Java-Swift interop vs Kotlin-Swift export. Путь к сингулярности

Анна Жаркова
Lead Mobile developer

Обо мне

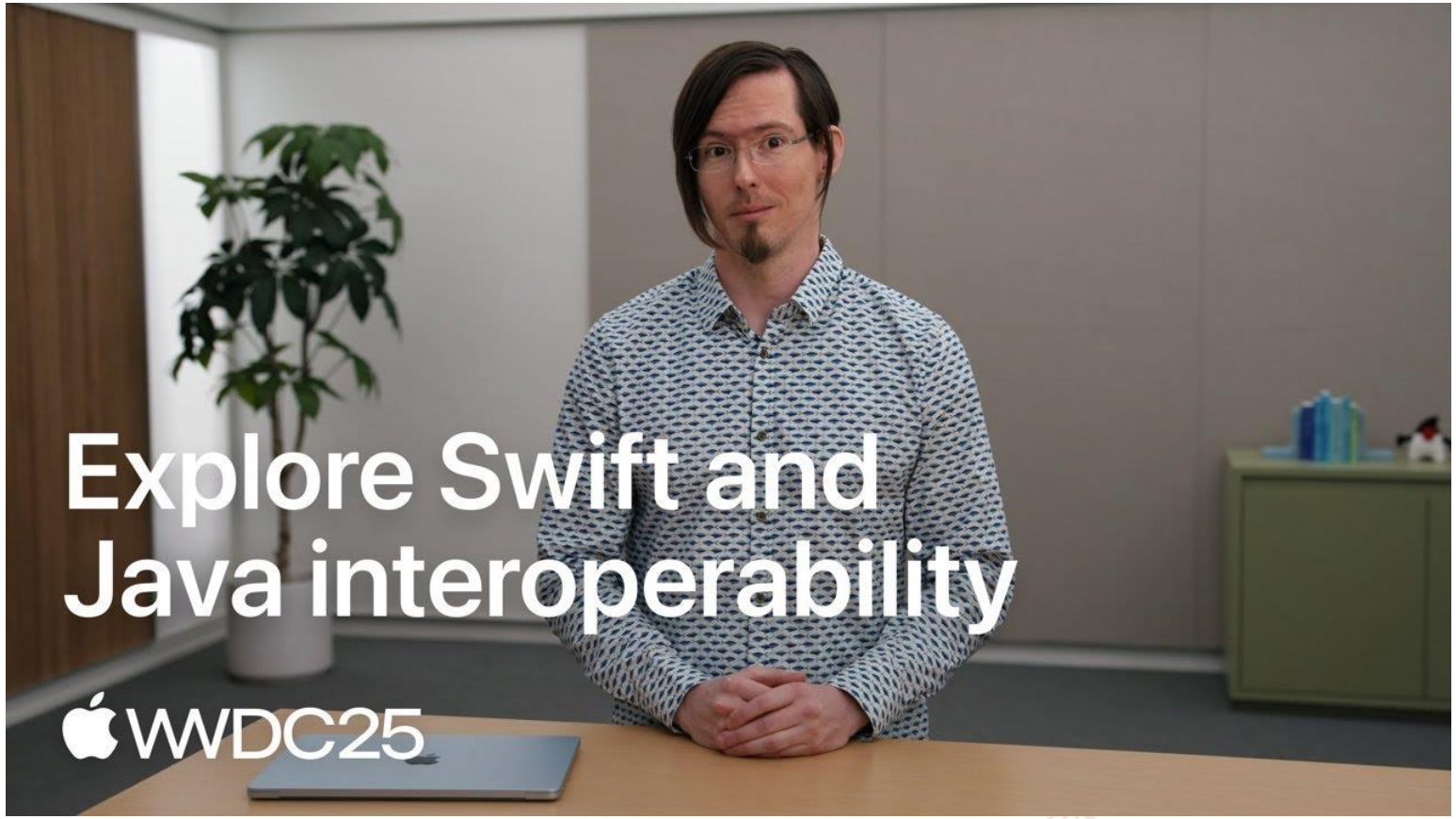
- В мобильной разработке с 2013
- Ведущий мобильный разработчик в Usetech
- Нативная разработка под iOS и Android (Swift/Objective-C, Kotlin/Java) кросс-платформа (Xamarin, Kotlin multiplatform)
- Ментор, управляю командой направления
- Спикер на конференциях AppsConf, Mobius, TechTrain, DroidCon (2022)
- Преподаватель в Otus (iOS Pro и базовый)
- Автор статей по мобильной разработке (SwiftUI, iOS, KMM)
- Автор книги «Kotlin Multiplatform на практике»

Обсудим:

- Swift-Java, основная концепция
- Нюансы компиляции Swift-Java/Kotlin
- Из Java в Swift
- Из Swift в Java
- Из Swift в Android
- Kotlin-Swift Export

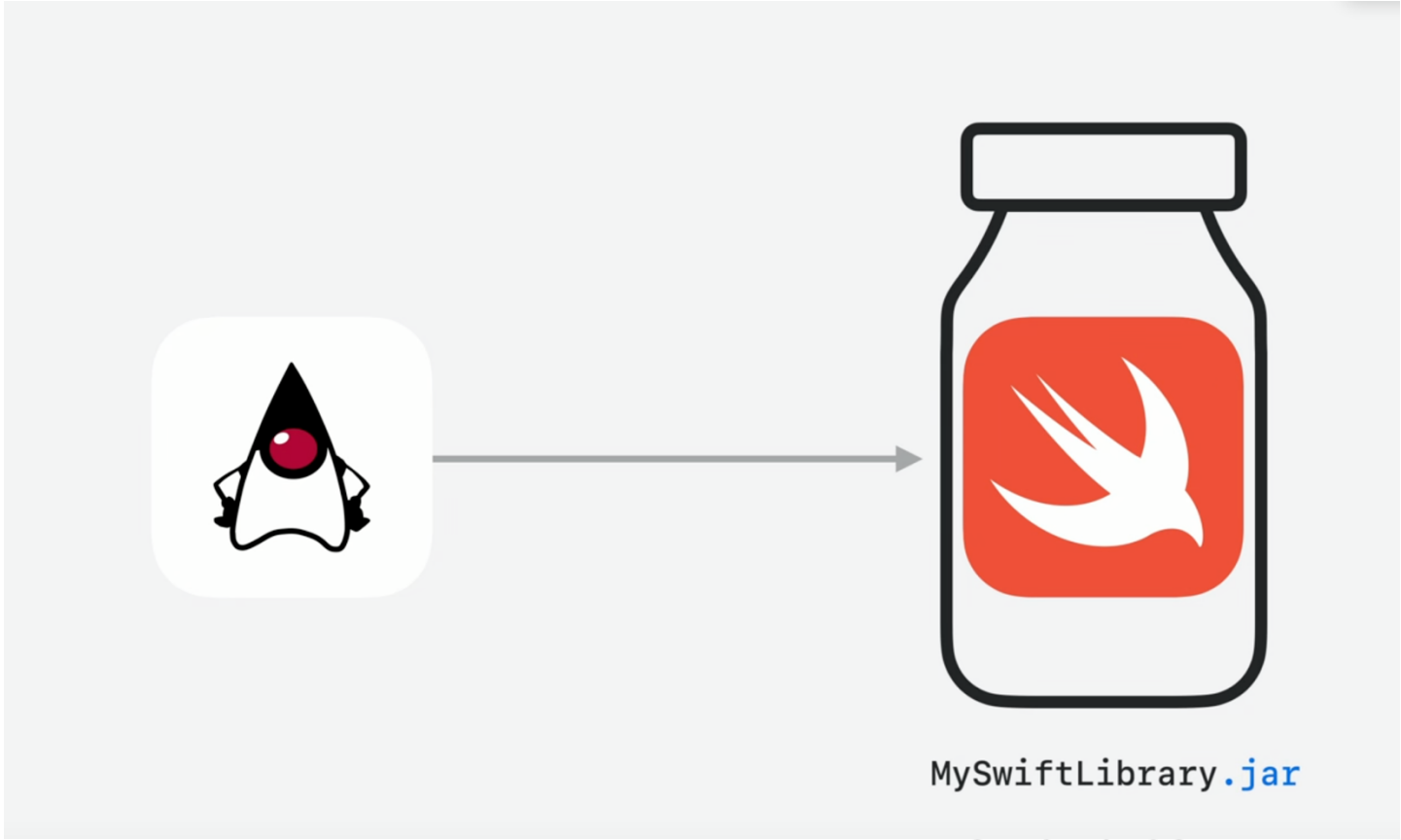
Swift-Java Interoperability. WWDC 2025

https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java



Swift-Java Interoperability. WWDC 2025

https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java



Swift-Java Interoperability. WWDC 2025

Swift Package

- **JavaKit** – Swift libraries and macros

Java Library

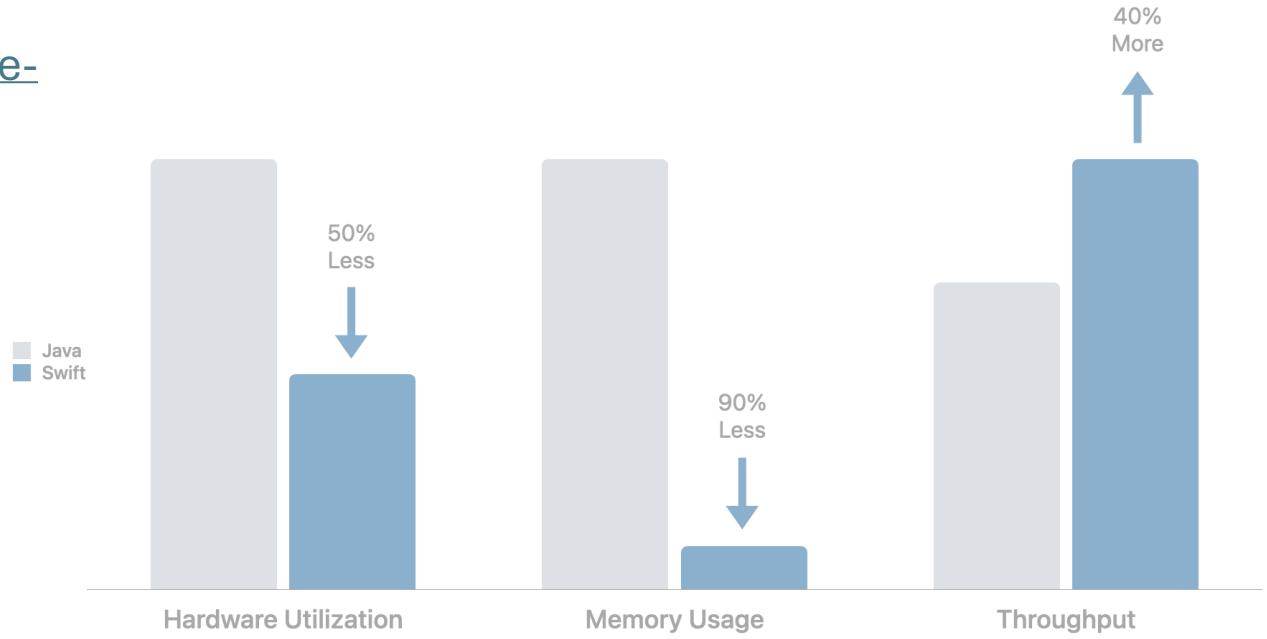
- **SwiftKit** – Java library for efficient Swift interoperability

Зачем

Миграция приложений с Java на Swift:

- Password Monitoring

https://www.swift.org/blog/swift-at-apple-migrating-the-password-monitoring-service-from-java/

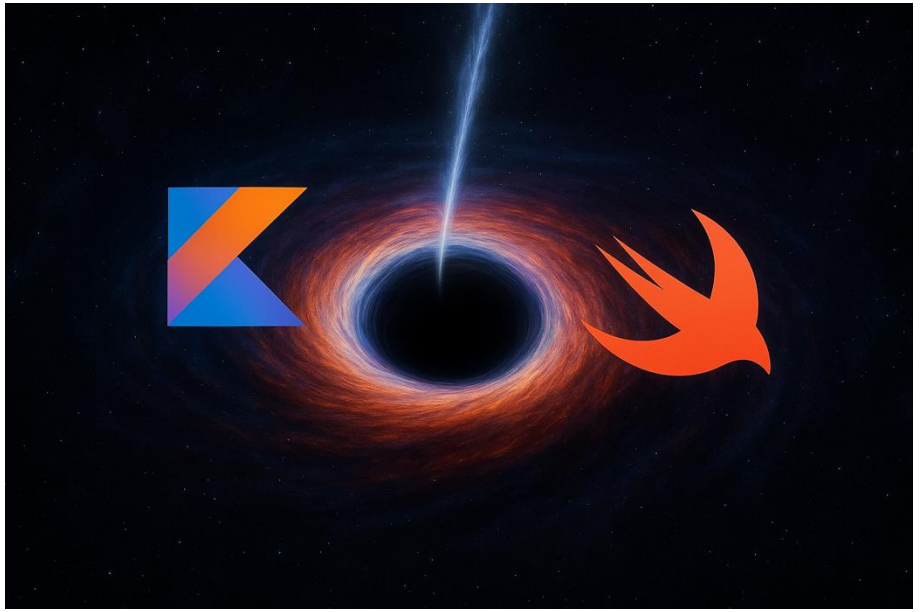


Зачем

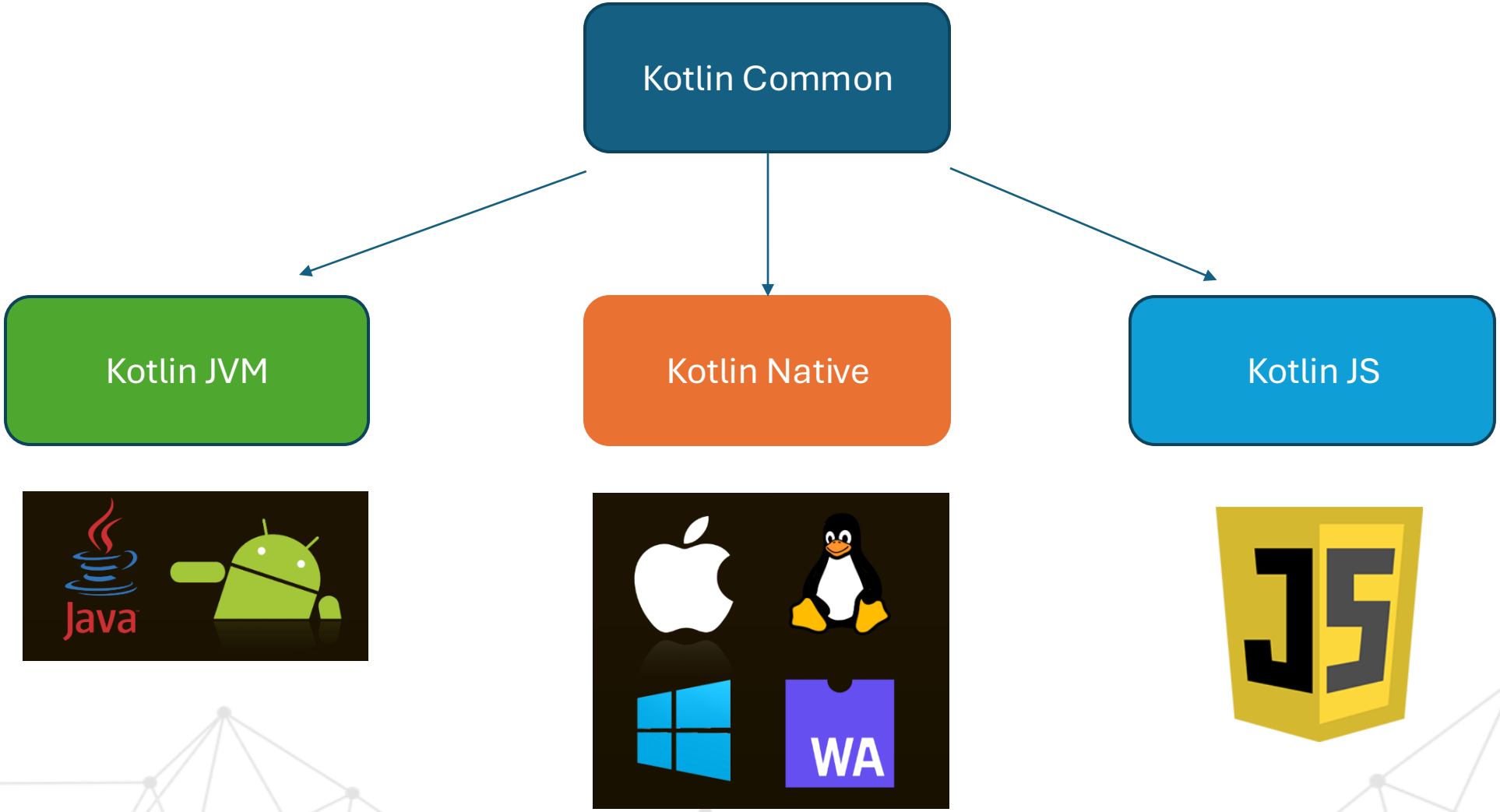
- Общая кодовая база без кросс-платформы
- Работы по сближению Kotlin и Swift

Кросс-платформа для натива

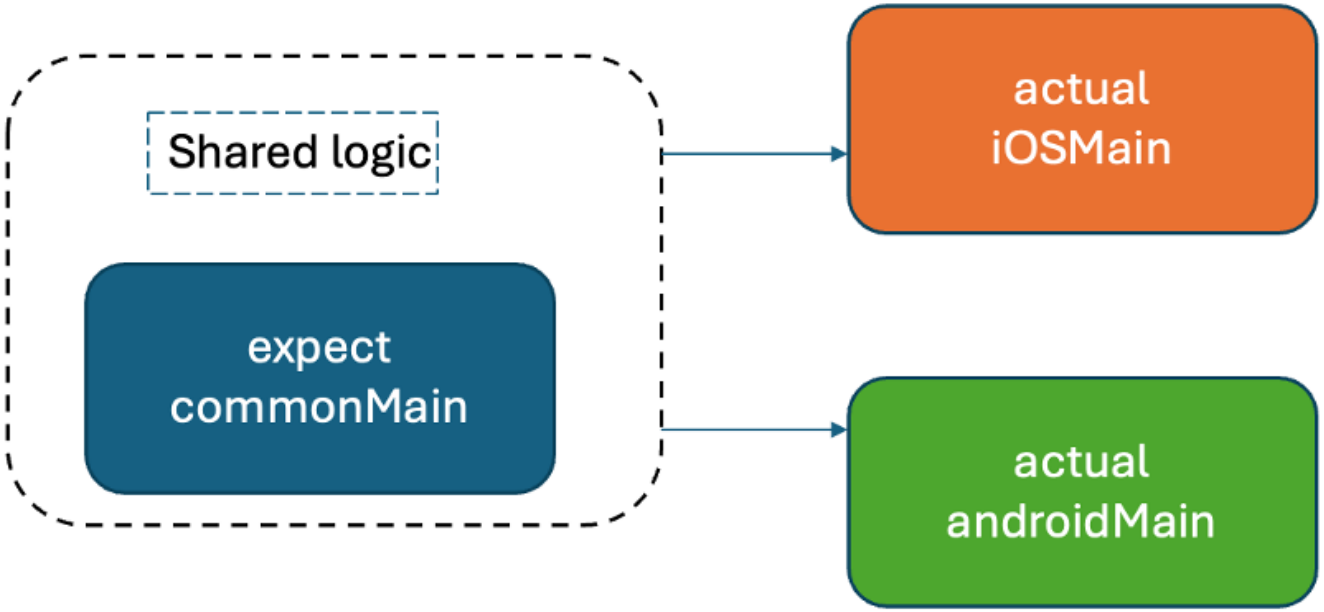
Как связаны Swift и Kotlin в KMP (и не только)



