

DOTNEXT

The new inter-language interoperability in .NET 5 and .NET 6



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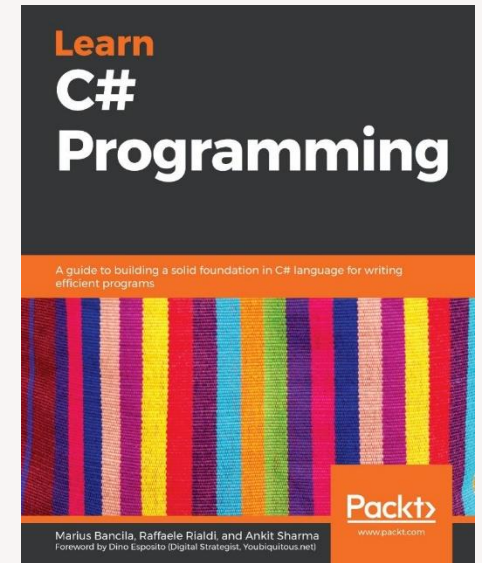


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Who am I?



- Raffaele Rialdi, Senior Software Architect in Vevy Europe – Italy
 - @raffaeler also known as "Raf"
- Consultant in many industries
 - Manufacturing, racing, healthcare, financial, ...
- Speaker and Trainer around the globe
 - Italy, Romania, Bulgaria, Russia, USA, ...
- Proud member of the great Microsoft MVP family since 2003



in·ter·op·er·a·bil·ity

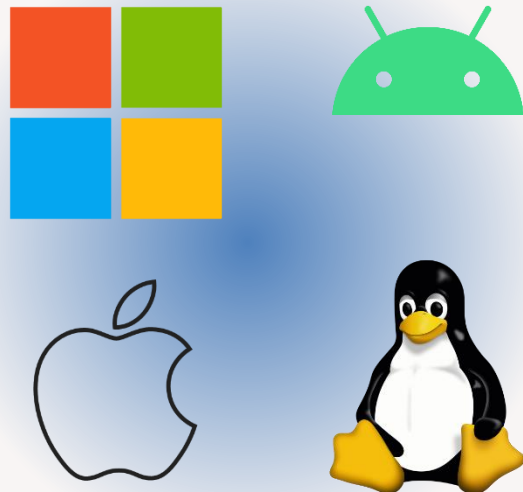
« the ability of computer systems or software
to exchange and make use of information »

