks, synchronized, volatile
- Hard to reason about

## Why incompatible?



- Different concurrency models
- Different memory and execution semantics
- Threads cannot be mapped to tasks/actors directly
- Blocking & synchronization break cooperative model



## Characteristics

- Cooperative multitasking (structured tasks)
- Actor isolation
- Message passing
- Data-race freedom by design

# Проблема. Поддержка многопоточности

```
@_cdecl("Java_ru_azharkova_sampleapp_sharednews_NewsBridge_fetchTopHeadlinesAsync")
public func newsBridgeFetchTopHeadlinesAsync(
    env: UnsafeMutablePointer<JNIEnv?>?,
    _: jobject?,
    requestId: jlong
) {
    guard let env else {
        return
    }

    // С переключением между потоками
    guard let requestContext = makeNewsJNIAsyncRequestContext(env: env, requestId: requestId) else {
        throwRuntimeException(env: env, message: "Unable to prepare async")
        return
    }

    DispatchQueue.global(.). {
        do {
            let articles = try await loadTopHeadlines()
            dispatchNewsLoadSuccess(requestContext: requestContext,
                articles: articles
            )
        } catch {..}
    }
}
```

# Проблема. Поддержка многопоточности

AttachCurrentThread/DetachCurrentThread

```
private func withAttachedJNIEnv(  
    javaVM: UnsafeMutablePointer<JavaVM?>,  
    _ body: (UnsafeMutablePointer<JNIEnv?>) -> Void  
) {  
    var attachedEnv: UnsafeMutablePointer<JNIEnv?>?  
    let attachStatus = javaVM.pointee?.pointee.AttachCurrentThread(javaVM, &attachedEnv, nil) ??  
JNI_ERR  
    guard attachStatus == JNI_OK, let attachedEnv else {  
        return  
    }  
  
    body(attachedEnv)  
    _ = javaVM.pointee?.pointee.DetachCurrentThread(javaVM)  
}
```

# Проблема. Поддержка многопоточности

AttachCurrentThread/DetachCurrentThread – напоминает DetachedGraph Kotlin Native

```
//Sample from Supranatural
fun <T, V> execute(jobInput: T, job: (T) -> V): Future<V> {
    val deferred = DeferredFuture<V>()
    val detached = DetachedObjectGraph { Triple(jobInput, job, deferred)
        .toImmutable() }.asCPointer()

    dispatch_async_f(dispatch_get_main_queue(), detached, staticCFunction {
        it: COpaquePointer? ->

        val attached = DetachedObjectGraph<Triple<T, (T) -> V,
            DeferredFuture<V>>>(it).attach()
        val result = attached.second(attached.first)
        attached.third.setValue(result)
    })
    return deferred
}
```

# Проблема. Поддержка многопоточности

## DispatchWorkItem

```
@_cdecl("Java_org_example_helloswift_MainActivity_startTicks")
public func MainActivity_startTicks(env: UnsafeMutablePointer<JNIEnv?>, this: jobject) {
    guard let globalRef = env.pointee!.pointee.NewGlobalRef(env, this) else { return }
    guard let cls = env.pointee!.pointee.GetObjectClass(env, this) else { return }
    defer { env.pointee!.pointee.DeleteLocalRef(env, cls) }
    guard let mid = env.pointee!.pointee.GetMethodID(env, cls, "updateTimer", "()V") else { return }

    let activityHandle = JGlobalObject(ref: globalRef)
    let methodHandle = JMethodID(id: mid)

    queue.async {
        workItem?.cancel()
        workItem = DispatchWorkItem {
            getEnvForCurrentThread { env in
                env?.pointee!.pointee.CallVoidMethodA(env, activityHandle.ref, methodHandle.id, nil)
            }
            if let workItem = workItem, workItem.isCancelled == false {
                queue.asyncAfter(deadline: .now() + 1, execute: workItem)
            }
        }
        queue.async(execute: workItem!)
    }
}
```

# CompletableFuture <-> Async/await

<https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java/blob/main/Sources/SwiftJavaDocumentation/Documentation.docc/SupportedFeatures.md>

Async function mode: **completable-future** (default)

In this mode `async` functions in Swift are extracted as Java methods returning a `java.util.concurrent.CompletableFuture`. This mode gives the most flexibility and should be preferred if your platform supports **CompletableFuture**.