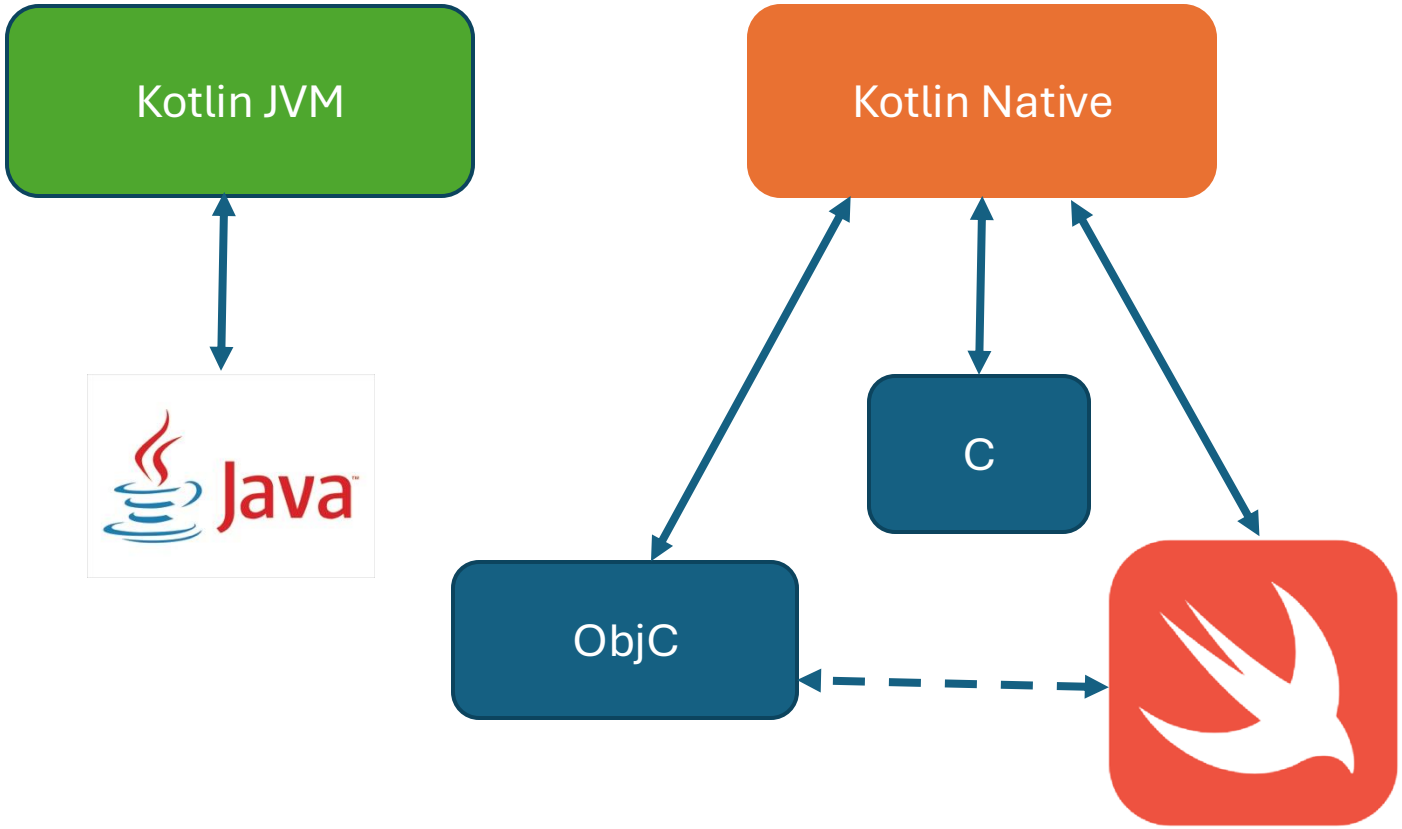
Kotlin для каждой платформы



Kotlin для каждой платформы

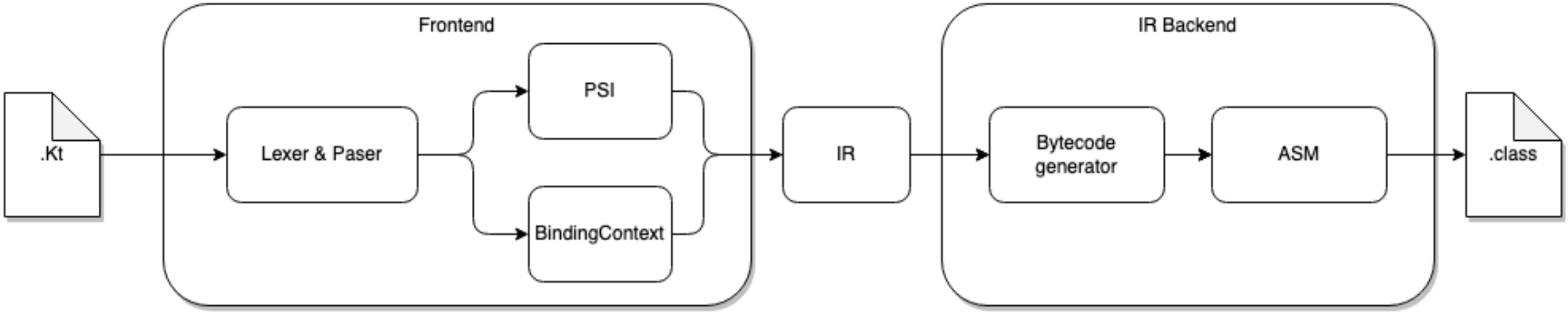


Interoperability



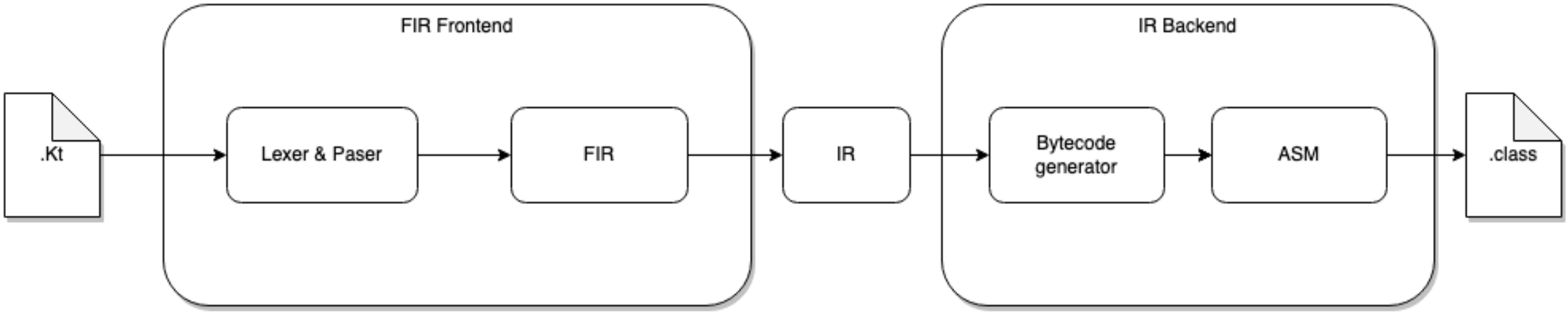
Компиляция.K1

IR backend по умолчанию с Kotlin 1.5.0



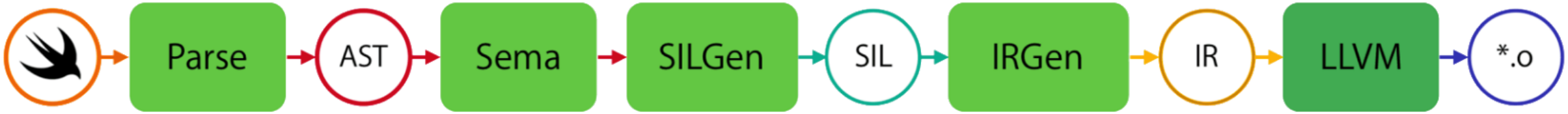
Компиляция FIR&IR.K2

FIR совмещает PSI и Binding Condext

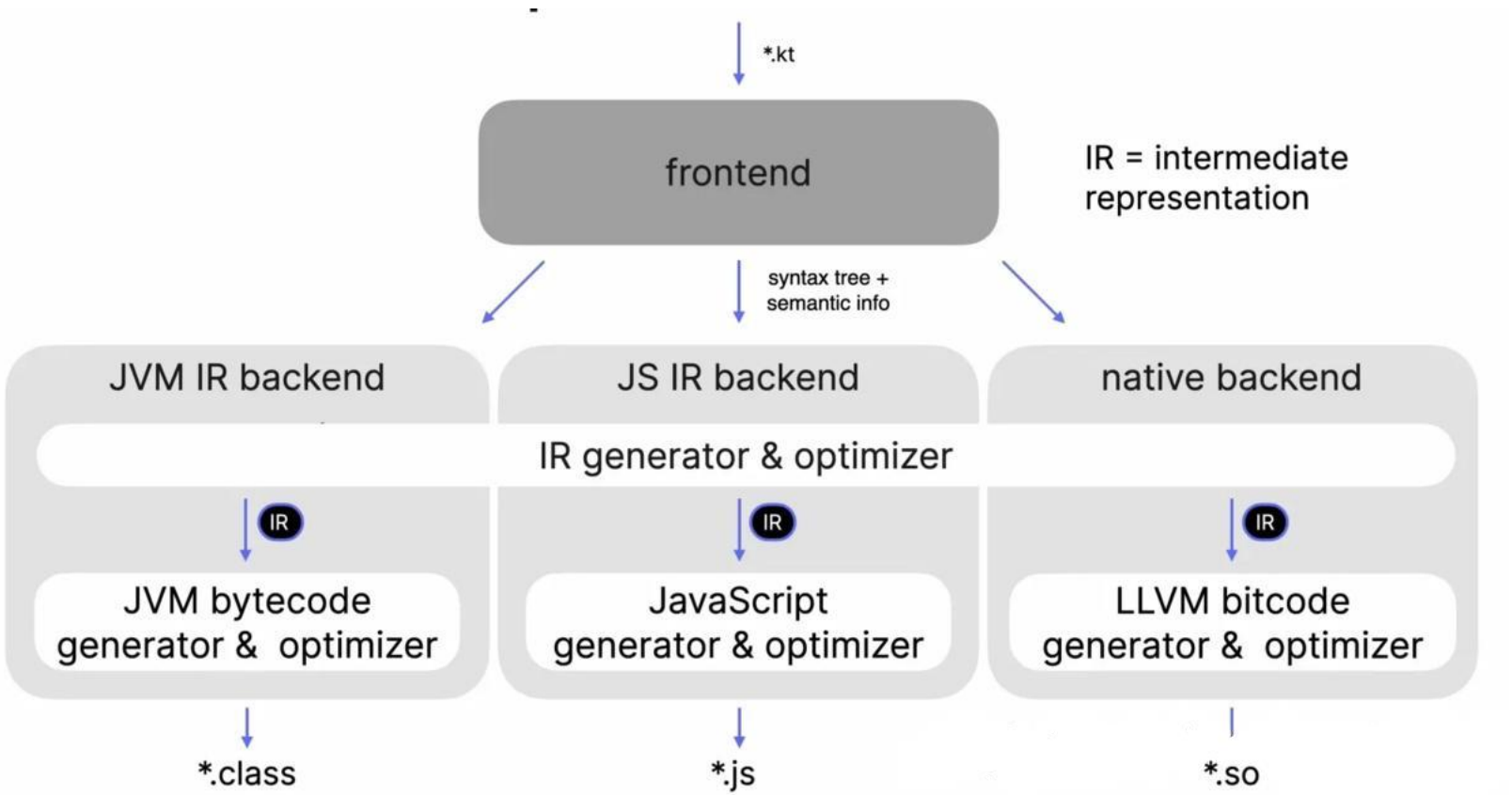


Swift. Компиляция

Swift Intermediate Language

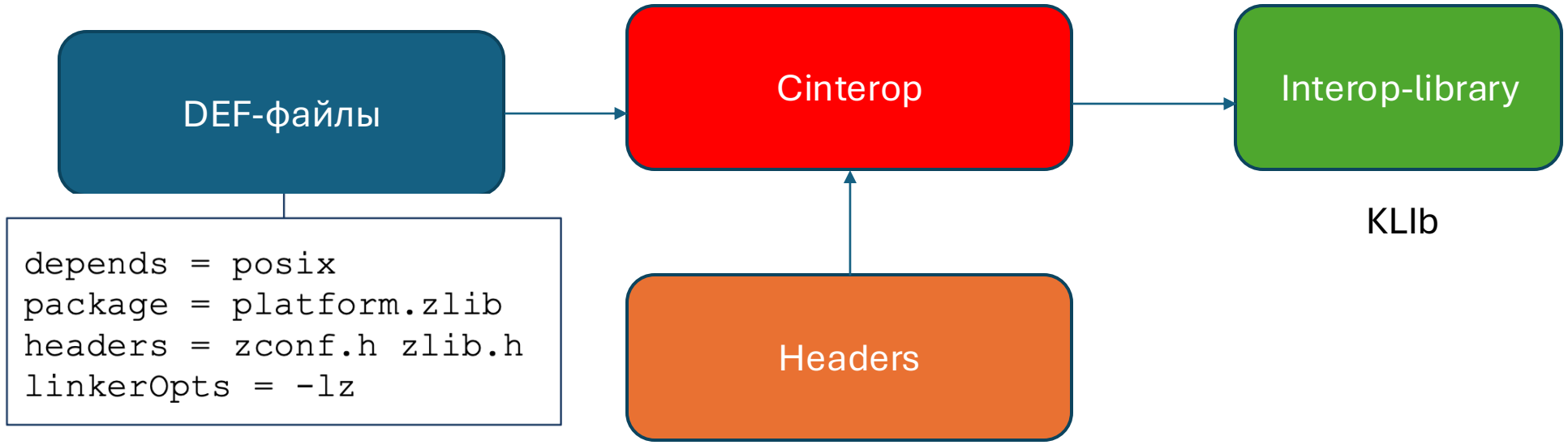


Компиляция IR



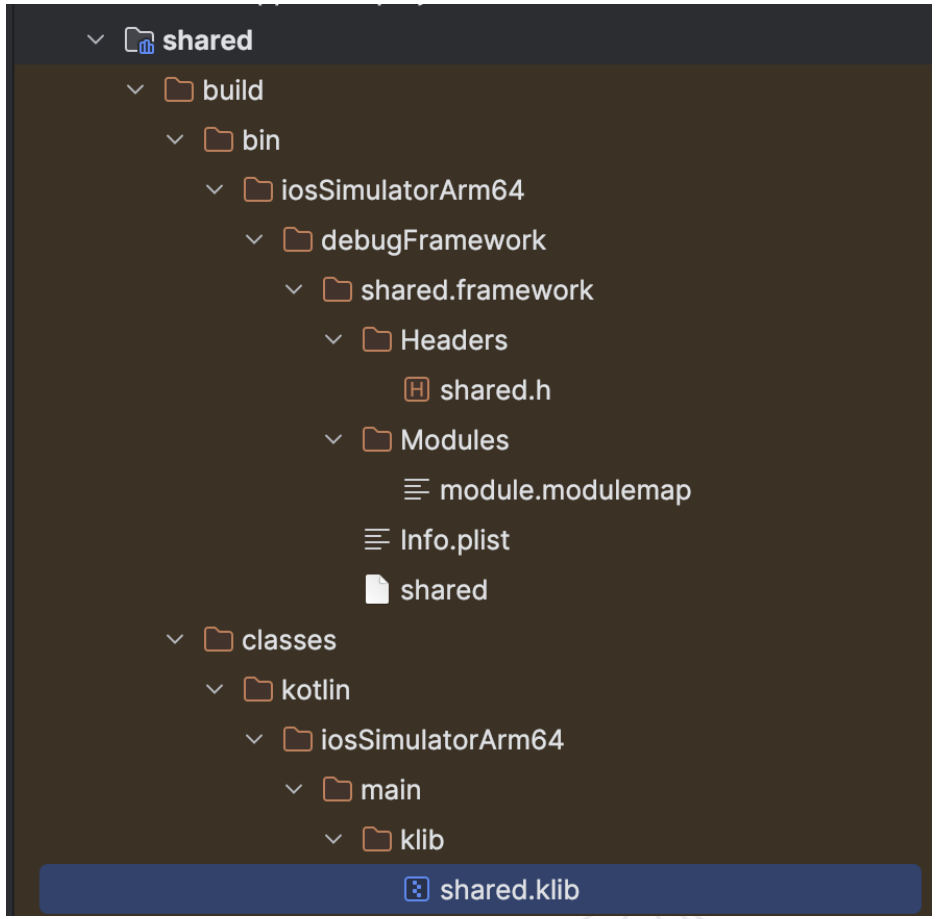
Kotlin/Native C-Interop

Параметры C-Interop в def-файле

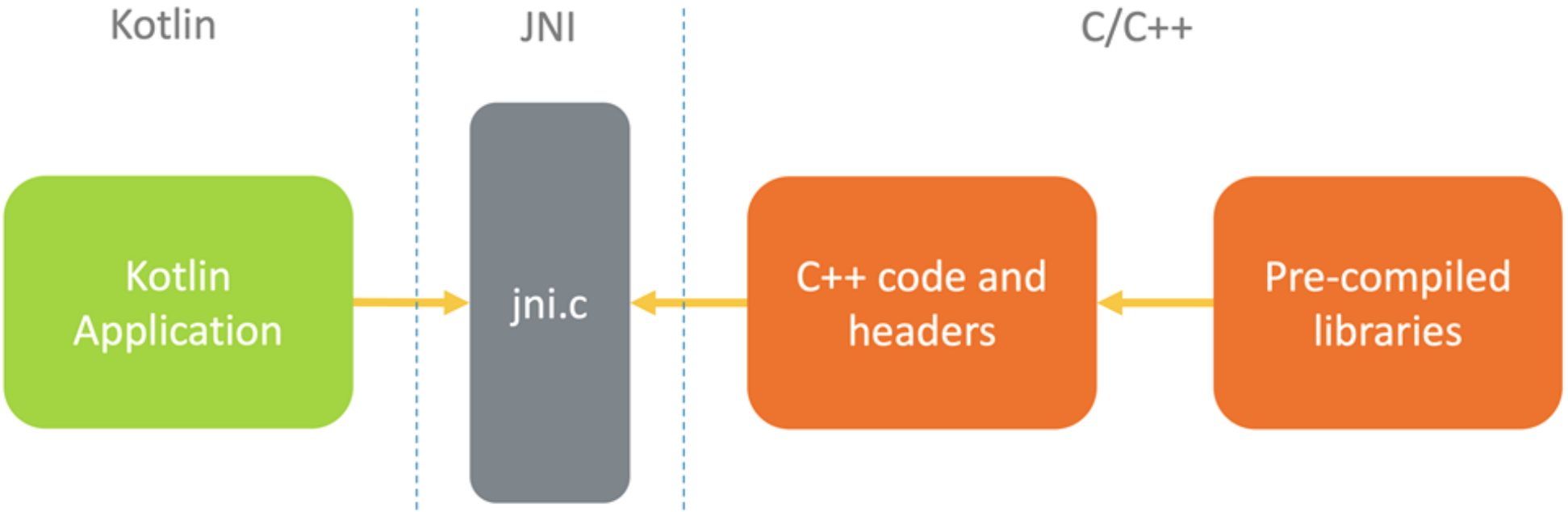


Kotlin/Native C-Interop

Objective-C + C



Kotlin–C++. JNI


Kotlin
JNI
C/C++
Kotlin Application
jni.c
C++ code and headers
Pre-compiled libraries

Kotlin–C++. JNI

Android NDK:

- OpenGL
- Готовые SDK на C++
- Библиотеки криптографические
- Защищенные SDK

Kotlin–C++. JNI

Пример подключения JNI

```kotlin
package com.example.jni

class NativeUtils {
    // Declare a native method
    external fun sayHello(name: String): String

    // Load the native library when the class is loaded
    companion object {
        init {
            System.loadLibrary("nativeutils")
        }
    }
}
```

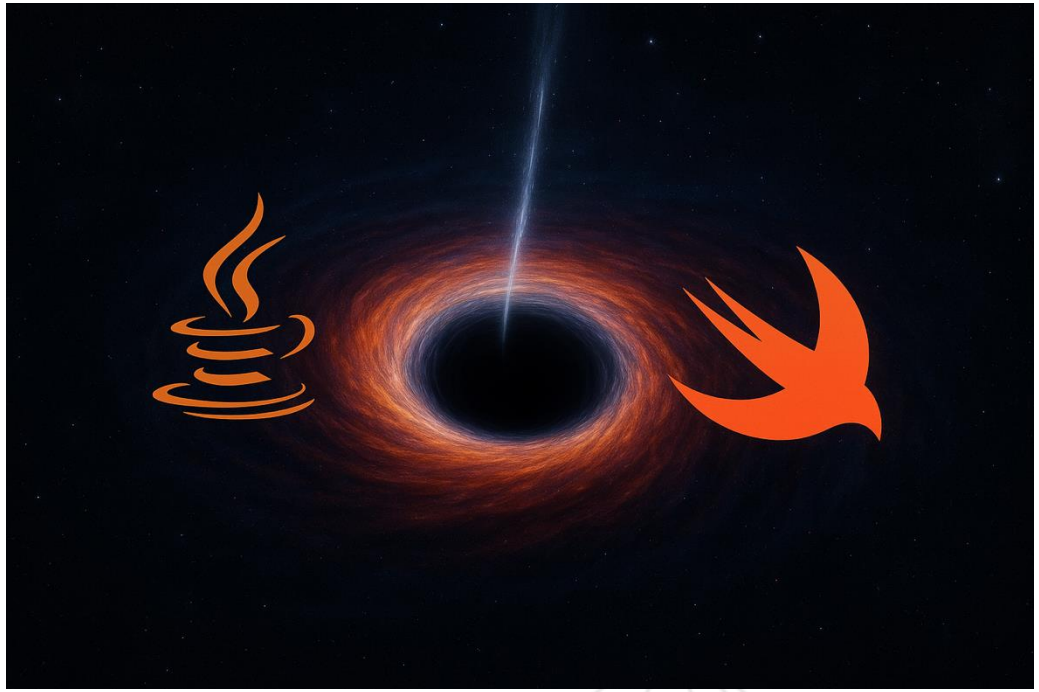
```
project/
├── src/
│   ├── main/
│   │   ├── kotlin/        # Kotlin source files
│   │   └── cpp/           # C++ source files
│   └── test/
├── build.gradle.kts       # Gradle build script
└── settings.gradle.kts    # Gradle settings
```