definition by
Oxford Languages

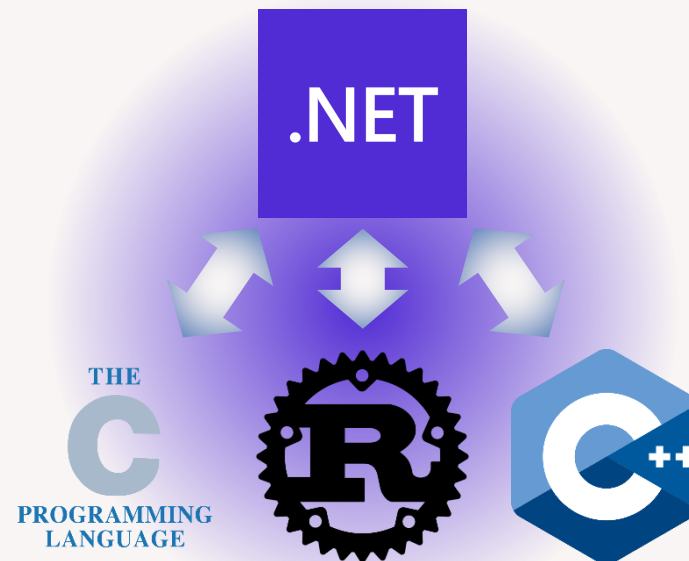
ability to make a call

marshalling data

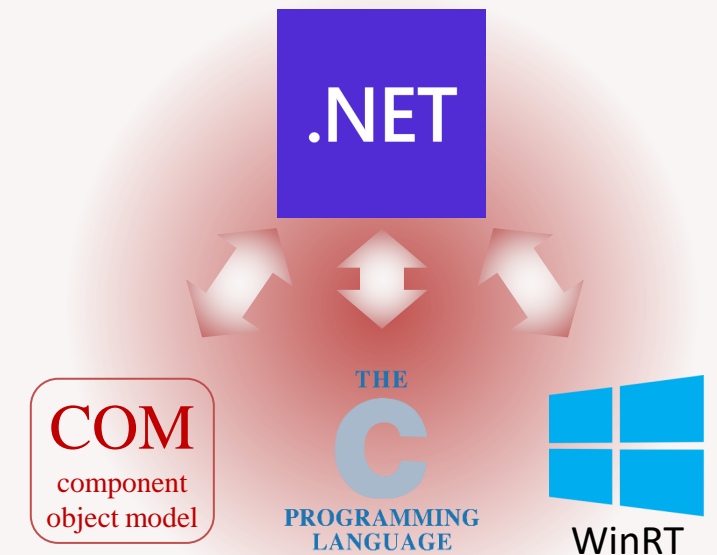
Variety of OS'es



Variety of Languages



Three ABIs



Agenda

- Many interoperability mechanisms
 - Managed to Native
 - Native to managed
- Discuss the marshalling machinery
- Hosting managed code from C++ and Rust
- Code generators

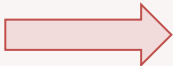
From ABI to Metadata


- The Application Binary Interface is the lower level boundary
 - It is the contract defining how two binaries could call each other
- For historical reasons, the "C exports" are popular
 - Weak contract, just defining how to pass the parameters on the stack
 - This is why PInvokes are difficult to write
- This is why we need metadata: for example IDL (now version 3)
 - **buffer size, array length, in/out/ref, ...**





Which metadata should we use?

- None is an option
 - You just write the PInvoke declarations by hand
- COM is still an option
 - Work-in-progress to use its ABI on Linux/Mac for interoperability purposes
 - Uses the older version of IDL (version 1)
- WinRT currently is Windows only
 - A new version of IDL (version 3) is compiled into ".winmd"
 - Winmd are ECMA-335 metadata which is the official standard defining the .NET CLI
 - You can inspect winmd files with ILSpy (no implementation of course)
- Win32 metadata definition (produce winmd)
 - <https://github.com/microsoft/win32metadata> (you won't use this directly)
 - Metadata for all the Win32 API (will be announced at #build2021)

Metadata to C-Language ABI Projections

- The goal of the projections is generating code to **provide access** to the **boundary** in the **most natural way** for each language.
- Projections using the C-Language / PInvoke ABI
 - C# (source generator) <https://github.com/microsoft/cswin32>
 - C# (pre-generated) <https://github.com/dotnet/pinvoke> 
 - C++ <https://github.com/microsoft/cppwin32>
 - Rust <https://github.com/retep998/winapi-rs>
 - Dart <https://github.com/timsneath/win32>

