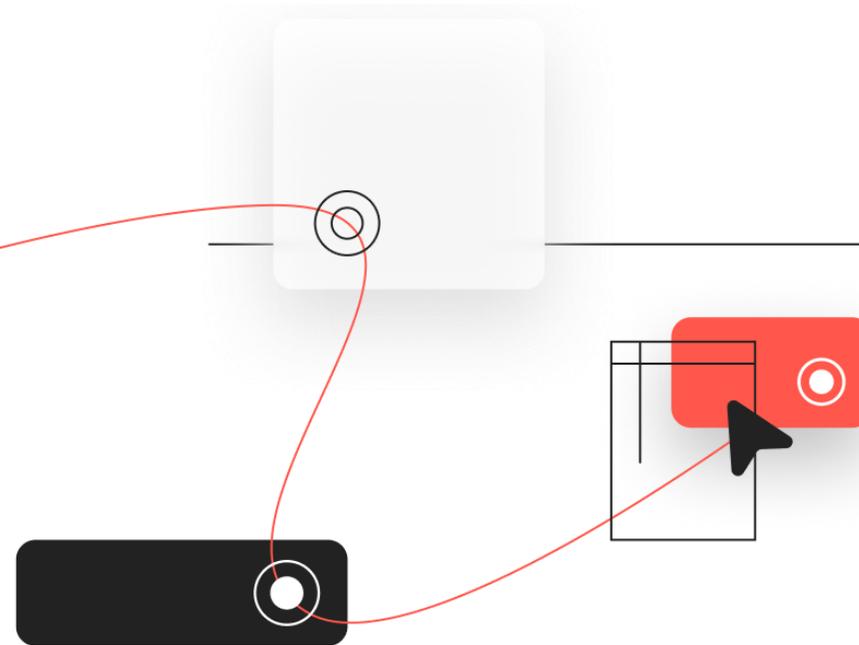


Как мы написали свой lock-free dictionary



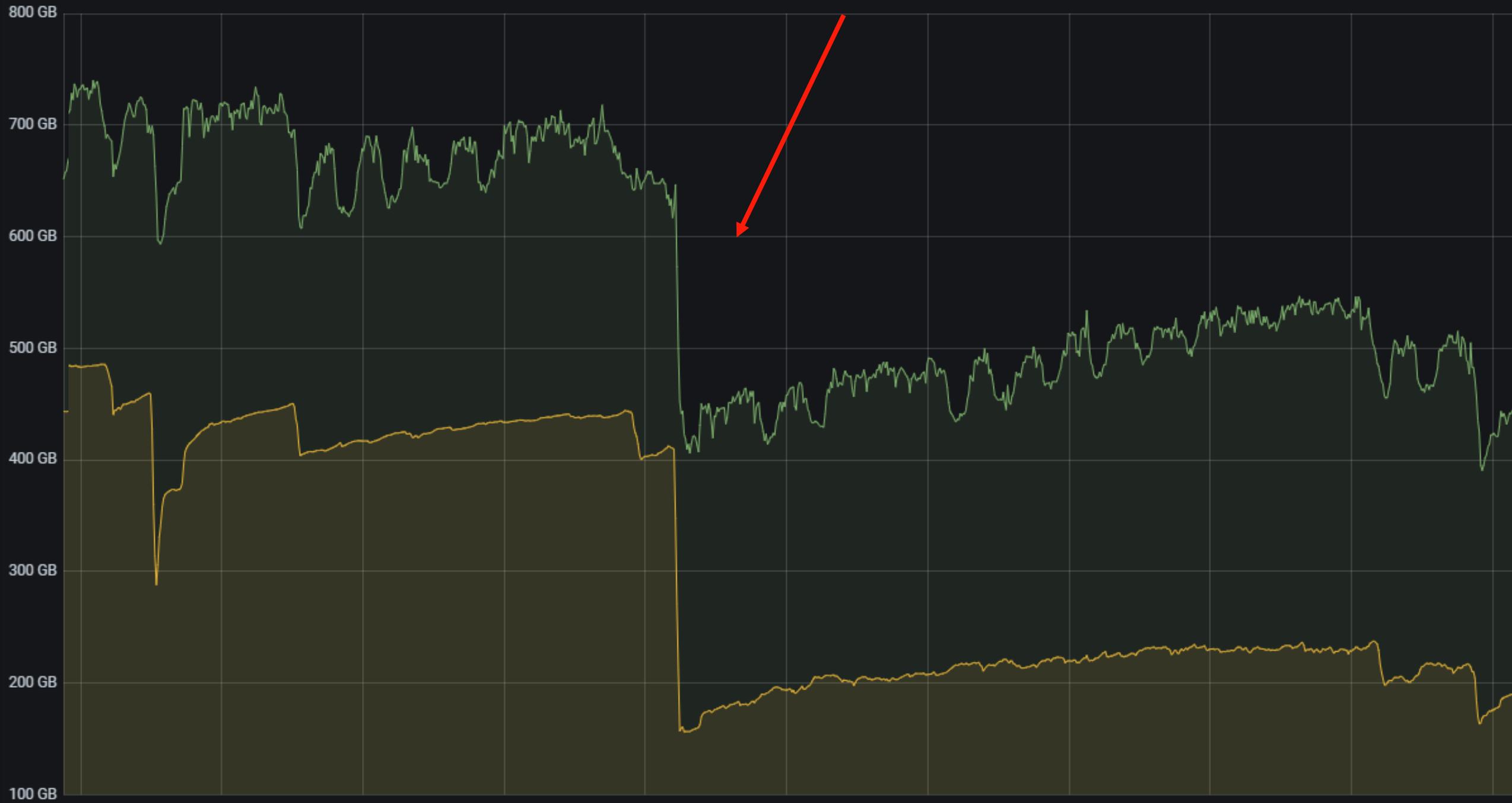
Контур

Нечуговских Антон
e-mail: nechugovskikh@kontur.ru
telegram: @ryzhes

О чём доклад

- Устройство словарей
- Многопоточность (lock-free, барьеры памяти etc.)
- Велосипеды