Kotlin–C++. JNI

Пример кода JNI

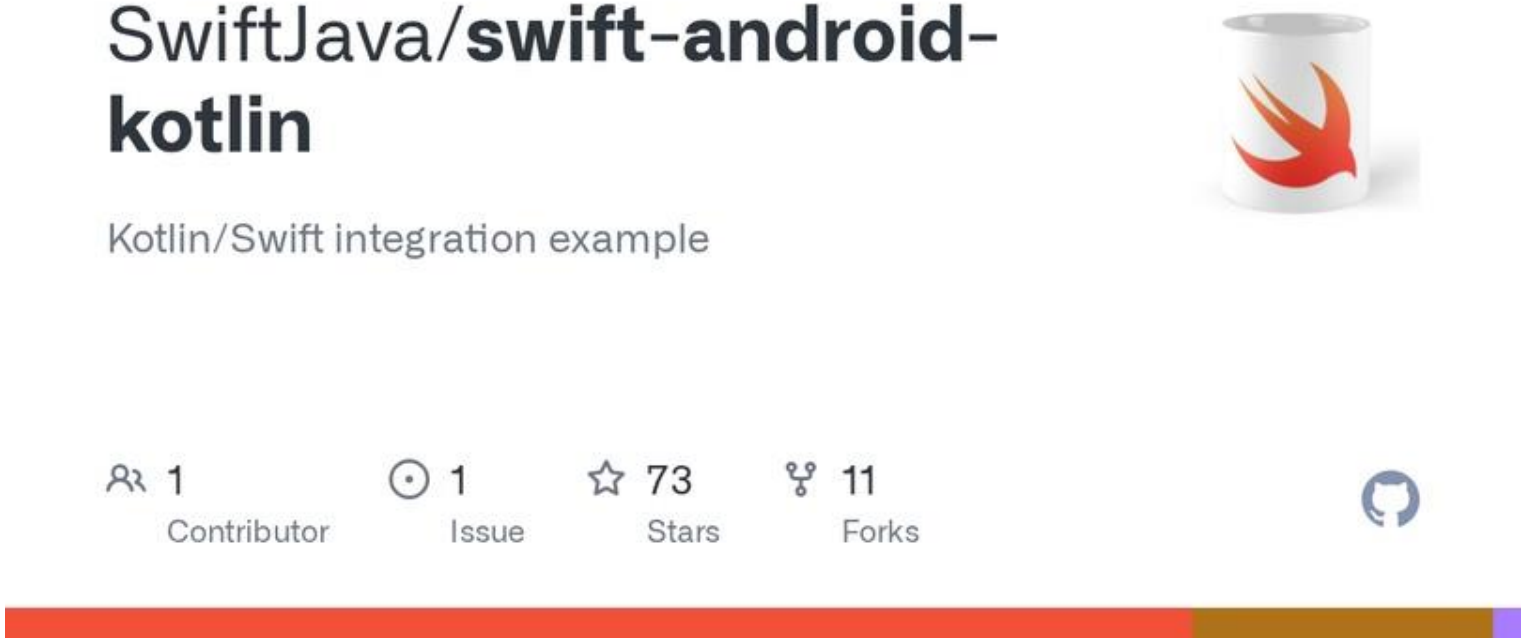
```
// nativeutils.h
#include <jni.h>

#ifndef _Included_com_example_jni_NativeUtils
#define _Included_com_example_jni_NativeUtils

#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif

/*
 * Class:     com_example_jni_NativeUtils
 * Method:    sayHello
 * Signature: (Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/String;
 */
JNIEXPORT jstring JNICALL Java_com_example_jni_NativeUtils_sayHello
  (JNIEnv *, jobject, jstring);

#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif
```

А теперь посмотрим на Swift-Java

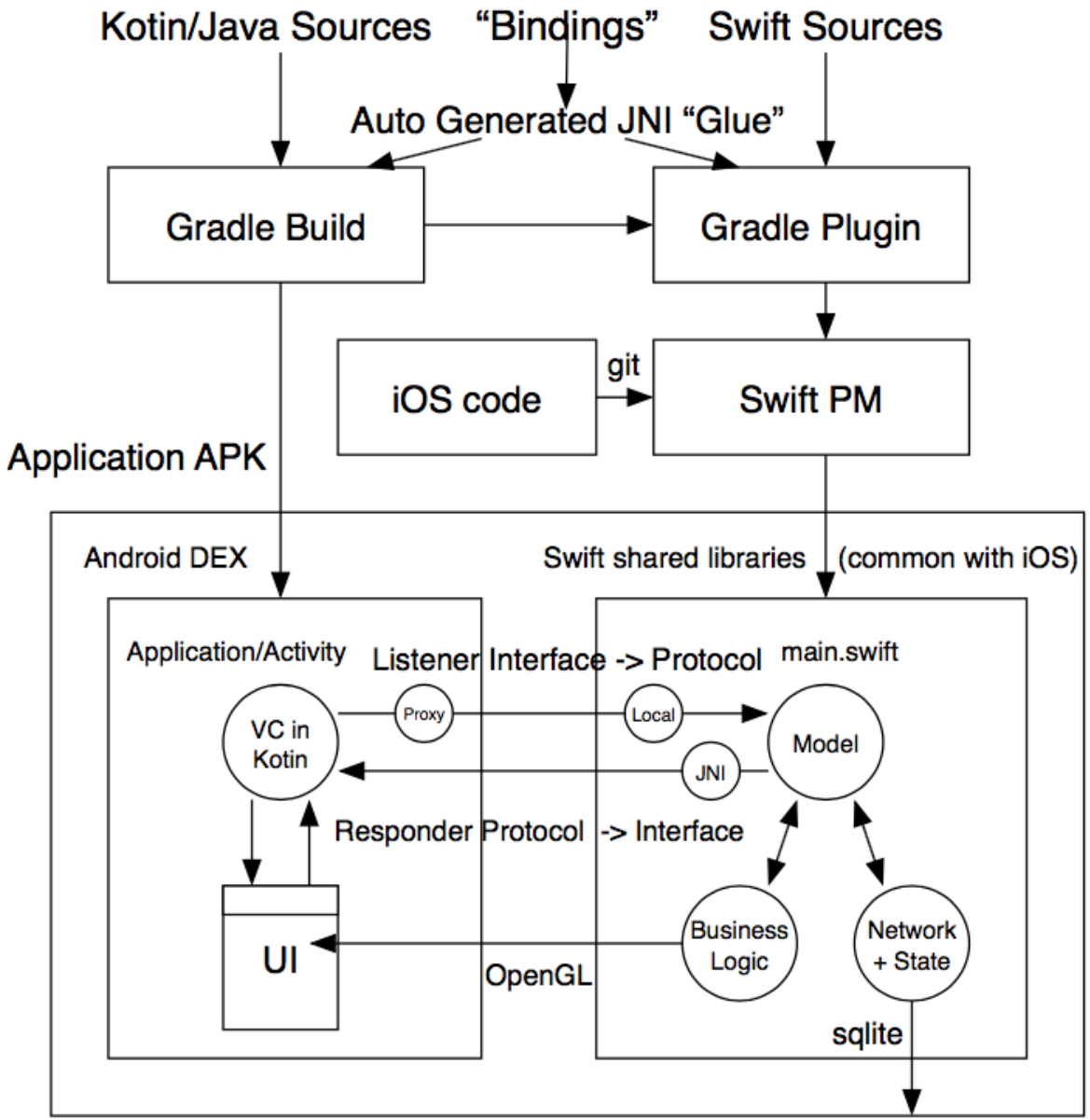


Взаимодействие Kotlin/Java - Swift

Идея не нова
(и даже не Apple)



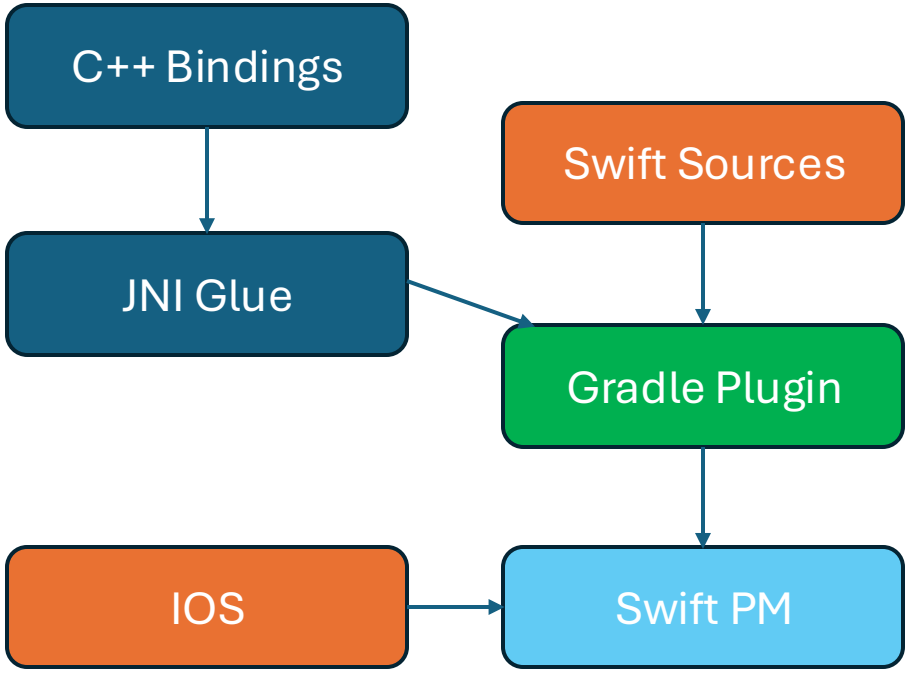
Взаимодействие Kotlin/Java - Swift



Взаимодействие Kotlin/Java - Swift

C++ -> JNI -> Swift

Java -> JNI -> Swift



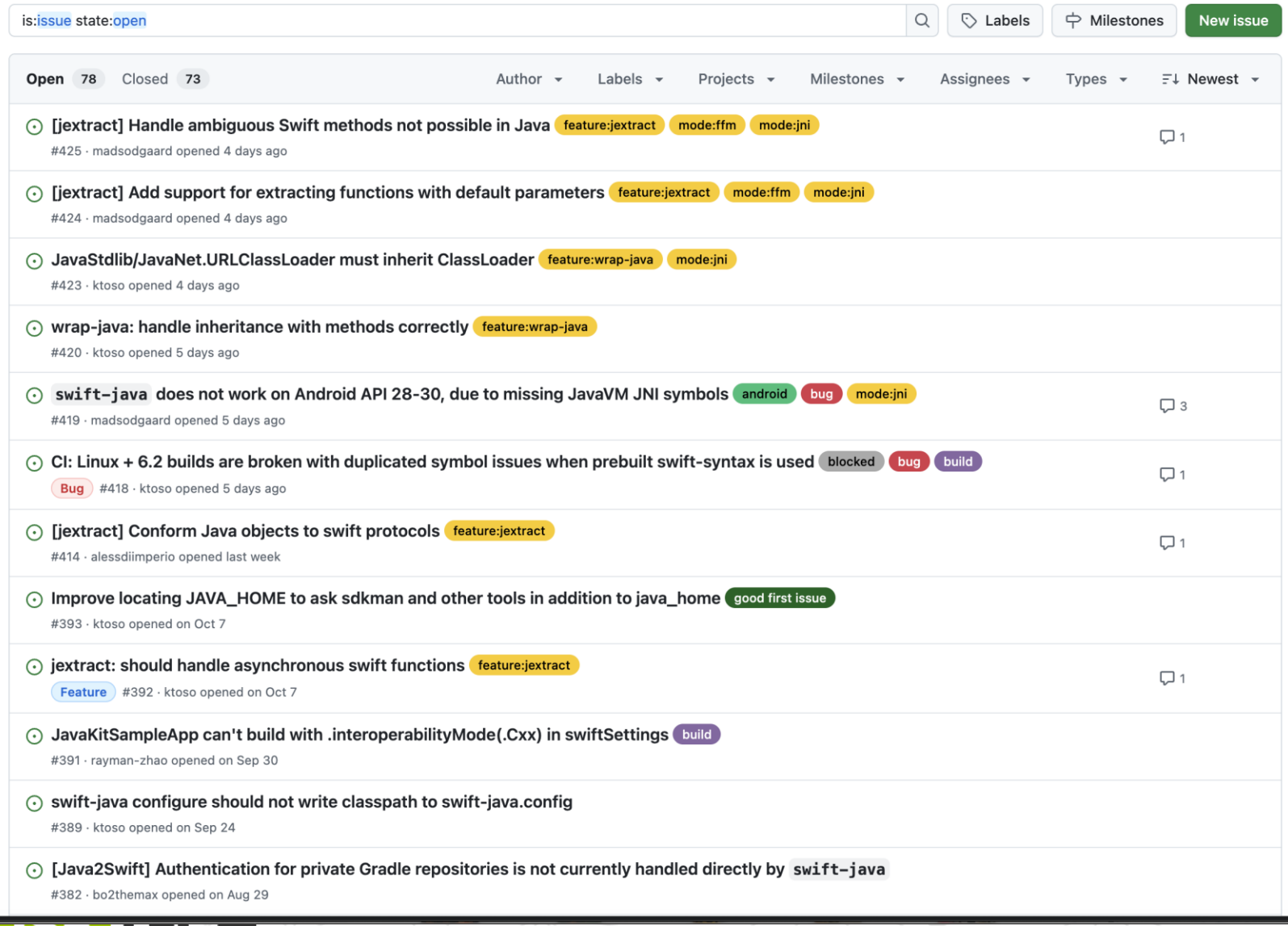
Swift-Java

- https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java/

Generates hard-to-get-right code.

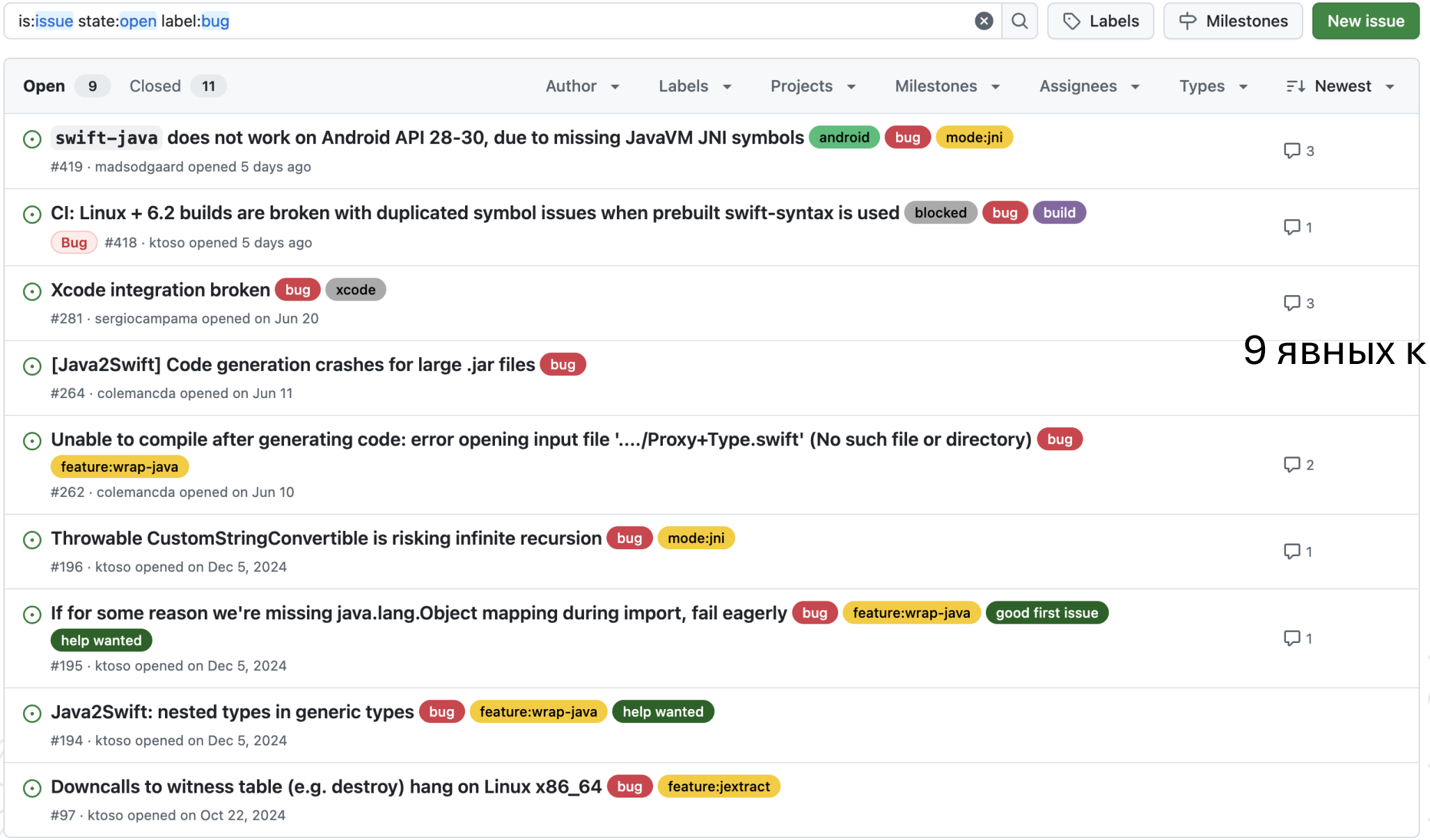
Генерирует код, который сложно написать правильно.

Проблемы Swift-Java



78 открытых тикетов

Проблемы Swift-Java



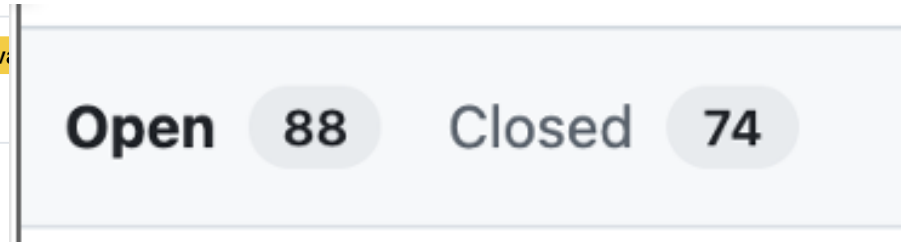
9 явных критикалов

Проблемы Swift-Java

Пока писался доклад, количество открытых багов выросло 78 –>88

Open 88 Closed 74 Author Labels Projects Milestones

- **Replace configure command's --jar option with properly handling --cp**
  #448 · ktoso opened yesterday
- **wrap-java: Currently attempts to regenerate all of JavaStdlib crashes** feature:wrap-java
  Bug #444 · ktoso opened 2 days ago
- **Consider javaThis and null pointers some more** feature:wrap-java
  Task #443 · ktoso opened 2 days ago
- **@JavaClass and inherited methods needs a redesign** feature:wrap-java
  Task #441 · ktoso opened 2 days ago
- **Correctly importing Optional::get() as -> T causes MethodNotFound** feature:jextract feature:wrap-java mode:jni
  Bug #439 · ktoso opened 3 days ago
- **wrap-java: add tests for enums, ensure inheritance is modeled ok** bug feature:wrap-java
  #436 · ktoso opened 4 days ago
- **wrap-java: Include Java documentation in generated Swift code** feature:wrap-java
  Feature #433 · ktoso opened 4 days ago
- **Include Swift documentation in generated Java sources** feature:jextract
  #432 · ktoso opened 4 days ago

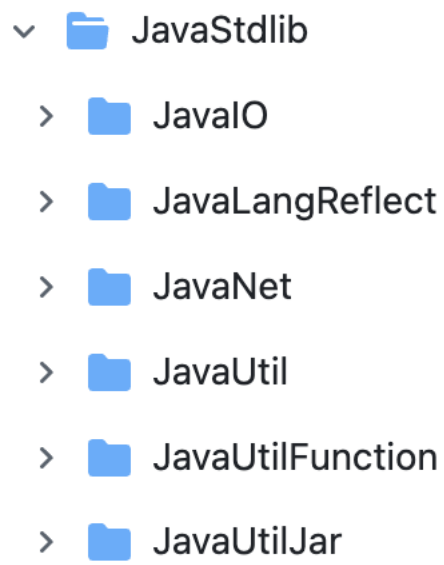


Swift-Java

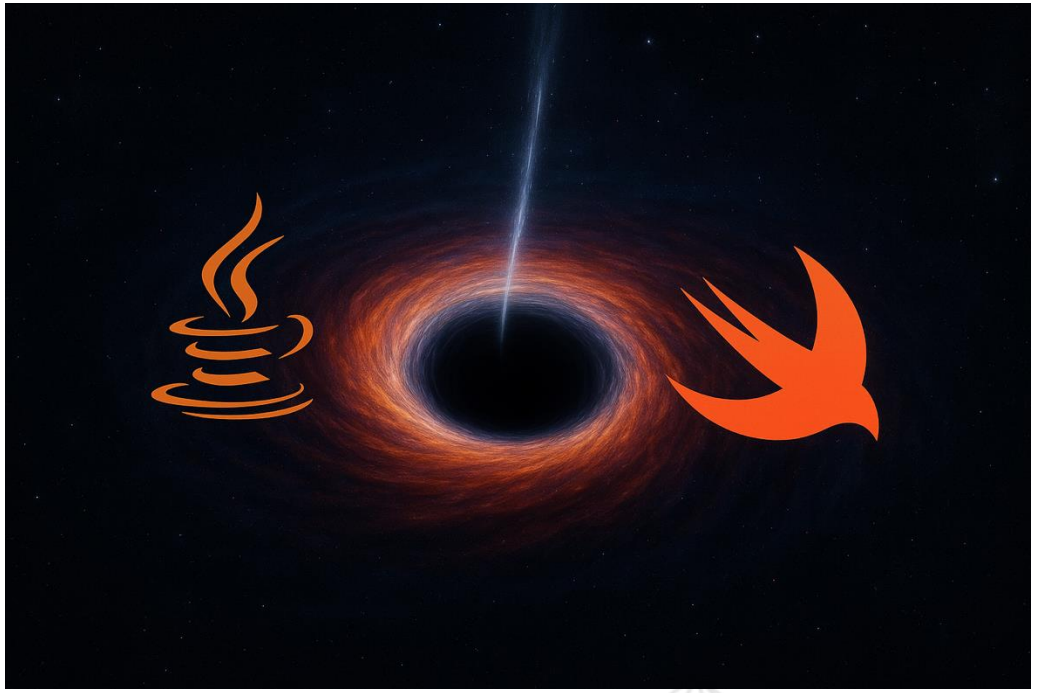
- Экспериментальный статус – не готово для полноценного использования
- С Java лучше, чем с Kotlin
- Работает только с переведенными решениями
- Зависимости только те, которые содержать поддерживаемые библиотеки

Swift-Java.Решения (пример)

- Java.Net – сеть
- Java.Concurrency – многопоточность
- JavaLangReflect - десериализация