Pre-generated
Win32 PInvoke declarations
on NuGet 

Library	Package name	NuGet	Description
advapi32.dll	PInvoke.AdvApi32	 v0.7.104 • 60.9k	Windows Advanced Services
bcrypt.dll	PInvoke.BCrypt	 v0.7.104 • 3.89k	Windows Cryptography API: Next Generation
cabinet.dll	PInvoke.Cabinet	 v0.7.104 • 1.4k	Cabinet API Functions
cfgmgr32.dll	PInvoke.CfgMgr32	 v0.7.104 • 1.1k	Device and Driver Installation
crypt32.dll	PInvoke.Crypt32	 v0.7.104 • 19.3k	Windows Cryptography API
DwmApi.dll	PInvoke.DwmApi	 v0.7.104 • 14.6k	Desktop Window Manager
fusion.dll	PInvoke.Fusion	 v0.7.104 • 12.2k	.NET Framework Fusion
gdi32.dll	PInvoke.Gdi32	 v0.7.104 • 21.6k	Windows Graphics Device Interface
hid.dll	PInvoke.Hid	 v0.7.104 • 16.8k	Windows Human Interface Devices
iphlpapi.dll	PInvoke.IPHlpApi	 v0.7.104 • 548	IP Helper
kernel32.dll	PInvoke.Kernel32	 v0.7.104 • 4.04k	Windows Kernel API
magnification.dll	PInvoke.Magnification	 v0.7.104 • 6.8k	Windows Magnification API
mscorlib.dll	PInvoke.MSCorEE	 v0.7.104 • 14.6k	.NET Framework CLR host
msi.dll	PInvoke.Msi	 v0.7.104 • 13.3k	Microsoft Installer
ncrypt.dll	PInvoke.NCrypt	 v0.7.104 • 3.98k	Windows Cryptography API: Next Generation
netapi32.dll	PInvoke.NetApi32	 v0.7.104 • 10.8k	Network Management
newdev.dll	PInvoke.NewDev	 v0.7.104 • 1.1k	Device and Driver Installation
ntdll.dll	PInvoke.NTDLL	 v0.7.104 • 16.2k	Windows NTDLL
psapi.dll	PInvoke.Psapi	 v0.7.104 • 15.1k	Windows Process Status API
setupapi.dll	PInvoke.SetupApi	 v0.7.104 • 18.8k	Windows setup API
SHCore.dll	PInvoke.SHCore	 v0.7.104 • 10.6k	Windows Shell
shell32.dll	PInvoke.Shell32	v0.7.104 • 25.2k	Windows Shell
user32.dll	PInvoke.User32	v0.7.104 • 74.9k	Windows User Interface
userenv.dll	PInvoke.Userenv	v0.7.104 • 14.0k	Windows User Environment
uxtheme.dll	PInvoke.UxTheme	v0.7.104 • 14.8k	Windows Visual Styles
winusb.dll	PInvoke.WinUsb	v0.7.104 • 1.1k	USB Driver
WtsApi32.dll	PInvoke.WtsApi32	v0.7.104 • 9.4k	Windows Remote Desktop Services

Calling the Win32 APIs from .NET

~~http://pinvoke.net/~~

- Option 1: Add one of the NuGet packages created by:
<https://github.com/dotnet/pinvoke>

(many more)

Library	Package name	NuGet	Description
advapi32.dll	PInvoke.AdvApi32	 nuget v0.7.104 · 50.5k	Windows Advanced Services
bcrypt.dll	PInvoke.BCrypt	 nuget v0.7.104 · 3.89m	Windows Cryptography API: Next Generation
cabinet.dll	PInvoke.Cabinet	 nuget v0.7.104 · 1.4k	Cabinet API Functions
cfgmgr32.dll	PInvoke.CfgMgr32	 nuget v0.7.104 · 1.1k	Device and Driver Installation
crypt32.dll	PInvoke.Crypt32	 nuget v0.7.104 · 19.3k	Windows Cryptography API
DwmApi.dll	PInvoke.DwmApi	 nuget v0.7.104 · 14.6k	Desktop Window Manager

- Option 2 : Let a C# source generator create the PInvoke for you

```
<PackageReference Include="Microsoft.Windows.CsWin32" Version="0.1.378-beta">  
  <PrivateAssets>all</PrivateAssets>  
  <IncludeAssets>runtime; build; native; contentfiles; analyzers; buildtransitive</IncludeAssets>  
</PackageReference>
```