# CompletableFuture <-> Async/await

<https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java/blob/main/Sources/SwiftJavaDocumentation/Documentation.docc/SupportedFeatures.md>

Поддержка включается в конфиге

```
// swift-java.config
{
  "javaPackage": "ru.azharkova.sampleapp.newslib.swift",
  "nativeLibraryName": "newslib",
  "mode": "jni",
  "asyncFuncMode": "legacyFuture"
}
```

# CompletableFuture <-> Async/await

Насыплем сахарку

```
private suspend fun <T> Future<T>.awaitSwift(): T = withContext(Dispatchers.IO) {  
    get()  
}
```

```
suspend fun fetchTopHeadlines(country: String): List<NewsArticleUi> {  
    val articles = swiftNewsService.fetchTopHeadlines(country, swiftArena).awaitSwift()  
    return articles.map(::toUiArticle)  
}
```

# CompletableFuture <-> Async/await

Async/await Swift автоматически переводится в CompletableFuture

```
public java.util.concurrent.Future<NewsArticle[]> fetchTopHeadlines(java.lang.String country,
SwiftArena swiftArena) {
    org.swift.swiftkit.core.SimpleCompletableFuture<long[]> future$ = new
org.swift.swiftkit.core.SimpleCompletableFuture<long[]>();
    NewsService.$fetchTopHeadlines(country, this.$memoryAddress(), future$);
    return future$.thenApply((futureResult$) -> {
        return Arrays.stream(futureResult$).mapToObj((pointer) -> {
            return NewsArticle.wrapMemoryAddressUnsafe(pointer, swiftArena);
        } // render(_:_:) @ JExtractSwiftLib/JNISwift2JavaGenerator+JavaTranslation.swift:2024
    ).toArray(NewsArticle[]::new);
} // render(_:_:) @ JExtractSwiftLib/JNISwift2JavaGenerator+JavaTranslation.swift:2024
);
}
```

# План-капкан

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2 Подготовим структуру проекта и `swift-android.build.gradle.kts`