Java -> Swift
попробуем в деле



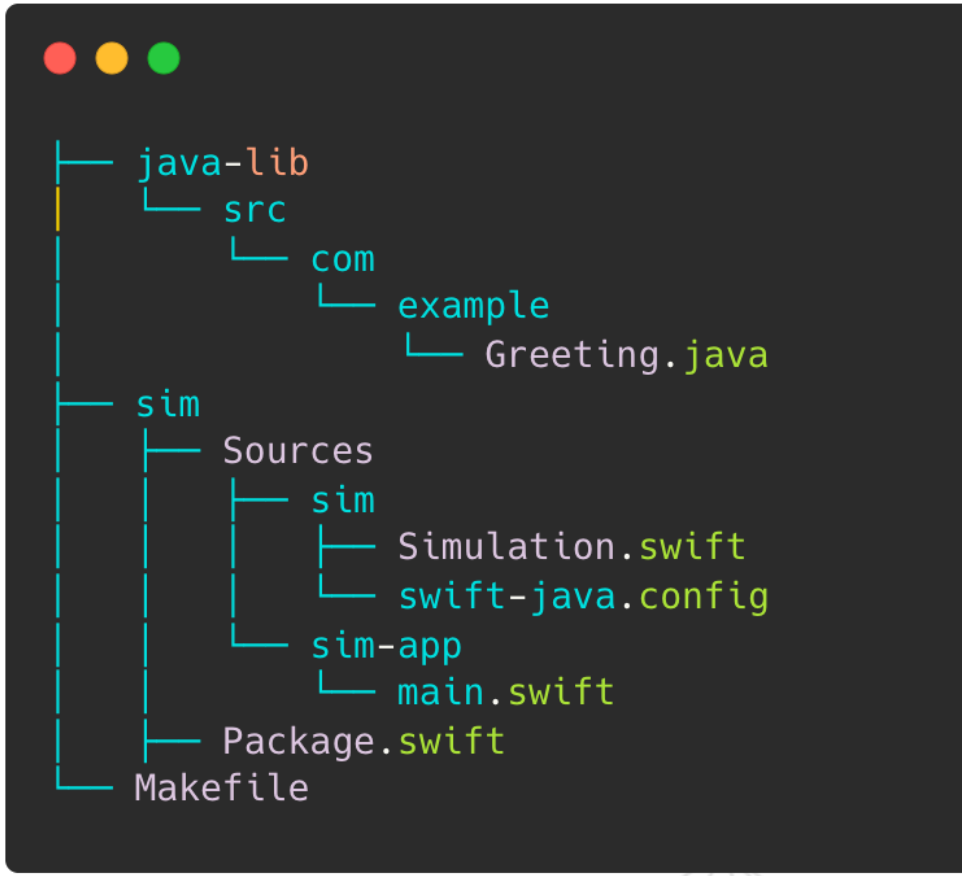
Настроим проект

Иерархия базового решения

Здесь java

Здесь конфигуратор и вызов

Здесь executable target



Настроим проект. Скрипт запуска

Скрипт для запуска – необязательно

```
JAVAC   := javac
JAR     := jar
BUILD   := build

.PHONY: all java swift run clean

all: java swift

java:
    @echo "Compiling Java library..."
    mkdir -p $(BUILD)/java
    $(JAVAC) -d $(BUILD)/java java-lib/src/com/example/Greeting.java
    $(JAR) cf $(BUILD)/java/Greeting.jar -C $(BUILD)/java com/example/Greeting.class

swift:
    @echo "Building Swift package (auto-generates wrappers)..."
    cd sim && swift build

run:
    @echo "Running sample app..."
    cd sim && swift run sim-app $(name)
```

Настроим проект. Package

Получение пути к Java SDK

```swift
// swift-tools-version: 6.2
import PackageDescription
import class Foundation.FileManager
import class Foundation.ProcessInfo

//JAVA_HOME
func findJavaHome() -> String {
  if let home = ProcessInfo.processInfo.environment["JAVA_HOME"] {
    return home
  }

  // Workaround for IDEs that don't pick up shell envs during builds
  let path = "\(FileManager.default.homeDirectoryForCurrentUser.path()).java_home"
  if let home = try? String(contentsOfFile: path, encoding: .utf8) {
    return home.trimmingCharacters(in: .newlines)
  }

  fatalError("Please set JAVA_HOME to your JDK installation.")
}
let javaHome = findJavaHome()

let javaIncludePath = "\(javaHome)/include"
#if os(Linux)
  let javaPlatformIncludePath = "\(javaIncludePath)/linux"
#elseif os(macOS)
  let javaPlatformIncludePath = "\(javaIncludePath)/darwin"
#else
  #error("Only macOS and Linux are supported currently.")
#endif
```

USETECH

Настроим проект. Package

Подключаем плагин SwiftJava

```
let package = Package(
  name: "java-sim",
  platforms: [.macOS(.v15)],
  dependencies: [
    .package(url: "https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java.git", branch: "main"),
  ],
  targets: [
    .target(
      name: "sim",
      dependencies: [
        .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java"),
        .product(name: "JavaUtilFunction", package: "swift-java"),
        .product(name: "JavaUtilJar", package: "swift-java"),
      ],
      exclude: ["swift-java.config"],
      swiftSettings: [
        .unsafeFlags(["-I\(javaIncludePath)", "-I\(javaPlatformIncludePath)"])
      ],
      plugins: [
        // Auto-generates Swift wrappers for our Java classes into `.build`
        .plugin(name: "JavaCompilerPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
        .plugin(name: "SwiftJavaPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
      ]
    ),
    .executableTarget(
      name: "sim-app",
      dependencies: ["sim"]
    )
  ]
)
```

USETECH

Настроим проект. Package

Подключаем полезные зависимости

```
let package = Package(
  name: "java-sim",
  platforms: [.macOS(.v15)],
  dependencies: [
    .package(url: "https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java.git", branch: "main"),
  ],
  targets: [
    .target(
      name: "sim",
      dependencies: [
        .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java"),
        .product(name: "JavaUtilFunction", package: "swift-java"),
        .product(name: "JavaUtilJar", package: "swift-java"),
      ],
      exclude: ["swift-java.config"],
      swiftSettings: [
        .unsafeFlags(["-I\(javaIncludePath)", "-I\(javaPlatformIncludePath)"])
      ],
      plugins: [
        // Auto-generates Swift wrappers for our Java classes into `.build`
        .plugin(name: "JavaCompilerPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
        .plugin(name: "SwiftJavaPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
      ]
    ),
    .executableTarget(
      name: "sim-app",
      dependencies: ["sim"]
    )
  ]
)
```

Настроим проект. Package

Подключаем конфиг

```
targets: [
  .target(
    name: "sim",
    dependencies: [
      .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java"),
      .product(name: "JavaUtilFunction", package: "swift-java"),
      .product(name: "JavaUtilJar", package: "swift-java"),
    ],
    exclude: ["swift-java.config"],
    swiftSettings: [
      .unsafeFlags(["-I\(javaIncludePath)", "-I\(javaPlatformIncludePath)"])
    ],
    plugins: [
      // Auto-generates Swift wrappers for our Java classes into `.build`
      .plugin(name: "JavaCompilerPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
      .plugin(name: "SwiftJavaPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
    ]
  ),
```

Настроим проект. Package

Подключаем пути к Java

```
targets: [
  .target(
    name: "sim",
    dependencies: [
      .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java"),
      .product(name: "JavaUtilFunction", package: "swift-java"),
      .product(name: "JavaUtilJar", package: "swift-java"),
    ],
    exclude: ["swift-java.config"],
    swiftSettings: [
      .unsafeFlags(["-I\(javaIncludePath)", "-I\(javaPlatformIncludePath)"])
    ],
    plugins: [
      // Auto-generates Swift wrappers for our Java classes into `.build`
      .plugin(name: "JavaCompilerPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
      .plugin(name: "SwiftJavaPlugin", package: "swift-java"),
    ]
  ),
```

Настроим проект. Конфиг

Swift-Java.config

Пути ко всем файлам

```
{
  // Путь к jar
  "classpath": "../build/java/Greeting.jar",
  // Классы
  "classes": {
    "com.example.Greeting": "Greeting"
  }
}
```

Настроим проект. Конфиг

Swift-Java.config

Пути ко всем файлам
(пример Sources/JavaStdlib/JavaLangReflect/swift-java.config)

```
{
  "classes" : {
    "java.lang.annotation.Annotation" : "Annotation",
    "java.lang.reflect.AccessibleObject" : "AccessibleObject",
    "java.lang.reflect.AnnotatedType" : "AnnotatedType",
    "java.lang.reflect.Constructor" : "Constructor",
    "java.lang.reflect.Executable" : "Executable",
    "java.lang.reflect.Field" : "Field",
    "java.lang.reflect.GenericArrayType" : "GenericArrayType",
    "java.lang.reflect.GenericDeclaration" : "GenericDeclaration",
    "java.lang.reflect.Method" : "Method",
    "java.lang.reflect.Parameter" : "Parameter",
    "java.lang.reflect.ParameterizedType" : "ParameterizedType",
    "java.lang.reflect.Type" : "Type",
    "java.lang.reflect.TypeVariable" : "TypeVariable",
    "java.lang.reflect.WildcardType" : "WildcardType"
  }
}
```

Настроим проект. Проверяем, запускаем

Было

```java
package com.example;

public class Greeting {
    public static String greet(String name) {
        return "Hello, " + name + "!";
    }
}
```

Стало

```swift
// Auto-generated by Java-to-Swift wrapper generator.
import CSwiftJavaJNI
import SwiftJava

@JavaClass("com.example.Greeting")
open class Greeting: JavaObject {
  @JavaMethod
  @_nonoverride public convenience init(environment: JNIEnvironment? = nil)
}
extension JavaClass<Greeting> {
  @JavaStaticMethod
  public func greet(_ arg0: String) -> String
}
```

Настроим проект. Проверяем, запускаем

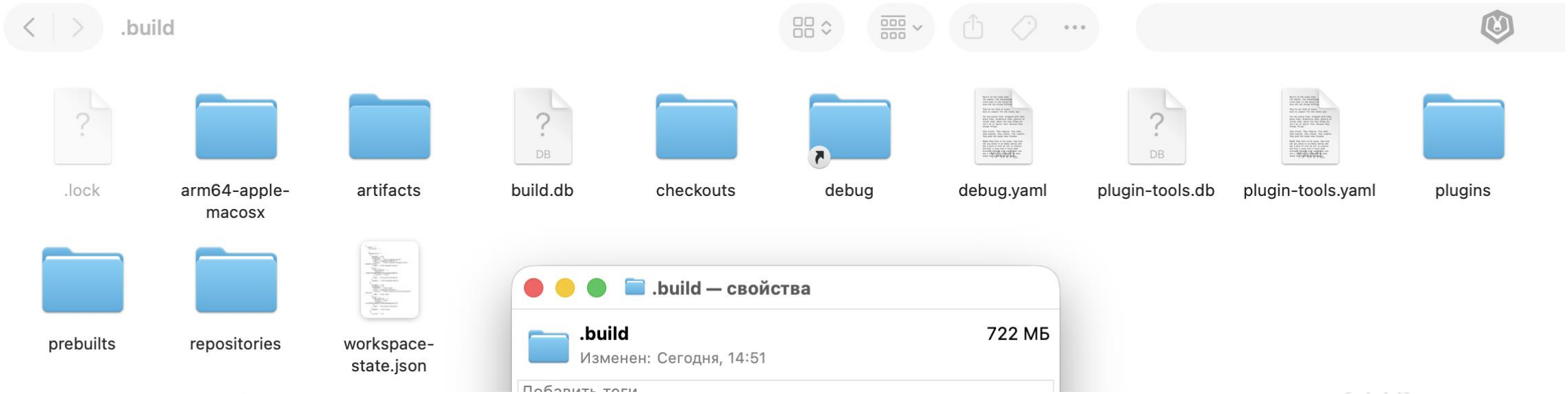
Входная точка – статический метод

make – swift run

```swift
import JavaKit
import Foundation

public struct Simulation {
    public static func run(with name: String) {
        do {
            // 🧯 CLASSPATH IS EVERYTHING 🧯
            let jvm = try JavaVirtualMachine.shared(
                classpath: ["../build/java/Greeting.jar"] // Путь к jar
            )
            let jniEnvironment = try jvm.environment()
             // JavaClass
            let greetingClass = try JavaClass<Greeting>(environment: jniEnvironment)

            // Вызов статического метода
            print(greetingClass.greet(name))
        } catch {
            print("Failure: \(error)")
        }
    }
}
```

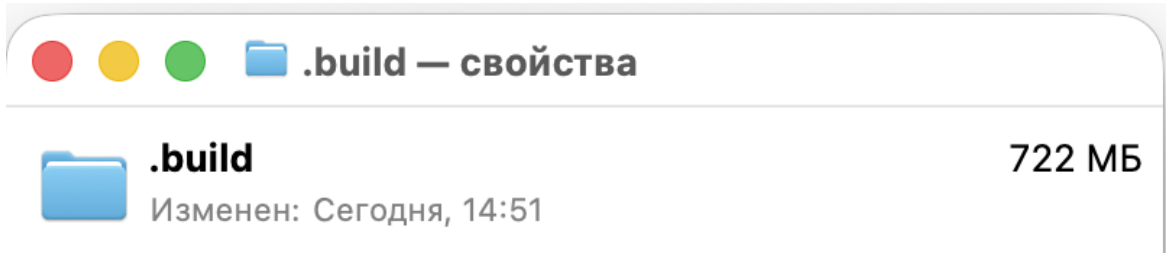
Настроим проект. Проверяем, запускаем

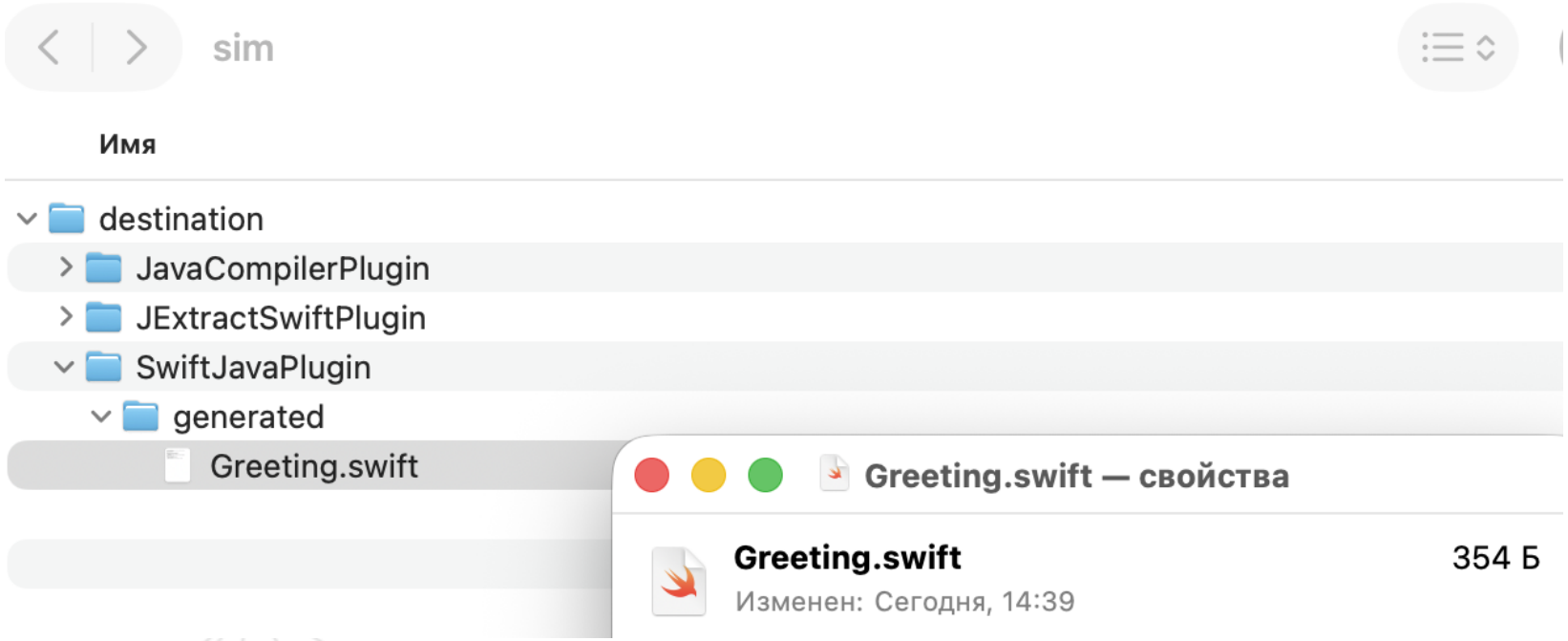
.build – здесь все



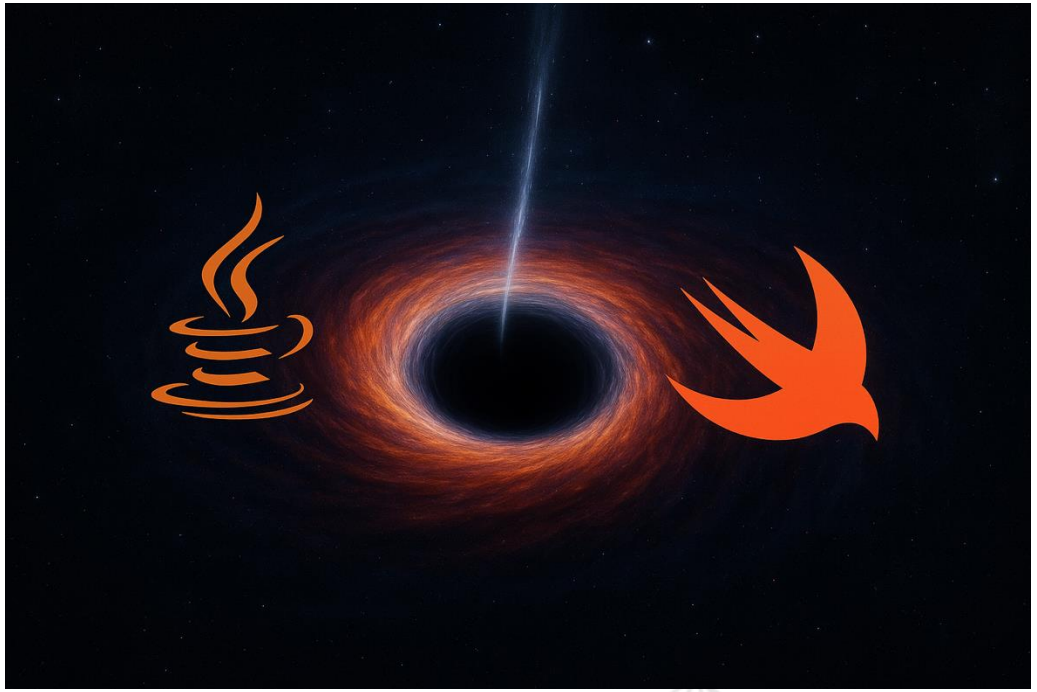
Настроим проект. Проверяем, запускаем

.build – здесь все





Пример серьезнее
Сетевой клиент



Сетевой клиент

- Ktor (неудачная)
- OkHttp (неудачная версия)
- Pure Java - рабочая

Ktor и Kotlin

- Не все методы и свойства известны, не все транслируются
- Корутины работать не будут

```
warning: Unable to translate 'ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NetworkClient' method 'request-gIAlu-s': Java class 'kotlin.coroutines.Continuation' has not been translated into Swift

warning: Unable to translate 'ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NetworkClient' method 'getHttpClient': Java class 'io.ktor.client.HttpClient' has not been translated into Swift
```

OkHttp

- Не все методы и свойства известны, не все транслируются

```
warning: Unable to translate 'ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.OkHttpNetworkClient' interface
'okhttp3.Callback': Java class 'okhttp3.Callback' has not been translated into Swift
```

OkHttp

- Файл сгенерирован, но методы не отработают

```
// Auto-generated by Java-to-Swift wrapper generator.
import CSwiftJavaJNI
import JavaUtil
import SwiftJava

@JavaClass("ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.OkHttpNetworkClientJava")
open class OkHttpNetworkClientJava: JavaObject {
  @JavaMethod
  @_nonoverride public convenience init(environment: JNIEnvironment? = nil)

  @JavaMethod
  open func getNoHeaders(_ arg0: String, _ arg1: NetworkCallbackJava?)

  @JavaMethod
  open func getSync(_ arg0: String, _ arg1: HashMap<JavaString, JavaString>?) throws -> String

  @JavaMethod
  open func shutdown()

  //...
}
```

OkHttp

- Kotlin concurrency крашится при вызове из стандартного потока (конфликт)

```
Thread 0 crashed:

  0 0x000000019bc3e554 _assertionFailure(_:_:file:line:flags:) + 176 in libswiftCore.dylib
  1 0x000000019bcac404 swift_unexpectedError + 664 in libswiftCore.dylib
  2 JavaClass<>.loadNews() + 180 in swiftlib at
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftjava/TestSwiftJava/app/src/main/swiftlib/@__swiftmacro_9Swi
ftJava0B5ClassC8swiftlibAD011NewsServiceB0CRszrlE04loadE00B12StaticMethodfMb_.swift:2:17

  3 static Simulation.main() + 376 in swiftlib at
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftjava/TestSwiftJava/app/src/main/swiftlib/Sources/swiftlib/s
wiftlib.swift:18:21


    16|             let jniEnvironment = try jvm.environment()
    17|             let service = try JavaClass<NewsServiceJava>(environment: jniEnvironment)
    18|             service.loadNews()
      |                     ▲
    19|             let newsService = try JavaClass<NewsClientExample>(environment: jniEnvironment)
    20|             newsService.main(Array<String>())
```

Настраиваем зависимости

swift-java.config

```
{
"classpath": "java/testsmallkotlin.jar",
"classes": {
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.data.NewsItem": "NewsItem",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.data.NewsList": "NewsList",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NetworkConfigJava": "NetworkConfigJava",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NewsServiceJava": "NewsServiceJava",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NetworkCallbackJava": "NetworkCallbackJava",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.OkHttpNetworkClientJava": "OkHttpNetworkClientJava"
},
"dependencies": [
    "com.squareup.okhttp3:okhttp:5.3.0"
    ]
}
```