Total Heap



О чём доклад

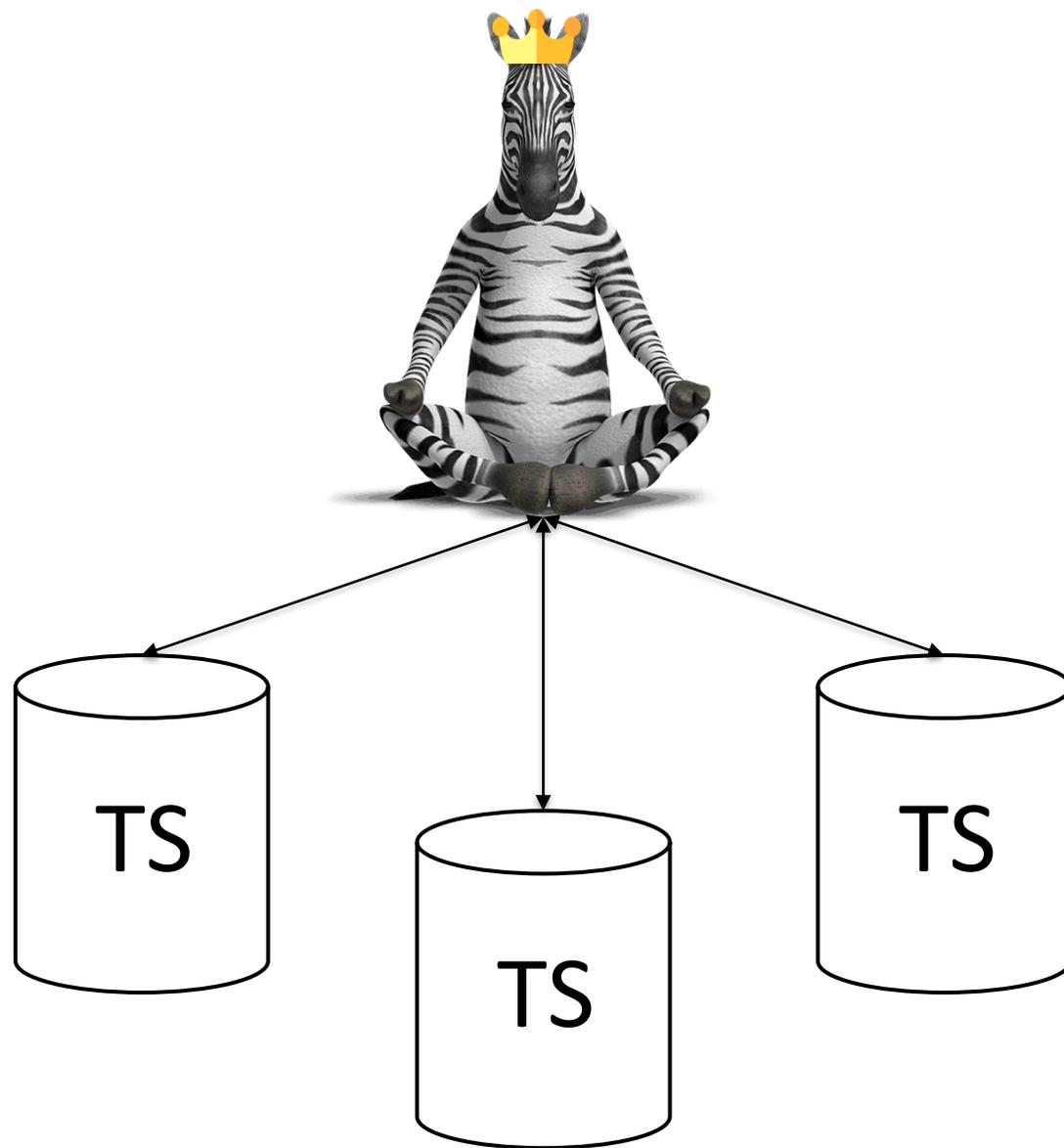
- Устройство словарей
- Многопоточность (lock-free, барьеры памяти etc.)
- Велосипеды

Zebra – распределённое
высоконагруженное отказоустойчивое
документно-ориентированное хранилище

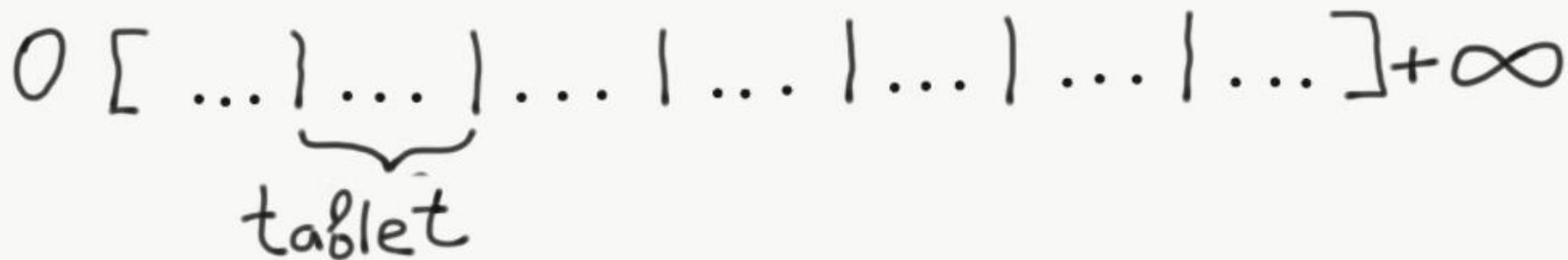


Устройство Zebra

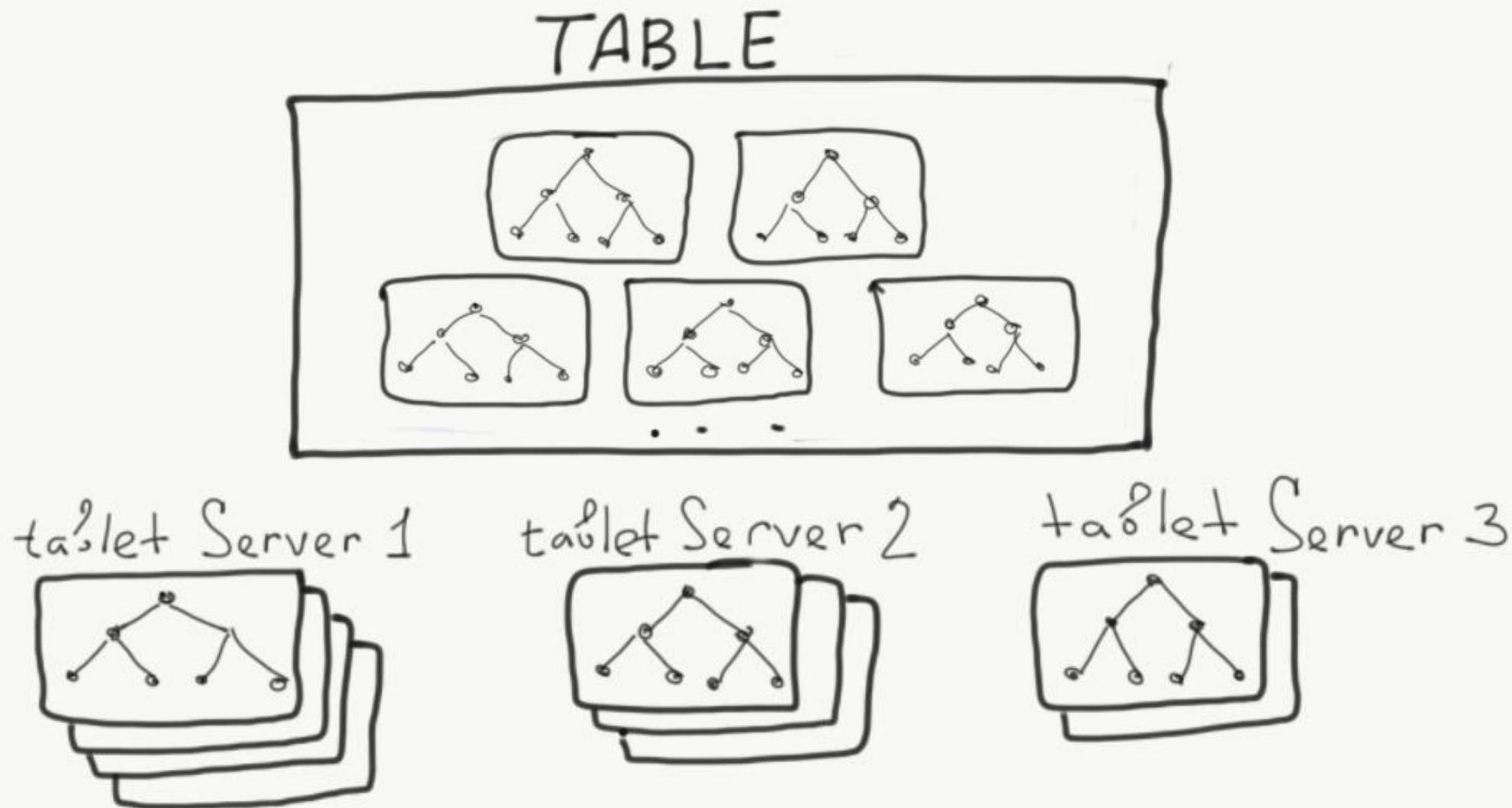
- **Мастер** – управляет лидерством, знает, где и что лежит
- **Таблет-серверы (TS)** – хранят данные, отвечают на запросы чтения/записи



Устройство Zebra



Устройство Зебра





А в чём проблема?