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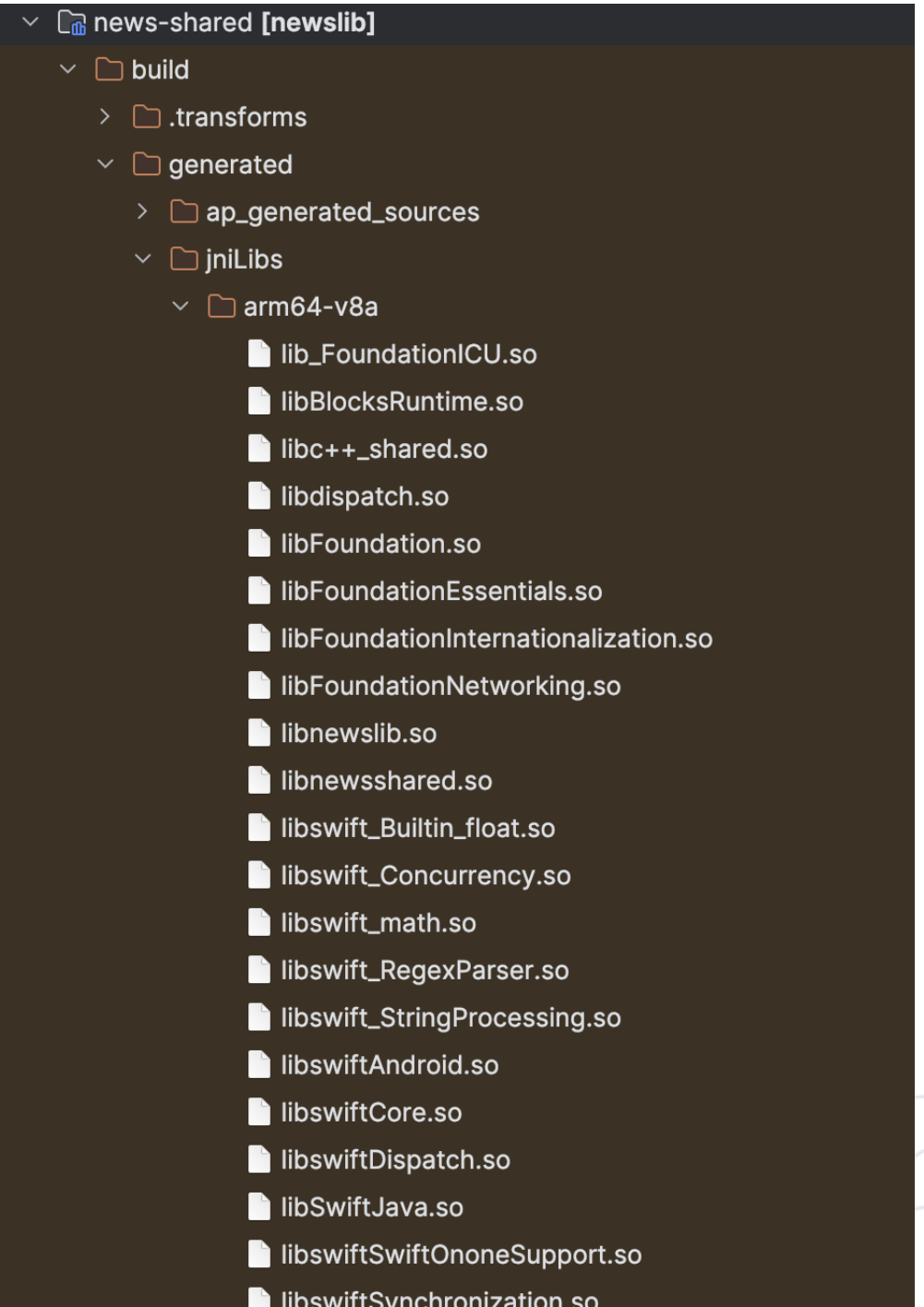
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