Запускаем стандартно

swift run -> падаем на скачивании зависимостей

```
2025-11-15T22:31:33+0700 info swift-java: [SwiftJavaTool] Run ResolveCommand:
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib/.build/arm64-apple-macosx/debug/SwiftJavaTool-tool
resolve --output-directory
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib/.build/plugins/outputs/swiftlib/swiftlib/destination/Sw
iftJavaPlugin/ --swift-module swiftlib
2025-11-15T22:31:33+0700 info swift-java: [SwiftJavaTool] Current work directory:
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib
SwiftJavaTool/ResolveCommand.swift:135: Fatal error: Unable to create temp directory at:
file:///Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib/.build/! Error Domain=NSCocoaErrorDomain
Code=513 "You don’t have permission to save the file “swift-java-dependencies-D7D378B1-3A8E-40A6-
B47A-9C818CD04439” in the folder “.build”." UserInfo=
{NSFilePath=/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib/.build/swift-java-dependencies-D7D378B1-
3A8E-40A6-B47A-9C818CD04439, NSURL=file:///Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib/.build/swift-
java-dependencies-D7D378B1-3A8E-40A6-B47A-9C818CD04439, NSUnderlyingError=0x10341ac90 {Error
Domain=NSPOSIXErrorDomain Code=1 "Operation not permitted"}}
[349/356] Fetch (Java) dependencies for Swift target swiftlib
```

Запускаем через скрипт

Известный баг

Фиксим пребилты

```
sh set -e
set -x

# invoke resolve as part of a build run
swift run --disable-sandbox

# explicitly invoke resolve without explicit path or dependency
# the dependencies should be uses from the --swift-module

# FIXME: until prebuilt swift-syntax isn't broken on 6.2 anymore:
https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-java/issues/418
swift run \
  --disable-experimental-prebuilts \
  swift-java resolve \
  Sources/swiftlib/swift-java.config \
--swift-module swiftlib \
  --output-directory .build/plugins/outputs/swiftlib/swiftlib/destination/SwiftJavaPlugin
```

swift-java fails to link with prebuilts enabled #9331

Open

Запускаем через скрипт

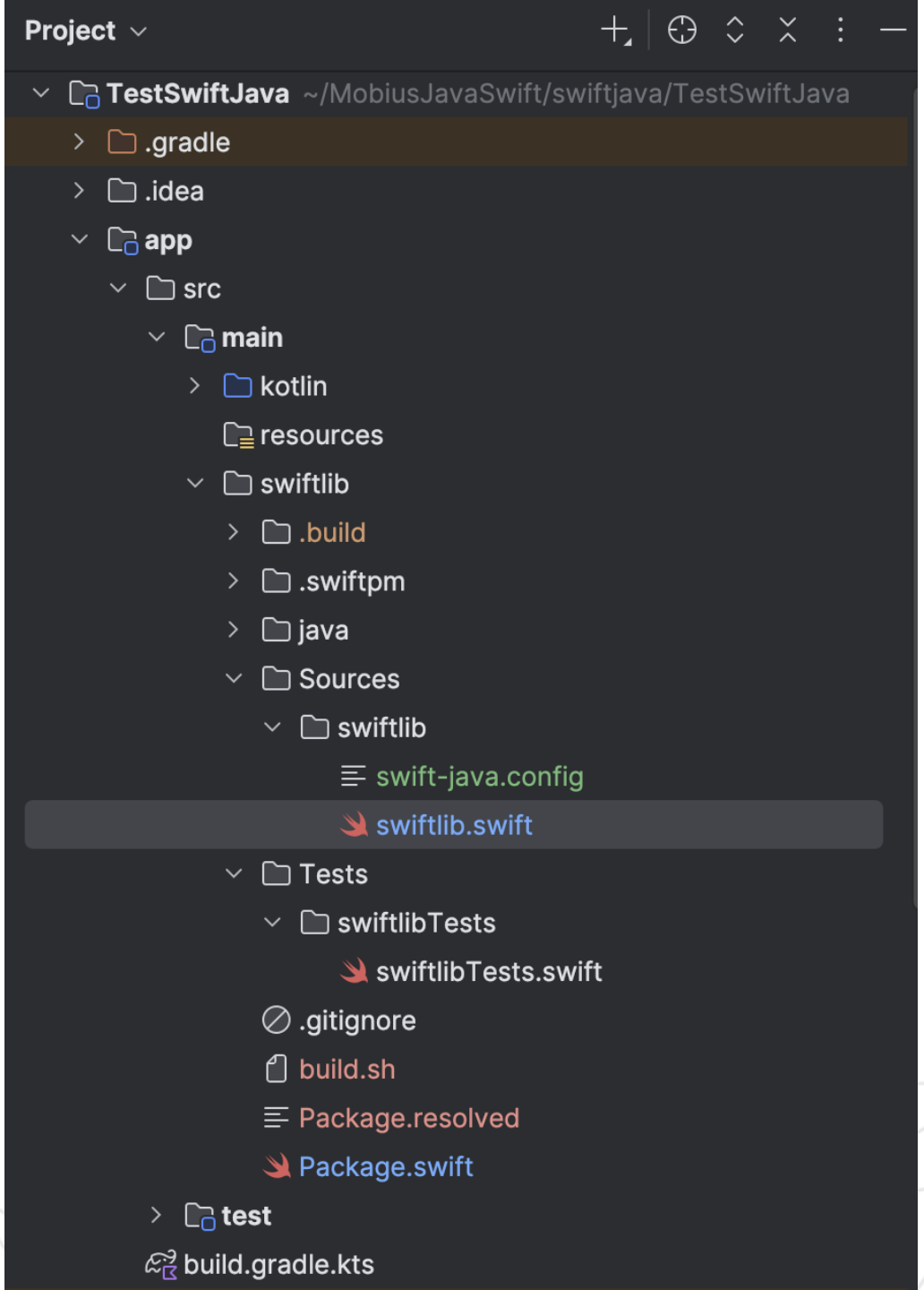
Crash!

Не нашли gradlew

```
Thread 1 crashed:

  0 0x000000019bc3e554 _assertionFailure(_:_:file:line:flags:) + 176 in libswiftCore.dylib
  1 0x000000019bcac404 swift_unexpectedError + 664 in libswiftCore.dylib
  2 SwiftJava.ResolveCommand.resolveDependencies(workDir:dependencies:) + 188 in swift-java at
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib/.build/checkouts/swift-
java/Sources/SwiftJavaTool/Commands/ResolveCommand.swift:149:26
   147|
   148|     if #available(macOS 15, *) {
   149|       let process = try! await _Subprocess.run(
      |                             ▲
   150|         .path(FilePath(resolverDir.appendingPathComponent("gradlew").path)),
   151|         arguments: [
  3 SwiftJava.ResolveCommand.resolveDependencies(swiftModule:dependencies:) in swift-java at
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/swiftlib/.build/checkouts/swift-
java/Sources/SwiftJavaTool/Commands/ResolveCommand.swift:110
   108|       .appendingPathComponent(".build")
   109|
   110|     let dependenciesClasspath = await resolveDependencies(workDir: workDir, dependencies:
dependencies)
      |     ▲
   111|     let classpathEntries = dependenciesClasspath.split(separator: ":")
   112|
   )
```

Gradle в структуру!!!

Если нужны зависимости gradle, то кладем Package swift вовнутрь Gradle проекта



USETECH

Pure Java вариант

- Многопоточность на Java.Concurrency
- Сеть на Java.Net
- Парсер на рефлексии

```
{
"classpath": "java/testsmallkotlin.jar",
"classes": {
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.JacksonNewsParser": "JacksonNewsParser",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NewsClientExample": "NewsClientExample",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NewsApiClient": "NewsApiClient",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NewsRequestManager": "NewsRequestManager",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NewsRequest": "NewsRequest",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NewsApiResponse": "NewsApiResponse",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.NewsArticle": "NewsArticle",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.Source": "Source",
"ru.azharkova.testsmallkotlin.network.ReflectionJsonParser":"ReflectionJsonParser"
},
"dependencies": [
"com.fasterxml.jackson.core:jackson-databind:2.15.2",
"com.fasterxml.jackson.datatype:jackson-datatype-jsr310:2.15.2"
]
}
```

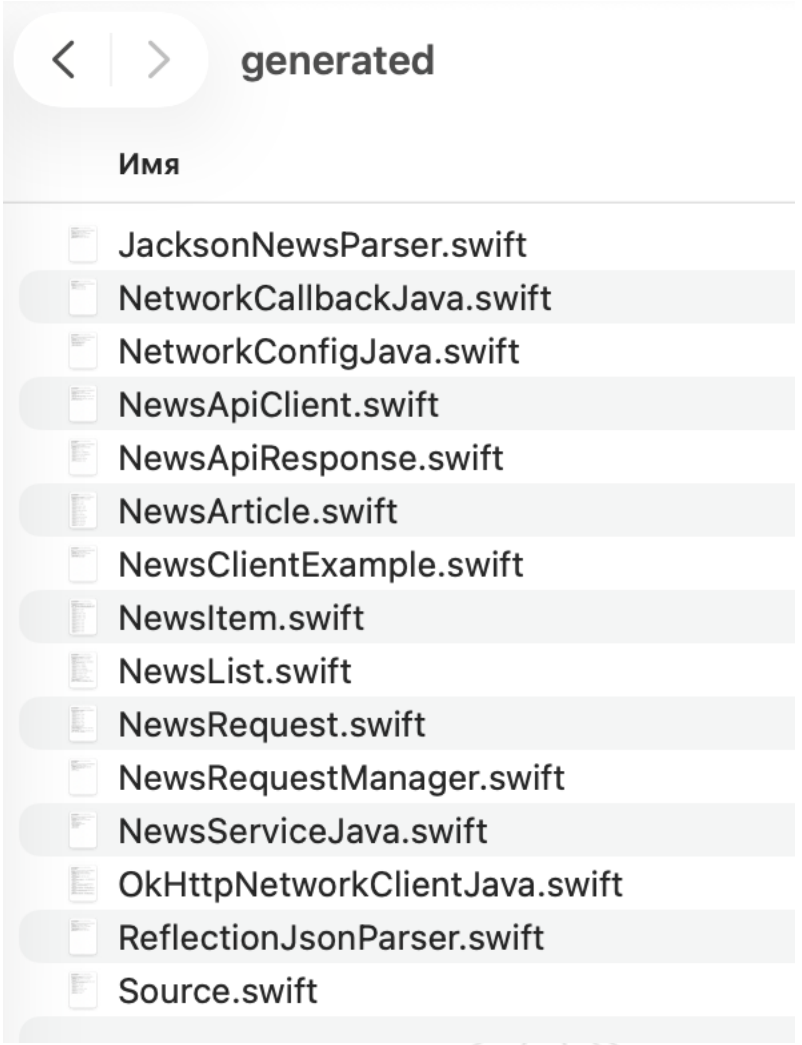
Pure Java вариант

- Многопоточность на Java.Concurrency
- Сеть на Java.Net
- Парсер на рефлексии

```
dependencies: [
                .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "CSwiftJavaJNI", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "JavaUtilFunction", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "JavaUtilJar", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "JavaUtilFunction", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "JavaUtil", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "JavaIO", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "JavaNet", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "SwiftRuntimeFunctions", package: "swift-java"),
                .product(name: "JavaUtilFunction", package: "swift-java"),
            ],
```

Pure Java вариант

- Готовые данные



Pure Java вариант

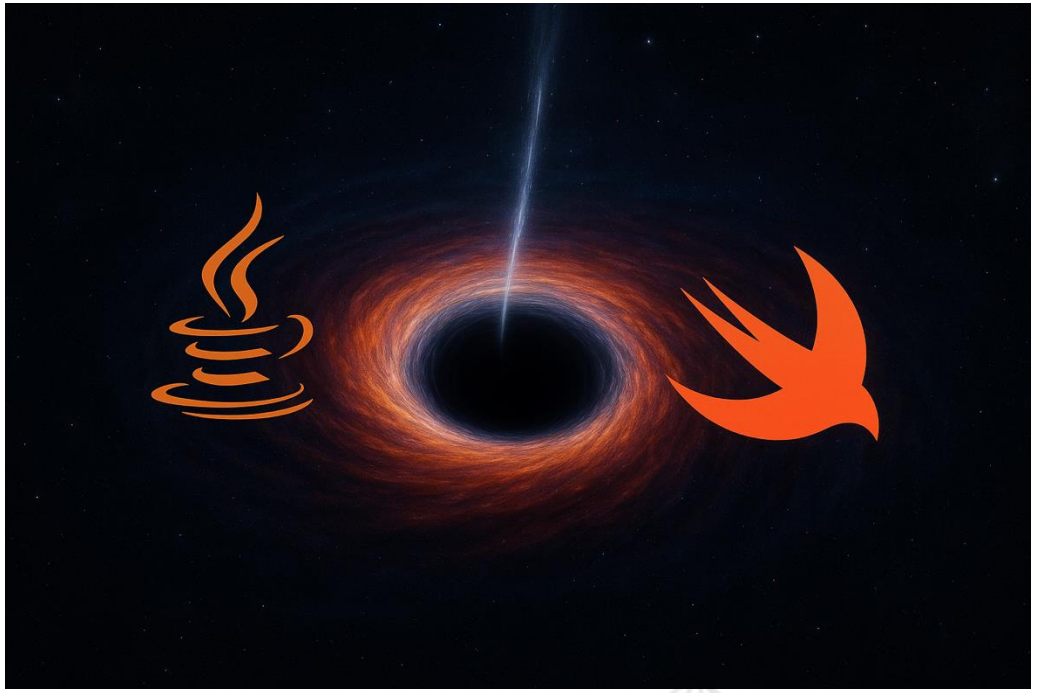
- Результат

```
Status: ok
Total results: 24
Articles found: 5
---
Title: Metroid Prime 4: Beyond Finally Gets The Trailer We've Been Waiting For - Nintendo Life
Source: Nintendo Life
Published: null
Description: Not long to go!...
---
Title: Valve is making microSD cards the next game cartridges - The Verge
Source: The Verge
Published: null
Description: Valve’s new Steam Machine PC and Steam Frame VR headset both have a microSD card slot, meaning you c...
---
Title: How Iron Man’s Jarvis Became the Symbol of Corporate America’s AI Ambitions - The Wall Street Journal
Source: The Wall Street Journal
Published: null
```

Summary

- Портируются не все данные
- Лучше всего и стабильнее с pure Java решениями
- Kotlin – не все

Теперь Swift -> Java



Swift -> Java

Jextract – Java код из Swift

- ffm (Swift 6.2+, JDK 25)
- jni (Swift 6.2+, JDK 7+)

```
swift-java jextract --mode=ffm (default)

swift-java jextract --mode=jni
```

Swift -> Java

Подготовка проекта

```
targets: [
    .target(
      name: "MySwiftLibrary",
      dependencies: [
        .product(name: "SwiftJava", package: "swift-java"),
        .product(name: "CSwiftJavaJNI", package: "swift-java"),
        .product(name: "SwiftJavaRuntimeSupport", package: "swift-java"),
      ],
      exclude: [
        "swift-java.config"
      ],
      swiftSettings: [
        .swiftLanguageMode(.v5),
        .unsafeFlags(["-I\(javaIncludePath)", "-I\(javaPlatformIncludePath)"]),
      ],
      plugins: [
        .plugin(name: "JExtractSwiftPlugin", package: "swift-java")
      ]
    )
  ]
```

Swift -> Java.Результат генерации

<name>+swiftjava.swift

> 360 строк

Биндинги

```
// ==== ------------------------------------------------
// Thunks for Vehicle

// Generated by swift-java

import SwiftJava
import CSwiftJavaJNI
import SwiftJavaRuntimeSupport

enum _JNI_Vehicle {
  static let vehicleBicycleCache = _JNIMethodIDCache(environment: try!
JavaVirtualMachine.shared().environment(), className:
"com/example/swift/Vehicle$Bicycle$$NativeParameters", methods: [.init(name: "<init>", signature: "
()V")])
  static let vehicleCarCache = _JNIMethodIDCache(environment: try!
JavaVirtualMachine.shared().environment(), className:
"com/example/swift/Vehicle$Car$$NativeParameters", methods: [.init(name: "<init>", signature: "
(Ljava/lang/String;Ljava/lang/String;)V")])
  static let vehicleMotorbikeCache = _JNIMethodIDCache(environment: try!
JavaVirtualMachine.shared().environment(), className:
"com/example/swift/Vehicle$Motorbike$$NativeParameters", methods: [.init(name: "<init>", signature:
"(Ljava/lang/String;JJ)V")])
  static let vehicleTransformerCache = _JNIMethodIDCache(environment: try!
JavaVirtualMachine.shared().environment(), className:
"com/example/swift/Vehicle$Transformer$$NativeParameters", methods: [.init(name: "<init>",
signature: "(JJ)V")])
  static let vehicleBoatCache = _JNIMethodIDCache(environment: try!
JavaVirtualMachine.shared().environment(), className:
"com/example/swift/Vehicle$Boat$$NativeParameters", methods: [.init(name: "<init>", signature: "
(JI)V")])
} // printJNICache(_:_:) @ JExtractSwiftLib/JNISwift2JavaGenerator+SwiftThunkPrinting.swift:111
```

Swift -> Java.Результат генерации

Много строк

Биндинг Swift -> Swift

JNISwiftInstance

```java
// Generated by jextract-swift
// Swift module: MySwiftLibrary

package com.example.swift;

import org.swift.swiftkit.core.*;
import org.swift.swiftkit.core.util.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicBoolean;
import org.swift.swiftkit.core.annotations.*;

public final class Vehicle implements JNISwiftInstance {
  static final String LIB_NAME = "MySwiftLibrary";

  @SuppressWarnings("unused")
  private static final boolean INITIALIZED_LIBS = initializeLibs();
  static boolean initializeLibs() {
      System.loadLibrary(LIB_NAME);
      return true;
  }
  /**
  * The designated constructor of any imported Swift types.
  *
  * @param selfPointer  a pointer to the memory containing the value
  * @param swiftArena   the arena this object belongs to. When the arena goes out of scope, this
value is destroyed.
  */
  private Vehicle(long selfPointer, SwiftArena swiftArena) {
    SwiftObjects.requireNonZero(selfPointer, "selfPointer");
    this.selfPointer = selfPointer;

    // Only register once we have fully initialized the object since this will need the object
pointer.
    swiftArena.register(this);
  }
```

USE TECH

Swift -> Java. Запуск вручную

Указываем mode jni, входные файлы и путь для сохранения

```
swift-java jextract --swift-module MySwiftLibrary \
  --mode jni \
  --input-swift Sources/MySwiftLibrary \
  --output-java out/java \
  --output-swift out/swift
```

Swift -> Java. Запуск вручную

Было

```swift
public class MySwiftClass {
  public let x: Int64
  public init(x: Int64) {
    self.x = x
  }

  public func printMe() {
    print("\(self.x)");
  }
}
```

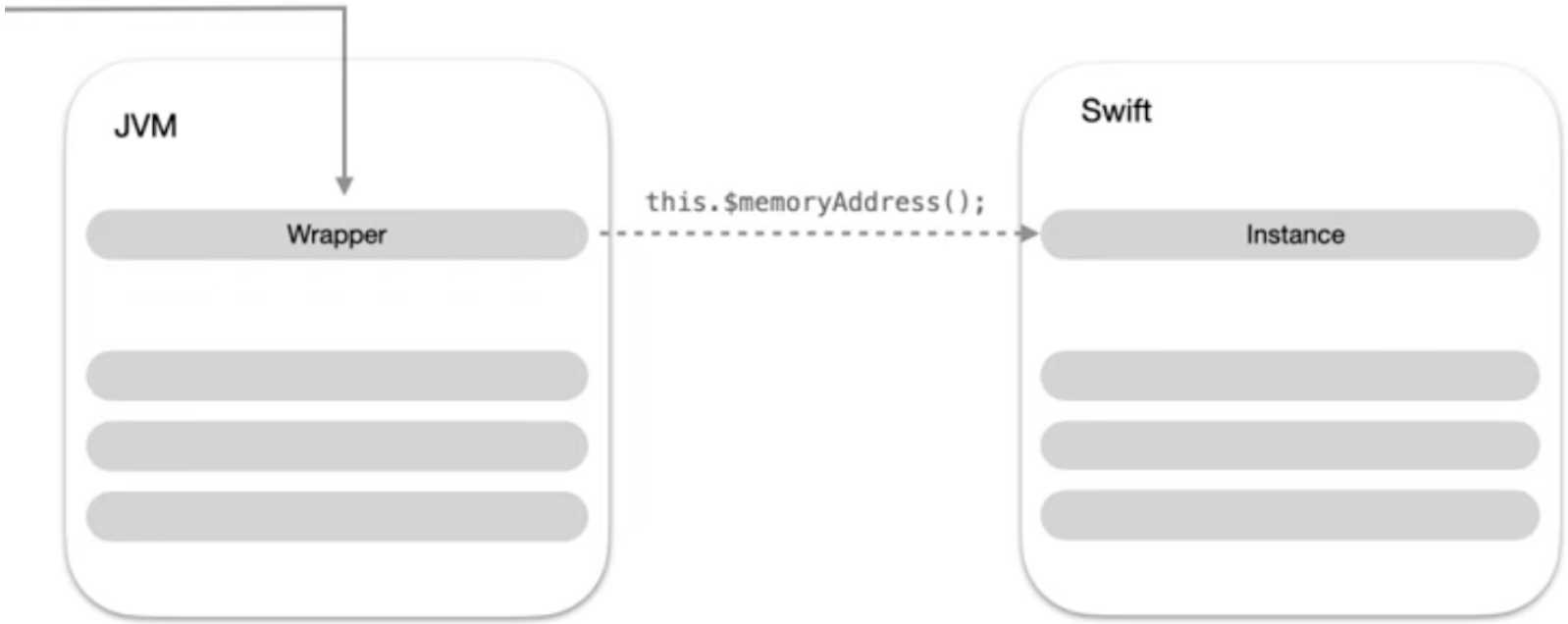
Swift -> Java. Запуск вручную

Стало

```
public final class MySwiftClass implements JNISwiftInstance {
  public static  MySwiftClass init(long x, long y, SwiftArena swiftArena$) {
    return MySwiftClass.wrapMemoryAddressUnsafe(MySwiftClass.$init(x, y), swiftArena$);
  }

  public  long getX() {
    return MySwiftClass.$getX(this.$memoryAddress());
  }

  public  void printMe() {
    MySwiftClass.$printMe(this.$memoryAddress());
  }

  private static native long $init(long x, long y);
  private static native long $getX(long self);
  private static native void $printMe(long self);
}
```

Управление памятью

SwiftArena



~~Quake 3.~~ Swift Arena

SwiftArena

```
// Main.java

try (var arena = SwiftArena.ofConfined()) {
    var business = new SwiftyBusiness(arena, ...);

    // ...
}
```

~~Quake 3.~~ Swift Arena

SwiftArena - это тип для гарантированного освобождения памяти от Java-обёртки:

- SwiftArena.ofConfined(): используется с try-with-resource для освобождения всех в scope
- SwiftArena.ofAuto(): освобождает экземпляры со сборщиком мусора

Java Foreign Functions and Memory API

- Улучшенный контроль над нативной памятью
- Более безопасная альтернатива JNI
- Лучшая производительность и безопасность

JNI vs FFM

JEP 454: Foreign Function & Memory API

Owner	Maurizio Cimadamore
Type	Feature
Scope	SE
Status	Closed / Delivered
Release	22
Component	core-libs / java.lang.foreign
Discussion	panama dash dev at openjdk dot org
Relates to	JEP 472: Prepare to Restrict the Use of JNI JEP 442: Foreign Function & Memory API (Third Preview)
Reviewed by	Alex Buckley, Jorn Vernee
Endorsed by	Alan Bateman
Created	2023/06/22 09:36
Updated	2024/10/07 14:18
Issue	8310626

Summary

Introduce an API by which Java programs can interoperate with code and data outside of the Java runtime. By efficiently invoking foreign functions (i.e., code outside the JVM), and by safely accessing foreign memory (i.e., memory not managed by the JVM), the API enables Java programs to call native libraries and process native data without the brittleness and danger of JNI.