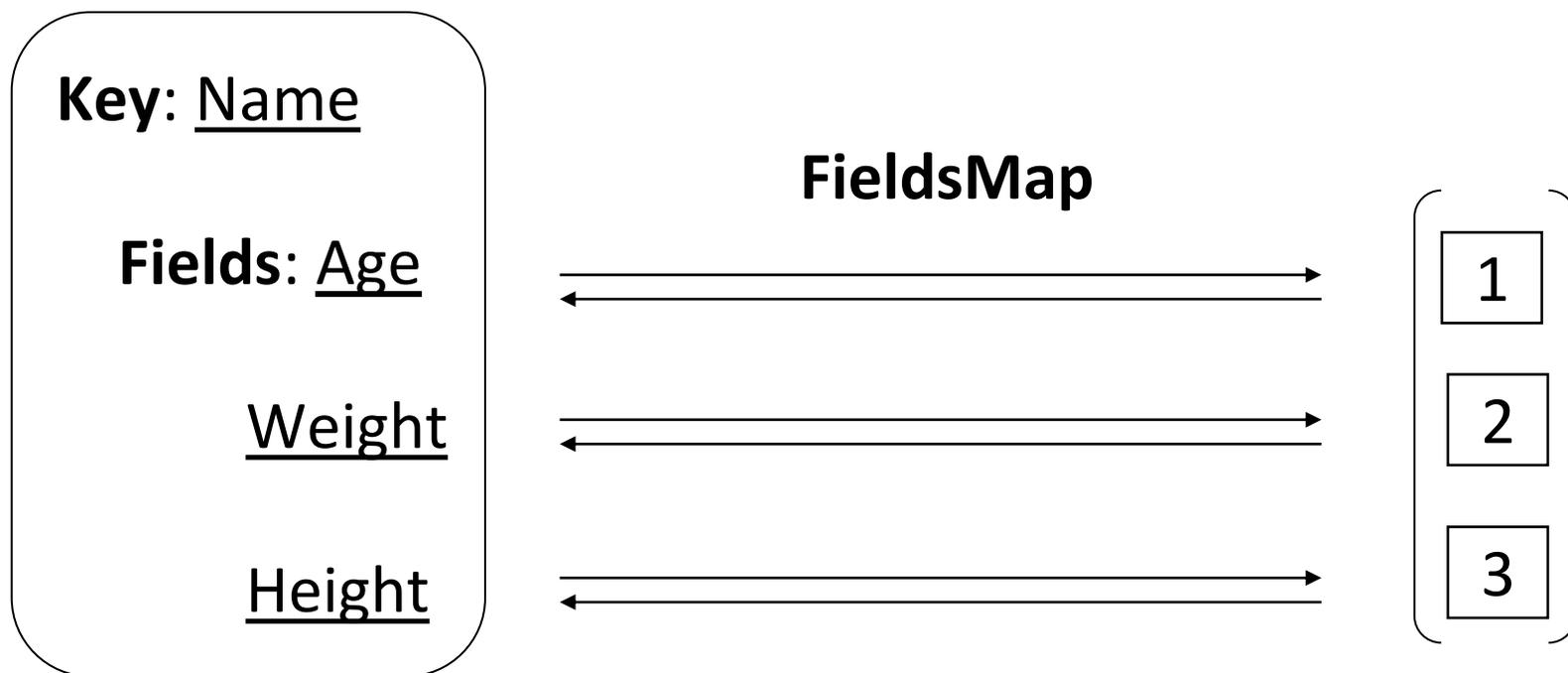
Дамп с проблемной машины

| Count | Size | ClassName |
|---------|-----------|---|
| 475148 | 19005920 | ConcurrentDictionary`2+Node[String, UInt32] |
| 475148 | 22807104 | ConcurrentDictionary`2+Node[UInt32, String] |
| 165667 | 25765328 | System.Char[] |
| 473931 | 54997872 | System.Object[] |
| 207928 | 57476304 | System.Int32[] |
| 4590319 | 110167656 | System.Object |
| 1505479 | 136176586 | System.String |
| 173753 | 969062931 | System.Byte[] |

Дамп с проблемной машины

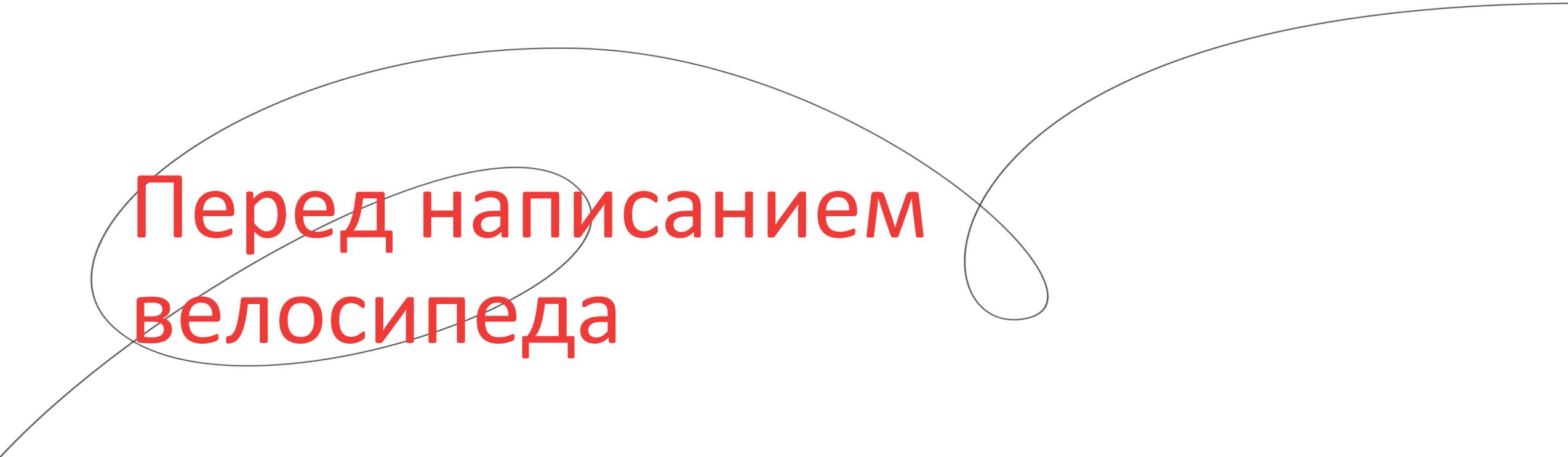
| Count | Size | ClassName |
|---------|-----------|---|
| 475148 | 19005920 | ConcurrentDictionary`2+Node[String, UInt32] |
| 475148 | 22807104 | ConcurrentDictionary`2+Node[UInt32, String] |
| 165667 | 25765328 | System.Char[] |
| 473931 | 54997872 | System.Object[] |
| 207928 | 57476304 | System.Int32[] |
| 4590319 | 110167656 | System.Object |
| 1505479 | 136176586 | System.String |
| 173753 | 969062931 | System.Byte[] |

Поля в таблицах



Наблюдения про ConcurrentDictionary

- Overhead в 1 объект на куче на каждую запись
- Пересоздание всех Node на каждый Resize
- Lock при записи
- Больше потребляет чем обычный Dictionary



Перед написанием
велосипеда

Какую локальную задачу решаем?