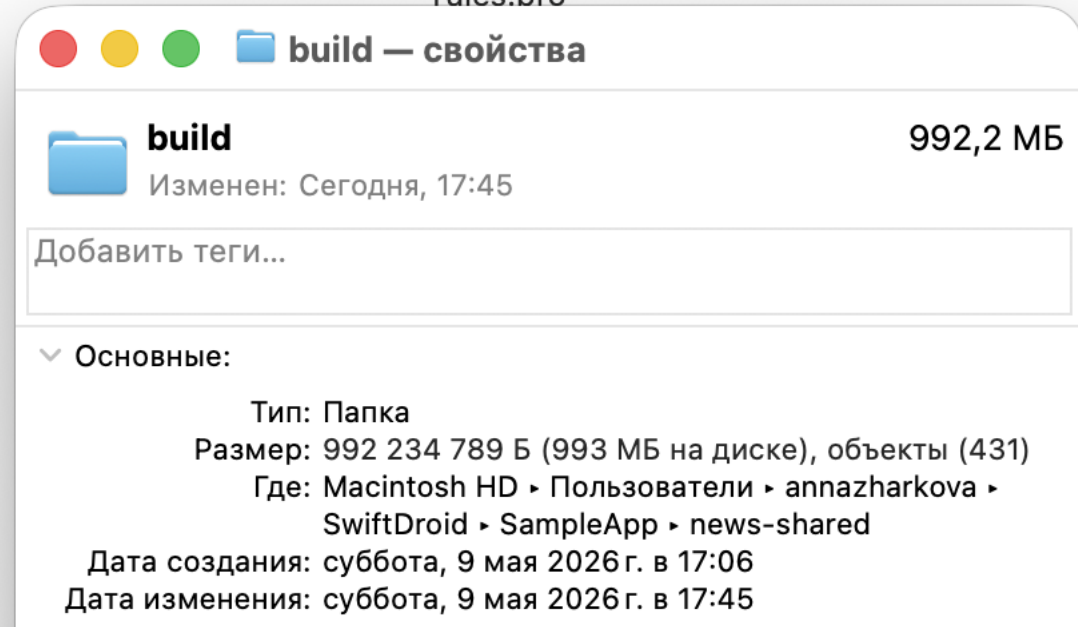
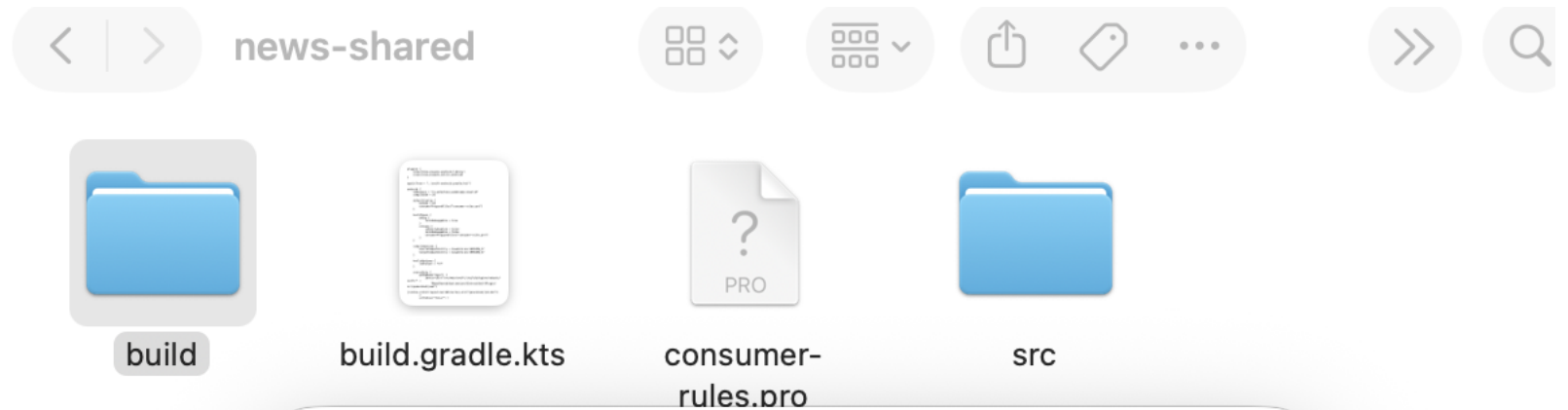
# Запускаем билд