FFM с Android не работает

JNI vs FFM

JNI	FFM
Java 11+	Java 22+
Android Compability	For modern platforms
More copies	Better native memory support
Wider set of language features available	“Basic” features supported

JExtract. Ограничения

Jextract
https://swiftpackageindex.com/swiftlang/swift-java/main/documentation/swiftjavadocumentation/supportedfeatures

Swift Feature	FFM	JNI
Initializers: `class`, `struct`	✅	✅
Optional Initializers / Throwing Initializers	❌	✅
Deinitializers: `class`, `struct`	✅	✅
`enum`	❌	✅
`actor`	❌	❌
Global Swift `func`	✅	✅
Class/struct member `func`	✅	✅
Throwing functions: `func x() throws`	❌	✅
Typed throws: `func x() throws(E)`	❌	❌
Stored properties: `var`, `let` (with `willSet`, `didSet`)	✅	✅
Computed properties: `var` (incl. `throws`)	✅ / TODO	✅
Async functions `func async` and properties: `var { get async {} }`	❌	✅
Arrays: `[UInt8]`, `[MyType]`, `Array<Int64>` etc	❌	✅
Dictionaries: `[String: Int]`, `[K:V]`	❌	❌
Generic parameters in functions: `func f<T: A & B>(x: T)`	❌	✅
Generic return values in functions: `func f<T: A & B>() -> T`	❌	❌

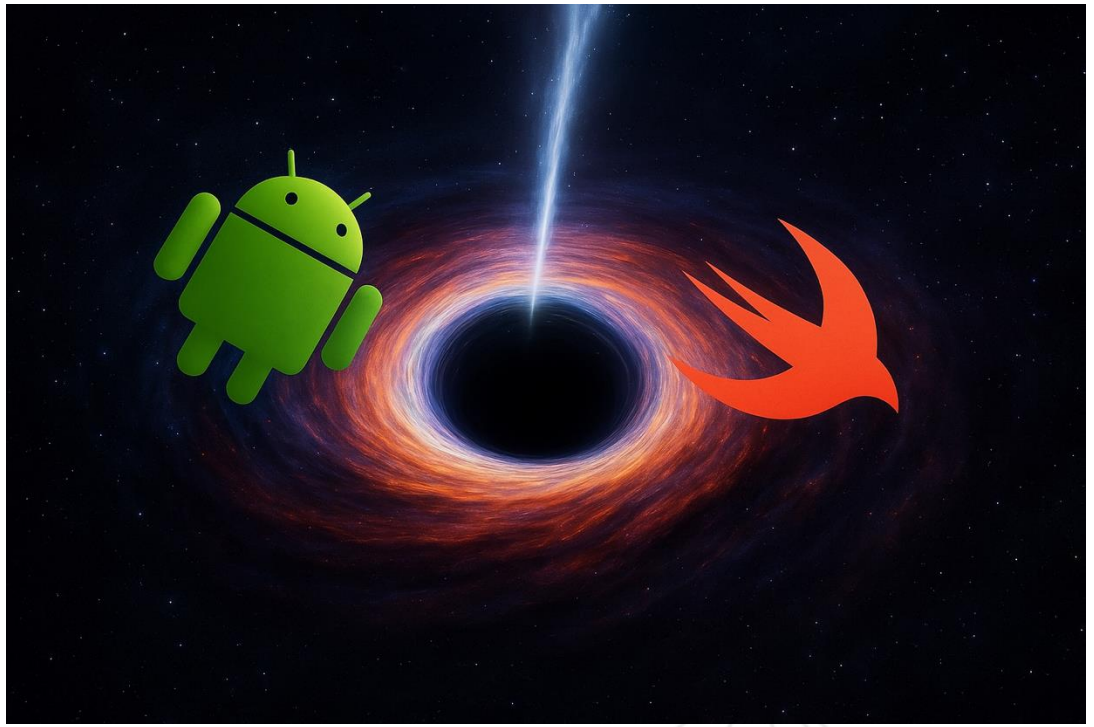
JExtract. С чем проблемы

- Коллекции
- Исключения
- Enum
- Actor
- Generics
- Async/ await (поддерживаются только для JNI)

Roadmap

- Распределение и упаковка
- Транзитивные зависимости
- Реализации протоколов на Java
- Многопоточность в Swift

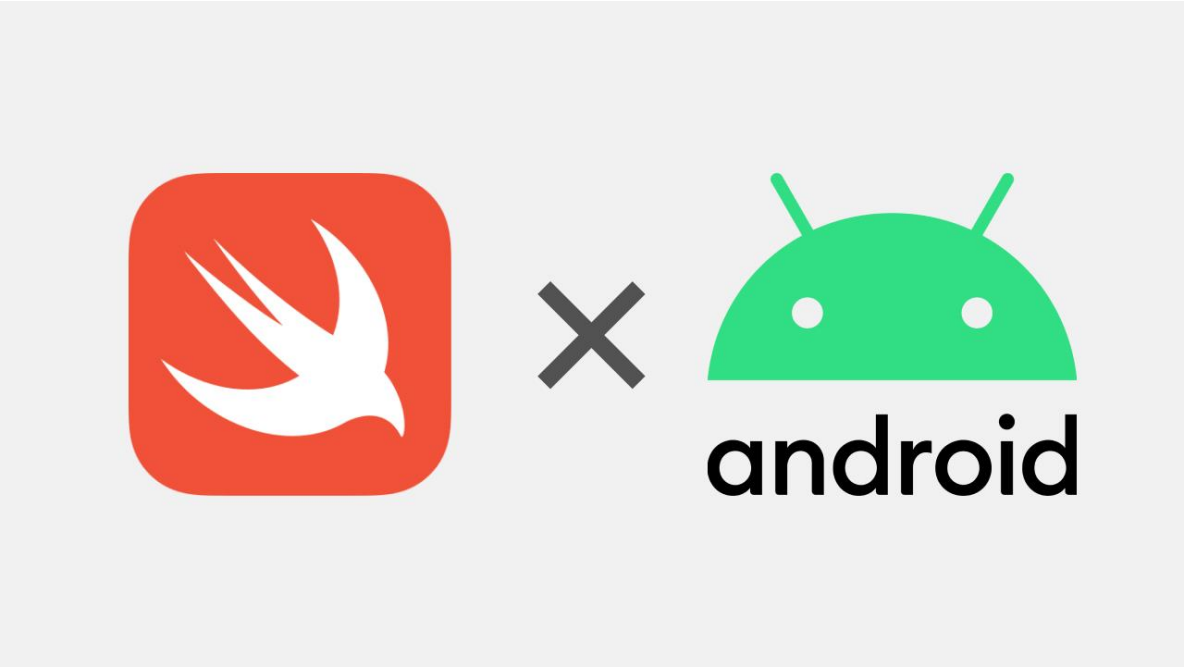
Swift-> Java для Android



Swift Android SDK

Октябрь 2025

https://www.swift.org/documentation/articles/swift-sdk-for-android-getting-started.html



Swift Android SDK

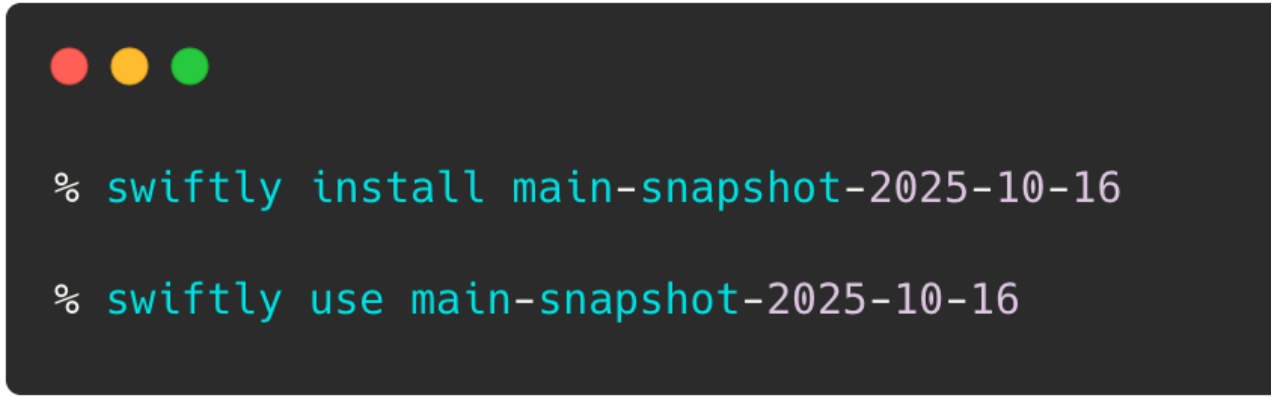
Написать все приложение Android на Swift пока не получится

Does this mean I can write Android applications in Swift?

No. Although the Swift compiler is capable of compiling Swift code that runs on an Android device, it takes a lot more than just the Swift stdlib to write an app. You'd need some sort of framework to build a user interface for your application, which the Swift stdlib does not provide.

Что понадобится

- swiftly
- Swift Toolchain
- Android Swift SDK
- Android NDK



Что понадобится

- Swift Toolchain
- Android Swift SDK
- Android NDK

```
% swift sdk install https://download.swift.org/development/android-sdk/swift-DEVELOPMENT-SNAPSHOT-2025-10-16-a/swift-DEVELOPMENT-SNAPSHOT-2025-10-16-a_android-0.1.artifactbundle.tar.gz --checksum 451844c232cf1fa02c52431084ed3dc27a42d103635c6fa71bae8d66adba2500
```

Что понадобится

- Swift Toolchain
- Android Swift SDK
- Android NDK

Если NDK у вас уже есть, просто установите ANDROID_NDK_HOME

```
% mkdir ~/android-ndk
% cd ~/android-ndk
% curl -fSLO https://dl.google.com/android/repository/android-ndk-r27d-$(uname -s).zip
% unzip -q android-ndk-r27d-*.zip
% export ANDROID_NDK_HOME=$PWD/android-ndk-r27d
```

Важно! Линкуем NDK с SwiftPM

```
% cd ~/Library/org.swift.swiftpm || cd ~/.swiftpm
% ./swift-sdks/swift-DEVELOPMENT-SNAPSHOT-2025-10-16-a-android-0.1.artifactbundle/swift-
android/scripts/setup-android-sdk.sh
```

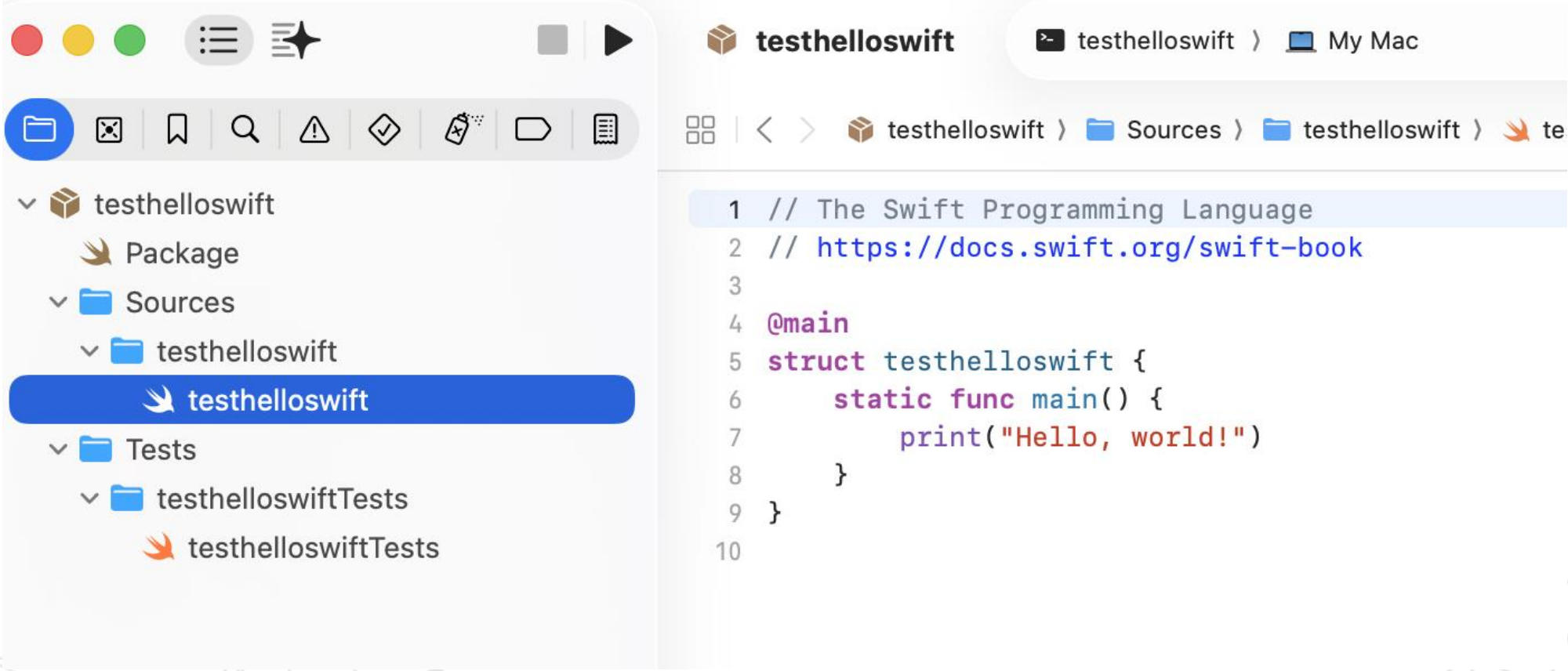
Тестовый пример на Swift Android

Создаем пакет с помощью swiftly

```
annazharkova@MacBook-Pro-Anna-4 testhelloswift % swiftly run swift package init --type executable
Creating executable package: testhelloswift
Creating Package.swift
Creating .gitignore
Creating Sources
Creating Sources/testhelloswift/testhelloswift.swift
Creating Tests/
Creating Tests/testhelloswiftTests/
Creating Tests/testhelloswiftTests/testhelloswiftTests.swift
```

Тестовый пример на Swift Android

Создаем пакет с помощью swiftly



Тестовый пример на Swift Android

Вызываем сборку под нужную архитектуру aarch64

```
annazharkova@MacBook-Pro-Anna-4 testhelloswift % swiftly run swift build --swift-sdk aarch64-
unknown-linux-android28 --static-swift-stdlib
Building for debugging...
[8/8] Linking testhelloswift
Build complete! (5.99s)
```

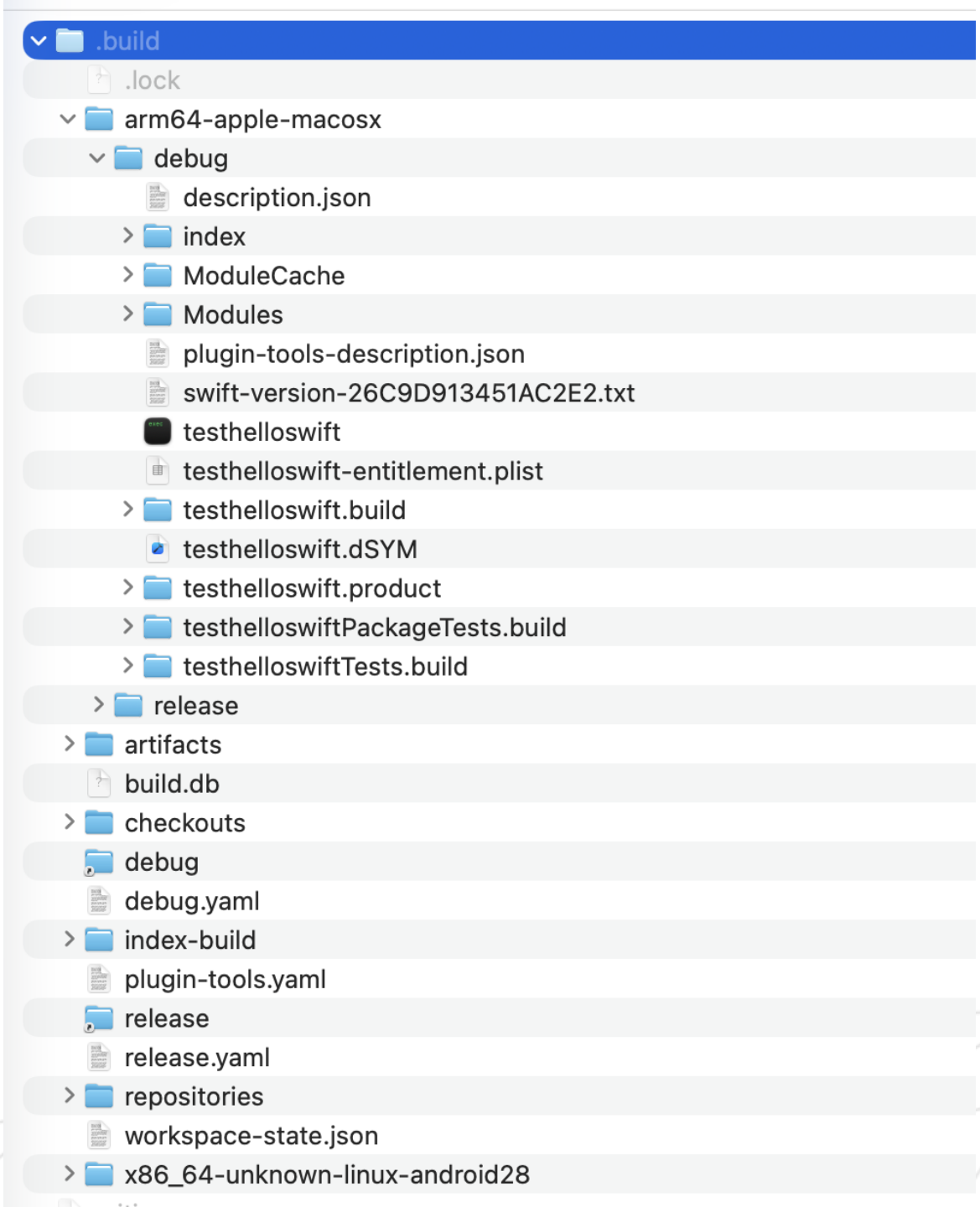
Тестовый пример на Swift Android

Вызываем сборку под нужную архитектуру aarch64

```
annazharkova@MacBook-Pro-Anna-4 testhelloswift % swiftly run swift build --swift-sdk aarch64-
unknown-linux-android28 --static-swift-stdlib
Building for debugging...
[8/8] Linking testhelloswift
Build complete! (5.99s)

annazharkova@MacBook-Pro-Anna-4 testhelloswift % file
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/testhelloswift/.build/aarch64-unknown-linux-
android28/debug/testhelloswift
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/testhelloswift/.build/aarch64-unknown-linux-
android28/debug/testhelloswift: ELF 64-bit LSB pie executable, ARM aarch64, version 1 (SYSV),
dynamically linked, interpreter /system/bin/linker64,
BuildID[sha1]=cf4f3818fc0ece553f42481905f63976ab01b8be, with debug_info, not stripped
```