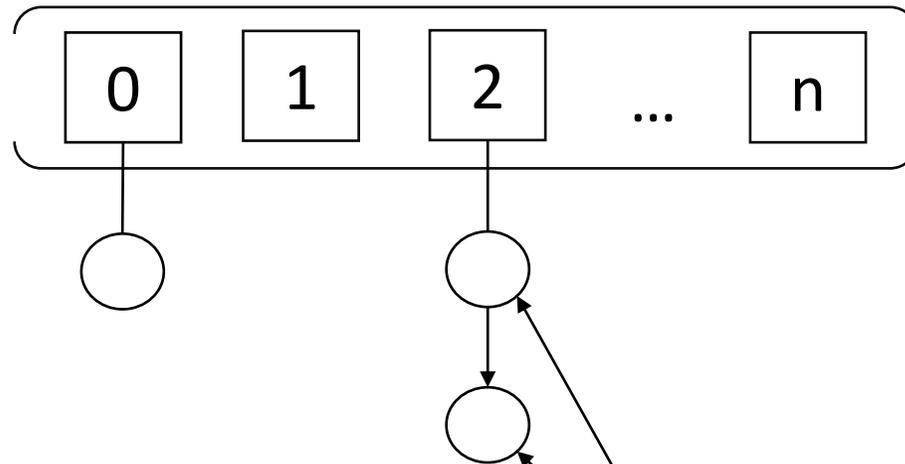
- Поля таблиц
- Append-only
- Multiple readers
- **Single** writer

Какие требования предъявляем?

- Single writer multiple readers модель
- Нет overhead`а по объектам
- Lock-free чтения
- Уменьшение потребления памяти

Про устройство словаря

Buckets:

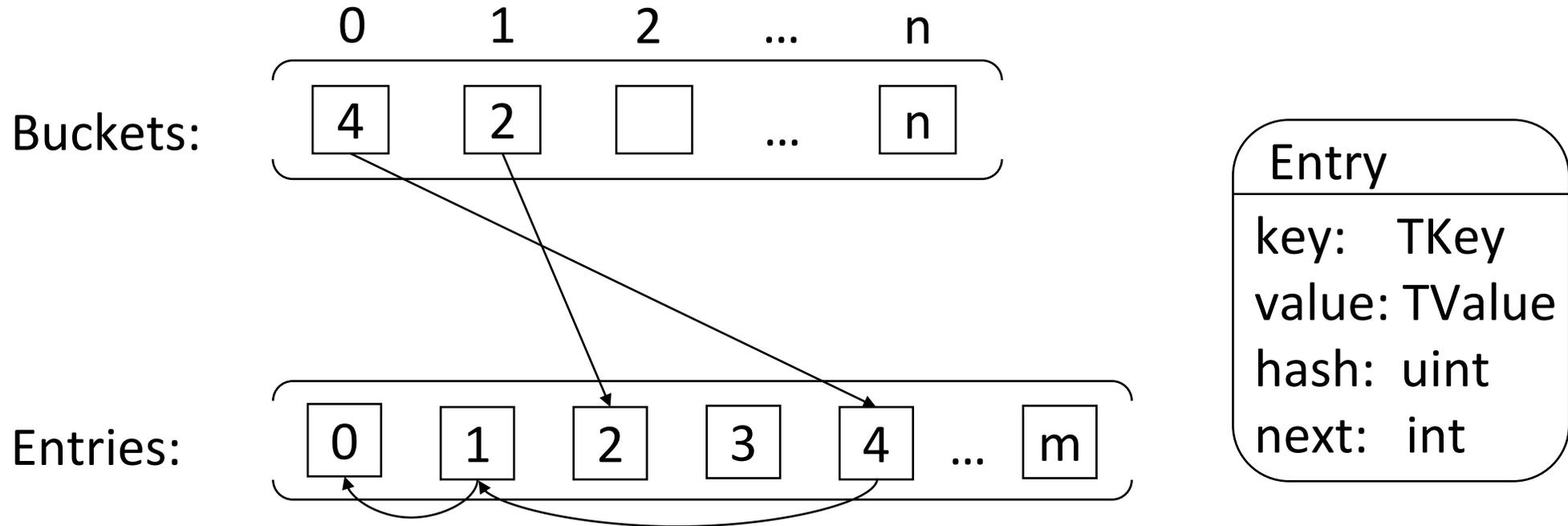


Key: ***
Value: ***^u***

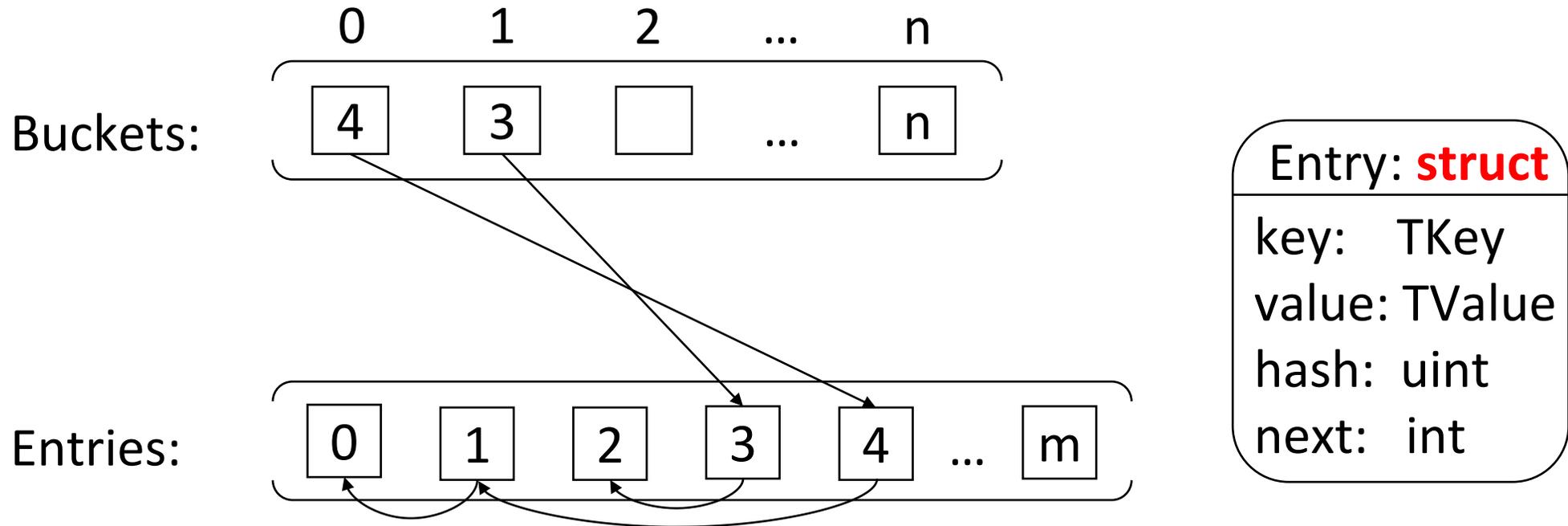
Hash: 2

ConcurrentDictionary.Node

Как в Dictionary на самом деле



Как в Dictionary на самом деле



Добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);  
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
entry.hashCode = hashCode;  
entry.next = bucket;  
entry.key = key;  
entry.value = value;
```