- Сгенерированные компоненты



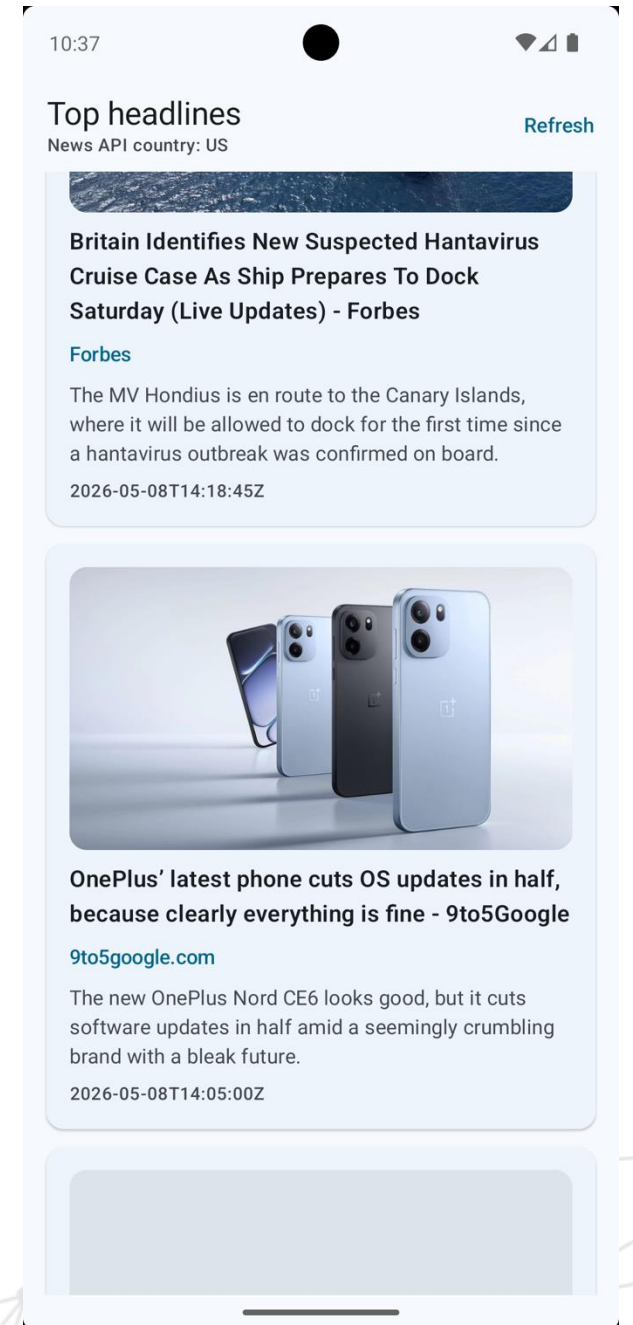
# Сгенерировалось

- Что-то много

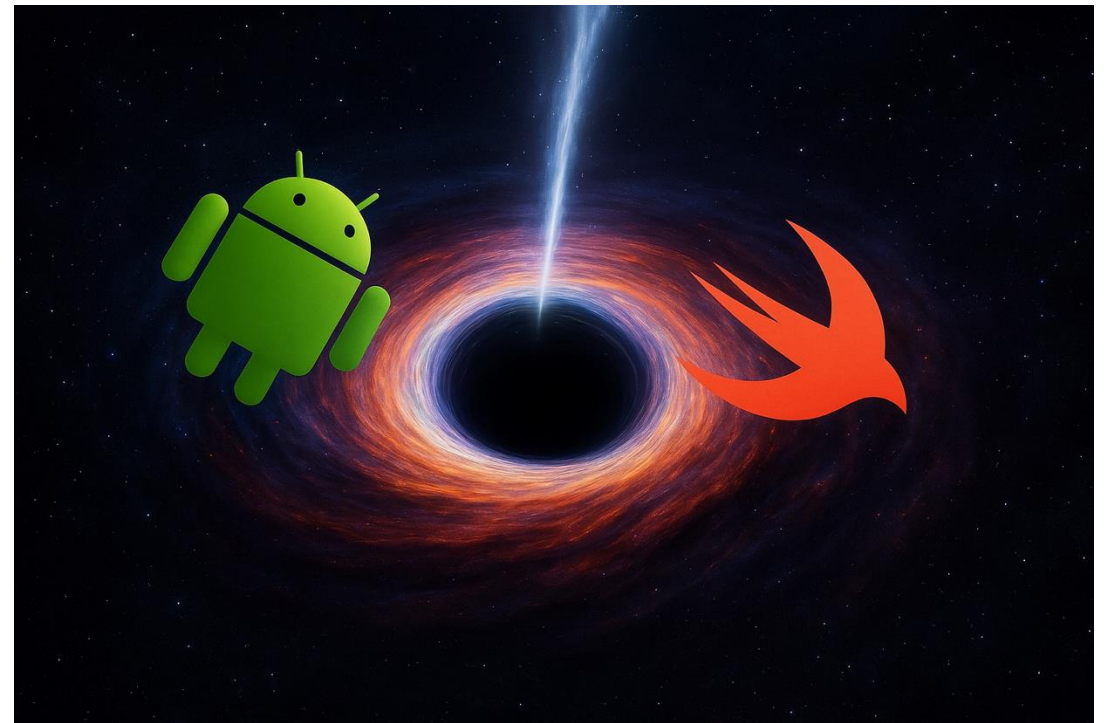


# Проверяем результат

<https://gitverse.ru/azharkova/swift-droid-news-sample>



# Забыли про UI



# UI для такого приложения

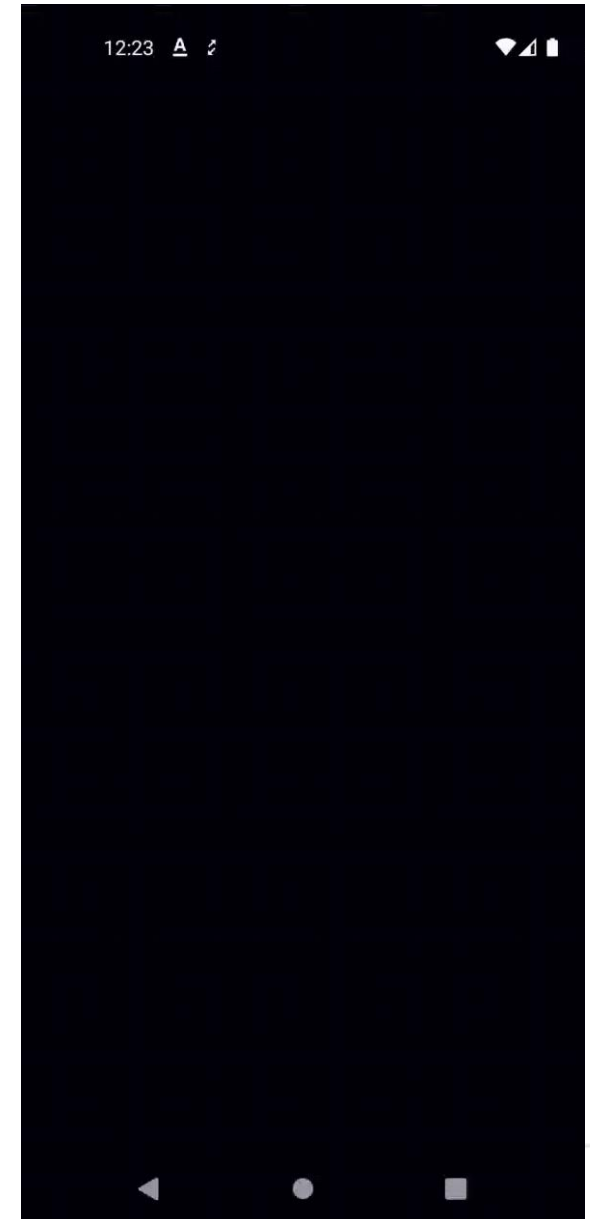
- UI нативный
- Skip Tools
- NDK Activity