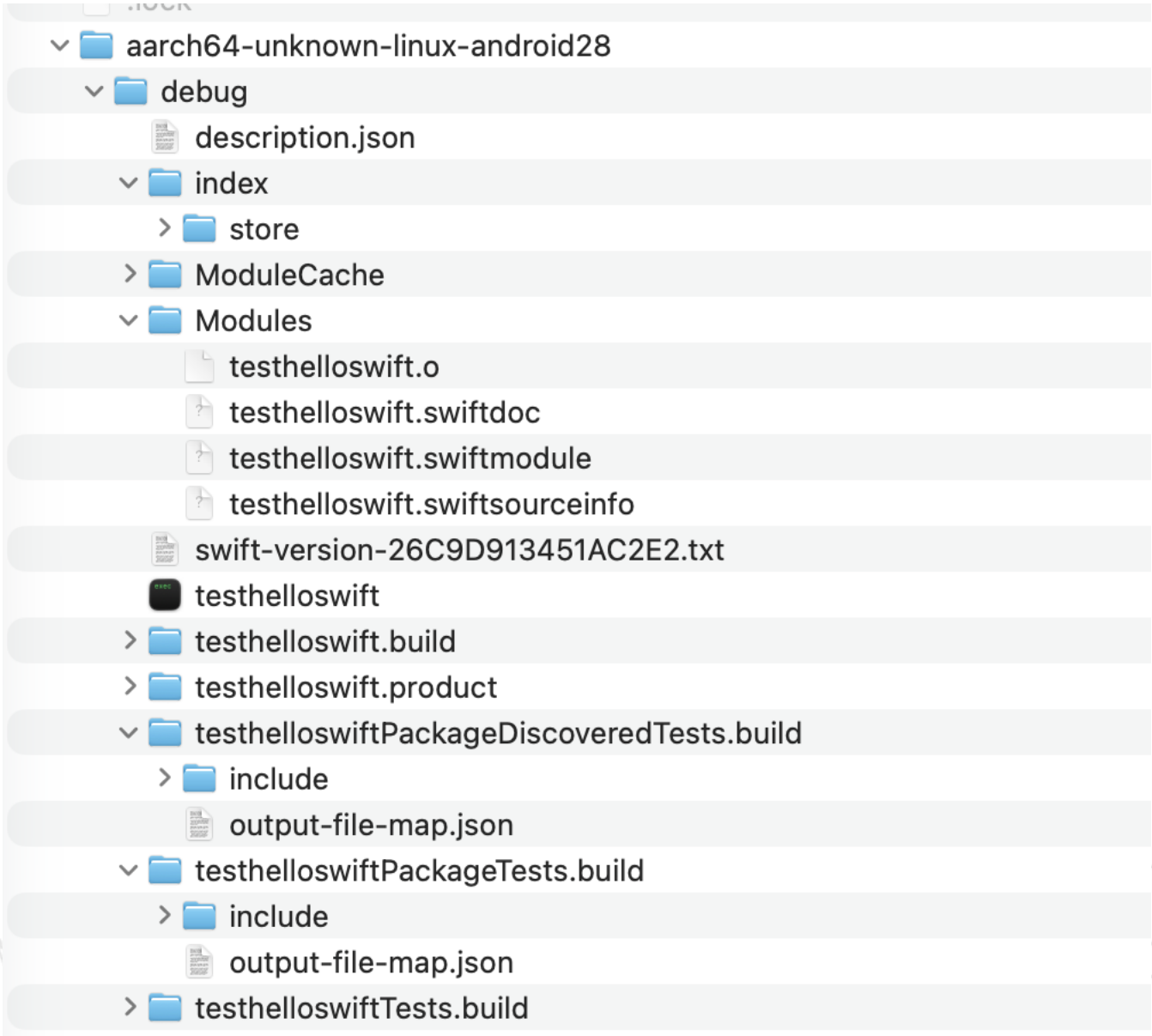
Тестовый пример на Swift Android

После сборки



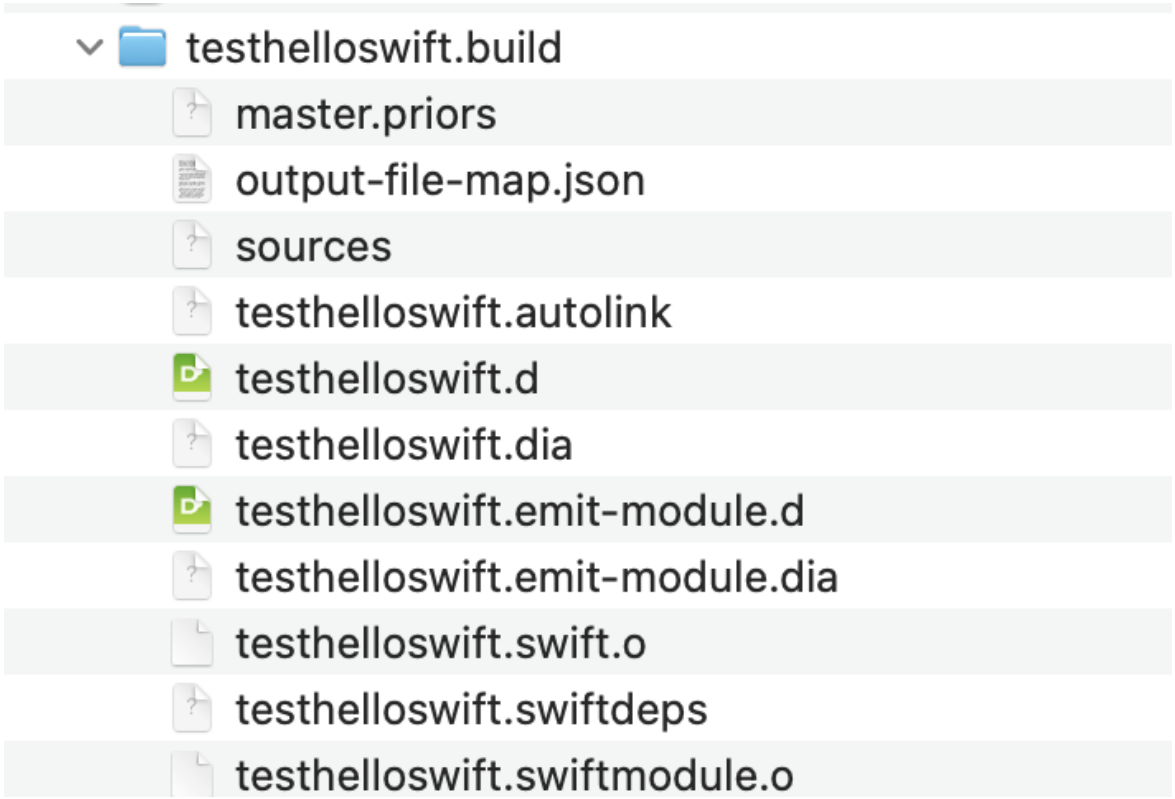
Тестовый пример на Swift Android

После сборки



Тестовый пример на Swift Android

После сборки



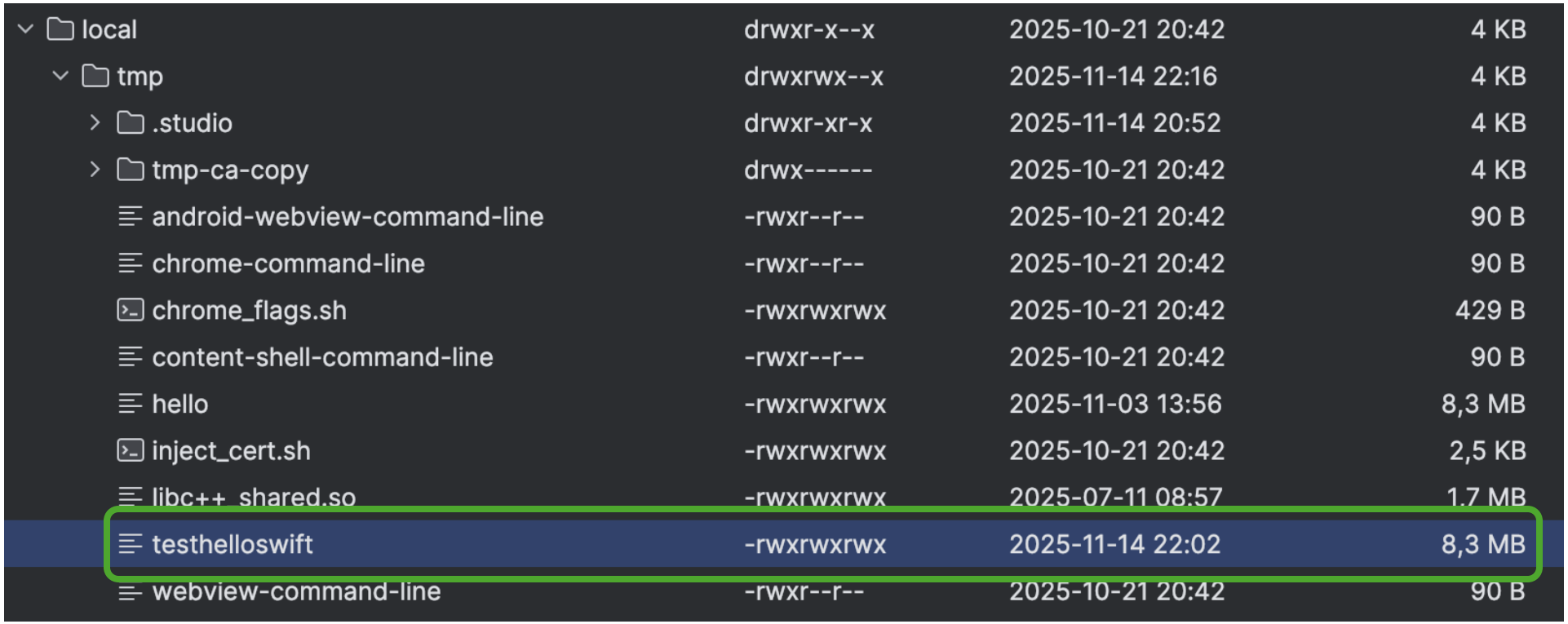
Тестовый пример на Swift Android

Деплоим

```
annazharkova@MacBook-Pro-Anna-4 testhelloswift % adb push
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/testhelloswift/.build/aarch64-unknown-linux-
android28/debug/testhelloswift /data/local/tmp
/Users/annazharkova/MobiusJavaSwift/testhellos...0 skipped. 30.1 MB/s (8748400 bytes in 0.277s)

annazharkova@MacBook-Pro-Anna-4 org.swift.swiftpm % adb push
$ANDROID_NDK_HOME/toolchains/llvm/prebuilt/*/sysroot/usr/lib/aarch64-linux-android/libc++_shared.so
/data/local/tmp/
/Users/annazharkova/android-ndk/android-ndk-r2... skipped. 192.6 MB/s (1794776 bytes in 0.009s)
```

Тестовый пример на Swift Android

Деплоим



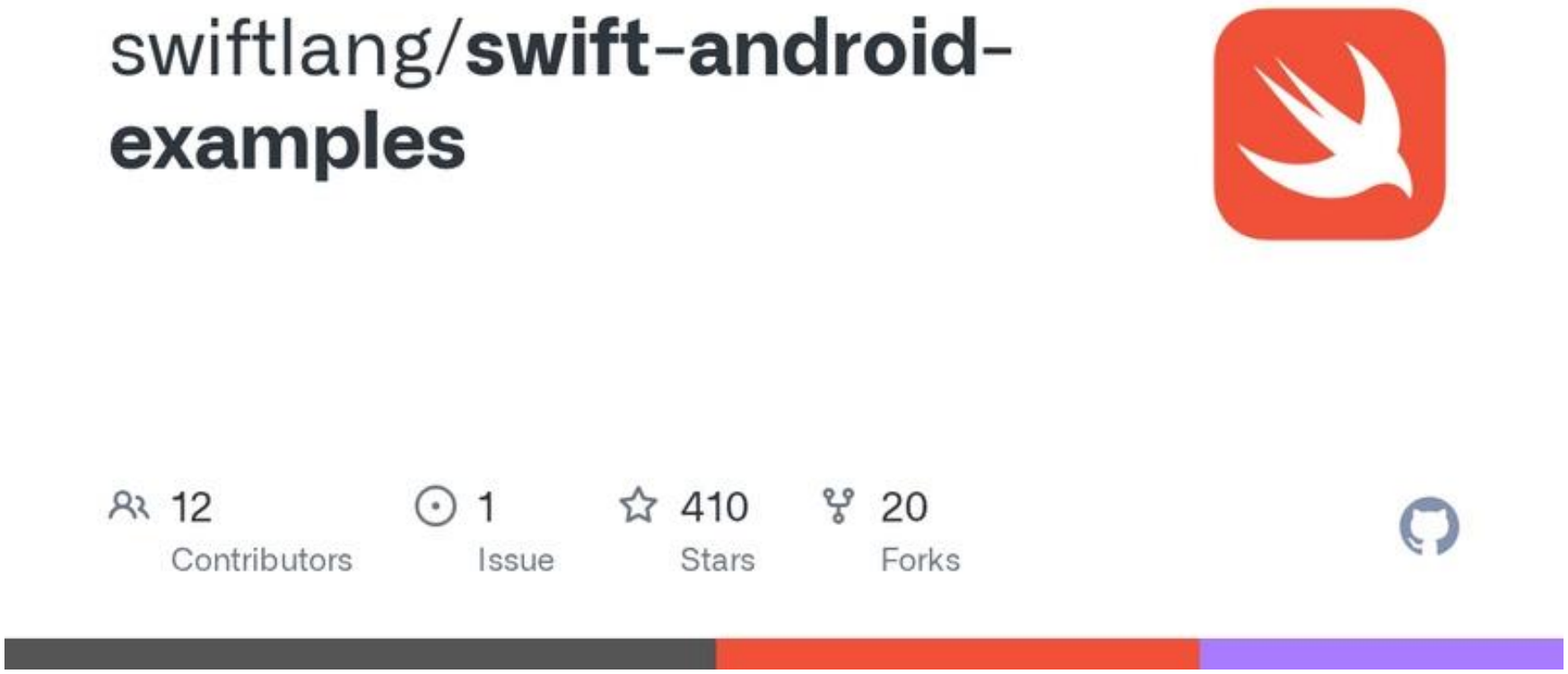
Тестовый пример на Swift Android

Запускаем

```
annazharkova@MacBook-Pro-Anna-4 org.swift.swiftpm % adb shell /data/local/tmp/testhelloswift
WARNING: linker: Warning: "/data/local/tmp/libc++_shared.so" unused DT entry: unknown processor-
specific (type 0x70000001 arg 0x0) (ignoring)
Hello, world!
```

Расширенные примеры с Activity

Это и документация



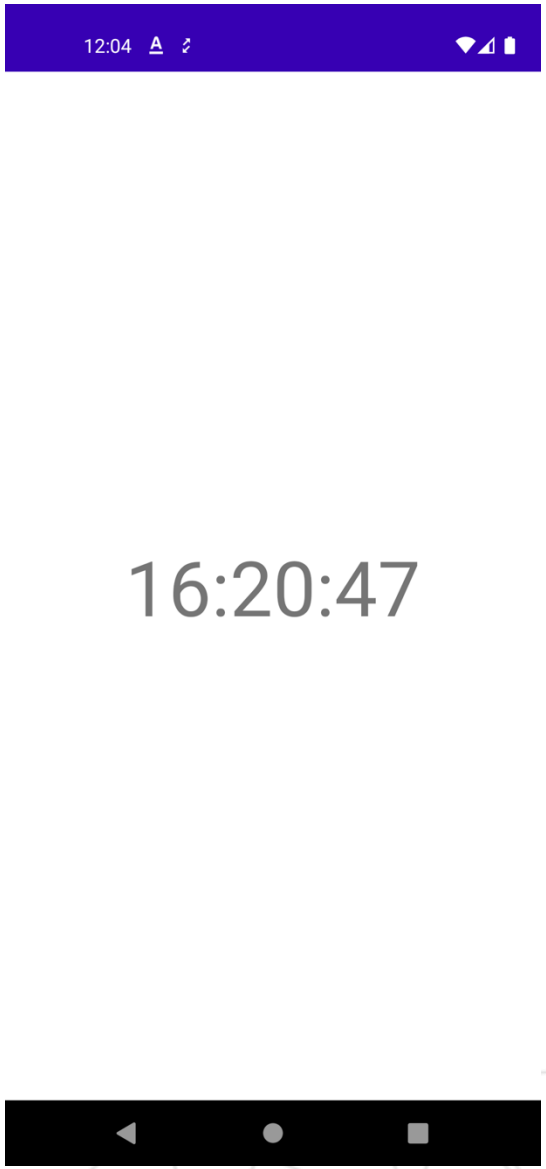
Добавления в существующий Activity

@_cdecl – макрос для новой функции в Activity

Import Android???

```swift
@_cdecl("Java_org_example_helloswift_MainActivity_startTicks")
public func MainActivity_startTicks(env: UnsafeMutablePointer<JNIEnv?>, thiz: jobject) {
    guard let globalRef = env.pointee!.pointee.NewGlobalRef(env, thiz) else { return }
    guard let cls = env.pointee!.pointee.GetObjectClass(env, thiz) else { return }
    defer { env.pointee!.pointee.DeleteLocalRef(env, cls) }
    guard let mid = env.pointee!.pointee.GetMethodID(env, cls, "updateTimer", "()V") else { return }

    let activityHandle = JGlobalObject(ref: globalRef)
    let methodHandle = JMethodID(id: mid)

    queue.async {
        workItem?.cancel()
        workItem = DispatchWorkItem {
            getEnvForCurrentThread { env in
                env?.pointee!.pointee.CallVoidMethodA(env, activityHandle.ref, methodHandle.id, nil)
            }
            if let workItem = workItem, workItem.isCancelled == false {
                queue.asyncAfter(deadline: .now() + 1, execute: workItem)
            }
        }
        queue.async(execute: workItem!)
    }
}
```

Добавления в существующий Activity



@_cdecl – макрос для новой функции в Activity

Import Android???

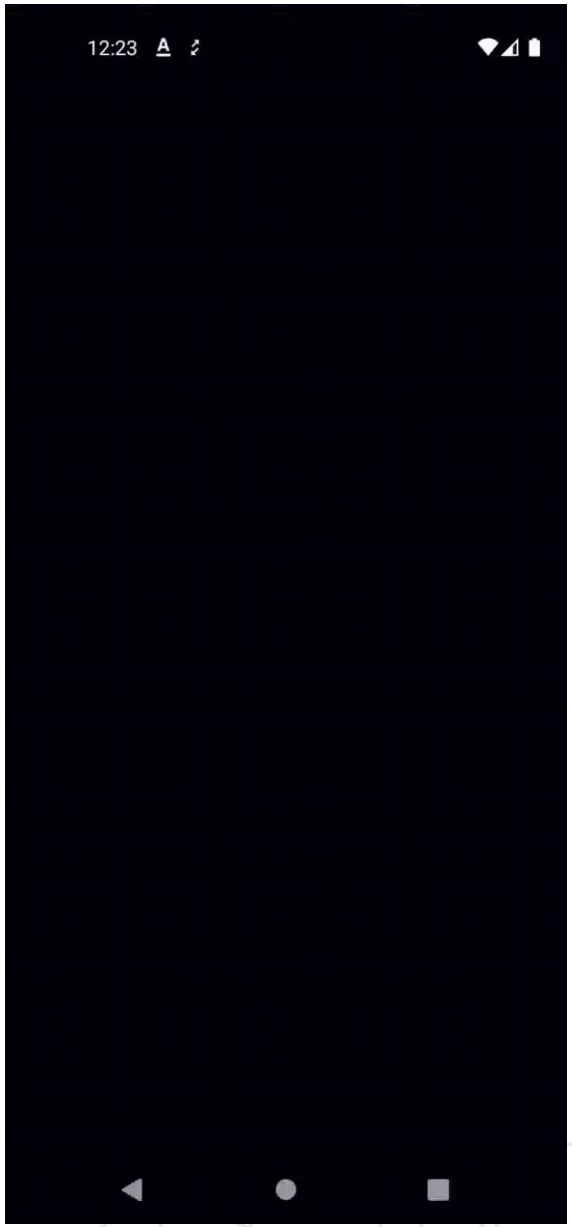
NDKActivity

SPM с нативной Activity

```
let package = Package(
    name: "native-activity",
    products: [
        .library(name: "native-activity", type: .dynamic, targets: ["native-activity"]),
    ],
    dependencies: [
        .package(path: "../../../../native-app-glue")
    ],
    targets: [
        .target(
            name: "native-activity",
            dependencies: [
                .product(name: "AndroidNativeAppGlue", package: "native-app-glue"),
                .product(name: "AndroidOpenGL", package: "native-app-glue")
            ],
            linkerSettings: [
                .linkedLibrary("android"),
                .linkedLibrary("EGL"),
                .linkedLibrary("GLESv1_CM"),
                .linkedLibrary("log")
            ]
        )
    ]
)
```

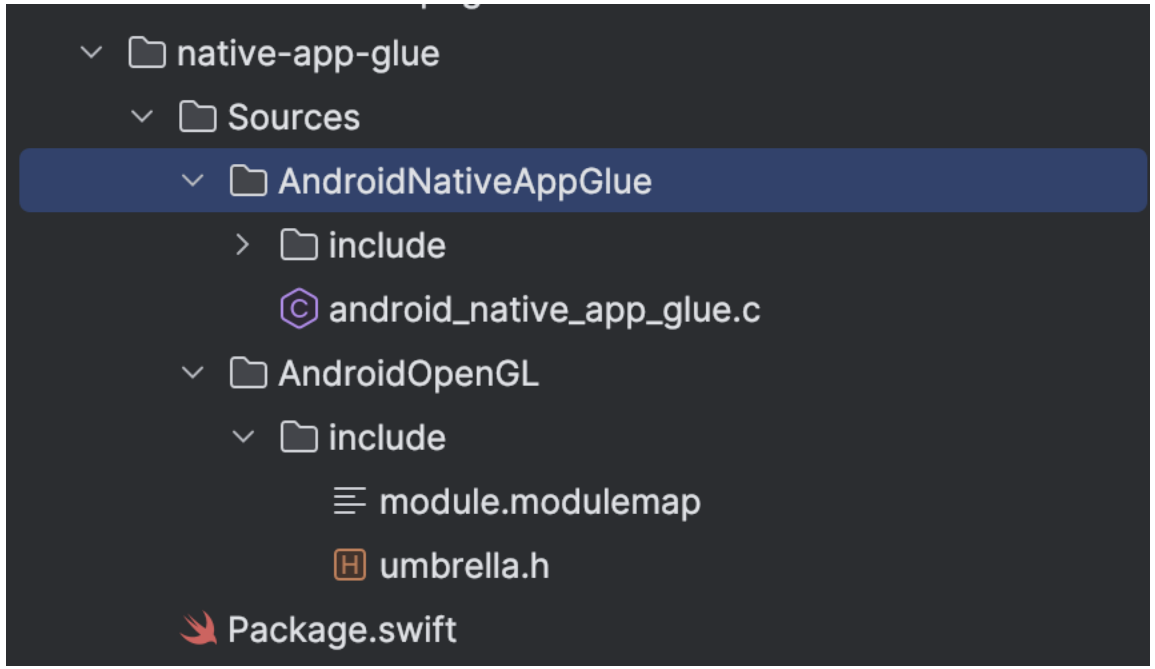
NDKActivity

SPM с нативной Activity



NDKActivity

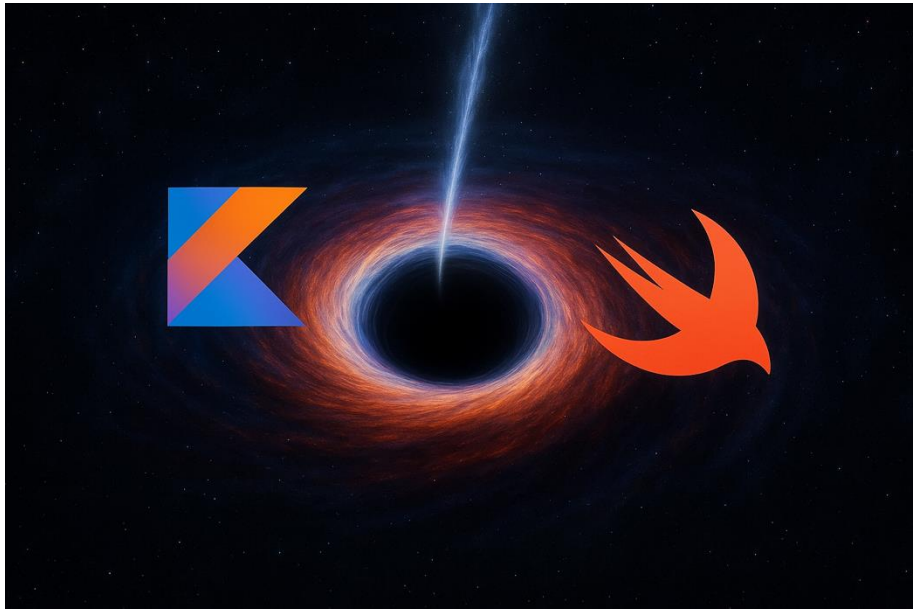
C++ -> JNI -> Swift -> Android



Что в итоге с задумками от Apple

- Swift -> Java работает лучше, чем Java -> Swift
- Документация -> 0
- Слишком много ручного труда

А что с прямым экспортом Kotlin – Swift в KMP?