```
bucket = count;
```

Добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
entry.hashCode = hashCode;
```

```
entry.next = bucket;
```

```
entry.key = key;
```

```
entry.value = value;
```

```
bucket = count;
```

Добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
entry.hashCode = hashCode;
```

```
entry.next = bucket;
```

```
entry.key = key;
```

```
entry.value = value;
```

```
bucket = count;
```

Добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
entry.hashCode = hashCode;
```

```
entry.next = bucket;
```

```
entry.key = key;
```

```
entry.value = value;
```

```
bucket = count;
```

Добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
entry.hashCode = hashCode;
```

```
entry.next = bucket;
```

```
entry.key = key;
```

```
entry.value = value;
```

```
bucket = count;
```

Поиск

```
var buckets = _buckets;  
var entries = _entries;  
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();  
  
int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);  
  
// линейный поиск по бакету
```

Поиск

```
var buckets = _buckets;
```

```
var entries = _entries;
```

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
// линейный поиск по бакету
```

Поиск

```
var buckets = _buckets;  
var entries = _entries;  
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
// линейный поиск по бакету
```

Модель памяти*

Conforming implementations of the CLI are **free to execute** programs **using any technology** that guarantees, within a **single thread of execution**, that side-effects and exceptions generated by a thread **are visible in the order specified by the CIL**.

*ECMA-335 1.12.6.4

Добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
entry.hashCode = hashCode;
```

```
entry.next = bucket;
```

```
entry.key = key;
```

```
entry.value = value;
```

```
bucket = count;
```

Добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
entry.hashCode = hashCode;
```

```
entry.next = bucket;
```

```
bucket = count;
```

```
entry.key = key;
```

```
entry.value = value;
```

Расширение

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
ResizeIfNeeded();
```

```
// запись в entry
```

Расширение

```
void ResizeIfNeeded()  
{  
    Array.Copy(entries, newEntries);  
  
    // расположение в новые бакеты  
  
    entries = newEntries;  
    buckets = newBuckets;  
}
```

Гонка при расширении

```
void ResizeIfNeeded()  
{  
    Array.Copy(entries, newEntries);  
  
    // расположение в новые бакеты  
  
    entries = newEntries;  
    buckets = newBuckets;  
}
```

Гонка при расширении

```
TValue TryGetValue(Tkey key)
{
    var entries = _entries;
    var buckets = _buckets;
    var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();

    int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);

    // линейный поиск по бакету
}
```

count для перечисления

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
// запись в entry
```

```
bucket = count;
```

```
count++;
```

count для перечисления

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref entries[count];
```

```
count++;
```

```
// запись в entry
```

```
bucket = count;
```



Боремся с гонками

Решаем проблему при расширении

```
ResizeIfNeeded()  
{  
    Array.Copy(entries, newEntries);  
  
    // расположение в новые бакеты  
  
    entries = newEntries;  
    buckets = newBuckets;  
  
}
```

Решаем проблему при расширении

```
ResizeIfNeeded()
```

```
{
```

```
    Array.Copy(entries, newEntries);
```

```
    // расположение в новые бакеты
```

```
- entries = newEntries;
```

```
- buckets = newBuckets;
```

```
+ tables = new Tables(newEntries, newBuckets);
```

```
}
```

Решаем проблему при расширении

```
TValue TryGetValue(Tkey key)
{
    var entries = _entries;
    var buckets = _buckets;

    var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();

    int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);

    // линейный поиск по бакету
}
```

Решаем проблему при расширении

```
TValue TryGetValue(Tkey key)
```

```
{
```

```
- var entries = _entries;
```

```
- var buckets = _buckets;
```

```
+ var tables = _tables;
```

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
- int bucket = ref GetBucket(buckets, hashCode);
```

```
+ int bucket = ref GetBucket(tables.buckets, hashCode);
```

```
// линейный поиск по бакету
```

```
}
```

Решаем проблему при расширении

```
TValue TryGetValue(Tkey key)
{
    var tables = _tables;
    var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();

    int bucket = ref GetBucket(tables.buckets, hashCode);

    // линейный поиск по бакету
}
```

Оптимизации компилятора

- instructions reordering

Q: завершится ли?

```
static int data = 0;
```

```
void Run()  
{
```

```
    Task.Delay(1).ContinueWith(_ => data = 1);
```

```
    var iterations = 0;
```

```
    while (data == 0)
```

```
        iterations++;
```

```
    Console.WriteLine(iterations);
```

```
}
```

Q: завершится ли?

```
static int data = 0;
```

```
void Run()  
{
```

```
    Task.Delay(1).ContinueWith(_ => data = 1);
```

```
    var iterations = 0;
```

```
    while (data == 0)  
        iterations++;
```

```
    Console.WriteLine(iterations);
```

```
}
```

A: Нет!

Как сделает компилятор

```
static int data = 0;
```

```
void Run()  
{
```

```
    Task.Delay(1).ContinueWith(_ => data = 1);
```

```
    var dataLocal = data;
```

```
    var iterations = 0;
```

```
    while (dataLocal == 0)
```

```
        iterations++;
```

```
    Console.WriteLine(iterations);
```

```
}
```

Во что скомпилируется

```
mov    ecx,dword ptr [rsi+8]
```

```
ecx = data
```

```
test   ecx,ecx
```

```
if (ecx != 0)  
    return 0;
```

```
jne
```

```
inc    eax
```

```
test   ecx,ecx
```

```
je
```

```
...
```

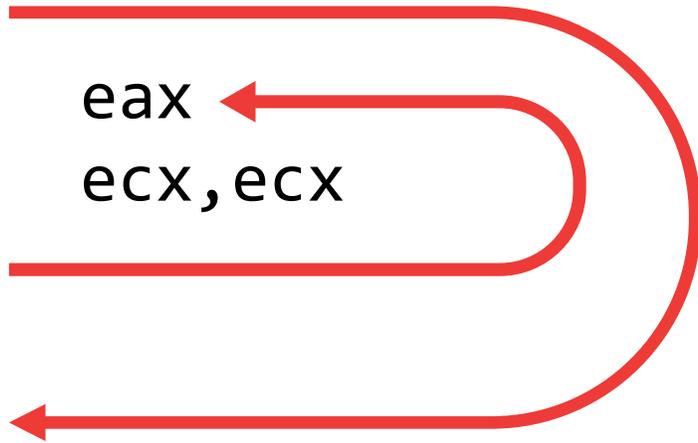
```
ret
```

```
do {
```

```
    eax++
```

```
} while (ecx != 0);
```

```
return eax;
```



Оптимизации компилятора

- instructions reordering
- loop read hoisting

Q: сломается, если зависит от порядка чтения переменных?

```
public void Foo()  
{  
  
    if (B < 0)  
        throw new Exception();  
  
    var a = A;  
    var b = B;  
  
    // your algorithm  
}
```

Q: сломается, если зависит от порядка чтения переменных?

```
public void Foo()  
{  
  
    if (B < 0)  
        throw new Exception();  
  
    var a = A;  
    var b = B;  
  
    // your algorithm  
}
```

A: Да!