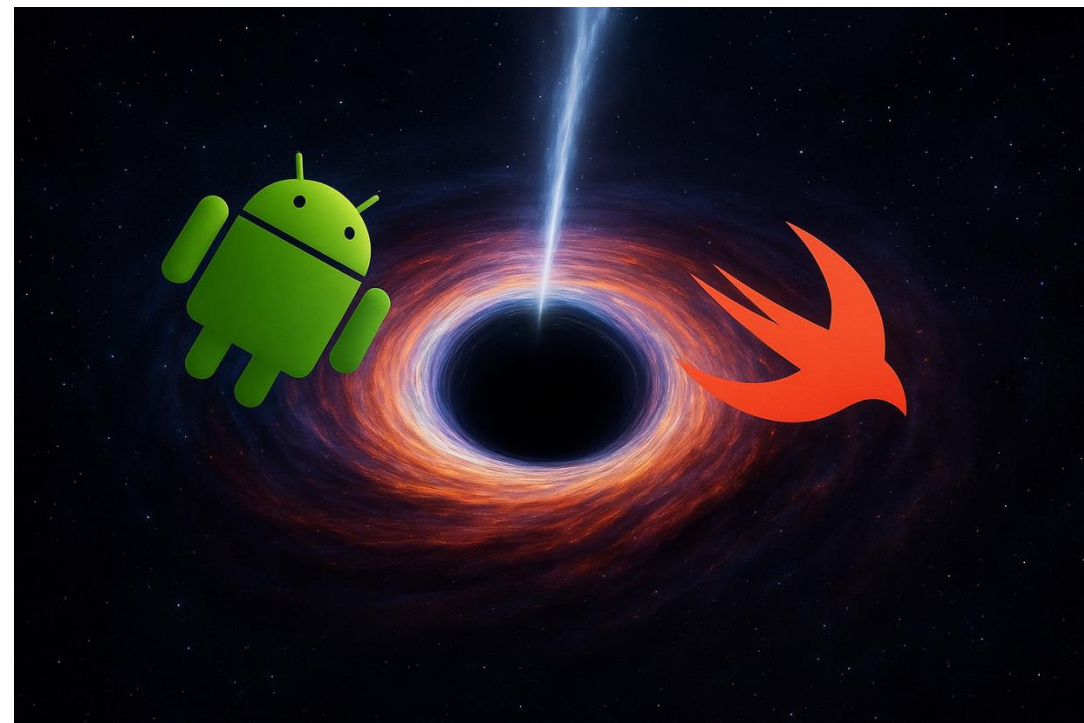
# UI для такого приложения

- NDK Activity

C++ -> JNI -> Swift -> Android



# Подведем итог



# Swift Android SDK. Для чего

- Just for fun, пет-проекты, эксперименты, улучшение технологии...
- Расширение существующего iOS приложения на Android

# Swift Android SDK. Когда не стоит

- Новый проект кросс-платформенного приложения – KMP, Flutter
- Серьезный большой проект (с CI/CD, Unit-тестами, UI-тестами...) - натив



# Swift Android SDK. Что ожидаем

- Полная поддержка Async/await для Android
- Кросс-компиляция и поддержка тестов
- Расширение для VSCode
- <https://github.com/orgs/swiftlang/projects/17/views/1>

# Список полезных источников

<https://www.swift.org/documentation/articles/swift-sdk-for-android-getting-started.html>

<https://www.swift.org/blog/nightly-swift-sdk-for-android/>

<https://deepwiki.com/swiflang/swift-java/>

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/21/core/foreign-function-and-memory-api.html>

<https://github.com/swiflang/swift-android-examples>

<https://gitverse.ru/azharkova/swift-droid-news-sample>

<https://github.com/swiflang/swift-java>



# Спасибо за внимание!



@anioutkajarkova



azharkova  
prettygeeknotes