.NET projections accessing Windows WinRT API



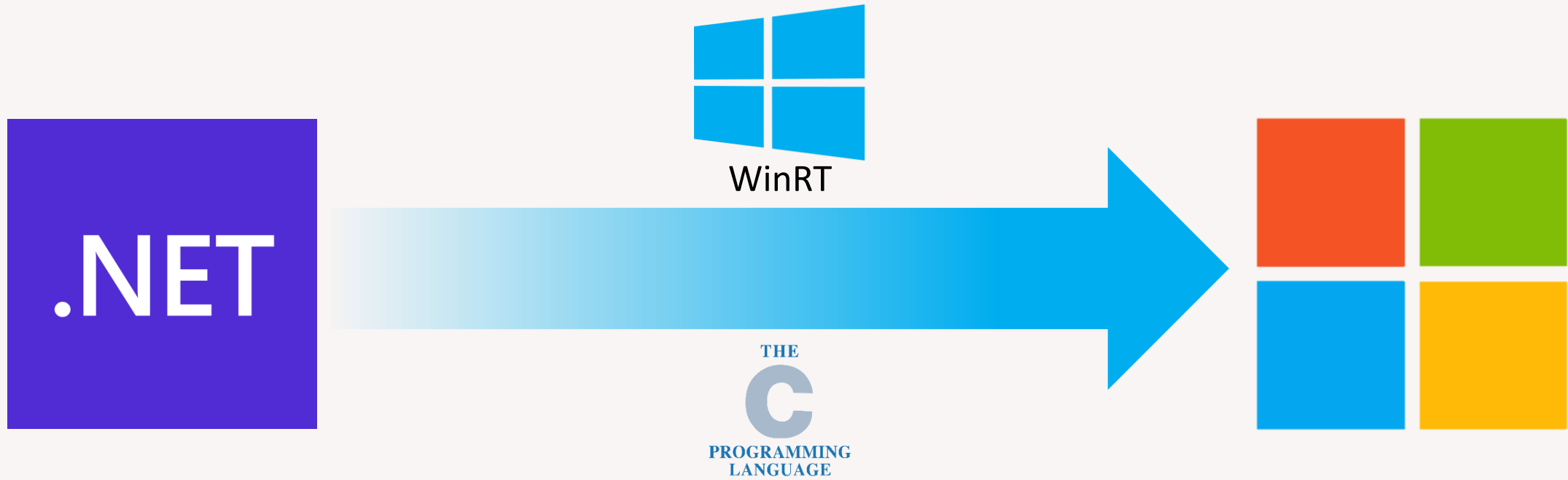
- We can natively reference a Windows SDK
 - All the required interoperability code is automatically available

```
<PropertyGroup>  
  <OutputType>Exe</OutputType>  
  <TargetFramework>net5.0-windows10.0.19041.0</TargetFramework>  
  <SupportedOSPlatform>windows7</SupportedOSPlatform>  
</PropertyGroup>
```

.NET + Windows SDK versions

Minimum OS Version at runtime

- This is possible from any Windows application
 - Windows Forms, WPF or Console included
- The same technology is used by WinUI and the new WebView (Edge based on Chromium)



Demo: WindowsAPI

.NET exe application accessing a Win32 and WinRT APIs on Windows

Accessing custom components

- PInvoke
 - Currently required for code running cross-platform
 - Declarations written by hand or using 3rd party generators
 - Microsoft is working to generate these declarations as well
- WinRT: currently available projection generators:
 - C# (producer and consumer) <https://github.com/microsoft/cswinrt>
 - C++ (producer and consumer) <https://github.com/microsoft/cppwinrt>
 - Rust (consumer) <https://github.com/microsoft/windows-rs>
 - Python (very experimental, only official WinRT API)
 - <https://github.com/microsoft/xlang/tree/master/src/tool/python>

Consuming WinRT C++ components

- The best replacement for C++/CLI
- On the C++ side CppWinRT
 - Use only ISO standard C++ language
 - VS Extension: <https://marketplace.visualstudio.com/items?itemName=CplusplusWinRTTeam.cppwinrt101804264>
 - Use the C++/WinRT component template
- On the .NET side CsWinRT
 - Create a zero-code project and add a reference to the C++ component
 - CsWinRT will generate the projection code for you <https://github.com/microsoft/CsWinRT/>
 - Rich interop: objects, methods, properties, events, async, ...
 - Performant: leverage the latest .NET "calli" opcode and function pointers



Demo: ManagedWinRT

.NET exe application accessing a C++ custom component using WinRT on Windows

Inverting the actors: C++ calling .NET using WinRT

- CsWinRT allows exposing a class library as WinRT component
- C++ starts the process and **automatically host the CLR**
- Must be packaged as nuget to include three Microsoft libraries
- The C++ client must:

1. Ship a json file with the .NET runtime version



```
{ "runtimeOptions": {  
  "tfm": "net5.0",  
  "rollForward": "LatestMinor",  
  "framework": {  
    "name": "Microsoft.NETCore.App",  
    "version": "5.0.0" } } }
```

2. Add a manifest with the list of activatable classes



```
<activatableClass  
  name="ManagedComponent.QueryCatalog"  
  threadingModel="both"  
  xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:winrt.v1" />
```



Demo: WinRTNativeHosting

C++ exe application accessing a .NET component using WinRT on Windows

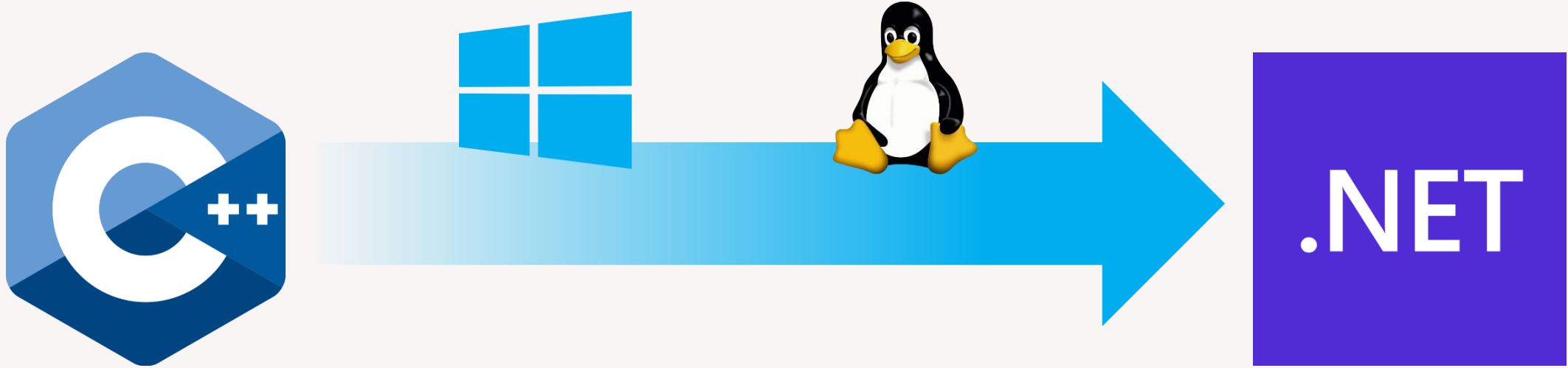


Demo: WinRTNativeHosting

Rust exe application accessing a .NET component using WinRT on Windows

What about going cross-platform?

- The only current solution is PInvoke and **Reverse PInvoke**
- Marshaling option 1 (less burden)
 - A static .NET method is exposed to the native world
 - We use Marshal attributes to obtain automatic Marshaling
- Marshaling option 2 (more perf)
 - `[UnmanagedCallersOnly(CallConvs = new[] { typeof(CallConvCdecl) })]`
 - Use only blittable types and **manually** Marshal the parameters
 - `Span<T>`, `Memory<T>`, `MemoryMarshal`, `Unsafe` are your friends



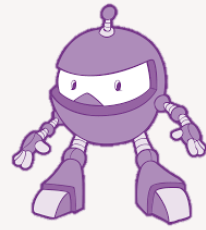
Demo: NativeHosting

C++ exe application accessing .NET methods using Reverse PInvoke cross-platform

Conclusion

- Trivial cases of accessing Win32 and WinRT APIs work great!
- PInvoke generation for custom libraries is coming from MS
- Complex cases should be addressed case by case
 - Clang compiler provides a C++ parser library
 - You can create your own metadata and use Roslyn to generate the interop code
- Damn complex use-case: NodeJS hosting/calling .NET
 - <https://github.com/raffaeler/xcore> (my own project, presentation only)

Questions?



Thank you!

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