Как сделает компилятор

```
public void Foo()  
{  
    var bLocal = B;  
    if (bLocal < 0)  
        throw new Exception();  
  
    var a = A;  
    var b = bLocal;  
  
    // your algorithm  
}
```

Порядок
чтений А и В
изменился

Оптимизации компилятора

- instructions reordering
- loop read hoisting
- read elimination

Q: возможен NullPointerException?

```
private Object _obj = new Object();

void PrintObj() {
    Object obj = _obj;
    if (obj != null)
        Console.WriteLine(obj.ToString());
}

void Uninitialize() {
    _obj = null;
}
```

Q: возможен NullReferenceException?

```
private Object _obj = new Object();
```

```
void PrintObj() {  
    Object obj = _obj;  
    if (obj != null)  
        Console.WriteLine(obj.ToString());  
}
```

```
void Uninitialize() {  
    _obj = null;  
}
```

А: Да!

Как сделает компилятор

```
private Object _obj = new Object();

void PrintObj() {
    if (_obj != null)
        Console.WriteLine(_obj.ToString());
}

void Uninitialize() {
    _obj = null;
}
```

Оптимизации компилятора

- instructions reordering
- loop read hoisting
- read elimination
- read introduction

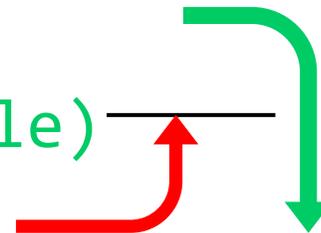
Про volatile

- instructions reordering
- ~~loop read hoisting~~
- ~~read elimination~~
- ~~read introduction~~

Acquire семантика*

```
int _a;  
volatile int _b;  
int _c;
```

```
void Foo()  
{  
    int a = _a; // Read 1  
    int b = _b; // Read 2(volatile)  
    int c = _c; // Read 3  
}
```



*ECMA-334 15.5.4
ECMA-335 1.12.6.7

Acquire семантика*

```
int _a;  
volatile int _b;  
int _c;  
  
void Foo()  
{  
    int b = _b; // Read 2(volatile)  
    int a = _a; // Read 1  
    int c = _c; // Read 3  
}
```

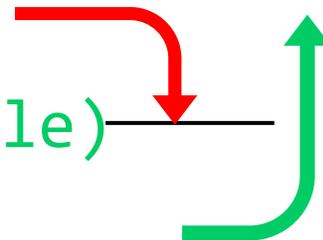
Acquire семантика*

```
int _a;  
volatile int _b;  
int _c;  
  
void Foo()  
{  
    int b = _b; // Read 2(volatile)  
    int c = _c; // Read 3  
    int a = _a; // Read 1  
}
```

Release семантика*

```
int a;  
volatile int b;  
int c;
```

```
void Foo()  
{  
    a = 1; // Write 1  
    b = 1; // Write 2(volatile)  
    c = 1; // Write 3  
}
```



*ECMA-334 15.5.4
ECMA-335 1.12.6.7

Release семантика*

```
int a;  
volatile int b;  
int c;  
  
void Foo()  
{  
    a = 1; // Write 1  
    c = 1; // Write 3  
    b = 1; // Write 2(volatile)  
}
```

Release семантика*

```
int a;  
volatile int b;  
int c;  
  
void Foo()  
{  
    c = 1; // Write 3  
    a = 1; // Write 1  
    b = 1; // Write 2(volatile)  
}
```

Решаем проблему с перестановками

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(tables, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref tables.entries[count];
```

```
ResizeIfNeeded();
```

```
// обновляем entry
```

```
bucket = count;
```

```
count++;
```

Решаем проблему с перестановками

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(tables, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref tables.entries[count];
```

```
ResizeIfNeeded();
```

```
// обновляем entry
```

```
bucket = count;
```

```
count++; // volatile write
```

Решаем проблему с перестановками

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(tables, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref tables.entries[count];
```

```
ResizeIfNeeded();
```

```
// обновляем entry
```

```
bucket = count;
```

```
count++; // volatile write
```

Решаем проблему с перестановками

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();
```

```
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(tables, hashCode);
```

```
ref Entry entry = ref tables.entries[count];
```

```
ResizeIfNeeded();
```

```
// обновляем entry
```

```
volatile.Write(ref bucket, count);
```

```
count++; // volatile write
```

Внутри Volatile.Write()

```
void Write(ref int location, int value)
{
    Thread.MemoryBarrier();
    location = value;
}
```

Разные архитектуры процессоров

Memory ordering in some architectures^{[8][9]}

| Type | Alpha | ARMv7 | MIPS | RISC-V | | PA-RISC | POWER | SPARC | | | x86 ^[a] | AMD64 | IA-64 | z/Architecture | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------|--------|-----|---------|-------|-------|-----|-----|--------------------|-------|-------|----------------|---|
| | | | | WMO | TSO | | | RMO | PSO | TSO | | | | | |
| Loads can be reordered after loads | Y | Y | depend on implementation | Y | | Y | Y | Y | | | | | Y | | |
| Loads can be reordered after stores | Y | Y | | Y | | Y | Y | Y | | | | | | Y | |
| Stores can be reordered after stores | Y | Y | | Y | | Y | Y | Y | Y | | | | | Y | |
| Stores can be reordered after loads | Y | Y | | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y |
| Atomic can be reordered with loads | Y | Y | | Y | | | Y | Y | | | | | | Y | |
| Atomic can be reordered with stores | Y | Y | | Y | | | Y | Y | Y | | | | | Y | |
| Dependent loads can be reordered | Y | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Incoherent instruction cache/pipeline | Y | Y | | Y | Y | | | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | | Y | |

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Memory_ordering

Перестановки в разных архитектурах

| | X86, X64 | ARM |
|---------------|----------|-----|
| LOAD - LOAD | Нет | Да |
| LOAD - STORE | Нет | Да |
| STORE - STORE | Нет | Да |
| STORE - LOAD | Да | Да |

Operations without reordering

```
volatile int _a;  
volatile int _b;
```

```
{  
    _a = 1;  
    _b = 1;  
}
```

```
volatile int _a;  
volatile int _b;
```

```
{  
    var a = _a;  
    var b = _b;  
}
```

```
volatile int _a;  
volatile int _b;
```

```
{  
    var a = _a;  
    _b = 1;  
}
```

Volatile write-read reordering

```
volatile int _a;  
volatile int _b;  
  
void Foo()  
{  
    _a = 1; // Write (volatile)  
  
    var b = _b; // Read (volatile)  
}
```

Volatile write-read reordering

```
volatile int _a;  
volatile int _b;  
  
void Foo()  
{  
    _a = 1; // Write (volatile)  
  
    var b = _b; // Read (volatile)  
}
```

Могут быть
переставлены!

Архитектура x86, x64

- Чтения и записи имеют acquire/release-семантику
- JIT не генерирует дополнительных инструкций для *volatile*-полей
- Префикс *lock* (aka full-fence) для:
 - `Thread.MemoryBarrier()`
 - `Interlocked.[Exchange | CompareExchange]()`
 - ...