Kotlin-Swift.Прямой export

Experimental

Kotlin 2.2.21 поддерживает по умолчанию

```
kotlin.experimental.swift-export.enabled=true
```

Enable Swift export

The feature is currently Experimental and not ready for production. To try it out, configure the build file in your Kotlin project and set up Xcode to integrate Swift export.

Не готов к продакшену

Kotlin-Swift.Прямой export

Experimental

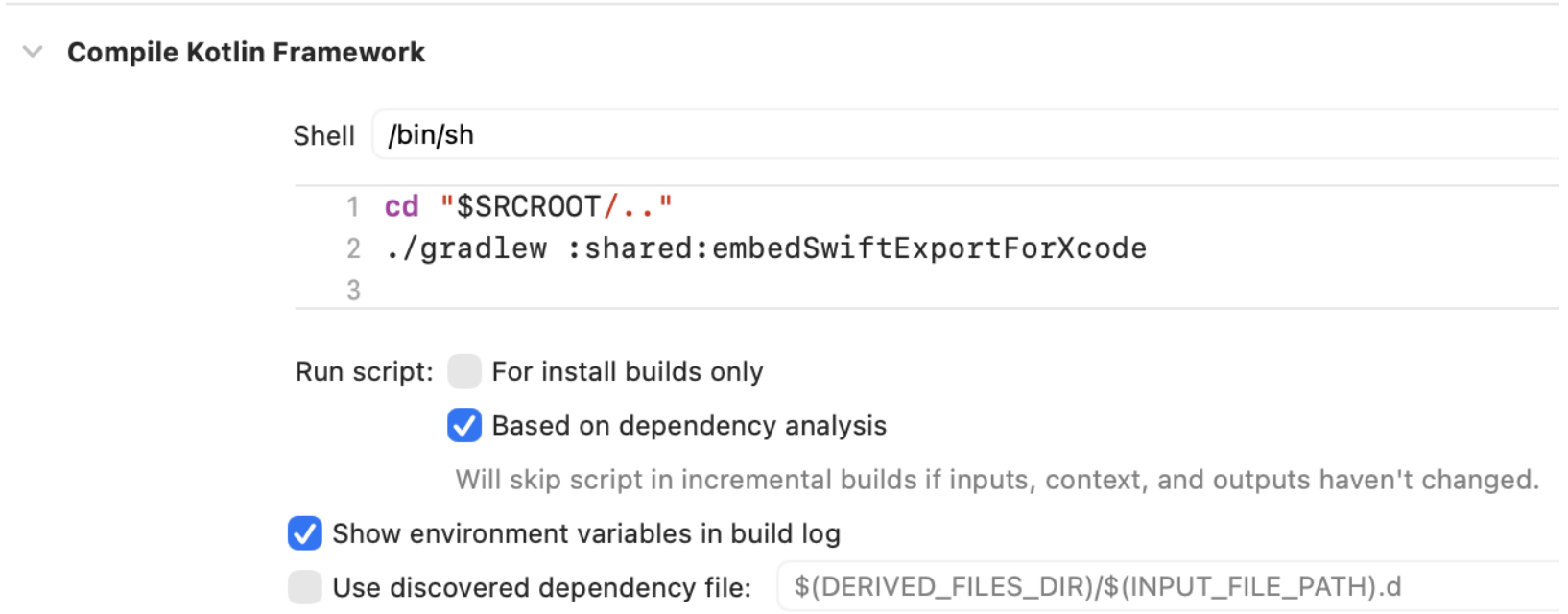
swiftExport секция в build.gradle.kts

```
import org.jetbrains.kotlin.gradle.swiftexport.ExperimentalSwiftExportDsl

plugins {
    alias(libs.plugins.kotlinMultiplatform)
}

kotlin {
    iosX64()
    iosArm64()
    iosSimulatorArm64()

    @OptIn(ExperimentalSwiftExportDsl::class)
    swiftExport {
        // Root module name
        moduleName = "Shared"

        // Collapse rule
        flattenPackage = "ru.azharkova.testswiftexport"

        // Export external modules
        export(projects.testModule) {
            // Exported module name
            moduleName = "testModule"
            // Collapse exported dependency rule
            flattenPackage = "ru.azharkova.testmodule"
        }
    }

    sourceSets.commonMain.dependencies {
        api(projects.testModule)
    }
}
```

Kotlin-Swift.Прямой export

Experimental

Новый скрипт



Kotlin-Swift.Код до

Experimental

Полная версия > 170 строк

```
__attribute__((objc_subclassing_restricted))
__attribute__((swift_name("Greeting")))
@interface SharedGreeting : SharedBase
- (instancetype)init __attribute__((swift_name("init()")))
__attribute__((objc_designated_initializer));
+ (instancetype)new __attribute__((availability(swift, unavailable, message="use object initializers
instead")));
- (NSString *)greet __attribute__((swift_name("greet()")));
@end

__attribute__((swift_name("Platform")))
@protocol SharedPlatform
@required
@property (readonly) NSString *name __attribute__((swift_name("name")));
@end

__attribute__((objc_subclassing_restricted))
__attribute__((swift_name("IOSPlatform")))
@interface SharedIOSPlatform : SharedBase <SharedPlatform>
- (instancetype)init __attribute__((swift_name("init()")))
__attribute__((objc_designated_initializer));
+ (instancetype)new __attribute__((availability(swift, unavailable, message="use object initializers
instead")));
@property (readonly) NSString *name __attribute__((swift_name("name")));
@end

__attribute__((objc_subclassing_restricted))
__attribute__((swift_name("Platform_iosKt")))
@interface SharedPlatform_iosKt : SharedBase
+ (id<SharedPlatform>)getPlatform __attribute__((swift_name("getPlatform()")));
@end
```

Kotlin-Swift.Код после

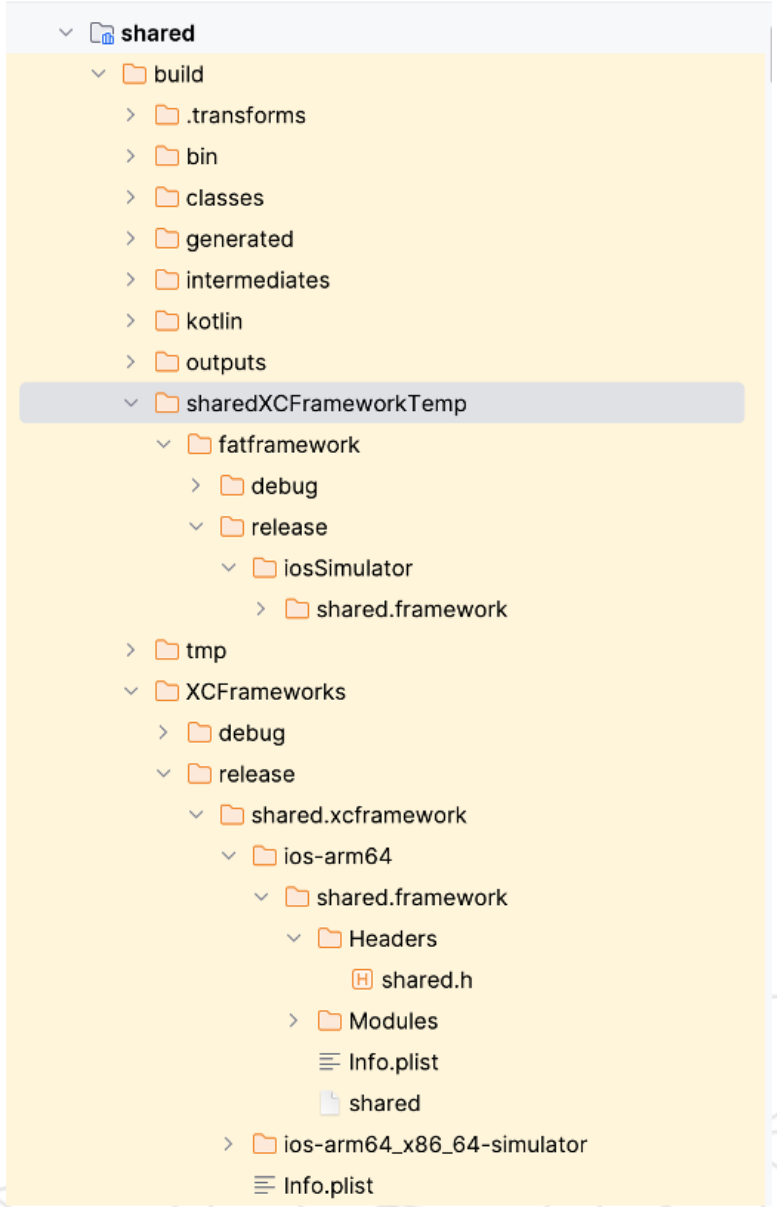
Experimental

28 строк

```swift
@_exported import ExportedKotlinPackages
import KotlinRuntime
@_implementationOnly import SharedBridge_shared

public typealias Greeting = ExportedKotlinPackages.dev.carrion.kmpswiftexport.Greeting

public func getPlatform() -> Swift.Never {
  ExportedKotlinPackages.dev.carrion.kmpswiftexport.getPlatform()
}

extension ExportedKotlinPackages.dev.carrion.kmpswiftexport {

  public final class Greeting: KotlinRuntime.KotlinBase {
    public override init() {
      let __kt = dev_carrion_kmpswiftexport_Greeting_init_allocate()
      super.init(__externalRCRef: __kt)
      dev_carrion_kmpswiftexport_Greeting_init_initialize__TypesOfArguments__Swift_UInt__(__kt)
    }

    public override init(
      __externalRCRef: Swift.UInt
    ) {
      super.init(__externalRCRef: __externalRCRef)
    }

    public func greet() -> Swift.String {
      return dev_carrion_kmpswiftexport_Greeting_greet(self.__externalRCRef())
    }
  }

  public static func getPlatform() -> Swift.Never {
    fatalError()
  }
}
```

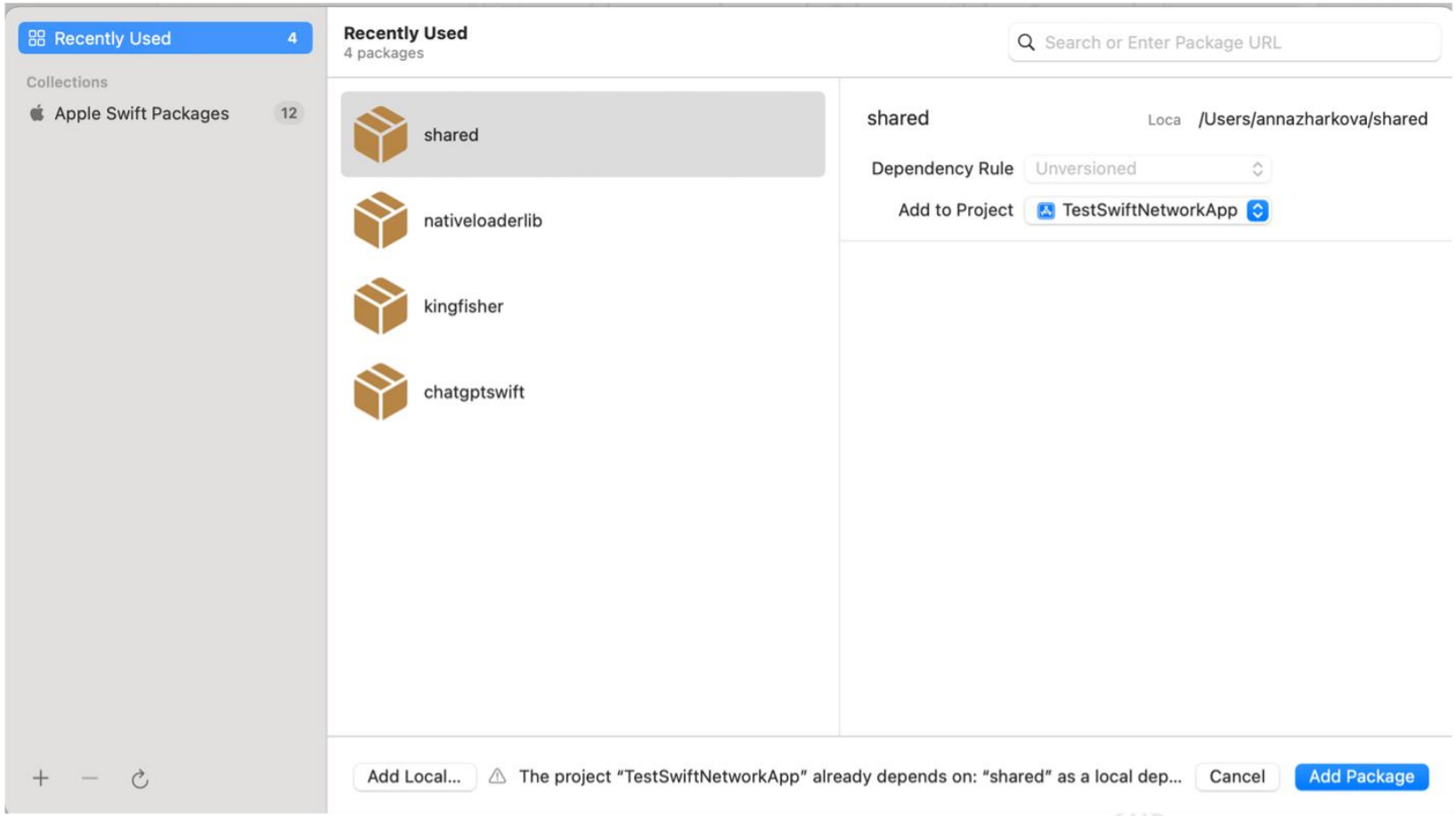
Готовим SPM библиотеку из нативной

Собираем shared-модуль



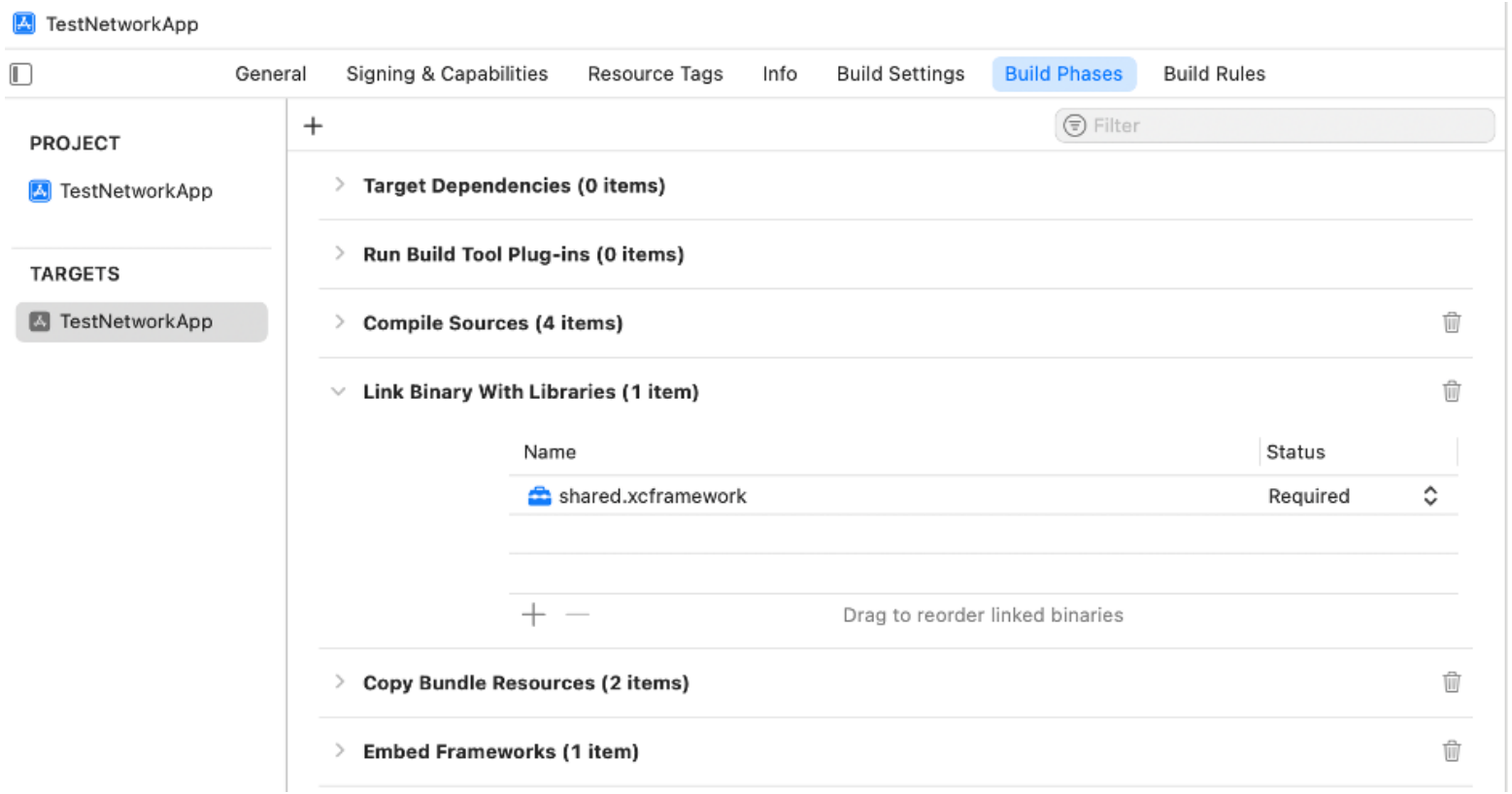
Готовим SPM библиотеку из нативной

Создаем новый пакет



Готовим SPM библиотеку из нативной

Подключаем



Kotlin-Swift.Прямой export. Ограничения

- Подключение и настройка вручную
- Типы-наследники List, Set или Map, игнорируются при экспорте (KT-80416)
- В generics типы затираются до верхней границы
- Swift классы не могут напрямую наследовать от экспортированных Kotlin классов или интерфейсов
- Kotlin не может экспортировать функциональные типы в Swift
- Export ломается при одинаковых именах (SQLDelight Runtime и Compose Runtime (KT-80185))

Summary

- Swift-Java перспективный инструмент, но нужно много доработок
- Много настроек вручную
- Много лишнего кода и действий (Swift -> Swift -> Java, огромные билды)
- Swift-Java, Swift-Android не готовы к продакшену
- Kotlin-Swift – есть ограничения, нужны доработки, но выглядит более целостным

Список полезных источников

https://www.swift.org/blog/gsoc-2025-showcase-swift-java/

https://www.swift.org/blog/nightly-swift-sdk-for-android/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tOH6V1IvTAc

https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/21/core/foreign-function-and-memory-api.html

https://github.com/swiftlang/swift-android-examples

https://github.com/anioutkazharkova/swift-java-network

Спасибо за внимание!

@anioutkajarkova

azharkova
prettygeeknotes