Перестановки в разных архитектурах

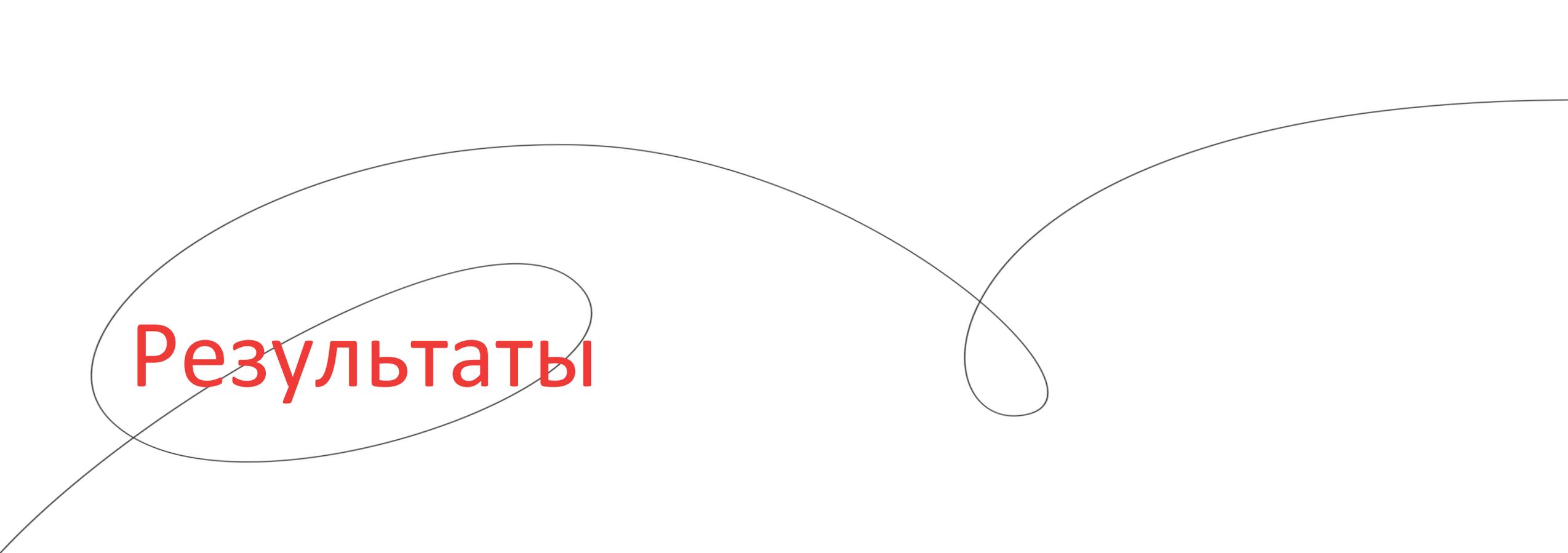
| | X86, X64 | ARM |
|---------------|----------|-----|
| LOAD - LOAD | Нет | Да |
| LOAD - STORE | Нет | Да |
| STORE - STORE | Нет | Да |
| STORE - LOAD | Да | Да |

Архитектура ARM

- JIT может* генерировать инструкцию *DMB* для:
 - `volatile` fields
 - `Thread.MemoryBarrier()`
 - `Interlocked.[Exchange | CompareExchange]()`
 - ...
- *Для ARM64 (ARMv8) *LDAR STLR*

Работающее добавление

```
var hashCode = (uint)key.GetHashCode();  
  
ref int bucket = ref GetBucket(tables, hashCode);  
ref Entry entry = ref tables.entries[count];  
  
ResizeIfNeeded();  
  
// обновляем entry  
  
Volatile.Write(ref bucket, count);  
count++; // volatile write
```



Результаты

Бенчмарки

BenchmarkDotNet=v0.13.1

OS=Windows 10.0.19043.1415 (21H1/May2021Update)

AMD Ryzen 7 4700U with Radeon Graphics

1 CPU, 8 logical and 8 physical cores

.NET SDK=5.0.303

[Host] : .NET Core 3.1.22, X64 RyuJIT

Бенчмарки

Fill

| Method | Mean | Allocated |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| ----- | -----: | -----: |
| AppendOnly_without_initial_capacity | 24.632 ms | 43 MB |
| Concurrent_without_initial_capacity | 99.960 ms | 50 MB |
| AppendOnly_with_initial_capacity | 6.486 ms | 15 MB |
| Concurrent_with_initial_capacity | 49.816 ms | 23 MB |

Бенчмарки

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Бенчмарки

TryGetValue_Missing

| Method | Mean | Allocated |
|------------|----------|-----------|
| AppendOnly | 3.762 ns | - |
| Concurrent | 9.102 ns | - |

TryGetValue_Existing

| Method | Mean | Allocated |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| AppendOnly | 5.325 ns | - |
| Concurrent | 13.277 ns | - |

Бенчмарки

TryGetValue_Missing

| Method | Mean | Allocated |
|------------|----------|-----------|
| AppendOnly | 3.762 ns | - |
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Бенчмарки

Enumeration

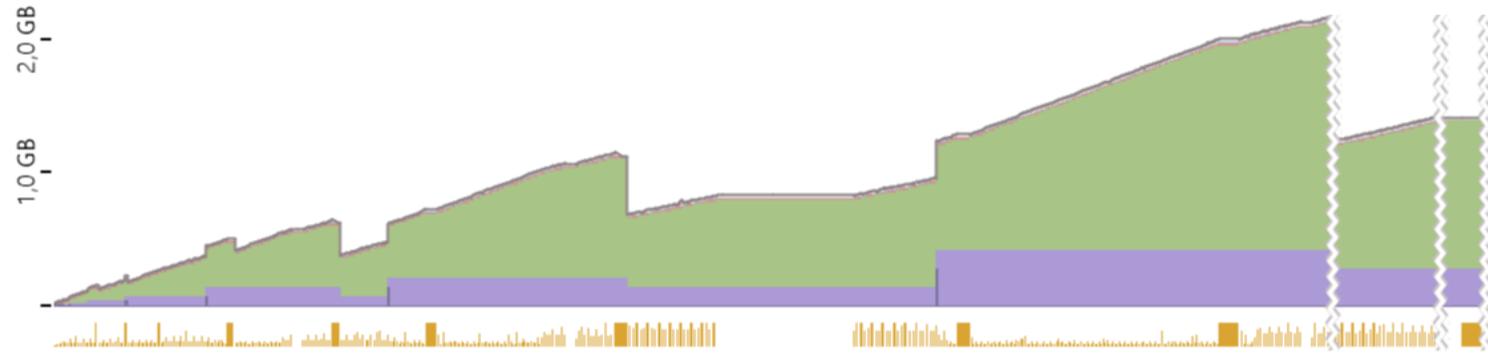
| Method | Mean | Allocated |
|------------|------------|-----------|
| AppendOnly | 719.8 us | 64 B |
| Concurrent | 1,199.1 us | 64 B |

Бенчмарки

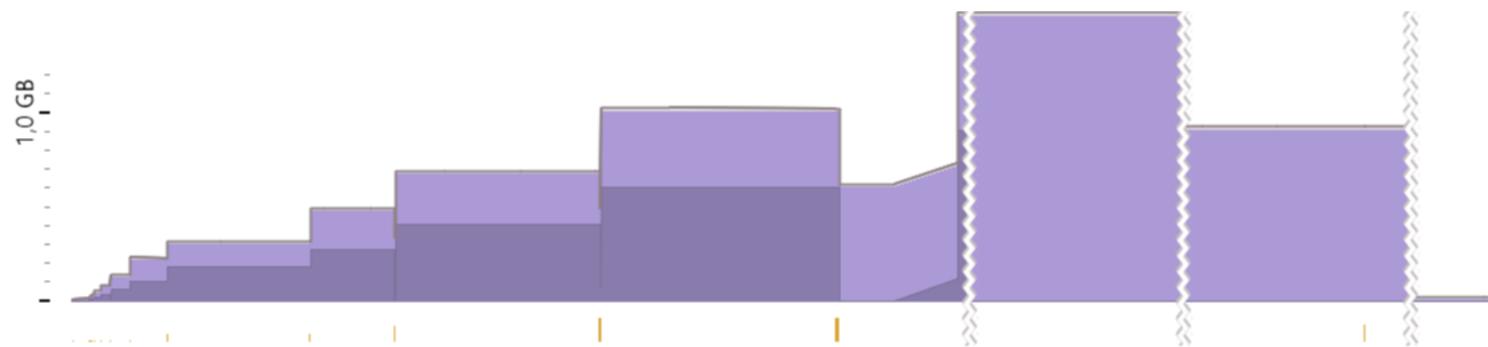
Enumeration

| Method | Mean | Allocated |
|------------|------------|-----------|
| ----- | -----: | -----: |
| AppendOnly | 719.8 us | 64 B |
| Concurrent | 1,199.1 us | 64 B |

Работа с памятью



ConcurrentDictionary



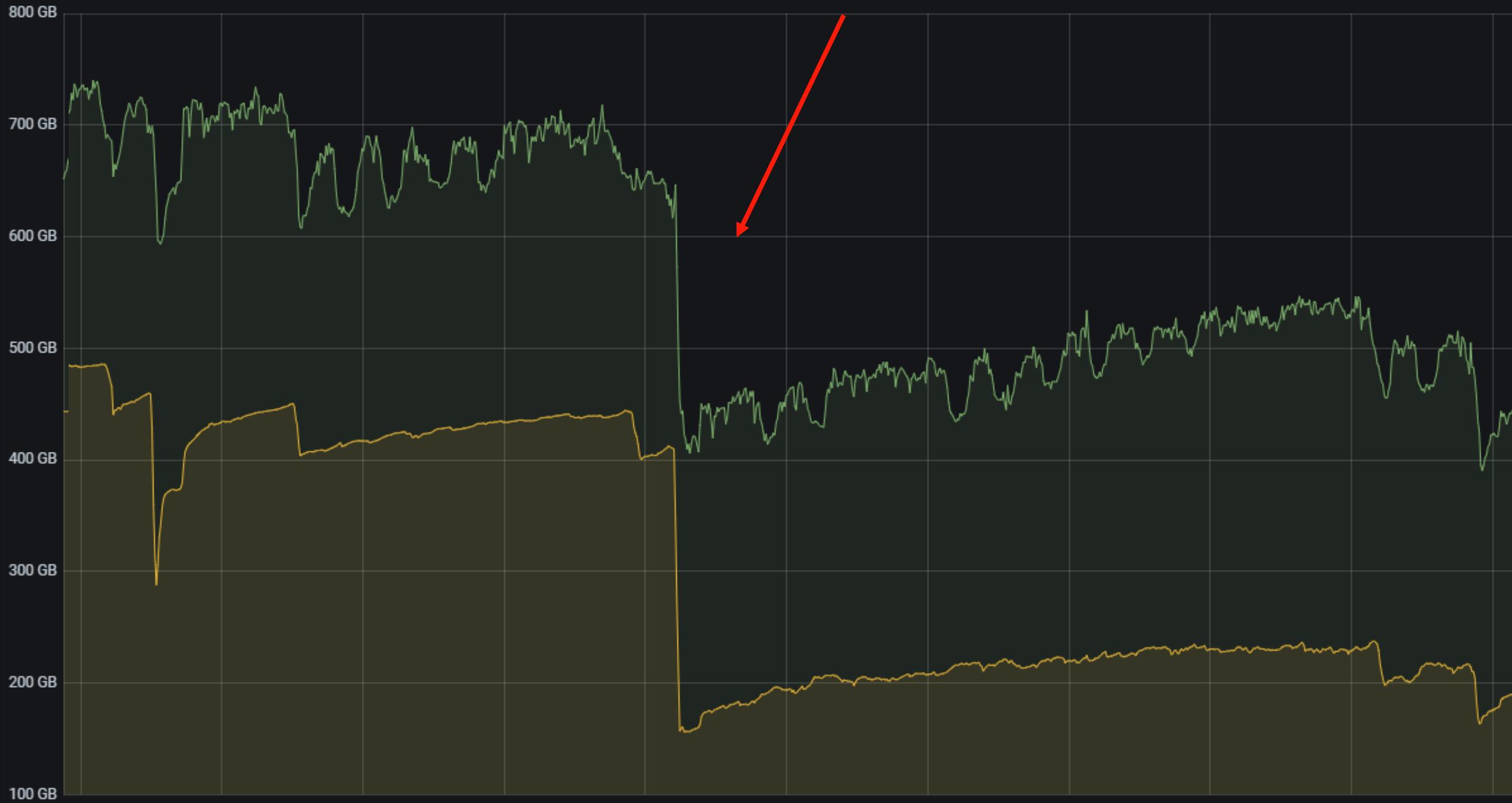
AppendOnlyDictionary

- Heap generation 0
- Heap generation 1
- Heap generation 2
- LOH and POH

Сравнение с ConcurrentDictionary

| | Lock-free reads | Lock-free single-writer | Objects overhead |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| ConcurrentDictionary | Да | Нет | Да |
| AppendOnlyDictionary | Да | Да | Нет |

Total Heap



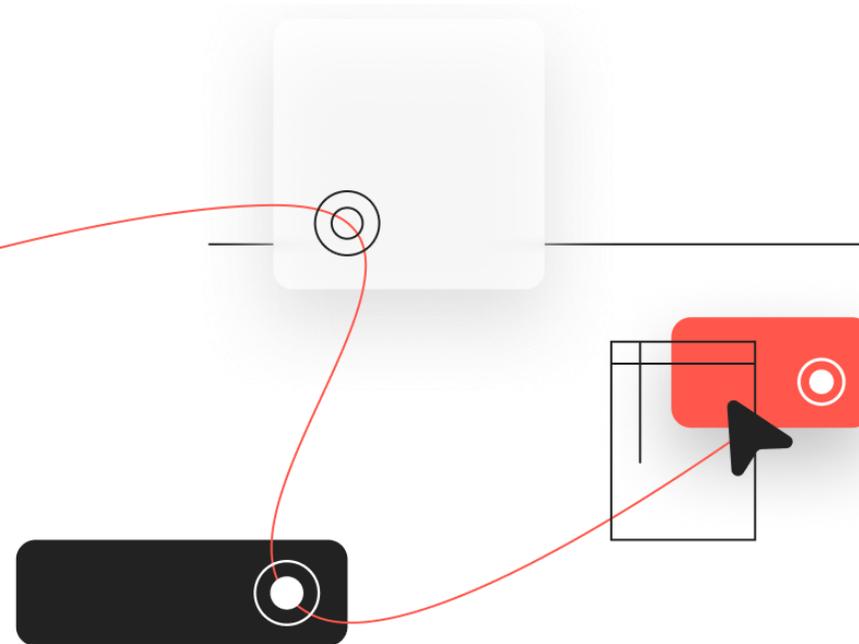
Напоследок

- Пробуй писать своё, если готовое не устраивает
- Решай конкретную задачу
- Будет непросто, но интересно!

Что почитать?

- Стандарт ECMA-334 (C# Language Specification)
- Стандарт ECMA-335 (Common Language Infrastructure)
- C# Memory Model in Theory and Practice pt. 1
- C# Memory Model in Theory and Practice pt. 2
- Сборка статей и докладов про memory model и volatile

Вопросы



Контур

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